ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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Telephone: Central 2001

THE TIMES, Saturday, July 12, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' consecutive insertions may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau de Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Classified Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BENBOW.—On July 5, 1930, at 12, Maison Dieu-road, Dover, to COMMANDER and Mrs. BENBOW—a daughter.

CAIRN-DUFF.—On June 28, 1930, at Quetta, to JANET (nee Swann), wife of CAPTAIN J. C. CAIRN-DUFF, Indian Army—a daughter (still-born).

DAWSON.—On July 11, 1930, at Birkby Grange, Huddersfield, to ROSEMARY (nee Grylls), wife of JOHN L. DAWSON—a daughter (JOANNA).

GUISE.—On July 10, 1930, at 32, Eaton-place, S.W., to ANSELM and DAPHNE GUISE—a son.

HARDY.—On July 8, 1930, at Salisbury, Rhodesia, to WINIFRED, wife of LESLIE HARDY—a son.

LAZARUS.—On July 11, 1930, at 38, Sheffield-terrace, W.8, to VERE, wife of JACK LAZARUS—a son.

MACLEAN.—On July 10, 1930, at Louise Margaret Hospital, Aldershot, to EDITH LOUISE, wife of REV. EWEN MACLEAN, M.A., Senior Presbyterian Chaplain, Aldershot Command—a daughter.

RIGBY.—On July 9, 1930, at 19, Ellsworth-avenue, Toronto 10, to SYLVIA, wife of OSWALD BLAKE RIGBY—a son.

SAVILLE.—On July 11, 1930, at 12, Lansdowne-crescent, W.11, to DORIS, wife of FREDERICK H. SAVILLE—a daughter.

TOURS.—On July 10, 1930, in Melbourne, Australia, to LIEUTENANT and Mrs. FRANK BERTHOLD TOURS—a son.

TOWNEND.—On July 9, 1930, at Kanderstep, Carlisle-road, Hampton, to MAUDE (nee Bothamley), wife of H. C. H. TOWNEND—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

BROCK : GRIFFITHS.—On July 10, 1930, at Holy Trinity, Croydon, ROLAND BENJAMIN BROCK, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Brock, of Haredon, North Cheam, to EMILE, second daughter of Mr. GRIFFITHS, "Dunelm," The Crescent, Croydon.

CAMPBELL-GRAY : TUBBS.—On July 8, 1930, at St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, by the Rev. John McCready, rector of Bentworth, Hants, CAPTAIN the HONOURABLE LINDSAY STUART CAMPBELL-GRAY, R.N., Master of Gray, eldest son of Mr. Henry Campbell-Gray and the Baroness Gray, to DOROTHY MCCREADY TUBBS, elder daughter of Mrs. Cyril Tubbs and the late Cyril Tubbs, Theedden Grange, Alton, Hants.

COLLETT : BROWN.—On July 10, 1930, at St. George's, Bickley, Kent, by the Rev. Hugh Glaisyer, THOMAS KINGSLEY, son of ALDERMAN and MRS. C. H. COLLETT, of Great Knoll, Bromley, to BEATRICE OLIVE (BEE), elder daughter of L.r. and Mrs. T. H. BROWN, of Englefield, Bickley.

FRANCIS : BAWTREE.—On July 10, 1930, at Heene Church, Worthing, CHARLES FRANCIS FRANCIS to EVA MARY, eldest daughter of the late WILLIAM HARVEY BAWTREE, of Worthing, and London Stock Exchange.

GOVETT : JECKS.—On July 10, 1930, at Holy Trinity, Brompton, by the Reverend Prebendary A. W. Gough, FRANCIS ROBAINE GOVETT, second son of the late Mr. F. J. Govett, and Mrs. Govett, of Burpham House, Sunningdale, to CYNTHIA YVETTE JECKS, daughter of Mrs. Henry Ichenhauser, of 100, North Gate, Regent's Park.

LAIDLAW : PARR.—On July 7, 1930, at St. Mary's Church, Dorking, Surrey, by the Rev. Canon Hay, HERBERT EDWARD, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. LAIDLAW, of Martock, Somerset, to EDITH MARY, only surviving daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. PARR, of Horsell, Surrey.

LONDON : HARRIS.—On July 8, 1930, at the Hampstead Synagogue, LOUIS ALBERT, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis London, of 3, Bloomsbury-mansions, N.W.8, to PEGGY, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. HENRY HARRIS.

MAITLAND : DENNY.—On July 10, 1930, at St. Paul's Church, Knightsbridge, by the Rev. Peregrine Maitland, M.C., assisted by the Rev. Hamilton Baynes, Rev. Julian L. Stewart, and the Rev. L. T. S. BARRETT, LIEUTENANT JOHN FRANCIS WHITAKER MAITLAND, R.N., of Loughton Hall, Essex, to BRIDGET, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. M. DENNY, of Stapleehill Place, Somerset.

METCALFE : TURNER.—On July 11, 1930, at the Register Office, Saint George's, Hanover-square, W.1., HERBERT METCALFE, of City's Ibis, Metropolitan Police Magistrate, the only son of the late James and Mrs. Metcalfe, of Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancashire, to MARINA TURNER, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Strachan Hudson, formerly of Petrograd.

NORTHOVER : BROOKS.—On July 9, 1930, at St. Mary's, Reigate Parish Church, by Rev. Thomas N. Granger, of St. Luke's, Mowcop, Cheshire, DONALD ARTHUR NORTHOVER, youngest son of the late Mr. John William Baker Northover and Mrs. Northover, of 16, Bell-street, Reigate, to NORA FRANCES BROOKS, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Brooks, of West Hackhurst.

PERCIVAL : CAMERON.—On July 8, 1930, at Lasgerwood Parish Church, Earlston, by the Rev. John A. Cameron, M.A., B.D., assisted by the Rev. Dr. Maconachie, B.D. (of Lauder), RONALD MARTIN, only son of SIR TOM and LADY PERCIVAL, of Monkseaton, Northumberland, to CHRISTINE ANNE, youngest daughter of the Rev. J. A. CAMERON, of Lasgerwood, and the late Mrs. Cameron.

SEWARD : MURPHY.—On July 10, 1930, at the Catholic Church, Okehampton, by the Right Rev. John Barrett, Bishop of Plymouth, assisted by the Rev. J. Bladin and the Rev. Lord Braid, DAVID CHARLES MACKAY SEWARD, M.D., M.R.C.P.(Ed.), only son of Mr. and Mrs. James Mackay Seward, Perth, Western Australia, to ANNE, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. MURPHY, of Exbourne, Devon. (Australian papers, please copy.)

SHAW : CHAPMAN.—On July 5, 1930, at St. Luke's, Wandsworth Common, SYDNEY HERBERT, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. SHAW, of 31, Ellerton-road, Wandsworth Common, to MARY LOUISE, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. CHAPMAN, of 19, Baskerville-road, Wandsworth Common.

WARTERS : PRITCHARD.—On July 11, 1930, at St. John the Evangelist, Bromley, Kent, by the Rev. Canon Barker, MAJOR R. A. WARTERS, I.M.S., son of Dr. Warters, of Riddings, Derbyshire, to DOREEN PRITCHARD, youngest daughter of the late J. E. Pritchard, of Hurlingham, and of Mrs. Pritchard, late of Putney and now of Sundridge Park, Bromley, Kent.

GOLDEN WEDDING

BOWELL : NARES.—On July 12, 1880, at St. Mark's, Surbiton, by the Ven. Archdeacon Burney, assisted by Canon Hubert Curtis, BULMER HOWELL to AMY, eldest daughter of VICE-ADMIRAL SIR GEORGE S. NARES, K.C.B., F.R.S.

DIAMOND WEDDING

WOODS : MOLINE.—On July 12, 1870, at St. Mary's, Stoke Newington, by the Rev. Blomfield Jackson, M.A., BERNARD, third son of the late CHARLES JOHN WOODS, of Godalming, to LYDIA ISABELLA, daughter of the late DAVID MOLINE, of Laybach, Austria.

DEATHS

ANGELO.—On July 10, 1930, at 92, Addison-road, Kensington, MARGARET LOUISA, widow of COLONEL J. W. E. ANGELO.

BARKER.—On July 10, 1930, SIBYLL AGATHA, wife of WILLIAM MAUDE BARKER, of Hasfield Court, Gloucester, and youngest daughter of the late Wyrley Wyrley-Birch, of Wretham. Funeral Monday, 3 o'clock, at Hasfield.

BEALE.—On July 10, 1930, at 28, Rectory-road, N.16, BRO. CHARLES BEALE, J.P.G.A., Ancient Order Druids, aged 86 years. Interment at Abney Park, 2 p.m., July 16.

BELL.—On July 9, 1930, at 10, Polwarth-grove, Edinburgh, after a long illness, COLONEL GEORGE JAMES HAMILTON BELL, C.I.E., Indian Medical Service (retired), son of the late Robert Bell, Sheriff Substitute of Stirling, Dumbarton, and Clackmannan at Falkirk, aged 69.

CHANCELLOR.—On July 9, 1930, at Earl's Court, Bournemouth, KATHARINE ELIZABETH, widow of GEORGE CHANCELLOR, Writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, and daughter of the late George Sikene, of Rubislaw, Aberdeenshire. Funeral private.

CORBIN.—On July 11, 1930, at 37, Poplar-grove, W.6, VIOLET, beloved wife of HENRY FRANK CORBIN.

COULTER.—On July 10, 1930, at her residence, Bracken, Howth, REV. LAUNCELOT COULTER, formerly Rector of Ardbraccan for 32 years, only son of the late John Coulter, of Dundalk, aged 72.

CRISP.—On July 10, 1930, at Kirby Cane Hall, Norfolk, JOHN ROBERT CRISP, aged 65. Funeral to-day (Saturday), Kirby Cane, at 2.30.

EADY.—On July 9, 1930, following a street accident, MAUD SEYMOUR SHAW, beloved daughter of the late DR. GEORGE JOHN EADY, of 12, Mornington-avenue, W.14. Funeral Wednesday, July 16, at 2 p.m., at Chertsey Church. Flowers to 12, Montalton-avenue.

FAIRBROTHER.—On July 11, 1930, at Aingarth, Llandudno, EDITH MARGARET, second daughter of the late Henry Fairbrother, Altrincham, Cheshire. Funeral Llanrhos Church, Monday, July 14, at 2.30.

GOBRIEL.—On July 9, 1930, at 14, Porchester-terrace, Hyde Park, JANE, widow of ARNOLD GABRIEL, aged 91. Funeral will leave the above address to-morrow (Sunday), at 11.30, for the Jewish Cemetery, Beacons-field-road, Willesden Green. Prayers at the house prior to the funeral, at 11.15.

GARDNER.—On July 11, 1930, at Rotheasy, 70, Sunderland-road, Forest Hill, S.E.23, ALICE MARY, younger daughter of the late WILLIAM FREDERIC GARDNER, of Catford. Funeral service Christ Church, Forest Hill, Wednesday, July 16, at 12.15 p.m. Interment Nunhead Cemetery 1 p.m.

GARNETT.—On July 9, 1930, at Riversdale House, Grassendale Park, Liverpool, ERIC HEATH GARNETT, eldest surviving son of the late Alexander Garnett, aged 54 years. Service at St. Mary's Church, Grassendale, on Monday, July 14, at 2.30 p.m. Interment at Halewood Church, 3.15 p.m. (after private cremation).

GATHERCOLE.—On July 10, 1930, at the Royal I.O.W. County Hospital, Ryde, ARNOLD GATHERCOLE, late Captain, Bedfordshire and Hertfordshire Regiment, husband of Angela Nita Gathercole, of 47, Emperor's gate, S.W., aged 45. Funeral on Monday, July 14, Camberwell New Cemetery at 11.30. Flowers to 92, Dacres-road, Forest Hill, S.E.23.

GOLDSMITH.—On July 8, 1930, JENNIE, widow of BERNAN GOLDSMITH, of New York.

DEATHS (continued)

GORDON.—On July 11, 1930, FLORENCE CAMPBELL GORDON, of 21, Ravenscroft-avenue, Golders Green, widow of Charles Wood Gordon, shipowner, aged 71 years. Funeral service at All Souls', Loudoun-road, Hampstead, on Monday, at 11.30 a.m., prior to interment at Hampstead Cemetery.

GRUNTWAG.—On July 10, 1930, REGINA GRUNTWAG, wife of Benjamin G. Gruntwag, of 32, Elmcroft-crescent, Golders Green, N.W.11. Funeral to-morrow (Sunday), 10.30 a.m., Willesden Jewish Cemetery, Beaconsfield-road. Relations and friends please accept this, the only intimation.

HACKWOOD.—On July 9, 1930, at 2a, Bangalore-street, Putney, ALBERT EDWARD HACKWOOD, the devoted servant and friend of Lord Blyth, 14, Chester-terrace, N.W.

JONES.—On July 11, 1930, HILDA LOUIE, beloved wife of HENRY E. JONES, "Tai Yuan," Loon Lane, Radlett, after a long illness. Funeral at Radlett Parish Church on Tuesday, July 15, at 12 o'clock.

LAYTON-BENNETT.—On Thursday, July 10, 1930, at 44, Belsize Park-gardens, N.W.3, ELIZABETH BEATRICE, widow of ERNEST LAYTON-BENNETT, aged 73.

LEESON.—On July 10, 1930, at 5, Blessington-road, S.E.13, AMY GERTRUDE LEESON, widow of Everard William Leeson, Architect, of Manchester. Cremation Norwood Crematorium, July 14, 9.45 a.m.

LINDESAY.—On July 11, 1930, at Mount Brocas, Sandown, Isle of Wight, NORA COLE LINDESAY, daughter of Walter Lindesay, Barrister-at-Law, Dublin.

LONGLEY.—On July 11, 1930, at Auchendrane, Southbourne-avenue, Southbourne, Bournemouth, MARGARET ELEANOR ROPER, wife of REGINALD LONGLEY. Funeral, Monday, July 14, at 3 p.m., at East Cemetery, Gloucester-road, Bescombe. No flowers.

NUTTALL.—On July 11, 1930, at Fair Oak, Rugeley, Stafford, CATHERINE TURNER NUTTALL, widow of Roberts William Nuttall and daughter of the late Henry Hoyle Hardman, of Rawtenstall, in her 65th year.

OSBORNE.—On July 10, 1930, in Paris, France, MRS. MCKINLEY OSBORNE.

OSTROROG.—On July 10, 1930, COUNTESS OSTROROG, widow of Lieutenant-Colonel Count Ostrorog, D.S.O., of 5, Netherton-grove, Chelsea. No flowers.

PATERSON.—On July 10, 1930, BESSIE PENELOPE CAMPION, wife of the late JOHN YATES PATERSON, of Woolgrove, Ryde. No flowers by request.

POCHIN.—On July 10, 1930, at school, ROBERT ANTHONY ("TONY"), the dear and only son of HARRY and ETHEL POCHIN, of Cotesleigh, Quorn, Loughborough, aged 14 years.

SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE.—A SPIRITUALIST MEMORIAL SERVICE IN HONOUR OF SIR ARTHUR will be held at the ROYAL ALBERT HALL to-morrow (Sunday) evening, July 13, at 7 p.m. Doors open at 6.15. The platform will be occupied by well-known men and women. Messages will be given by MRS. ROBERTS will give a demonstration of clairvoyance to prove survival. All are invited to attend. Seats free. Reserved seats at 2s. 6d. may be obtained from the M.D. Funeral, to-day (Saturday), at 2 o'clock at West Rudham Church.

SHANN.—On July 9, 1930, at a nursing home, Ewell, Surrey, after a long illness bravely borne, LETTICE MARY, elder daughter of REV. R. and MRS. SHANN (formerly of Chenies). No mourning. Letters to 19, Culmington-road, Ealing, W.13.

SWINDELLS.—On July 10, 1930, at Longton Hall, near Preston, FRANCIS EDWARD SWINDELLS, in his 77th year. No flowers, by request. Funeral at Longton to-day (Saturday), 11.30 a.m.

TOOLEY.—On July 11, 1930, AGNES NINA, daughter of the late Major-General ROTTON, R.A., and widow of the REV. W. R. THOMPSON, M.A. (Oxon), of 17, Islip-road, Oxford, aged 77 years. Funeral Monday at Oxford.

WILSON.—On July 10, 1930, at Hillcroft, Bishop's-road, Highgate, HARRY JAMES WEBB, D.L.E., R.C.M.C. (late of Dockyard Branch, Admiralty), in his 70th year.

WESTROPP.—On July 10, 1930, at Yarmouth, Isle of Wight, JAMES BUNNING WESTROPP, son of the late Lieutenant Berkley Westropp, R.N., in his 86th year. Funeral Yarmouth, July 15, at 2.30.

WOODHOUSE.—On July 10, 1930, at Ralsbury, North Common Road, Ealing, MINNIE CORBETT WOODHOUSE, widow of Robert H. Woodhouse, of 1, Hanover-square, London, and Ralsbury, Ealing, in her 77th year. Funeral service at St. Matthew's Church, Ealing Common, Tuesday, July 15, at 3 p.m.

IN MEMORIAM ON ACTIVE SERVICE

CHRISTY.—In tendyest remembrance of STEPHEN E. P. CHRISTY, Lieutenant, Irish Guards, killed in Ypres, July 12, 1916, aged 20, dearly loved elder son of Henry E. and Ethel M. Christy.

"Upright, downright, comely, manly."

DREWE.—To the ever-loving memory of ADRIAN DREWE, Major, R.G.A., killed in action near Ypres, July 12, 1917, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Drewe, Castle Drogo, Drewsteignton, Devon.

GODBER.—In ever living memory of a beloved son and brother, CAPTAIN HUGH G. GODBER, 13th Northumberland Fusiliers.

"Quo fata Vocant."

KENDALL, EDWARD HENRY, Flight Sub-Lieutenant, Royal Naval Air Service, youngest son of Capt. and Mrs. R. C. Kendall, Ipplepen, Newton Abbot, shot down in flames when flying over Slype, Belgium, July 12, 1917.—BENJAMIN.

WILSON.—Is honoured and loving memory of WALTON RONALD WILSON, B.A.Cantab., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Lieut., R.A.M.C., attached 2nd Seaforth Highlanders, who died on the Somme, July 12, 1916, of wounds received the previous day, aged 25.

"The better to have loved and lost
Than never to have loved at all."

—MOTHER and DAD.

ZIANI DE FERRANTI.—In ever-loving memory of our dear son, BASIL MAJOR, who was mortally wounded on the 21st Siege Battery, wounded near Ypres and died in hospital at Wimereux on July 12, 1917, aged 28 years. R.I.P.

BROWSE.—In ever-loving memory of my sister GLADYS, who died at Johannesburg on July 13, 1927.

BRYAN.—In loving memory of FREDERICK BRYAN, who passed away on July 12, 1922.

CHATFEILD-CLARKE (July 12, 1917).—In ever-loving memory of my beloved husband HOWARD and our dear Father.

"Time can never heal so great a loss."

HOLDEN.—In loving memory of HENRY EDMONDS HOLDEN (HENNIE), Vicar of Langtoft, Lincolnshire, who was called to rest on July 13, 1929.

"We have loyal hearts and true
Stand ever in the light."

—R. B. A.

IRVING.—In loving and ever-present memory of MAJOR HENRY COURT IRVING, who passed away at Bedford July 12, 1929.

"Life's work well done,
Life's race well run,
Life's crown well won,
Then cometh Rest."

SIMONSON.—In ever-loving remembrance of our dear mother, NINA SIMONSON, who passed away peacefully on July 12, 1916.

STACEY.—In loving memory of our dear father, JAMES STACEY, who passed away July 12, 1928.—A., F. and B.

WEST.—In loving memory of ATHERTON WEST, of Cawnpore, India, who died at "Falklands," Harrogate, on July 12, 1923.

WRIGHTON.—In grateful memory of MARY ANN WRIGHTON, who died in 1898, a generous benefactress by will of the National Hospital for Diseases of the Nervous System, Queen-square, W.C.1.

J VIEIRA.—In ever-loving memory of my dearly loved brother, BENTO J VIEIRA, who died on July 13, 1927.

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INVESTMENTS AND LOANS

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VANCOUVER, B.C.—Inquiries invited for INVESTMENTS from £5,000 up in Vancouver City business properties, yielding at least 4 per cent. net with every probability of considerable capital appreciation.—Write, or if passing through arrange appointment, Griffith and Lee, Limited, 835, West Pender-street, Vancouver, B.C. Established over 20 years. Reference, Canadian Bank of Commerce, 2, Lombard-street.

£6,000 to £10,000 WANTED in old-established business showing good profits for many years; gilt edged security; principals or their Solicitors only need apply.—Write Box B.74, The Times, E.C.4.

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PERSONAL

PAT.—Send your letters as before, not to H, method unreliable.—MAC.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

£15 REWARD.—LOST between Kensington and Ripley (via Richmond Park, Kingston, and back, via Weybridge), PEARL NECKLACE (135 Pearls) and DIAMOND CLASP.—Summers, Henderson and Co., 48, Lime-street, E.C.3.

£15 REWARD.—LOST during June in West End, THREE-STONE DIAMOND GYPSY RING.—Summers, Henderson and Co., 48, Lime-street, E.C.3.

£5 REWARD.—LEFT in Taxicab in early hours of 4th inst., Kensington district, GOLD CIGARETTE CASE with Platinum Crest. "Eagle over Coronet."—Summers, Henderson and Co., 48, Lime-street, E.C.3.

£5 REWARD.—LOST July 9th, between Kensington and DIAMOND BROOCH set on long bar.—L., 37, Johnstreet, Bedford-row, W.C.1.

LOST, between Mappin and Webb's and Waldorf Hotel, LARGE PEARL from Brooch, afternoon of July 9th; liberal reward.—N. F. Thompson, care Raymond Whitcomb, 20, Cockspur-street.

REWARD.—LOST, Tuesday evening, July 1st, in West End, ONYX and DIAMOND MATCH BOX.—Write Box 6188, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

REWARD will be given for RETURN of LEATHER SUIT CASE, initialled C. T. C., containing books; lost Buckingham Palace-road, Thursday.—C. T. Covington, 51, Drewstead-road, Streatham, S.W.

MISS DAMON, of Upper Chine, Shanklin, wishes to THANK all her CORRESPONDENTS who have kindly written her with CONGRATULATIONS in connection with the case in the Lord Chief Justice Court. The letters and telegrams are so numerous that at present Miss Damon has not had time to answer them all, but she intends to reply to each. Miss Damon wishes to point out that at present the Government has not yet decided what the matters before the Court, but it is expected this will be given after certain legal arguments early next week.

SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE.—A SPIRITUALIST MEMORIAL SERVICE IN HONOUR OF SIR ARTHUR will be held at the ROYAL ALBERT HALL to-morrow (Sunday) evening, July 13, at 7 p.m. Doors open at 6.15. The platform will be occupied by well-known men and women. Messages will be given by MRS. ROBERTS will give a demonstration of clairvoyance to prove survival. All are invited to attend. Seats free. Reserved seats at 2s. 6d. may be obtained from the M.D. Funeral, to-day (Saturday), at 2 o'clock at West Rudham Church.

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PAYING GUESTS.—Bachelor with country house, Norfolk, near three golf links, tennis, shooting, will receive two gentlemen, terms three guineas per week.—Write Box K.1225, The Times, E.C.4.

HUMANZ SLAUGHTER.—Comprehensive well-illustrated book on every aspect of this subject ready publication; cost about £250.—Would those willing help financially write Miss Macnaghten, Bittern Manor House, Southampton?

NATIONAL CHILDREN ADOPTION ASSOCIATION, Incorporated. President, H.R.H. Princess Alice. Offices: 19, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Telephone: Sloane 2567.—No connection with other Adoption Societies.

A LADY GRADUATE receives young children; happy home; large house and grounds, Surrey; entire charge or short periods; moderate inclusive.—BM/FKLK, W.C.1.

6D. A MILE.—LUXURIOUS SALOON CAR; chauffeur-driven; very comfortable.—Blair, May. 1382.

PARENTS from personal proof highly recommend Miss Olivia Oldfield's (Newton Hall) trained Nursery near Bournemouth.—Lindisfarne, Broadstone, Dorset.

EAST COAST.—Gentleman would LET his attractive SEASIDE BUNGALOW at GORLESTON for month August; four bed rooms, &c.; every comfort; pleasant grounds.—Write Box B.48, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET, FURNISHED, for six months or longer, a FLAT in Shepherd's Market, Mayfair; three bed rooms, one sitting room, kitchen, and bath room.—Write Box B.19, The Times, E.C.4.

IDEAL GUEST HOUSE. 18 acres grounds, adjoining links, tennis, 12 minutes London; near station.—X., Wood Hall, S.E.21. Sydenham 0483.

ARTHUR L. HUMPHREYS. Expert in Books, purchases old libraries, forms new collections. Agent for American and Colonial buyers of books.—Address A. L. Humphreys, York Lodge, Reading.

CHILD of GENTLE BIRTH WANTED as COMPANION to little girl of four; ideal country life in Surrey hills; lady nursery-governess; terms by arrangement.—Mrs. Barr, Knoll Cottage, Ockley, near Dorking. Forest Green 5.

CHILDHOOD MEMORIES.—Sea! Sand! Donkeys! HELP SLUM CHILD to a taste of these joys. £1 will give ONE to two happiness days.—Address Rev. NOEL LAMBERT, St. Gabriel's Vicarage, Poplar, E.14.

GIRLS leaving SCHOOL specialise at Holmwood Park, Wimborne.—Housecraft, gardening, poultry, dairy work, secretarial work, music, golf, tennis, riding, &c.

ALPINE COLLEGE, Mont-Blanc, School for Boys (12-19). Sea Educational Column on this page.

A Pound wouldn't break anyone normally situated, but it will break the dreadful monotony of the mean streets for one poor child for a fortnight. Will you do this good deed? Send a pound to-day for the Children's Country Holidays Fund to the Earl of Arran (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand? In 1929 we sent away over 32,000 children. This year, owing to lack of funds, we have had to reduce our numbers by several thousands.

OSBORNE, 1. of W., KING EDWARD VII. CONVALESCENT HOME receives all officers of the Navy, Marines, Army, R.F.A., and Indian Army. Massage, Ultra Violet Rays, Electrical Treatment, and special dietary carried out. For admission apply House Governor, East Cowes, I. of W.

TO PARENTS of DELICATE BOYS.—Lady, living in large country house near London, RECEIVES a FEW DELICATE BOYS, ages 7 to 12, requiring special care and individual coaching; resident tutor; two vacancies next term; references to parents of present pupils.—Write Box J.506, The Times, E.C.4.

UNWANTED False Teeth urgently wanted for our Dental Aid Work.—Ivory Cross, 67A, Welbeck-street, W.1.

'20 GNS. termly, usually 30gns.—Good Girls' School, Sussex Coast.—Write Box K.727, The Times, E.C.4.

FIRST-CLASS PREPARATORY SCHOOL recently enlarged. South Coast. OFFERS few VACANCIES for next September at REDUCED FEES of 90gns. per annum inclusive.—Write Box K.625, The Times, E.C.4.

A YOUNG MAN, educated, presentable, tired of routine, requires EMPLOYMENT; any offer considered.—Write Box N.1579, The Times, E.C.4.

EXPERT DRIVER (lady, 33) seeks POST of trust.—Beachcroft, "Beresford," Hayling Island.

YOUNG lady going to India about September offers her SERVICES in EXCHANGE for PASSAGE or part.—"Resident," Burghfield Bridge House, Reading.

A DAWSON WANTED to PURCHASE; good income, possibility early vacancy.—Send fullest particulars in strictest confidence to Box A.1607, The Times, E.C.4.

WIMBLEDON, close to Common.—To be LET FURNISHED, one-two years; four reception, seven bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, garage; tennis court.—Write Box N.1543, The Times, E.C.4.

LLANDUDNO.—Convalescent Patient received; quiet; fees moderate.—Sister, 36, Roumania-crescent.

FRENCH FAMILY RECEIVES PAYING GUESTS; 15 minutes Paris, large house in own grounds; up-to-date comfort; excellent cooking; French private lessons.—Maudet, La Colline, Bellevue (S.-et-O.), France.

CAMBRIDGE GRADUATE (honours), 22, desires HOLIDAY POST as Tutor or otherwise; good at games; references.—P. S. Osborne, The Vicarage, Orpington, Kent.

MALTA: SEA TRIPS by P. & O. Round Trip, 21 days, from £20 return. Next Sailing July 18.—Information, Agent-General for Malta, 16, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

FOR WROUGHT IRONWORK, METAL WORK, PEWTER, LEATHERWORK, RUSHWORK, and WOVEN and SHETLAND GOODS made by village craftsmen and Quilted Work by miners' womenfolk, go to COUNTRY INDUSTRIES, Ltd., 26, Knightsbridge, Hyde Park-corner, S.W.1.

OLD BRANDY.—Sazerac de Forge, 1789, 1811, 1830, 1840 vintages.—Apply Maison Rouze, Dinard.

SHOOTING LODGES and YACHTS specially catered for by Hayden and Reid, Provision Merchants for over 50 years.—7, St. Martin's-place, Trafalgar-square, W.C.2.

SALE at FENWICK of BOND-STREET (Corner of Brook-street) on Tuesday next, July 15, at 9.30 a.m. Wonderful bargains include light TRAVEL COATS in Tweed 9½gns. REDUCED to £3. Watch the windows.

ANTIQUE SILVER of all periods wanted for present American demand; also OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE. BEST POSSIBLE PRICES. TYSE JEWELS also PURCHASED.—Please write or call SPINK and SON, Ltd., 5, 6, 7, King-street, St. James's, Piccadilly, London, S.W.1. (Est. 158 years.)

PERSONAL (continued)

"NO man, having put his hand to the plough, and looking back, is fit for the Kingdom of God."—Lk. ix. 62.

WILL the BROTHERS or any near RELATIVE of the late Mr. CHARLES GILMOUR, of Packington-street, Islington, who died in 1919, COMMUNICATE with Rev. A. H. Chay, 109, Albion-street, Southwick, Sussex?

NOTICE is hereby given that EDWARD HERZENSTEIN, of 66, Canfield-gardens, Hampstead, N.W.6, has APPLIED to the HOME SECRETARY for NATURALIZATION, and that any person who knows any reason why the naturalization should not be granted should send a written and signed statement of the facts to the Under-Secretary of State, Home Office, London, S.W.

BAYREUTH.—WANTED SINGLE SEAT all seven performances July. If successful, two seats August 9th-19th for disposal.—Write Box 9237, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

WINCHESTER, OXFORD and ARMY (1914-1919) MAN DESPERATELY in NEED of EMPLOYMENT; business experience, drives car, speaks fair French, horseman, games, expert in kennel management; wide general knowledge; excellent testimonials and references; accept any work, anywhere.—Write Box B.89, The Times, E.C.4.

MISS SMALLWOOD'S SOCIETY for the ASSISTANCE of LADIES in REDUCED CIRCUMSTANCES.—HOLIDAY APPEAL. That magic word! Do please HELP some of our 200 poor ladies to have a restful, happy time, and those who are invalids to have one or two drives. Any sum gratefully received.—Please make cheques payable to Miss Smallwood's Society, Lancaster House, Malvern.

OXONIANS RECOMMEND FAVOURITE HABITAT, S. KENSINGTON. Inclusive hostels.—Fro. 2094.

**

SHIPPING

P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.
MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.
P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking Passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles
Mantua	11,000	Bignell	—	July 18
†Macedonia	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	11,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Ranpura	16,000	Furlong	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
Nevasa	16,500	Brooks	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Viceroy of India	19,700	Ohlson	Aug. 29	Sept. 5
Morea	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Hodlam	Sept. 12	Sept. 19
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26
†Rajputana	16,600	Cadiz	Sept. 26	Oct. 3
Razmak	11,000	Thornton	Oct. 3	Oct. 10
†Ranpura	16,600	Furlong	Oct. 10	Oct. 17

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

*Bendigo	13,000	Wyatt		July 17
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
‡†Moldavia	16,500	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Sept. 11
†Marella	16,500	Rhoden	Sept. 11	Sept. 11
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26
†Cathay	15,000	Niven	Oct. 3	Oct. 3
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	Oct. 17	Oct. 24

‡ Taking also 3rd Cabin Passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd Cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
" One Class " Service at Special Fares. Calling Southampton.

Burdwan (cargo)	6,000	—	July 18	—
Behar (cargo)	6,000	—	Aug. 1	—
†Novara	7,000	Smith	Aug. 15	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Mantua	11,000	Hignett	—	July 18
Berrima	11,000	—	July 18	—
Kashgar	9,000	Sutcell	July 24	—
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
Khyber	9,000	Bedwell	Aug. 21	—
Morea	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)
BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
*†BURDWAN	6,000	July 18	—	July 18
†*TREWYN	5,241	July 26	July 28	Aug. 2
*MUNDRA	7,375	Aug. 12	Aug. 16	Aug. 23
*WARFIELD	7,500	Sept. 6	Sept. 10	Sept. 13

* Cargo steamer. ‡ Calls Port Sudan.
† Transhipping Karachi cargo at Bombay.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON
‡MANELA	8,303	—	July 10	July 26
‡MERKARA	8,284	July 23	Aug. 2	Aug. 9
‡MARGHERA	8,284	Aug. 6	Aug. 16	Aug. 23
MANORA	7,929	Aug. 20	Aug. 30	Sept. 6

‡ Calls Tangier.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	Marseilles.
‡MODASA	9,070	—	July 23	Aug. 1	Aug. 9
MADURA	9,077	Aug. 9	Aug. 20	Aug. 29	Sept. 6
‡MATIANA	9,067	Sept. 6	Sept. 17	Sept. 26	Oct. 4
MALDA	9,066	Oct. 4	Oct. 15	Oct. 24	Nov. 1

‡ Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,
Manager: F. H. GROSVENOR.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Strand Office, Passage and Freight (A. P. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Paris, Société Française P. & O., 40, Boulevard des Capucines. Malta (Col. C. Fane, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
Freight Brokers:
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 18, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middlesbro' to Bombay and Karachi) Strick, Gorman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
†RUAPEHU	9,000	Aug. 1
†CUADINE	11,000	Aug. 15
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Aug. 29
RANGITANE (new motor vessel)	17,000	Sept. 26
†ROTORUA	12,500	Oct. 17

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suva.
‡ 1st and 3rd Class Passengers only.
Apply the N.Z.S. Co., Ltd. (J. B. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele., Avenue 8220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver Service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

	Tons.	London.	Plymouth.	Liverpool.
†BARADINE	13,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 2	—
BARRABOOL	13,000	—	—	Sept. 20
BALRANALD	13,000	Oct. 10	Oct. 11	—
BALLARAT	13,000	Oct. 24	Oct. 25	—

† Carrying His Majesty's Mails and calling at Aden. Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. BENDIGO	13,000	—	July 17
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
R.M.S. MOOLTAN	16,500	Aug. 21	Aug. 28

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1, or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

AUSTRALIA
BY THE
ORIENT LINE
Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA. Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON, CRUISES by 20-000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORANTO	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	12,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
ORONTES	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
OSTRAL	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2
ORSOVA	20,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES
CITY HALL

BUCKNALL
FAST AUTUMN PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Destination.	Tons.	Date.	
‡City of Valencia		7,329	Sept. 4	Bombay and Karachi
‡‡City of Calcutta		7,579	Sept. 15	Colombo and Calcutta
‡‡City of London		7,579	Sept. 19	Bombay and Karachi
‡City of Nagpur		10,138	Sept. 27	Bombay and Karachi
City of Exeter		9,447	Oct. 1	Colombo and Calcutta
‡‡City of Simla		9,466	Oct. 4	Bombay and Karachi
‡‡City of Canterbury		9,462	Oct. 11	Bombay and Karachi
‡City of Paris		10,902	Oct. 14	Bombay and Karachi
‡‡City of Venice		8,308	Oct. 24	Bombay and Karachi
‡City of Marseilles		8,307	Oct. 31	Bombay and Calcutta

Calls (a) Marseilles. ‡ (b) Port Sudan. (c) Malmo.
(d) Special sailings direct from Marseilles.
LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	
‡City of Cairo	7,482	Oct. 11	Bay, East London
‡City of Baroda	7,128	Oct. 27	and Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-6, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tele., Ave. 9340
LIVERPOOL: 7, Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " " Cent. 9222
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street " " Cent. 9222

ELLERMAN'S WILSON LINE,
HULL to OSLO
(Via Christiansand).
SUMMER SERVICE.
R.M.S. CALYPSO (7,500 tons displacement).
LARGEST REGULAR PASSENGER STEAMER IN ANGLO-NORWEGIAN TRADE.
EVERY SATURDAY FROM 27th JUNE, at 3 p.m.
10.15 a.m. train from King's Cross connects.
RETURNING FROM OSLO TUESDAY NIGHT.
For further particulars apply ELLERMAN'S WILSON LINE, Limited, Hull, or any Booking Agents.

N.Y.K. LINE.
(JAPAN MAIL.)
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
HAKONE MARU	16,500	July 18	July 25	July 27
ATSUTA MARU	16,700	Aug. 1	Aug. 8	Aug. 10
FUSHIMI MARU	11,500	Aug. 15	Aug. 22	Aug. 24

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, to JAPAN & CHINA.
Through Booking from Europe.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Royal 0814-9. Trans. Royal 0814-5.
(A Limited Company Incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agency, Cunard Line, 25-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1

MEDITERRANEAN HOLIDAYS.
Frequent departures of special cruising steamers
SEA AND LAND HOLIDAYS.
Special reduced Summer Rates from £11.
Apply for full programme free on request.
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT & CO., LTD.
25, Cockspur-street, LONDON, S.W.1. Gerr. 2994-5.

SHIPPING (continued)

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.
WHITE STAR LINE.
THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg

Homeric	Thurs., July 17	Majestic	Wed., July 30
Olympic	Wed., July 23	Homeric	Wed., Aug. 6

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.

(2) Baltic	Sat., July 12	† (2) Arabic	Sat., July 26
Cedric	Sat., July 19	Britannic	Sat., Aug. 2

† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Doric	Fri., July 25	Laurentic	Fri., Aug. 8
Albertic	Fri., Aug. 1	Doric	Fri., Aug. 22

SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Megantic			Sat., July 26

LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Ionic (Passengers from Southampton only). Fri., July 18

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.
FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.

(6) Belgenland			July 12
(4) Pennland			July 19

TO CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.

(4) Pennland			Sat., July 19
(4) Westernland			Sat., Aug. 2

From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin, and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.
LONDON to NEW YORK
Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnewaska	21,716 tons	July 19	Aug. 15
*Minnetonka	21,998 tons	Aug. 2	Aug. 30

*TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnekahda	17,281 tons	July 12	Aug. 9

* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A.—CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.
MAURETANIA - - JULY 12
AQUITANIA .. July 19 *CARONIA .. July 19
* Via Havre and Cobh, not Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.
†LACONIA - - - - JULY 12
*FRANCONIA .. July 19 †SCYTHIA .. July 26
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.
† Calls Galway and Boston.
‡ Calls Boston.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
ASCANIA - - - - - JULY 12
ALAUNIA .. July 19 *AUSONIA .. July 26
* Calls Cobh.
† From Glasgow previous day.
‡ From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.
MIDSUMMER CRUISE.
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton, To BALTIC, NORWAY, and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), 1st, 19 days, from 33 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 21, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 28-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the South of France and Egypt.
Special Summer Return Rates; —Marseilles £22, Port Said £35. Next Sailings:—

PATROCLUS	19 July	ANCHISES	27 Sept.
ANTENOR	16 Aug.	ÆNEAS	11 Oct.
HECTOR	13 Sept.	SARPEDON	8 Nov.

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.2, or Principal Travel Agents.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.
A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

(2) S.S. CERAMIC	From Liverpool	23rd AUG.
(1) S.S. ASCANIUS	" Liverpool	13th SEPT.
(3) S.S. THEMISTOCLES	" Liverpool	11th OCT.

(1) First Class only. (2) Cabin Class only.
(3) First and Third Class.
For full particulars apply to:—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

UNITED STATES LINES.
AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES.
TO NEW YORK.

U.S.L.	A.M.L.
From Southampton Weekly.	From London Weekly.
Fares from £38 Return (Tourist) Cabin.	Obs class only. £20 10s. With bath £25 10s.
Booklets, &c., free from your Agent or U.S. Lines Offices, 14, Regent-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5820.)	
America ..July 17	Pres. Harding ..July 24
LEVIATHAN ..July 24	Pres. Roosevelt ..July 29

UNION-CASTLE LINE.
SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA, ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

†LLANDAFF CASTLE	London, Southampton July 17
*WINDSOR CASTLE	— July 18
†‡LLANSTEPHAN CASTLE	July 24
*‡BALMORAL CASTLE	— July 25

* Via Madeira. † Via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal. ‡ Via Tenerife, Ascension & St. Helena.
Apply to the Head Office, 3, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3. West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

ANCHOR LINE.
LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING at GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

CURACAO	Aug. 29	†BRITANNIA	Sept. 24
*†ELYSIA	Sept. 12	*CASTALIA	Oct. 10

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Said. ‡ Leaves Marseilles Oct. 1.
2 First Class and Third Cabin Passengers.
Vessels recognized by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All First Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine Third Cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

CALEDONIA	July 12	CAMERONIA	July 26
CALIFORNIA	July 19	CALEDONIA	Aug. 2
ANCHORIA	July 26	FINCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.	

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.
ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the South of France and Egypt.
Special Summer Return Rates:—Marseilles £22, Port Said £35. Next Sailings:—

PATROCLUS	19 July	ANCHISES	27 Sept.
ANTENOR	16 Aug.	ÆNEAS	11 Oct.
HECTOR	13 Sept.	SARPEDON	8 Nov.

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.2, or Principal Travel Agents.

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THE FIRST CLASS ONLY FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Oxfordshire	12,500	July 11	July 19
Staffordshire	15,000	July 25	Aug. 2
Gloucestershire	12,000	Aug. 8	Aug. 16
Cheshire	15,000	Aug. 22	Aug. 30

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 26, Chapel-street, Liverpool; 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 8046, 8047.

AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Jervis Bay	14,164 tons from Southampton	July 23
Largs Bay	14,184 tons from Southampton	Aug. 6
Moreton Bay	14,145 tons from Southampton	Sept. 3

Fares from £38 to £52.
ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE.
Apply 2, Australia House, Strand, W.C.; 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; or principal Booking Agents.

NEW ZEALAND
VIA PANAMA CANAL.
THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE
SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE.
Through Bookings to Australia.

†TONIC	12,352 tons from Southampton	18 July	
*MATAROA	12,500 tons from Southampton	15 Aug.	
†CORINTHIC	12,020 tons from Southampton	12 Sept.	
*TAMAROA	12,500 tons from Southampton	19 Sept.	
†CORINTHIC	12,357 tons from Southampton	7 Nov.	

*Oil burner. †1st and 3rd class only.
‡ Cabin and 3rd class only.
Apply to the Company, 14, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or to any office of the WHITE STAR LINE.

BLUE STAR CRUISES
By the World's Most Delightful Cruising Liner,
"ARANDORA STAR,"
Britain's Dream Ship.
TO NORWEGIAN FJORDS AND NORTHERN CAPITALS.
19 July, 29 days.—NORWEGIAN FJORDS, NORTH CAPE and SPITZBERGEN.
9 Aug., 13 days.—NORWEGIAN FJORDS.
23 Aug., 25 days.—NORWAY & NORTHERN CAPITALS (LENINGRAD for MOSCOW).

MEDITERRANEAN.
19 Sept., 24 days } To MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA,
14 Oct., 29 days } ITALY, SICILY, &c.
8 Nov., 18 days MOROCCO, FRANCE, ITALY, ALGERIA.
19 Dec., 19 days Second Annual Christmas Cruise to MOROCCO, SICILY, ITALY, FRANCE, SPAIN, & PORTUGAL.

WEST INDIES, 1931.
Special Winter Cruise de Luxe of 46 days to the West Indies from Southampton, Jan. 24, 1931, calling at Las Palmas, Porto Rico, Barbados, Trinidad, Panama Canal, Jamaica, Haiti, Cuba, Nassau, Bermuda, and Madeira.
For "Arandora Star" 1930 Cruise Programme and January Cruise to West Indies apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris: Wagons-Lits Co.; and Tourist Agents.

HENDERSON LINE.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL.
To PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and RANGOON, via MARSEILLES.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.

	Sails Liverpool.	Sails Marseilles.
"BHAMO"	18th July	26th July
"SAGAING"	1st Aug.	9th Aug.

Galbraith, Pembroke and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3; Import and Hall, Ltd., 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; P. Henderson and Co., 153, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

TOURS

8 DAYS' PLEASURE CRUISE,
15th to 23rd August,
sailing from Newcastle-on-Tyne.
NORWAY'S FJORDS
and to
TRONDHJEM
for
St. Olav Jubilee Exhibition.
The 6,000 tons Pleasure Cruiser
"STELLA POLARIS"
combines the highest standards of comfort, service, courtesy, and cuisine.
Fares from £17 10 0
Full details from Traffic Manager, B. and N. Line Royal Mail, Ltd., 21, Charing Cross, Whitehall, London, S.W.1 (Tele., Gerrard 4172), and leading Tourist Agents.

ORIENT LINE CRUISES
BY 20,000-TON STEAMERS.
NORWEGIAN FJORDS & NORTHERN CAPITALS.

July & August	12 days	NORWAY FJORDS (Four Cruises).
10 July, 9 Aug., 16 Aug.	12 days / 9 days / 14 days	NORTHERN CAPITALS AND NORWAY FJORDS.

MEDITERRANEAN.
5 Sept. 28 days VENICE, DUBROVNIK, KOTOR, ATHENS, &c.
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by
THE ROYAL MAIL LINE, BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS
to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton	From Liverpool
*ARLANZA	14,622	July 18	—
†DESEADO	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Aug. 1	—
†DESNA	11,483	—	Aug. 2
†ALMANZORA	15,551	Aug. 15	—
†DEMERARA	11,484	—	Aug. 16
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Aug. 29	—
DARRO	11,484	—	Sept. 13

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.
THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, BERMUDA, HAVANA, Via France, Spain. PERU, PANAMA CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORBITA	15,495	July 31
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	Aug. 14
OROCOMA	11,580	Aug. 28
ORDUNA	15,507	Oct. 2

TOUR ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
ORDUNA, January 6, 1931.
MALAGA, ATHENS, RHODES, HOLY LAND & EGYPT,
by
R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS."
From SOUTHAMPTON, October 10.
26 Days. Fares 49 Guineas and upward.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.
LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Gorse, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
CANADA & U.S.A.
SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
(Via Cherbourg).

EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA (to Quebec only)	July 12
EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only)	July 19
MONTCALM	July 25
EMPRESS OF FRANCE (to Quebec only)	July 26

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF BEDFORD	July 18
DUCHESS OF YORK (R.C.)	July 25
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (R.C.)	Aug. 1
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD (R.C.)	Aug. 8

(R.C.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.
GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND July 12 MELITA July 18

JAPAN AND CHINA.
VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF ASIA	July 24
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	July 12
EMPRESS OF CANADA (via Honolulu)	Aug. 7
Latest connecting Steamer from Liverpool	July 25

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.

AORANGI	July 23	NIAGARA Aug. 20

When travelling always carry Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.
ROUND THE WORLD CRUISE EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA
The Dreamship of Cruises; Oil-burner, 22,000 tons. From Southampton Nov. 14, returning Dec. 16. From £449, including Shore Trips. 4½ or 5½ months' Ideal Weather.
APPLY CANADIAN PACIFIC,
62-65, Charing Cross, London, S.W.1;
103, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3;
Royal Liver Building, Liverpool;
31, Mosley-street, Manchester;
4, Victoria-square, Birmingham;
Canute-road, Southampton;
19, St. Augustine's-parade, Bristol;
25, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; or Local Agents.

SOUTH AMERICA
by
BLUE STAR LINE
BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS
to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTE VIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"ALMEDA STAR"	From London	24 JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR"		15 AUG.
"AVELONA STAR"	and Boulogne.	29 AUG.
"AVILA STAR"		12 SEPT.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN. Monthly from £60.
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BY ALL ROUTES.
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HARRISON LINE.
BARBADOS, GRENADA, TRINIDAD, DEMERARA.
INANDA Sailing July 18 LONDON
INGONA Sailing July 25 LONDON
Six weeks' Round Voyage £67 inclusive.
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GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL.
To PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and RANGOON, via MARSEILLES.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.

	Sails Liverpool.	Sails Marseilles.
"BHAMO"	18th July	26th July
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Galbraith, Pembroke and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3; Import and Hall, Ltd., 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; P. Henderson and Co., 153, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

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8 DAYS' PLEASURE CRUISE,
15th to 23rd August,
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NORWAY'S FJORDS
and to
TRONDHJEM
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The 6,000 tons Pleasure Cruiser
"STELLA POLARIS"
combines the highest standards of comfort, service, courtesy, and cuisine.
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NORWEGIAN FJORDS & NORTHERN CAPITALS.

July & August	12 days	NORWAY FJORDS (Four Cruises).
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5 Sept. 28 days VENICE, DUBROVNIK, KOTOR, ATHENS, &c.
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NORWAY FINLAND
travel via GOTHENBURG
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"BRITANNIA" and "SUECIA."
4,350 tons. 17½ knots speed.
The largest, fastest, and most com

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ATTRACTIVE SERVICE ROOMS, 2gns. to 3gns. including breakfast; constant hot water; manager-ast.—19, King-street, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 9281.

BACHELOR'S FURNISHED SUITE; bed room, sitting room, bath room; also bed-sitting room; breakfast only.—25, Bryanston-street, W. Mayfair 5063.

BED BREAKFAST, good service, upper floor, 2gns. weekly, other meals optional; bath, electric, gas, phone.—4, Leinster-gardens, W.2. Padd. 7241.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, with breakfast; dinner optional; in lady's house; 30s. to 2gns.; quiet position; mending service; close Earl's Court.—26, Harcourt-terrace, S.W.10. Flax. 1770.

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BOARD-RESIDENCE, Furnished or Unfurnished, five minutes Swiss Cottage and Belsize Park; Pre-civil road, N.W.3. Primrose 2911.

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57, UPPER GLOUCESTER-PLACE.
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PARK HILL HOUSE, STANHOPE-ROAD.—Delightful Guest House, single and double vacancies. August bank holiday weekend. 2 gns. suite with separate bath room, &c.—'Phone, Croydon 0657.

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Barkston-gardens, S.W.5. Vicarage-gate, W.8.
Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5. Holland-park, W.11.
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WANTED

GENTLEMAN desires BED ROOM and SITTING ROOM or Bed-sitting Room, Furnished or Unfurnished, few minutes from Piccadilly Circus.—Major Bathurst, 59, New Cavendish-street, W.1.

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ALDEBURGH-ON-SEA.—Attractive holiday flat; golf bathing, yachting. PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED at the Vicarage; own tennis court; house; beautiful garden; near sea.—Vicar, Aldeburgh, Suffolk.

BARTON-ON-SEA, HANTS.

AN excellent BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT (on cliff), combining country and seaside; 2½ acres, tennis courts, bridge, dancing, garage, near golf; recommended A.A.—Apply Proprietress, Mrs. Halsey, Barton House.

BARTON-ON-SEA, HANTS.—Exclusive house, party forming for gentlefolk only, few VACANCIES; private beach, tennis, bathing; saloon car; bridge; facing golf links; 2gns. per week single, 9 double.—Write "Ellencoray."

BEXHILL, ST. CATHERINE'S, 34, SEA-ROAD; 1 minute sea; close golf; excellent cuisine; highly recommended; moderate inclusive terms. 'Phone 1298.

BIRCHINGTON-ON-SEA.—APARTMENTS now available, detached house, close sea and station bathing from house; garden and lawn; meals if required. Write Box N.1570, The Times, E.C.4.

BOARD-RESIDENCE, Elizabethan house; plenty of country; modern conveniences; boating, fishing, golf; omnibuses; Stratford-on-Avon Broadway; garage. Broom Hall, Bidford-on-Avon.

BOURNEMOUTH.—VILLA MENTONE, private residential; near Pier and amusements; every comfort, excellent catering; July and August; 2gns. 'Phone 256.

BOURNEMOUTH.—LAMMERMOOR.—Best position facing sea; three acres of delightful gardens, own tennis and croquet lawns; garage. Famous for cuisine.

BOURNEMOUTH (Manor-road), in an acre beautiful grounds; 100 yards sea, central for everything. Illustrated tariff from Proprietress.

HINTON FIRS, EAST CLIFF.
Hot and cold running water bed rooms, chef de cuisine; most comfortable; tennis; garage. From 3½gns. 'Phone 5408. Station: Bournemouth Central.

BOURNEMOUTH.—"GARRIVOE," WEST CLIFF; Durley Chine-road; bed rooms fitted hot and cold water; garage; tennis. 'Ph. 2155.—Mrs. Thos. Potter.

BOURNEMOUTH.—GLENDEVON, WEST CLIFF; 4 min. sea, near pier, pavilion; dancing, billiards, &c.; accommodation 80 visitors.—Mr. and Mrs. T. Foster.

BOURNEMOUTH.—Stay at WHEATON LODGE, Branksome Wood-road, for ideal comfort; close sea and attractions; families catered for; terms moderate.

QUORN HALL.

BOURNEMOUTH, Richmond-gardens.—Beautifully situated in own grounds; excellent cuisine; near sea. Pavilion, &c. From 3½gns. 'Phone 1980.

BOURNEMOUTH.—PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED at charming house, own grounds; overlooking Bank-some Park; constant hot water; good food and service. From 3½gns.—Write Box 3330, Smith's, Bournemouth.

PRINCES, BOURNEMOUTH.

KNYVETON-ROAD, EAST CLIFF.—Ideal position, close tennis, golf, sea, and other attractions; all latest improvements, including hot and cold basins in bed rooms; renowned for its comfort and excellent cuisine; moderate inclusive terms; garage.—Apply Manageress. 'Phone 706.

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BOURNEMOUTH, EAST CLIFF; A.A.; two minutes sea front; hot and cold water, gas fires, central heating; lock-up garages. 'Phone 1776.

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BOURNEMOUTH, West Cliff; under entirely new management; cuisine an outstanding feature. "A guest house of distinction." From 4gns. 'Phone 2057.

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BOURNEMOUTH.—Best position East Cliff; near Pier, Pavilion, and all other places amusement; garage on premises.—Write for tariff. 'Phone 111.

BOURNEMOUTH, MANOR-ROAD, EAST CLIFF. First-class residential situated on beautiful overcliff drive, facing sea, fully South.

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Luxuriously furnished; hot and cold water bed rooms; Vita glass; excellent cuisine; bathing hut; garages; personal supervision. Telegrams, "Solpines." Bournemouth.

BRIGHTON (HOVE).—SUPERIOR GUEST HOUSE. Ideal position, adjoining sea, facing lawn, well appointed, refined comfort.—"Lynton Lodge," Fourth-avenue. Tele., Hove 4296.

CAMBRIDGE.—GUEST HOUSE, every comfort, hot and cold in bed rooms; moderate terms; tennis; home comforts.—Carolus, 8, Salisbury-villas.

CHILTERN HILLS, BUCKS.—Superior FARMHOUSE BOARD-RESIDENCE; excellent cooking; constant hot water; modern appointments; electricity; garage; tennis, riding; near station, buses, links.—Old Grange, St. Kimble, Princes Risborough.

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CHILDREN'S NURSE will recommended, would like part Bucks.—Write Box B.70, The Times, E.C.4.

COOKHAM DEAN, BERKS.—"Inwood," near river, lady has vacancy for a few GUESTS in her quiet charming house, week-end or permanent; garden; garage; terms moderate.—'Phone, 153 Marlow.

CORNISH RIVIERA.—Kenegie, Gulval, Penzance, of the WEST. Spacious garages, Tennis, billiards, &c.—Write Miss Maunsell for illustrated brochure.

DEVON (North).—"HILLSIDE, MORTEHOE, in beautiful unspoilt country, facing Atlantic; every modern improvement; garage. Tariff, Miss T. Wright.

DORSET COAST.—PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED at Manor House, West Bexington-on-Sea, Dorchester.

DOVEDALE, DERBYSHIRE.—Board-residence, Parmhouse, near River Dove; own dairy and produce; bath.—Mrs. Peach, Birdsgrove, Ashbourne. Tele. 128.

EASTBOURNE.—Ideal position, well-appointed house, every comfort, fine 5 minutes' sea, golf, Beachy Head. —"Fernleigh," Meads. 'Phone 2675.

EASTBOURNE.—THE HANBURIES, exquisitely appointed; high-class cuisine; chef; southern aspect; tennis, comfort and attention; moderate tariff. 'Phone 698.

EASTBOURNE.—THE IMPERIAL; hot and cold water, gas and electric fires every bed room; bus for use of visitors free of charge; free tennis and billiards.

EGHAM, THORPLEE HOUSE.

Ideal situation, tennis, croquet, clock golf; extensive grounds; chef catering; present party 30; home comforts; popular charges; garages; station 10 minutes.—'Phone, Staines 28.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, Board-Residence; close Staff College, off main road, near shops; garage; coach service.—Write "R." care of Hickmott's, Camberley.

GUESTS RECEIVED private house, Kent coast; large shady garden by sea; own tennis, golf, bridge; car; good bathing.—Write Box S.1668, The Times, E.C.4.

GUESTS RECEIVED private house facing sea; healthy Kent Coast; every comfort; near golf; tennis; a garden wireless, bridge.—Write Box S.889, The Times, E.C.4.

GUILDFORD.—Charming sunny ROOMS, situation; bath; garden; quiet; good cooking; board 55s. 6d.—Write Box B.77, The Times, E.C.4.

ILFRACOMBE.—The GROSVENOR, minute sea front, finest position, first-class every detail; magnificent lounge; recommended comfort, cuisine; R.A.C. 'Phone 63.

LITTLEHAMPTON.—Lady RECEIVES CHILDREN for holidays or permanently with or without nurses, large house, near sea; trained nurse.—Phillips, 15, Fitzalan-road.

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FEW VACANCIES at "PITT" HOUSE. Early application advised. Extension of bed rooms, no sleeping out; own putting, tennis, croquet; 2 mins. to beach.

MIDHURST.—THE GATE HOUSE is most comfortable; quiet position; beautiful garden; electric light; excellent cuisine; golf, tennis. 'Phone 58.

MUNDESLEY-on-SEA, NORFOLK.—THE CLIFFS GUEST HOUSE. July terms 3½gns., August from 4gns. Close sea; separate tables; good garden, tennis, garage.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

NEW FOREST.—Do-as-you-please HOLIDAY HOUSE, artists, sportsmen, &c., old-world millhouse; good cooking; home produce, garden; coarse fishing obtainable River Avon; three guineas weekly, 10s. 6d. per day.—A., Brown's Library, Ringwood.

NEWQUAY, CORNWALL.—THELMA GUEST HOUSE, Pentire. Comfortable, refined house overlooking golf. Sands two minutes. Excellent table. August bookings. Tariff.

OXFORD.—Lady RECEIVES STUDENTS or GUESTS in her private house; good opportunity for learning English.—Mrs. T., 181, Woodstock-road, Oxford.

PENZANCE.—GUESTS RECEIVED. Safe bathing, tennis, golf; comfort studied; garden; ideal centre motorists, lovely walks; terms £3 13s. 6d. weekly.—Newlyn Vicarage.

PURLEY—SURREY HILLS.

KNIGHTON PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL.
Delightfully situated, 20 minutes Town. English food, own produce; tennis, billiards; garage; near links. Illustrated tariff post free. 'Phone, Purley 1730.

ROSECLIFFE COURT, Bonchurch, ISLE OF WIGHT. Appealing exclusively to lovers of beauty, luxury, comfort, privacy; 20 acres enchanting grounds to sea; sunshine, wonderful climate; R.A.C.—Write for booklet.

SOUTH CORNWALL.—PAYING GUESTS, large furnished house; tennis; central for beaches and fishing. Excellent table.—Adams, Treninick, Gorran.

SUNNY CORNWALL.—Magnificent stretches of sands, ideal bathing, house grounds extend to beach; first quality food; highly recommended.—Mrs. Chapman, Porth, near Newquay.

TORQUAY.—BOARD-RESIDENCE; separate tables; near Anstey's Cove; beautiful grounds; sea and country. Convenient golf, amusements.—"Greenacre," Wellswood.

TOPSAND BAY, I.W.—"CLEVEDON," excellent holiday house, near bathing, golf, tennis; beautiful country; generous catering; beach hut.

TORQUAY, THE SANDRINGHAM

Central. Restful. Only week-end bookings vacant, July and August. Inc. 12s. per day. 'Phone 2379.

SURREY HILLS

WONDERFUL AIR, 500ft. up; exceptional food and comforts; tennis; golf; large sunny garden; London 36 minutes; moderate.—102, Godstone-road, Caterham.

CONTINENTAL

BRITTANY, ST. SERVAN-SUR-MER, Ker-Mélanie.—Pension Familiale; garden; good cooking; five minutes from shore and tennis. From 200frs. weekly.

BRUSSELS.—"PENSION ORSAY," 75, Rue Comfort. Excellent cuisine. Garage. Full board from 6s.

FRANCE.—A FEW PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED; large Park; all comforts.—Chateau de la Fresnaye, Ingrandes-sur-Loire, M.-L.

FRENCH FAMILY RECEIVES PAYING GUESTS; 15 minutes Paris, large house in own grounds; up-to-date comfort; excellent cooking. French private lessons. —Mouchet, La Colline, Bellevue (8. and O.), France.

HOLIDAYS in GERMANY.—English lady will be glad to receive PAYING GUESTS.—M. Fabre-Tonnerre, Ambach, Starnbergersee, Bayern.

IF you are looking for a BEAUTIFUL SPOT at the SEASIDE in FRANCE, with comfortable accommodation and French atmosphere, where you could spend enjoyable vacations and be given at the same time every opportunity to study and practise the French language under expert guidance, apply to INSTITUT DU PANTHEON, 38, rue des Ecoles, Paris, for information about its BRITTANY BRANCH. Grown-up guest only. Registration fee, 100 francs.

ROTHENEUF (ST. MALO), BRITTANY.—Villa Ker-ryvonne." Inclusive from 47s. weekly; sea views; sands; bath room; modern comforts; English references.

TROUVILLE, DEAUVILLE.—French family receives PAYING GUESTS from July to September; young company. Paris.—References.—Sclinier, 235, Bd. Péreire, Paris.

LEGAL NOTICES

EDWARD WALTER RICHARDSON Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of EDWARD WALTER RICHARDSON late of 2 Burton Villas, Rosyth, who died on the 24th day of May 1930 and whose Will was proved in the Principal Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice in the County of Dunfermline, Retired Bank Manager deceased, and granted by the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 9th day of July 1930 by Alfred John Richardson and John Bennett Clarke the Executors therein named, are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us the undersigned as Solicitors for the said Executors on or before the 16th day of September 1930 after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice, and they will not be liable for the assets of the said Deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 11th day of July 1930.

BRAUND & CO.,
W.C.1. Solicitors for the said Executors.

No. 00467 of 1930

IN the HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE Chancery Division Companies Winding-up. Mr. Justice Bennett. In the Matter of THE AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL BUREAU (SALES AGENCY) Limited and In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1929.

Notice is hereby given that a PETITION for the WINDING UP of the above named Company by the High Court of Justice was on the 10th day of July 1930 presented to the said Court by W. W. Curtis Limited, of Cheylesmore, Coventry, Creditors of the said Company, and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Court sitting at the Royal Courts of Justice, Strand, London, on the 28th day of July 1930 and any Creditor or Contributory of the said Company desirous to support or oppose the making of an Order on the said Petition may appear at the time of hearing in person or by his counsel, for that purpose; a copy of the said Petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

ANDREW, WOOD, PURVES & SUTTON, 8 & 9, Great James Street, Bedford Row, W.C.1. Agents for R. A. Rotherham & Co., Coventry. Solicitors for the Petitioners.

NOTE—Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said Petition must serve on, or send by post to the above named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm, or his or their Solicitor (if any), and must be served, or if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above named not later than one o'clock in the afternoon of the 26th day of July 1930.

No. 00327 of 1930

IN the HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE Chancery Division Mr. Justice Bennett In the Matter of JOHN GIBBS SONS Limited and In the Matter of the Companies Act 1929.

Notice is hereby given that the ORDER of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division, dated the 23rd day of June 1930, CONFIRMING the REDUCTION of the CAPITAL of the above named Company from £75,000 to £26,010 and the Minute approved by the Court, showing with respect to the share capital of the Company, as altered, the several particulars required by the above Act, were registered by the Registrar of Companies on the 7th day of July 1930.

Dated the 9th day of July 1930.

MAXWELL BATLEY & Co. 44/46 Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.3. Agents for—SIMPSON CUTTING & BURRILL 41 Park Square, Leeds, Solicitors for the Company.

IN the Estate of IVY CORALINE LOCK deceased. Notice is hereby given that after the expiration of eight days after publication hereof, APPLICATION will be made by the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice for the SEALING of the ADMINISTRATION of the ESTATE of the LETTERS of CUTTING, late of Dandenory Road, Caulfield in the State of Victoria, Spinster deceased, granted by the Supreme Court of Victoria at Melbourne on the twenty-fourth day of March 1925.

Dated this 10th day of July 1930.

TRAILL CASTLEMAN-SMITH and WILSON, 9th day of July 1930 by Alfred John Richardson and John Bennett Clarke the Executors therein named, who died on the 24th day of July 1930 at Stella Ellicott has by Deed Poll dated the 2nd day of July 1930 RENOUNCED and ABANDONED the use of her said SURNAME of ELLICOTT and ASSUMED in lieu thereof the SURNAME of GOLDSMITH.

Dated the 10th day of July, 1930.

BURCHELL, WILDY & Co., 36, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.1. Solicitors for the said Stella Goldsmith.

RE DAVID DAVIS deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. All CREDITORS and other persons having any debts, claims or demands against the Estate of DAVID DAVIS, C.B.E., D.L., J.P. late of 4 Warwick Dene Ealing in the County of Middlesex, who died there on the 11th day of April 1930 and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice, on the 11th day of October 1873) are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned as Solicitors for Charles Steers Peel and Harold Frederick Fordyce Birch the present Trustees of the said Will on or before the 15th day of September 1930 And notice is hereby given, that at the expiration of that time the said Trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the Assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt, claim or demand they shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 10th day of July, 1930.

RAYMOND-BARKER, NIX & CO., 9, New Square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2 Solicitors to the said Trustees.

KENNEL, FARM AND AVIARY

DOGS

AIREDALES (LT.-COL. RICHARDSON'S) for house protection.—ABERDEENS, CAIRNS, WIRE and SMOOTH FOX, SEALYHAMS, WEST HIGHLAND COCKERS; pups, adults, companions or exhibition; largest selection.—Clock House, Byfleet, Surrey (Station Weybridge), or seen London, Tele., Byfleet 231.

ABERDEEN.—Tosh is a really typical compact Scottish S.W.1. Vic. 9739.

ALWAYS accept a WHITE PEKINGESE if offered to you; you will never refuse it.—Seen by appointment, 3, Sydney-un-hill-road, S.E.26. 'Phone Syd. 2212.

BEAUTIFUL lot of Pedigree GOLDEN RETRIEVER PUPPIES from 5gns.—Hunt, Ottershaw, Chertsey. Ottershaw 12.

BEAUTIFUL SCOTTISH CAIRN and SEALYHAM PUPS for SALE; three months from 3gns.—Mrs. Whelan, Bridge House, Morden, Surrey. Wimbledon 1607.

BEAUTIFUL SETTER DOG PUPPIES, perfect condition; 2½ guineas to 10 guineas.—Sadler, "Hazelwood," Robin Hood-lane, Sutton, Surrey. Tele., Sutton 1343.

BORZOI, bitch, white, slight lemon markings; 25gns. Shack Kennels, Lisa, Hants.—Dupont.

CAIRN TERRIERS.—Wilfred and Wendy are a jolly brace; very small and game.—Westminster Dog Bureau, Caxton-street, S.W.1. Vic. 9739.

CAIRNS.—Beautiful pups and adults; champion pedigrees; fit show or companions.—Miss Crossman, Trashurst, Dorking. 'Phone 396. Seen London.

CHARMING DOGS OF EVERY BREED are always to be bought at the Westminster Dog Bureau, Caxton-street, S.W.1. Vic. 9739.

DACHSHUNDS.—Miniature imported Dog 15 months, also beautiful black and tan Dog by Champion Pirochre ex-Brünhilde; both trained; over distemper.—Mrs. Peters, 2, Howitt-road, N.W.3.

DEERHOUNDS, dog and bitch, excellent pedigree; owner going abroad; prices reasonable for quick sale to good homes.—Miss Ames, Felden, Boxmoor, Herts.

DON'T miss seeing the SCOTTIES and DINMONTS at Bell Mead Kennels, Ltd., at Haslemere. A beautiful drive within easy reach of London.

GREAT DANE PUPS, best pedigree, also Labrador Retriever Pups, finest show and field trial strain.—Rufford House, Nascot Wood, Watford. Tele. 509.

PEDIGREE COCKER SPANIEL PUPPIES; both sexes; blacks and reds; some house-trained.—Hunt, Ottershaw, Chertsey. 'Phone, Ottershaw 12.

PEDIGREE ENGLISH SETTER DOG PUPS, 3½ months, over distemper; 4gns. each.—Inspection or particulars, Chalvington Stud Farm, Dicker, Sussex.

PEKINGESE.—The IFIELD PEKINGESE; the ideal pet; puppies and adults always available; can be seen in London by appointment.—Mrs. F. White, Ifield Hall, Ifield, Sussex ('Phone, Crawley 73), or 105, Piccadilly, W.1 ('Phone, Mayfair 2668).

PEKINGESE.—Miss Frampton, holder of the world's record for winning litters, breeder of the Champion Bitch at Crufts, 1930, has the largest selection in England, every colour, from 3 to 50 guineas; miniatures a speciality from 20 guineas. Seen any time or Dogs at stud.—67, Hammersmith Bridge-road, W.6.

SMOOTH COLLIE, pedigree, tricolour bitch, 12 months, for Sale to good home; good tempered.—Miss Fox, Middle Combeford, Throwleigh, Devon.

TO BREEDERS.—For SALE, young ABERDEEN BITCH; fine pedigree; champion grandparents; reasonable offer accepted; all particulars on application. —Write Box K.1479, The Times, E.C.4.

BELL MEAD KENNELS, Ltd., Haslemere.—For particulars of the Training School for Kennelmaids and Kennel Owners see "The Times" of yesterday.

BOARD YOUR DOG in Country.—Lots of rambles in Town.—CARAVAN KENNELS (Capt. Holdsworth), Abinger Hammer. 'Phone 65 near Dorking.

DOGS CAREFULLY TRIMMED, WASHED, Cats combed, cleaned. Pets boarded, nursed.—Miss Walton, Canine Nurse, 2, Cheval-place, S.W.7 (near Harrods).

ENJOY your holiday to the full by arranging to have your DOG well cared for at THE WALTOU BOARDING KENNELS, 3, Sydenham Hill-road, S.E.26. Recommended by the Dowager Countess of Warwick and Mrs. Carlo Clarke. 'Phone, Sydenham 2212.

JOYOUS Bark and excellent appetite will follow a regular use of Benbow's Dog Mixture.—All Chemists and Stores, or 2, Bartholomew-close, E.C.1.

CATS

KITTENS.—Beautiful Blue Persians by Ch. DION of KILLINGTON; house trained; males from 5gns., females 4gns.—Lady Ewart, Clinton, Farnborough, Kent. Tele., Farnborough, Kent, 202.

LOVELY ORANGE PERSIAN KITTENS, house trained.—Jourdain, 4, Wedderburn-road, Hampstead. 'Phone 6024.

FARM

BAY GELDING, 8 years, 14 hands; absolutely quiet with hounds and on the road; good jumper; goes in harness; £25.

GREY MARE, 7 years, 12.3; absolutely quiet; has carried owner's children for some time; goes in harness; £18.

DUN MARE, 9 years, 10 hands; accustomed carry children; great pet; long mane and tail; £15. All above undocked.—Hon. Mrs. Greaves, Bulls Green, Knebworth.

BEAUTIFUL, sound CHESTNUT HUNTER; good ride and jumper; perfect manners; 30gns. to good home; sold for no fault.—Write Box K.1485, The Times, E.C.4.

CHILDREN'S beautiful grey PONY, 13.2, age five; good ride; absolutely reliable manners; sound; great pet; 12gns. No dealers.—Write Box K.1512, The Times, E.C.4.

CHILD'S lovely narrow PONY, 10.2, age eight; gentle and friendly; perfect manners; only sold as outgrown; 10gns. to good home.—Write Box K.1511, The Times, E.C.4.

FOR SALE, child's 13-hand black PONY, 6 years, mare; good mount and manners; excellent jumper and friendly disposition.—Write Miss S. R. Wheeler, Woodhouse Eaves, Loughborough.

FEBRUARY and MARCH, 1930, PULLETS, 60s. dozen; 1929 Leghorns, laying, 30s. dozen, £20 per 100, carriage paid.—Browne, Breeders, Formby, Lancs.

POULTRY LAYING MEAL, 8s. cwt. delivered; Corn, 9s.; Shell, 5s.; Duck Meal, 10s. (20 per cent. meat), &c.—Goodings, Manufacturers, Ipswich. (Est. 1856.)

FARM PUPIL.—Vacancy 630-acre farm. All branches. Thorough training. As family. Other pupils. Premium.—Hinxton Grange, Cambs.

GENTLEMAN (Public School), Farming Oxon, has VACANCY PUPIL or GUEST; practical tuition all branches; cheerful home; hunting, shooting, golf.—Write Box S.1666, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY has VACANCY for PUPIL, POULTRY and DOG BREEDING; personal tuition; five as family; small weekly fee.—Esdaile

Law Report, July 11

SUMMARY OF CASES

The Court of Appeal—Lord Justice Scrutton, Lord Justice Greer, and Lord Justice Slesser—in delivering judgment in 17 cases under the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928 (the De-rating Act), laid down certain principles to be followed in construing the Act. (STOKE-ON-TRENT REVENUE OFFICER v. STOKE-ON-TRENT ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE AND OTHERS, AND 16 OTHER CASES.)

The Divisional Court—the Lord Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Talbot—on the application of the Attorney-General, granted a rule *nisi* directed to certain persons connected with the printing and publishing of the *Daily Worker*, calling on them to show cause why they should not be attached for alleged contempt of Court in commenting on the conduct of a trial by Mr. Justice Swift, who recently sentenced a man for distributing seditious pamphlets among soldiers at Aldershot. (EX PARTE THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.)

A settlement was announced, subject to the terms being drawn up, of a dispute relating to patent rights. The invention, the subject of the letters patent, enables to be included in a newspaper a supplement in colour or monotone printed by a photogravure process, the supplement being prepared separately and fed from reels into a rotary printing press for inclusion with the ordinary printed matter. (ST. CLEMENTS PRESS, LIMITED, AND OTHERS v. FISHBURN AND OTHERS.)

Mr. Justice Hill granted Mrs. Evelyn Elsie Monro, the actress, professionally known as Miss Evelyn Laye, a decree *nisi* of divorce. (MONRO, E. E. v. MONRO, J. R. H., LYTTON intervening.)

COURT OF APPEAL

17 DERATING APPEALS

STOKE-ON-TRENT REVENUE OFFICER v. STOKE-ON-TRENT ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE AND OTHERS

(AND 16 OTHER CASES)

(*Before* LORD JUSTICE SCRUTTON, LORD JUSTICE GREER, *and* LORD JUSTICE SLESSER)

The COURT delivered reserved judgments in this group of cases, which raised questions whether hereditaments were entitled to be included as "industrial hereditaments" in the special lists under the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928 (the "Derating Act"). The judgments were unanimous except in one case—Dudley Revenue Officer v. Lloyd's British Testing Company, Limited, in which Lord Justice Greer and Lord Justice Slesser held (Lord Justice Scrutton dissenting) that the appeal should be allowed. The relevant sections of the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928 (as amended by section 69 of the Local Government Act, 1929), were as follows:—

Section 1 (1). In every valuation list the classes of hereditaments hereinafter mentioned shall, in the prescribed manner, be distinguished from each other and from all other hereditaments, that is to say, there shall be so distinguished—

(b) industrial hereditaments

and where by this Act the net annual value of any such hereditament is required to be apportioned such apportionment shall be shown in the prescribed manner in the valuation list.

Section 3 (1). In this Act the expression "industrial hereditament" means a hereditament . . . occupied and used . . . subject as hereinafter provided, as a factory or workshop:

Provided that the expression "industrial hereditament" does not include a hereditament occupied and used as a factory or workshop if it is primarily occupied and used for the following purposes, or for any combination of such purposes, that is to say:—

(a) the purposes of a dwelling-house;
(b) the purposes of a retail shop;
(c) the purposes of distributive wholesale business;
(d) purposes of storage;
(e) the purposes of a public supply undertaking;
(f) any other purposes, whether or not similar to any of the foregoing, which are not those of a factory or workshop.

(2) For the purposes of this Act,

(a) a hereditament shall not be deemed not to be occupied and used as a factory or workshop by reason only of the fact that the owner or occupier of the hereditament is the only person working therein or that no other person working therein is in his employment, and

(b) . . . but save as aforesaid the expressions "factory" and "workshop" have respectively the same meanings as in the Factory and Workshops Acts, 1901 to 1920.

The Attorney-General (Sir William Jowitt, K.C.), Mr. Wilfrid Lewis, and Mr. Colin E. Pearson appeared for the Revenue Officer in each case.

In Stoke-on-Trent Revenue Officer v. Stoke-on-Trent Assessment Committee and Others the hereditament was described as a tram depôt, power station, &c., and was occupied by the Potteries Electric Traction Company, Limited. The company operated a fleet of 198 motor-omnibuses, and they occupied and used the hereditament (*a*) in part as a garage for 36 of the motor-omnibuses, and (*b*) for the manufacture of spare parts for the fleet, and other manufacturing and repair processes distinct from the work of ordinary maintenance (which was carried out on other premises occupied by the company) in connexion with the fleet; any new parts required in the course of ordinary maintenance were also manufactured on the hereditament.

The Divisional Court (the Lord Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Avory, and Mr. Justice Branson) held that to bring a hereditament within the provisions of the Act of 1928 it was not enough to show that it was in one of the named classes of non-textile factories under the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901. Even in those cases it must be shown that the premises were primarily occupied or used for "factory or workshop purposes" not being one or more of those excepted by the proviso to section 3 (1) of the Act of 1928. Premises were not used "by way of trade or for purposes of gain" within section 149 (1) (*c*) of the Act of 1901, unless they were used for direct gain; therefore premises where the occupiers made spare parts for their own fleet of omnibuses were primarily used for the omnibus undertaking and not for the purposes of a factory or workshop.

The case was reported in *The Times* of April 16, and 46 *The Times* L.R., 434.

The company appealed. [Dismissed.]

Mr. D. B. Somervell, K.C., and Mr. Arthur H. Forbes appeared for the appellants.

Union Lighterage Company, Limited v. Poplar Revenue Officer was concerned with barge building and repairing and was admitted in the Divisional Court to be unarguable in view of the Stoke-on-Trent case.

The company appealed. [Allowed.]

Mr. Konstam, K.C., and Mr. Michael E. Rowe appeared for the appellants.

The Divisional Court—the Lord Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Avory, and Mr. Justice Branson—held that to bring a hereditament within the provisions of the Act of 1928 it was not enough to show that it was in one of the named classes of non-textile factories under the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901. Even in those cases it must be shown that the premises were primarily occupied or used for "factory or workshop purposes" not being one or more of those excepted by the proviso to section 3 (1) of the Act of 1928. Premises were not used "by way of trade or for purposes of gain" within section 149 (1) (*c*) of the Act of 1901, unless they were used for direct gain; therefore premises where the occupiers made spare parts for their own fleet of omnibuses were primarily used for the omnibus undertaking and not for the purposes of a factory or workshop.

The case was reported in *The Times* of April 16, and 46 *The Times* L.R., 434.

The company appealed. [Dismissed.]

Mr. D. B. Somervell, K.C., and Mr. Arthur H. Forbes appeared for the appellants.

Union Lighterage Company, Limited v. Poplar Revenue Officer was concerned with barge building and repairing and was admitted in the Divisional Court to be unarguable in view of the Stoke-on-Trent case.

The company appealed. [Allowed.]

Mr. Konstam, K.C., and Mr. Michael E. Rowe appeared for the appellants.

Stepney Revenue Officer v. R. Twining and Co., Limited (the appellants) was concerned with a warehouse which was occupied by the appellants for the purpose of grinding, blending, and roasting coffe, which was then sent for sale to the appellants' two shops. No coffee belonging to third persons was dealt with. The Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Avory, Mr. Justice Talbot, and Mr. Justice Humphreys) held that the warehouse was primarily occupied and used for the purposes of distributive wholesale business and was not deratable.

The case was reported, 46 *The Times* L.R., 530.

Messrs. R. Twining and Co., Limited appealed. [Allowed.]

Sir Walter Schwabe, K.C., and Mr. H. W. Wightwick appeared for the appellants.

In Manchester Revenue Officer v. Manchester Assessment Committee and Others, the Divisional Court (the Lord Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Avory, and Mr. Justice Branson) was asked to say whether a cold store occupied by the Union Cold Storage Company, Limited, was or was not an "industrial hereditament," and the answer was in the negative.

The case was reported in *The Times* of April 17, and 46 *The Times* L.R., 428.

The company appealed. [Dismissed.]

Mr. Wilfrid Greene, K.C., and Mr. Granville Sharp appeared for the appellants.

The premises in Ipswich Revenue Officer v. Eastern Counties Farmers' Co-operative Association, Limited, contained elaborate plant for cleaning seed and removing foreign matter therefrom. It was held by the Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Avory, Mr. Justice Talbot, and Mr. Justice Finlay), that the premises were not used for "adapting the seed for sale," but for "distributive wholesale business," and, therefore, not deratable.

The case was reported in 46 *The Times* L.R., 512.

The association appealed. [Allowed.]

The Hon. Stafford Cripps, K.C., and Mr. Henderson appeared for the association.

Cardiff Revenue Officer v. Wm. Lewis and Sons, Limited, was concerned with grain cleaning works, the decision in the Eastern Counties Farmers' Association being followed.

Wm. Lewis and Sons, Limited, appealed. [Allowed.]

Mr. C. L. Henderson appeared for Wm. Lewis and Sons, Limited.

In Bradford Revenue Officer v. Laycock, Son and Co., Limited, premises were used for the reception of wool in the condition of natural fleeces, which were then sorted and separated into the various grades and qualities of wool of which they were composed, the wool being further matched and blended to suit the various requirements of the textile industry. Such sorting and blending was very highly skilled work. The Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Avory, Mr. Justice Talbot, and Mr. Justice Finlay) held that wool sorting was not adapting an article for sale, a purpose of a factory or workshop, and that the premises were not entitled to be derated.

The case is reported, 46 *The Times* L.R., 506.

The company appealed. [Allowed.]

Mr. R. M. Montgomery, K.C., and Mr. C. J. Frankland appeared for the appellants.

These two appeals—Langbaurgh Revenue Officer v. Robert Cheyne and Co., Limited, and Langbaurgh Revenue Officer v. A. Bainbridge, Limited—were heard together. The Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Avory, Mr. Justice Talbot, and Mr. Justice Finlay) held that the sorting and breaking-up of scrap metal into sizes in which it could be used in the furnaces of iron and steel manufacturers was an industrial process and not "distributive wholesale business."

These two cases were reported, 46 *The Times* L.R., 508.

The Revenue Officer appealed in each case. [Dismissed.]

Mr. R. M. Montgomery, K.C., and Mr. C. Paley Scott appeared for the respondent occupiers.

Dewsbury Revenue Officer v. Burrows was concerned with rag sorters' premises. The Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Avory, Mr. Justice Talbot, and Mr. Justice Humphreys) held that a hereditament in which rags were ripped, cut into different sorts, classified, and sorted was not primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a factory or workshop.

The case is reported, 46 *The Times* L.R., 519.

Mr. Ernest Burrows appealed. [Allowed.]

Mr. Comyns Carr, K.C., and Mr. William Stewart appeared for the appellant.

In Wimbledon Rating Authority v. Kerslake the Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Avory, Mr. Justice Talbot, and Mr. Justice Finlay) held that a hereditament, consisting of a baker's and confectioner's shop, with living rooms above and a bakehouse in the rear, was being used and occupied primarily for the purposes of a retail shop, and, therefore, was not to be placed in the special list of industrial hereditaments.

The case was reported in *The Times* of May 22 and in 46 *The Times* L.R., 437.

Mr. Kerslake, the occupier, appealed. [Allowed.]

Luton Revenue Officer v. Deeley raised a similar point.

Mr. Deeley appealed. [Allowed.]

Mr. Konstam, K.C., and Mr. Michael E. Rowe appeared for the appellant in each of these two cases.

Middlesbrough Revenue Officer v. Middlesbrough Assessment Committee dealt with a repairing garage where, although there were a show room and windows in which there were accessories exposed for sale and petrol pumps for the retail sale of petrol, far the larger part of the premises and of the time of those employed there was devoted to repair work. It was held by the Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Talbot and Mr. Justice Finlay, Mr. Justice Avory dissenting) that on the true construction of the definition of "retail shop" in section 3 of the Act of 1928 the premises said to fall within it must have the physical characteristics of a shop. If they were such as an ordinary person would describe as a shop, then the fact that the work done there was repair work would not save them from being a retail shop. On the other hand, the fact that repairs were done on the premises would not make them a retail shop unless they were "premises of a similar character." The Recorder was, therefore, not wrong in holding that the premises were not primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a retail shop.

The Revenue Officer appealed. [Dismissed.]

Mr. Hedley, K.C., and Mr. C. Paley Scott appeared for the respondent occupiers.

Barnsley Revenue Officer v. Eyre Brothers, Limited, was also concerned with a repairing garage. In this case the only sales of accessories and petrol were to the owners of cars brought for repair, as incidental to the work of repair. The Divisional Court (Mr. Justice Talbot and Mr. Justice Finlay, Mr. Justice Avory dissenting) held in this case that the premises were not similar to a retail shop, and were, therefore, not primarily occupied and used as a retail shop.

The Revenue Officer appealed. [Dismissed.]

This and the previous case were reported in *The Times* of June 6 and 46 *The Times* L.R., 522.

Mr. Willoughby Jardine, K.C., and Mr. Donald appeared for Eyre Brothers, Limited.

In Camberwell Revenue Officer v. Camberwell Assessment Committee and Others the Divisional Court (the Lord Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Avory, and Mr. Justice Branson) was asked to say whether a beer-bottling store was or was not an "industrial hereditament" within the meaning of the Act, and it was held that it was not.

The case was reported in *The Times* of April 17 and 46 *The Times* L.R., 428.

Watney, Combe, Reid and Co., Limited, the occupiers appealed. [Allowed.]

Mr. Wilfrid Greene, K.C., and Mr. Maurice Healy appeared for the appellants.

In Dudley Revenue Officer v. Lloyds British Testing Company, Limited, the question was whether a hereditament occupied and used for the purpose of testing, proving, and finishing chains, cables, and anchors was or was not an "industrial hereditament." The Divisional Court (the Lord Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Branson, Mr. Justice Avory dissenting) held that it was not an industrial hereditament.

The case was reported in *The Times* of April 17 and 46 *The Times* L.R., 428.

The company appealed. [Allowed, by a majority, Lord Justice Scrutton dissenting.]

Mr. Comyns Carr, K.C., and Mr. John Wylie appeared for the appellants.

JUDGMENT

LORD JUSTICE SCRUTTON, in giving judgment, said:—The Court has heard this group of 17 appeals together, as they are the first cases to come to this Court involving the construction of the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928, commonly known as the derating Act, though the actual benefit of derating was conferred by the Local Government Act, 1929. So far as we can conjecture, the object of the two Acts is to benefit the manufacturers and industrial producers of England and Scotland by relieving them of a proportion of their rates at the expense of British taxpayers.

The language of the Acts has given rise to great difficulties and differences of opinion with regard to the law and facts; the result so far has been that industries which no one would suppose to be in any need of pecuniary assistance, such as breweries, tobacco factories, and newspaper proprietors, have obtained the benefit of relief from their rates. We, however, have not to frame an equitable scheme of relief and taxation; our duty is to endeavour to interpret the words in which Parliament has expressed its intention; if the result does not satisfy Parliament, it can express its intention more accurately by amending legislation.

Our task has not been made easier by the difference in appeal procedure between England and Scotland. His Lordship referred to the procedure and continued. Thus there were certainly four, and possibly five, appeals before a final decision was obtained. The procedure in Scotland by the statute was made simpler.

There were nearly 100 Scotch decisions, many of them on trades and hereditaments very similar to those coming before the English Courts. The English Courts were not, of course, bound by those decisions, though they were naturally carefully considered by them; for it was eminently undesirable that exactly similar hereditaments should be derated in Scotland, but not in England. It had been suggested that in some way the Court was to determine the fact as well as the law, reliance being had on section 25 of the Judicature Act, 1925, which provided that the Court might draw inferences of fact. But as the Rating and Valuation Act, 1925, by section 31, restricted the Special Case, stated under Baines' Act, to questions of law, the Court could not be asked to determine the fundamental facts of the case.

THE QUESTION OF CONSTRUCTION

With those general observations, he came to the question of the true construction of the derating Act. The hereditaments to be relieved were found in the Act of 1928. The present cases were concerned with industrial hereditaments as defined in section 3. "Industrial hereditament means" (a word which involved a comprehensive definition, and not, like the word "includes," a definition which left something yet to be defined) "a hereditament occupied and used, subject as hereinafter provided, as a factory or workshop."

This, his Lordship continued, involves two questions:—(1) What is a factory or workshop? This is answered by subsection (2) that, except with regard to a particular matter therein mentioned, "factory or workshop" have the same meanings as in the Factory and Workshop Acts, 1901 to 1920. (2) What is the subsequent provision which completes the definition? This will be found in the proviso in subsection (1), which is part of the meaning defined. The expression "industrial hereditament means a hereditament . . . occupied and used . . . as a factory or workshop."

This makes the complete definition to be "a hereditament occupied and used as a factory or workshop, but not primarily used for any one or more of the specified purposes," the last of which is "any purpose which is not that of a factory or workshop."

It is clear from the definition, and if not clear would be made clear by the language of section 4, that a hereditament will be used as a factory or workshop if part of it is so used. Section 4 distinguishes in the industrial hereditament the part used for industrial purposes, that is, factory purposes, and the part used for other purposes.

At this point the question occurs which has given rise to the vital difference of opinion between the English Divisional Court and the Scotch Courts, and which is of considerable pecuniary importance. In ascertaining the primary purpose of occupation and use, is the Court limited to what is happening on the hereditament itself, or may the Court look at what is going to be done with the manufactory product outside the hereditament itself? To take concrete cases: one of the purposes specified in the proviso is "of a retail shop." Suppose a factory in Birmingham makes goods for sale at a retail shop belonging to the same owners at Leeds. Can the Birmingham hereditament be properly said to be occupied and used primarily for the purposes of the retail shop at Leeds, in which case it will not be derated? Another of the purposes specified in the proviso is "the purposes of wholesale distributive business." Suppose the owner of the Birmingham factory sells all his products wholesale from his offices in Leeds, Liverpool, and Manchester. Can the Birmingham hereditament be said to be primarily used and occupied for the purposes of a wholesale distributive business?

It is obvious—and the Attorney-General admitted that if this construction is correct there will be practically no derating because almost every factory makes its goods to be sold wholesale or retail—if that is to be treated as the primary purpose, there is an end to derating.

The difference between the English Divisional Court and the majority decisions of the Scotch Courts will be found stated by Mr. Justice Talbot in his judgment in the Wimbledon case (Kerslake's case). He treats himself as bound by the English decision in Stoke-on-Trent Revenue Officer v. Stoke-on-Trent Assessment Committee and Potteries Electric Traction Company, Limited (*supra*), to hold that the Court is not merely to look at the way in which the hereditament is used, but the reason why it is so used; that this meaning is involved in the word "purposes"; and that the reason may be found outside the hereditament.

For instance, in the Union Lighterage case (*supra*), the Divisional Court will not derate a barge repairing yard, though it finds that the owner of the yard is using it as a factory, and it will not do so for the reason that the owner is carrying on outside the yard in the barges repaired the business of a carrier by water, and to carry by water is not a factory purpose. Also in the London County Council case (*supra*), the Divisional Court will not derate a printing establishment, though it is a statutory factory, because the Council carries on outside the establishment a tramway undertaking for which the establishment prints tickets, and to run trams is not a factory purpose. The Judges treat themselves as bound to decide this by their decision in the Potteries Electric Traction case (*supra*), where on large premises, partly used as a garage for omnibuses, the omnibus company were treated as running a factory for the purpose of their trade of running omnibuses, which was not a factory purpose.

EFFECT OF CONSIDERING "ULTERIOR PURPOSE"

In my opinion, this view of the word "purpose," if sound, would practically destroy the Derating Act; for almost every factory is run for the purpose of selling either wholesale or retail, and frequently outside the hereditament in question, the goods in the trade of the owner carried on outside the hereditament. If you may use these facts as the purpose, or "reason why," you will leave nothing worth mentioning to be derated; the Act did intend to give extensive relief. The Scotch Courts have not gone outside the hereditament to find the purpose.

I am not sure that the Divisional Court really appreciated the wide principle they were apparently laying down. For when they came to deal with newspapers, though the printing establishment of the newspapers was used as a factory because the proprietors of the newspapers were carrying on a trade of selling newspapers, the Court yet derated that part of the newspaper hereditament which was used as a factory.

In my view, the proviso of the Act dealing with "primary purpose" was intended to cover the following state of things. You find on a hereditament something which is a "factory or workshop," but you also find on the hereditament something which is not a factory or workshop—a dwelling-house, a retail shop, the offices of a wholesale distributive business, a large store. If, after considering the relevant evidence, the area of the various uses of the hereditament, their respective values, comparison of the amount of work done under each head, you are satisfied that for primary, principal, substantial use and purpose of the hereditament is non-factory, you do not derate, because the hereditament is not industrial. Unless you are satisfied of this you do derate, but may under section 4 apportion the hereditament between industrial or factory and non-industrial purposes. The apportionment section, however, leans towards derating; for if the total value of the hereditament is under £50 you do not trouble about carving out any non-industrial part; and if the value is over £50 you only carve out a non-industrial part if it exceeds one-tenth of the industrial part, and then only as to the excess over one-tenth.

Cases illustrating this would be where there is, in a large factory, either a small dwelling-house or a small office for a limited class of business; there the primary purpose would not be dwelling-house or wholesale business. On the other hand, if in a large shop or a large dwelling-house there is a small machine which makes a statutory factory, the primary, principal, substantial purpose would be shop or dwelling-house, and the hereditament would not be derated. But because it is found that the products of the factory are used outside the hereditament in the trade of the owner, wholesale, retail, or to carry on a trade, this finding appears to me to be no reason for treating the primary purpose of the use of the hereditament as other than a factory purpose. The use and purpose must be limited to the area of the hereditament.

As I have said, I think that the result of the Divisional Court judgments on this point is, by considering "ulterior purpose," almost to destroy derating, and some of their language seems clearly to point to "ulterior purpose" as the one to be considered. But they also put the matter on another ground. In the Potteries Electric Traction Company's case (*supra*), which they treat as the leading case, the Lord Chief Justice comes to the conclusion that whatever savoured of a factory or workshop purpose was only ancillary to the primary purpose of an omnibus company's undertaking. Mr. Justice Avory says that what is being done is done as ancillary to the business of carrying passengers: "The work which is carried on is not being done by way of trade or for purposes of gain within the meaning of the Factory Act." He and the Lord Chief Justice both rely on the decision of Nash v. Hollinshead (17 *The Times* L.R., 352; [1901] 1 K.B., 700), which must be carefully examined. Mr. Justice Branson does not think that Nash v. Hollinshead (*supra*) has got very much to do with the case, an opinion in which I respectfully concur, but rests his judgment on the position that the hereditament is not occupied for factory purposes, but for the purpose of the omnibus business, which seems to be a clear statement of the "ulterior purpose" doctrine, without a recognition of its destructive effect on derating.

THE FACTORY ACTS

By section 149 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, a factory is either a textile or a non-textile factory. A textile factory is premises on which mechanical power is used to work machinery engaged in manufacuring certain specified fibrous materials or any fabric made thereof, with a proviso that certain works, *e.g.*, paper mills or rope works, are not to be deemed textile factories. Nothing is said about the purpose, immediate or ulterior, of manufacture. Non-textile factories fall under three heads:—

(1) Any works mentioned in Part I. of Schedule VI., which contains 20 items, generally described as places where persons work for hire in some process of manufacture. This part of the Schedule contains "metal works," which form part of the use of the hereditaments in the Potteries case, and printing works, which form part of the use of the hereditament in the London County Council case.

(2) Any premises mentioned in Part II. of Schedule VI. in which mechanical power is used in aid of the manufacturing process carried on there. This part again contains nine items, including "bakehouses," the subject of two decisions in the present group; and shipbuilding yards, the subject matter of the Union Lighterage case.

(3) This covers a general clause from which the Divisional Court has obtained the language it uses. The clause is not a definition of "factories," but of those factories which have not been specifically enumerated in Parts I. and II. of the Schedule. It is necessary, to make such premises factories (1) That manual labour is used in manufacture—a term defined very widely, including "adapting" for sale, which falls to be considered in some of the cases in the present group; (2) that mechanical power is used in any of the processes of manufacture; and (3) that the labour is exercised "by way of trade or for purposes of gain."

The Divisional Court appear to have taken the view that you do not manufacture "for trade or gain" if you manufacture to carry on a business in which you do not sell the goods, but in which you only obtain gain indirectly by the use of the goods you exercise labour on. They apparently consider themselves bound to hold this by the decision of this Court in Nash v. Hollinshead (*supra*).

[His Lordship discussed the decision in that case, and continued.] While Nash v. Hollinshead may be justified as applicable to farming, I see no reason to extend it to cases where labour is used in manufacture to enable a trade to be carried on which does not involve the sale of goods. I think Curtis v. Shinner (22 *The Times* L.R., 448) was wrongly decided. It appears to me that a factory making printing machines would none the less be carried on for purposes of trade because the machines were not made for purposes of themselves being sold, but only to make things to be sold.

Another question of some difficulty, perhaps involving a principle of construction, arises in the definition of manufacture which converts places not specifically enumerated in Schedule VI. of the Factory Acts into factories or workshops.

It must be borne in mind that if you exclude a hereditament from derating because there is no manufacturing process carried on in it, you are depriving the workmen of the protection of the Factories Act as well as the employers of the benefit of derating. In construing the Factories Acts, the Courts have given a wide meaning to the words.

ADAPTATION FOR SALE

In the present group of cases the Divisional Courts have been disposed to exclude premises where the most complicatnd sorting has been produced, from derating, and even from the Factories Act, on the ground that the process is not an "adapting for sale."

In my view the question whether sorting or separation of one article to be sold from a bulk is adapting for sale depends on the facts of each particular case, and cannot be determined simply by saying "no sorting is adaptation for sale." The original bulk may be such that it cannot be sold, either legally, as in mixed seeds, or commercially, because an unsorted bulk is not wanted, and the process of sorting may be so complicated and mechanical as to deserve the title of manufacturing process—i.e., of "adapting for sale." On the other hand, the bulk and the article to be sold may be so similar and of such a nature that the separation or sorting may well be regarded as an entirely minor incident of the sale or distribution. When substantial changes are made in the article, I see no difficulty in holding the process to be adapting for sale. Where the process of sorting is complicated and substantial, again, I think there is adapting for sale. In many cases it is a question of degree, which is, in my view, fact and not law, and not the subject of a special case.

Further, the section deals with an "article," which I think means an article to be sold.

Before proceeding to deal with each individual case, in view of the large number of cases which we are told are awaiting decision, it may be desirable to give such guidance as we can to the Courts that have to deal with these cases in the first instance. This guidance can, of course, only be temporary, until the House of Lords has an opportunity of stating authoritatively and finally the principles on which this Act is to be applied.

1. There must be on the hereditament, or part of it, a factory or workshop. 2. So far as that factory or workshop is not specified in the two parts of Schedule VI. in the Factory Acts, it will be carried on "for trade or gain" if its products are to be sold in trade or directly used in carrying on a trade. The fact that the products are only used to enable a trade to be carried on does not prevent he manufacture being for trade or gain. Nash v. Hollinshead (*supra*) is sufficiently explained by its subject matter, farming, and the reasons given relating to that industry, and cannot be used, as it has been used in the Potteries case, to exclude from manufacture the repair of omnibuses for the purpose of carrying on a trade of supplying services. 3. Whether sorting operations can come within "manufacture" to make the premises a factory or workshop is a question of degree in each case. 4. A hereditament with a factory in it will be excluded from derating if the primary purpose and use of the hereditament is a non-factory purpose, but not unless this can be proved. 5. In determining the primary purpose the immediate and not the ulterior purpose is to be considered. It is not enough that a product made on the hereditament is to be sold or used for a non-factory purpose off the hereditament.

THE CASES

Dealing with Stoke-on-Trent Revenue Officer v. Potteries Electric Traction Company, Limited, LORD JUSTICE SCRUTTON said that the result of the case in the Divisional Court was correct, though he disagreed with the reasoning by which that result had been obtained. As those reasons had been made the ground of subsequent decisions of the Divisional Court, which, in his Lordship's opinion, were erroneous, it was necessary to deal with them with some care.

The hereditament was owned and occupied by a company who were proprietors of a fleet of 198 motor-omnibuses, 36 of which were garaged in the hereditament. The rest of it was occupied by a number of workshops used for the repair of the omnibus fleet. Some workshops were metal works, which were a factory under Part I. of Schedule VI. of the Factory Act. Some were carpentering works, which, as mechanical power was used, became factories, if the labour was exercised for trade or gain. The assessment committee held the premises to be an industrial hereditament. The Recorder affirmed their decision. It was not found that the primary purpose of the hereditament was a specified or non-factory purpose. The Divisional Court held that the primary purpose for which the hereditament was occupied and used was a non-factory purpose—the running of motor-omnibuses—and that any factory work done was only ancillary to that primary purpose, and they treated Nash v. Hollinshead (*supra*) as binding them to decide that the repair work was not done for purposes of gain, because the gain was indirect.

Why the repair work was not done for the purposes of trade, I do not understand. Trade, in my view, is not limited to the sale of goods, but extends to the supplying of services for reward. The ulterior purpose for which goods are made cannot prevent a factory from being derated.

If, therefore, the only question in the case was as stated in the Divisional Court, I should hold the decision to be erroneous, and I think it has wrongly influenced the decisions in some of the later cases. But another point was raised in the Special Case which is not dealt with in the judgment. Section 3 (2) of the Act provides that a place used by the occupier for the housing or maintenance of his road vehicles shall not be deemed to form part of a factory or workshop. This language appears to me exactly to describe the use of the present hereditament. The making and fitting of spare parts and the repair of vehicles seems to me an essential part of maintenance, even if that phrase also includes the daily oiling and adjusting that every vehicle requires, which appears in the present case not to be done on the hereditament and which the Recorder describes as "ordinary maintenance." To "maintain" a vehicle you must keep its essential parts in fit condition, if necessary by replacing them; and to make a stock of spare parts and fit them when necessary, and to repair any serious damage, seems to be as much "maintenance" as minor daily adjustments. It was argued that this subsection only referred to vehicles actually used for the purposes of the hereditament, but I can see no ground in the language used for such a limitation.

In my opinion, therefore, the appeal should be dismissed, not for the reasons stated by the Divisional Court, which I think were erroneous, but because section 3 (2) prevents the hereditament being derated. In view of this position, I think that the appeal should be dismissed without costs.

Owing to the incorrect reasoning adopted by the Divisional Court in the Stoke-on-Trent case and applied in Poplar Revenue Officer v. Union Lighterage Company (where the hereditament was a bargeyard), in Lambeth Revenue Officer v. London County Council (a printing works to print tramway tickets), and Stepney Revenue Officer v. R. Twining and Co., Limited (coffee grinding and roasting), the appeals in these three cases would be allowed with costs.

COLD STORAGE

In Manchester Revenue Officer v. Manchester Assessment Committee and Others, the hereditament, his Lordship continued, was a large refrigerating store used to preserve perishable goods. The hereditament was removed from the special list by the Divisional Court, on the ground that the primary purpose of the hereditament was "storage" within the proviso. It was argued against that that in a cold store there was more than cold storage—a freezing, which was altering the goods, or adapting them for sale at a future time, which was the primary purpose of the hereditament.

I doubt, said his Lordship, whether the process of storing goods at a specified temperature other than that of the external air can be said to be either altering them or adapting them for future sale. But, in any event, I find it impossible to believe that Parliament used the word "storage" without intending to cover in it the well-known class of cold stores. One reason for their so intending may be that cold stores are largely used to assist the sale of non-British products, and the benefits of derating were intended for British products. The appeal must be dismissed, with costs.

In Ipswich Revenue Officer v. Eastern Counties Farmers' Cooperative Association, Limited, and Cardiff Revenue Officer v. William Lewis and Sons, Limited—cases which raised the question whether the operations carried out by seed merchants to render fit for sale the seed which they purchased in rough bulk containing a mass of other matter were factory purposes, or merely parts of a distributive business in selling—his Lordship expressed the view that, on the facts, the Divisional Court came to wrong conclusions. The appeals must be allowed, with costs, and the hereditaments placed on the special list.

His Lordship then dealt with four cases in which sorting was carried on in the hereditaments in question. The cases were: Bradford Revenue Officer v. Laycock and Co., Limited (wool sorting and matching), Langbaurgh Revenue Officer v. Robert Cheyne and Co., Limited, Langbaurgh Revenue Officer v. A. Bainbridge, Limited (scrap metal sorting, cutting, and breaking), and Dewsbury Revenue Officer v. Burrows (rag sorting). In each case, in his opinion, the primary purpose of the hereditament was a factory purpose, and the hereditament was entitled to be derated.

BAKERIES

His Lordship said that Wimbledon Rating Authority v. Kerslake and Luton Revenue Officer v. Deeley were test cases to determine the position of a hereditament in which there was a bakery and a retail shop in which some or all of the products of the bakery were sold. They were important because the English Divisional Court had taken a directly opposite view to that of the majority of the Scottish Land Valuation Court. In each hereditament there was a large bakery, the products of which were actually sold in the shop, or were sent out direct from the bakery by roundsmen to fulfil orders which they had taken direct from customers. The latter sales were by far the most numerous and financially important, but he had little doubt that the orders were booked at the shop and that bills were sent out from the shop. There was also a dwelling-house on the premises for the owner or manager. The Divisional Court took the view that the primary purpose of the hereditament was a combination of a retail shop and a dwelling-house.

There was no finding of that in the case, if it were a question of fact and he did not see how it could be a question of law, unless the view taken by the Divisional Court was right that one might look outside the hereditament and see what use was to be made of the product and, if it were made for sale, might treat that as the primary purpose. That would deprive almost every factory of derating. He did not see how it was possible to say whether the purpose of making or the purpose of selling was primary.

In his view, the assessment committee having found the hereditament industrial, and there being no finding of fact in the case as to primary purpose, there was no ground in law on which the Court could say that the sale was more important than the making. In an Act intended to benefit producers, it would be curious if the Legislature said to the producer: "If you sell your product you shall not be benefited. To get your benefit, produce, but do not sell." Both the appeals would be allowed with costs and the hereditaments restored to the special list.

THE POSITION OF GARAGES

The cases of Middlesbrough Revenue Officer v. Middlesbrough Assessment Committee and Barnsley Revenue Officer v. Eyre Bros., Limited, were intended to test the position of garages which did extensive repairs. It was impossible to lay down any rule which would apply to all garages, as one of the points to be decided depended on the facts of each particular case. Quarter Sessions had removed the hereditaments from the special list on the ground that the premises were primarily occupied and used as retail shops. A "retail shop" was defined in the Act of 1928 as including "any premises of a similar character where retail trade or business, including repair work, is carried on." That did not mean that any place where repair work was done for an individual was a retail shop. To talk of a place where cars, the value of which might run up to thousands of pounds, had repairs done to them, which might run into hundreds, as a "retail shop," seemed to be a wrong and unlikely use of language.

A further point, however, was that, if one got a hereditament in which cars were garaged, petrol and accessories were sold, some repairs were done, and possibly the owner or manager lived, a question of degree might arise whether the primary purposes for which the garage was used were not a combination of non-factory purposes. That would depend on the relative user for the various purposes and in many cases might be a question of degree and not the subject of appeal by Special Case. That seemed to be the position of the Middlesbrough case. The assessment committee, the Recorder, and the majority of the Divisional Court had considered that the premises should be derated as not being a "retail shop" and that the primary purpose for which they were used was repair work. He (his Lordship) agreed with their view as to "retail shop" and the finding as to primary purpose. It seemed to be a question of degree on which there was no appeal by Special Case. The appeals in both cases would be dismissed with costs.

In the Camberwell Revenue Officer v. Camberwell Assessment Committee and Others the real question was whether carbonizing, maturing and bottling beer was all a manufacturing process, or whether the bottling part of the process was merely a distributing and not a manufacturing process. He had come to the conclusion on the facts stated that the carbonization and bottling of beer in bottles washed by machinery was a factory process in manufacturing bottled beer. When one asked for bottled beer, one did not expect to get draught beer in a bottle. One expected beer which was not flat, but with a certain amount of gaseous content. The result of carbonization and bottling was a special product, "bottled beer," as distinguished from draught beer. The hereditament was not primarily used for non-factory purposes and should, therefore, be placed in the special list. The appeal would be allowed with costs.

"I am surprised," added his Lordship, "that the results of the derating Act should be to benefit breweries, one of the few industries which appear to be prosperous at the present time, but one can only attempt to construe the words Parliament has used to define the objects of their benevolence at the expense of the taxpayer. If the results of that definition startle the Legislature, they can frame a more careful definition to express their precise intentions, if they had any precise intentions."

His Lordship said that he had found Dudley Revenue Officer v. Lloyd's British Testing Company, Limited—where the Divisional Court had held that the hereditament was not entitled to be derated—the most difficult of the 17 cases considered. Chain cables could not be sold to British ships unless tested and approved by authorities independent of the manufacturer, of whom Lloyd's testing office was one. The manufacturer sent to the office a length of cable rather longer than that which he wanted to sell. Lloyd's cut out five links, three of which would be whole and the other two cut to detach them from the cable. The three whole links were then tested to a breaking strain. If they stood the test no further test was imposed, but the two parts of the cable were joined by a new link made at Lloyd's. So far, there seemed to have been no alteration, or adapting for sale, but only testing.

If, however, the three links broke, another five links were cut out and the process repeated. If the second set of links broke, the cable was rejected. It was doubtful whether that result could be called "adapting for sale."

If the second set of links did not break, the cable was joined again with one link and proceeded to its next test of tensile strain. In that test the links altered their shape, not in any way improving the cable, but as a result of the test. Workmen then examined each link to see whether it was defective, sealing it and dipping it in tar as a finishing process.

Some manufacturing work was undoubtedly done, but it seemed to be small and ancillary to the process of testing. If the testing office rejected all cables, its work could not be described as a manufacturing process. The cables it passed were not adapted for sale, but tested to see if they were fit for

Sporting News

RACING

LINGFIELD MEETING

STREPHON II. BEATEN

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

Mr. S. Green's five-year-old chestnut horse, Strephon II., made his first appearance on a racecourse in this country yesterday at Lingfield, when he finished third in a field of four in the July Plate, a weight-for-age race with penalties and allowances run over a mile and a half. He was beaten by a short head and two lengths by Accra and Lemonetta, the former of whom was just successful.

During his career in Australia Strephon II., who is by the Clieveden horse Saltash, made a great name for himself and was generally regarded as a really great horse. He was sent over to this country with the idea that he should be started for the Gold Cup, the Coronation Cup, and other important events, but he failed to become acclimatized and did not run for any of those races. When I saw him at exercise at Newmarket early in the season I came to the firm conclusion that he "made a noise," and I suspected that it was for that reason that he missed those races. After watching him run yesterday, and being close to him when he pulled up, I know now that he does not "make a noise" in the generally accepted meaning of that phrase. He is, further, a very good-looking horse, better in front of the saddle, it may be, than he is behind it; but, nevertheless, all over a good-looking horse. Like many other good horse, he appears to be lazy, and while walking round the Paddock before his race was inclined to knuckle over. When he went down to the start he showed himself to be a good mover in his slower paces. In the race he certainly showed himself to be a really taking mover, and the manner in which he took the turns on this course was surprising in so large a horse. He made lengths on every bend. He was beaten not, in my opinion, because he was not good enough at the weights, but because he was not really fit, and it may be because the distance over which he was racing was not far enough for him.

Ridden by G. Richards, he was soon in front, and, going up the hill on the far side of the course, he was leading by three or four lengths. He was still well in front coming down the hill into the Straight, into which he was followed by Accra. Half-way up the Straight he began to lose his place and was passed by Accra and Lemonetta, who ran a great race home, the former winning by a short head. Strephon II. was running on again at the finish. He has, I understand, a rather curious habit of rolling up his tongue when galloping which causes him to make a noise as if he were broken-winded. When racing he has to have his tongue strapped down. He is to remain in training, and if he goes on well seems reasonably certain to win a good handicap, perhaps during the autumn, quite possibly the Cesarewitch, which would, I think, suit him better than the Cambridgeshire, although he may be entered for both races. Accra, the winner of this race yesterday, is a useful staying gelding by Soulouque.

Apart from this first appearance on a racecourse in this country of Strephon II. the afternoon's racing was always interesting and at times exciting. Quite a large field took part in the opening race, the Waterside Selling Handicap, for which Japonesa, who had bottom weight, was made favourite after there had been no definite favourite for a long time. Until close to the finish it seemed that this choosing would be proved to be correct, for at the Distance Japonesa was in front and going as well as anything else in the race. She was, however, then challenged by Son John and Roquefort II., and, compounding rather rapidly, was beaten by both of them, Son John winning by a neck from Roquefort II., who was a short head in front of the favourite. Sea Music, after running well in a selling race at Epsom, had failed rather badly when well backed in a selling race at the last Sandown Park Meeting. She was given another chance by many people yesterday in the Batnors Selling Plate, for which she started favourite. After her last display, coming on the top of her performance at Sandown Park, she is best forgotten, for she had every chance yesterday, but failed to gain even a minor place, although she was in the first three until the last few yards. At one time I thought that Sea Music was going to win, for although she may never have been in front of the Smolensk filly she was close up to her and going as well in the last 100 yards; however, the Smolensk filly drew away from her and then she allowed two others, Blue Lightning and Queen of Mars, also to run her out of a place. Queen of Mars was rather slow in the early stages of the race, but was running on at the finish. Chips, who had finished in front of her at Windsor, was a long way behind her this time, which suggests that Queen of Mars was unlucky to have been beaten at Windsor.

Paradine ran most disappointingly in the Lingfield Park Plate, for which he was made a pronounced favourite, but in which he was not even placed. Ridden by R. Jones, he was well away on the Stands side of the course and was going nicely until about two furlongs from the finish, when he began rapidly to lose ground, and was soon out of the race. Lord Bill at that time was going strongly on the Stands side of the course, but he also could not win, being beaten comfortably by Cat o' Nine Tails, with Anthurium third. Cat o' Nine Tails had never even been placed before this season, and in his last race was last in a field of 26 at Ascot. Several of the horses who had finished a long way in front of him then were some way behind him yesterday, although at the weights they still had the beating of him on form. Cat o' Nine Tails, like the Smolensk filly, is trained at Newmarket by R. J. Colling. Flange was a very comfortable winner of the Summer Stakes, in which Song of Essex made nearly all the running. Indeed, when the Straight was reached he was so far in front that it did not seem probable that he would be caught. He has, however, only one pace, and in the end Flange caught him with ease and then went on to win comfortably.

The Duke of Richmond, who was recently elected a Member of the Jockey Club, had his first winner when Fleur won the Jack's Bridge Plate after a fine finish with Avalon and Gift Horse. It may well be that Silver Leaf should have beaten the three of them, for she lost much ground at the start and then finished fourth. Fleur, who had shown promise in the race at Hurst Park which was won by Guiding Star and in which the Ascot winner, Lightning Star, was not placed, was always prominent, and, staying on better than Gift Horse or Avalon, won by a head. Fleur was ridden by Wells, who used to be attached to F. Darling's stable, and was trained by Chapman, whose stables are close to Goodwood Park. At one time there were three starters for the last race of the day, the Oak Tree Plate, but one of them, Doryphoros, threw Childs and bolted. He was caught, but apparently it was not known by the starter whether the horse was to be started or had been taken back to the Paddock. In the end the other two horses were started without him and provided quite a good race, Bank Rate winning by a head from Solfeggio. Doryphoros was a starter officially, as he had come under the starter's orders.

The Meeting will be concluded this afternoon, when the programme will be begun at half-past 2 o'clock. As yesterday, the racing should be interesting, and Lingfield, one of the prettiest courses in the country, is now looking its best.

LINGFIELD PROSPECTS

2.30.—BRAMBLETYE SELLING HANDICAP (5f.).—Double Spot, on Newbury form, is rather more than a stone in front of Smile and has to give 181b., or 231b. if the allowance is claimed. It would seem, therefore, at the weights that Smile has rather the better chance of the two, but if both are started my preference would be for Double Spot, for this course should suit him admirably. Norman Duchess and Polar Queen are others who are not without chances at the weights. I like best, however, the chance of DOUBLE SPOT, who will be ridden by Donoghue.

3.0.—STAREORO' SELLING PLATE (6f.).—This is one of the first of the selling races for two-year-olds run over six furlongs, and the distance makes it rather difficult to deal with. If the race were run over five furlongs the probable winner would seem to be PRIVATE SEAL, and as, for all that I know to the contrary, he can stay as well as any other in the race he seems to be the best selection.

3.35.—GREAT FOAL PLATE (5f.).—Florence Dombey apparently is not to be started. Ladies' Chain is useful, but may not succeed in giving the weight away here. If she does the others would seem to be very bad, or Jerome Fandor, who was close up to Ladies' Chain at Manchester, giving a lot of weight, must be very much better than would appear. Heritage, through Sir Andrew, is fairly useful, as, on Ascot form, is Carmelus, who has the beating of Ridgeway on their last form together. Griggs, who trains Carmelus, should know through Oh for a Monocle what chance Carmelus has of beating Zanoff. I should have thought that the Ascot form of Carmelus was much higher class than the Gatwick form of Zanoff. CARMELUS seems to me the best selection. In his absence ZANOFF might win.

4.10.—INBERHORNE HANDICAP (6f.).—The probable winner here on the handicap seems to me to be Bearskin. He was well backed to win last week at Newmarket, and he is better handicapped here than he was there. For instance, there he was handicapped to receive 5lb. from Lady Abbess. This afternoon the handicapper makes the difference 11lb. He is also 7lb. better handicapped with Tetrafoil. He is, I admit, not a horse that I like, but he ran quite well here last time, when he showed himself to be less than a stone behind Somne Orb, who is now set to give him 16lb. Further, he was then some 6lb. better than Duchess of Mars, who, allowing for improvement in the younger horse, would now be a few pounds behind Bearskin. If I had to handicap Devonie and Duchess of Mars I should set Devonie to receive weight. This afternoon Devonie and Bearskin can meet at level weights. However I look at the race I cannot help thinking that the handicapper has taken a chance with BEARSKIN, and for that reason he must be my selection.

4.45.—TANDRIDGE COURT WELTER HANDICAP (1m.).—In spite of his weight Barbizon if started would have a fair chance in this company. Moonstruck has run only once this season and then he ran quite well, although apparently not in the least fancied. On last year's form he would have a better chance at the weights than such as Footmark, Lilette, on her last running, has a nice chance, Claudine and Au Fait seem to be others who have fair chances. In spite of his weight I like best the chance of Barbizon, who is of rather better class than the other possible starters. As his trainer also has Rosolio II. in the race I shall make my choice O. BELL'S SELECTED.

EDINBURGH PROSPECTS

3.0.—CRAIGMILLAR SELLING PLATE (1m.).—The best of the probable starters here seems to be SHIRAZ, who was unlucky at Carlisle. Flint Stone and Guano have chances on their best form.

3.30.—CASTLEMILK SELLING PLATE (5f.).—DOLA COLT has been running in better company than he will be meeting here and may win. The danger and alternative selection seems to be Chariot.

4.0.—PENTLAND PLATE (7f.).—Autumn Tints will run well, but may not be able to give with success 16lb. to TYEN, who seems to be the best selection. Stick Out may be the best of the others.

4.30.—GRANGE PLATE (1¼m.).—Mississippi, Kippit Lore, and Grey Stockings seem to be the best here. My preference is for GREY STOCKINGS.

5.0.—LIBERTON PLATE (5f.).—WELFARE CENTRE may win from Biddlestone and Lady of the Snows.

5.30.—ESK PLATE (1m.).—SAINT NICOLAS II. seems to be the obvious selection.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

Fields will be small at Lingfield to-day, but the racing will be interesting. In the Brambletye Selling Plate we have Security Lass, Privilege, and REGAL LOVE, and I am afraid they are moderate. The last named has been shaping well on the firm ground lately and he may prove best.

Our only representative in the Starboro' Selling Plate will be IMPERIAL PINT, who has benefited by the experience she gained at our meeting last week. I believe the distance of this race will suit her.

The Great Foal Plate is the principal race on the programme. J. Jarvis will saddle both Ridgeway and Temea, but I doubt if either is good enough to win. Orangery may be better now than she has been all the season, but may not beat HERITAGE, who has been shaping very well in recent gallops and is useful.

The Imberhorne Handicap will only attract a small field. BEARSKIN is the only animal that has left Headquarters to run, and he will be ridden by H. Wragg. He may not be as reliable as he was in the early part of the season, but if he does his best he will be returned the winner.

We must look to THE FACTOR to win the Tandridge Court Welter Handicap. He has been prepared to run at this meeting, and, although it will be his first race of the season, I can say that he is wonderfully well.

For the July Club Welter Plate I like CRAFTY CAPTAIN better than Phantasia.

CHEPSTOW

Our runners at Chepstow will be few in number, but there may be a winner or two among them—namely, PARTHENON in the Penarth Maiden Plate, OCEAN WIDE in the Welsh Oaks, and SERGEANT CUSTUME in the Lysaght Plate.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

DONCASTER ST. LEGER.—Fidus and Hurry Up II. at 9 a.m. to-day.
PARK HILL STAKES (Doncaster).—Sparta II.
TWO-YEAR-OLD SALE STAKES (Newmarket).—So Chewy.
NEWMARKET ENGAGEMENTS, July 16.—The Dominie.
LYSAGHT PLATE (Chepstow).—Patron Minet.
CHEPSTOW ENGAGEMENTS, July 12.—Campaigner, Celtic II.
GLENFUIN PLATE (Edinburgh).—Mount Rose.
DOVER MID-WEIGHT HANDICAP PLATE (Folkestone).—Silver Gown.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS IN MR. W. M. CAZALET'S NAME.—Sharada.

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

LINGFIELD

(2s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNINGS)

1.50—Son John, WIN 25s.; PLACE 5s.; Roquefort II., PLACE 6s. 3d.; Japonesa, PLACE 4s. 9d.
2.25—Smolensk filly, WIN 7s. 3d.; PLACE 2s. 3d.; Blue Lightning, PLACE 2s. 6d.; Queen of Mars, PLACE 3s.
3.0—Cat o' Nine Tails, WIN 20s. 6d.; PLACE 4s. 6d.; Lord Bill, PLACE 9s.; Anthurium, PLACE 4s.
3.35—Flange, WIN 5s. 9d.; PLACE 4s. 3d.; Song of Essex, PLACE 12s.
4.10—Accra, WIN 11s. 9d.
4.45—Fleur, WIN 19s. 6d.; PLACE 4s. 9d.; Avalon, PLACE 2s. 6d.; Gift Horse, PLACE 3s.
5.15—Bank Rate, WIN 2s. 3d.
African Double, 3.35 and 4.45—Flange and Fleur, WIN £12 10s. to £1.

CHEPSTOW

2.30—Pergamus, WIN 20s. 6d.; PLACE 5s. 6d.; Water Rose, PLACE 6s. 9d.; Royal Blush, PLACE 2s. 9d.
3.0—Brier Hare, WIN 11s. 9d.; PLACE 7s.; Queen Bee, PLACE 12s.; Irish Caress, PLACE 2s. 9d.
3.25—Cautious Clara, WIN 2s. 9d.; PLACE 2s. 3d.; Merry Legend filly, WIN 3s. 6d.
4.0—Sea Rover, WIN 11s. 6d.; PLACE 5s. 6d.; Rear Admiral, PLACE 2s. 9d.
4.30—Princelet, WIN 8s. 3d.; PLACE 2s. 9d.; Plutocrat, PLACE 2s. 3d.
5.0—Baco, WIN 41s. 9d.; PLACE 20s. 6d.; Norman Baron, PLACE 3s. 3d.; Miss Avarice, PLACE 3s. 3d.

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Lingfield, Chepstow, Edinburgh.
CRICKET.—See Fixture Lists.
LAWN TENNIS.—England v. Australia, Bournemouth; Eastbourne, Watford, Leicestershire, and Felixstowe tournaments.
ATHLETICS.—See Fixture List.
CYCLING.—Manchester Wheelers 43rd Annual Meet. 12, Hollowfield; Marlborough A.C. 100 miles race, Herne Hill, 2.
SPEEDWAY RACING.—Portsmouth, 3; High Beech, 3.30; Crystal Palace (League v. Hull Green), 7; Southampton, 7.45; Harringay (League v. Wembley), 8; Lea Bridge, 8.15; Stamford Bridge, 8.15.
MOTOR CYCLING.—Brooklands, 2.30.
POLO at Hurlingham.—Empire (Prince of Wales's) Cup, England v. India, 3. Two Challenge Cup Finals. Life Guards v. Combe Farm, 5.15; Chiefs of Staff v. Life Guards, 6. Roehampton Final Subalterns' Cup, 5th Inniskilling Dragoon Guards v. 17/21st Lancers, 3. Final Hunt Cup, The Warwickshire v. The Todworth.

CHEPSTOW PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

2.30.—The PENARTH MAIDEN PLATE of 150 sovs.; for three-year-olds only. Six furlongs.

	st lb
GOLDEN EAGLE (Mr. H. G. Blagrave) ... Blagrave	8 7
JACKYLLIS (Lieutenant-Colonel T. Carthew) ... Darling	8 7
MARTO (Mr. W. Hutchinson) ... F. Wootton	8 7
LAST CAST (Sir C. Hyde) ... Scobie	8 7
aPARTHENON (Mr. A. K. Macomber) ... Leach, jun.	8 7
DURBREATH (Duke of Portland) ... F. Darling	8 7
PARCHMENT II. (Mr. C. ... Ryan) ... Loftus	8 7
MACHICHO (Mr. O. M. D. Bell) ... O. Bell	8 4
aSECURITY LASS (Mr. H. Stokes) ... G. Sadler	8 4
DARK LIGHT (Sir W. Cooke) ... Read	8 4
aPENTILLA (Mr. R. C. Dawson) ... R. Dawson	8 4
aASTRIDGE (Mr. H. Dyke Dennis) ... Barthropp	8 4
aGUARDS' OFFICER (Lord Glanely) ... Hogg	8 4
SOUTHAM (Mr. R. H. A. Gresson) ... Rimell	8 4
THE UGLY DUCHESS (Mr. E. Harmsworth) ... Gooch	8 4
BELLATRACE (Mr. J. A. Hirst) ... R. W. Colling	8 4
aCONE OF FIRE (Lord H. de Walden) ... D. Waugh	8 4
PRETTY SHOT (Mr. J. B. Joel) ... C. Peck	8 4
DODABETTA (Mr. E. J. Marshall) ... Morris	8 4
aREMONT (Mr. Friend Sykes) ... Morris	8 4
GUILCAGH (Mrs. E. Wallace) ... J. Beary	8 4
SACRISTAN (Lord Woolavington) ... F. Darling	8 4

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

JACKYLLIS, —; PARTHENON, H. Leach; DOUBLE TOY, —; PENTILLA, M. Beary; GUARDS' OFFICER, G. Richards; SOUTHAM, T. Rimell; CONE OF FIRE, R. Perryman; REMONT, —.

3.0.—The LLANVAIR SELLING PLATE (handicap) of 175 sovs. One mile.

	Yrs	st lb
TAXIMETER (Mr. J. E. Cottrell) ... Gilbert	6	9 0
RAINBOW BRIDGE (Mr. F. Cobb) ... Cobb	a	8 13
SONNY BOY (Mr. W. J. Rimell) ... T. Rimell	5	8 12
SUN SPRITE (Mr. F. H. W. Cundell) ... L. Cundell	5	8 10
GOLIGCOTE (Lord Portman) ... Farquharson	4	8 4
OBEDIENCE (Mr. R. H. Gregory) ... Golightly	4	8 4
L. T. V. (Sir F. Eley) ... Templeman	4	8 4
OAKWOOD (Mr. J. Powell) ... McMullen	a	8 2
LOSALOT (Mrs. H. M. Gray) ... Rennison	4	8 1
CHIRPY (Mr. J. Allen) ... C. Piggott	5	8 0
ROCKPOOL (Mr. H. Logan) ... J. Beary	4	7 12
aAVOCETA (Mr. T. R. Rimell) ... Rimell	3	7 12
ACHARN (Mr. Friend Sykes) ... Morris	3	7 12
SELF HELP (Mr. C. T. Eastman) ... V. Smyth	3	7 12
REPAID (Mrs. K. Mineer) ... Hobbs	a	7 9
DEL SOLE (Mrs. C. Jones) ... J. Scott	6	7 8
LOVELACE (Mr. H. Dyke Dennis) ... Barthropp	6	7 8
PEEVER (Mr. S. Wootton) ... F. Wootton	3	7 8
QUEEN'S PARK (Mr. S. Wootton) ... F. Wootton	3	7 6
SIR ARTHUR (Mr. R. Morgan) ... R. Morgan	4	7 5
CARLY DION (Mr. Pelberin) ... Private	3	7 4
TERTIUS QUID (Lady Aylesford) ... R. Jones	4	7 2
7ERO HOUR (Mr. T. W. Merrell) ... T. Merrell	5	7 2
aJACK WHITEHOUSE (Mr. W. H. Whitehouse) ... C. Piggott	5	7 1

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

RAINBOW BRIDGE, A. Burns; SONNY BOY, T. Rimell; CHIRPY, C. Piggott; AVOCETA, —; REPAID, C. Richards; LOVELACE, T. Weston; JACK WHITEHOUSE, —.

3.25.—The MABON SELLING PLATE of 110 sovs.; for two-year-olds only. Five furlongs.

	st lb
SWEET ROCKET F. by Santorb (Lord Londonderry) ... O. Bell	8 11
aMRS. SHEAR'S (Mrs. N. Roberts) ... Roberts	8 11
TRIBE CHASE (Mr. H. G. Blagrave) ... Blagrave	8 9
ALANBUIE (Brigadier-General G. R. H. Chapel) ... Morris	8 9
LIKE MAGIC C. by Forerunner (Mr. G. F. X. Hartigan) ... M. Hartigan	8 9
DAFT (Mr. J. B. Joel) ... C. Peck	8 9
aGREEN LOVER (Mr. F. Martin) ... Martin	8 9
JOYBOY (Mr. Z. O'Brien) ... Macneil	8 9
aVIODEL (Mr. H. Carter) ... Templeman	8 6
TAFFETA F. by Tournament II. (Mr. C. Clarke) ... Barthropp	8 6
DONA SAUVAGE (Mr. E. H. Gregory) ... Golightly	8 6
aKARELIA F. by The Winter King (Mr. G. W. Hands) ... Saxby	8 6
MISS BEAM (Captain A. Kyle) ... Macnee	8 6
HARVEST QUEEN (Mrs. W. Bell) ... Private	8 6
RETICULE F. by Pomme-de-terre (Mrs. K. Miners) ... Hobbs	8 6
CHACRERO (Mr. J. W. Stewart) ... O. Bell	8 6
DRUMMOND HILL (Mr. Friend Sykes) ... Morris	8 6
ACHTYNEMHA (Baron E. de Teuf) ... F. Hartigan	8 6

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

MRS. SHEAR'S, —; GREEN LOVER, —; VIODEL, G. Richards; KARELIA FILLY, F. Herbert; ACHTYNEMHA, T. Burns.

4.0.—The WELSH OAKS, a plate of 700 sovs.; for fillies (foals of 1927); the owner at entry of the winner to receive 50 sovs.; the owner at entry of the second 25 sovs., the owner at running of the second 100 sovs., and the owner at running of the third 25 sovs. out of the plate. One mile and a half.

	st lb
aDEACONESS (The Aga Khan) ... R. Dawson	8 5
PEACE PACT (8lb.) (Mr. G. Gilbey) ... C. Chapman	8 4
aTHE PEN (8lb.) (Mr. F. W. Morley) ... M. Hartigan	8 4
aDARK LIGHT (Sir W. Cooke) ... Read	8 0
aTHREAD (Mr. J. Widener) ... Boyd-Rochfort	8 0
OCEAN WIDE (12lb.) (Lord Glanely) ... Hogg	8 0
DIAMOND HILL (Major McCalmont) ... Perse	8 0
aHERACLIDA (Major McCalmont) ... Perse	8 0
POLYPHONTA (12lb.) (Lady Violet Henderson) ... Sneyd	8 0
WOODBOURNE (4lb.) (Mr. J. L. Jarvis) ... J. Jarvis	7 10
JULIA MANNERING (4lb.) (Captain G. B. Thorman) ... J. Jarvis	7 10
MYLITTA (4lb.) (Mr. H. C. Sutton) ... Gooch	7 10
BELLATRACE (8lb.) (Mr. J. A. Hirst) ... R. W. Colling	7 6
LADY PUTTENDEN (9lb.) (Mr. H. Smith-Turberville) ... Martin	7 6
aPRINCESS FOOTE (12lb.) (Mr. T. Davidson) R. Day	7 2
ROLLIAD (12lb.) (Mr. D. Fraser) ... R. Day	7 2

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

DEACONESS, M. Beary; PEACE PACT, R. Perryman; THE PEN, C. Richards; DARK LIGHT, —; THREAD, J. Dines; OCEAN WIDE, G. Richards; HERACLIDA, —; PRINCESS FOOTE, W. Alford.

4.30.—The LYSAGHT PLATE (handicap) of 200 sovs. Five furlongs.

	Yrs	st lb
THUNDER SQUALL (Mr. S. Wootton) F. Wootton	4	9 0
aTUTBURY (Mr. A. M. Melville) ... Nugent	6	8 13
SONG OF LOVE (10lb. ex.) (Mr. A. E. Hesketh) ... Rimell	6	8 10
LUCKY BREAK (Sir A. Butt) ... Marsh	4	8 4
MARBLE (Lord Londsdale) ... F. Darling	4	8 3
aWELSH DAME (Mr. G. Williams) ... Coldwell	3	8 1
NO FEAR (Mr. E. G. de Mestre) ... Wilmot	3	7 11
aSOLVENT (Mr. R. A. H. Gresson) ... Rimell	3	7 7
aMYRON (Mr. R. C. Dawson) ... R. Dawson	3	7 5
LIAR (The Aga Khan) ... R. Dawson	3	7 4
aSERGEANT CUSTUME (Lord Glanely) ... Hogg	4	7 3
DERRYPRESTES (Mr. T. Lant) ... Marsh	4	7 1
MISS ORKNEY (Mr. J. Martin) ... Martin	3	6 12
aHEATH LODGE (Mr. H. J. Brueton) E. Pizzotti	5	6 11
SINCERA (Mr. W. L. Irvine) ... Golightly	3	6 11
aVANDA (Mr. F. Templeman) ... F. Templeman	3	6 10
BAG O' TRICKS (Mrs. C. Clare) ... Allden	3	6 8
CHECKWEED (Mr. C. Clarke) ... Barthropp	3	6 8

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

TUTBURY, M. Wing; WELSH DAME, —; NO FEAR, C. Richards; SOLVENT, A. Myron, T. Bartlam; SERGEANT CUSTUME, A. Burns; MISS ORKNEY, I. Martin; HEATH LODGE, —; SINCERA, W. Stephenson; VANDA, —.

5.0.—The WYE VALLEY MAIDEN PLATE of 125 sovs.; for two-year-olds only. Five furlongs.

	st lb
ERIC (Mr. V. Smyth) ... V. Smyth	9 5
aVINCENT (Mr. G. F. X. Hartigan) ... M. Hartigan	9 5
MARTEY'S TOWER (Mr. W. R. Lysaght) ... B. Jarvis	9 5
EXTRA CRUSADER (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) ... O. Bell	9 2
GLOW-WORM (Mr. H. Coventry) ... Rimell	9 2
YANWATH (Lord Lonsdale) ... F. Darling	9 2
MONEY ORDER (Mr. I. L. Bradlaw) ... J. Anthony	8 9
SUNNY ISLE C. by Pommern (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) ... Cottrill	8 9
WINE SHOT (Mr. J. A. Dunn) ... J. Beary	8 9
ABATOS (Sir C. Hyde) ... Scobie	8 9
BINKY WINKY (Mr. J. B. Joel) ... C. Peck	8 9
RACE ISLE (Mr. J. Bartlett) ... Barthropp	8 9
PUTTING GREEN (Mr. A. M. Melville) ... Nugent	8 9
L'ABBE EPAIS (Mr. E. O'Brien) ... MacColl	8 9
CONQUEROR (Mr. E. Thornton-Smith) ... Templeman	8 9
SCOTIAS (Mr. E. ... Gwilt) ... Corbitt	8 9
ROSE ALLEY (Miss I. L. Benmont) ... Moreton	8 6
CENICERO (Mr. J. Beary) ... J. Beary	8 6
TIPSY TOASTER (Mr. F. Burberry) ... Rennison	8 6
aENDALE (Lord Cawley) ... O. Bell	8 6
MOURNER (Mr. H. Coventry) ... Rimell	8 6
SEA MUSIC (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) ... O. Bell	8 6
aIMAGO (Mr. F. Darling) ... F. Darling	8 6
FLITTER (Mr. E. H. Gregory) ... Golightly	8 6
GAY SISTER (Mr. J. A. Hirst) ... R. W. Colling	8 6
SUN GLOWY (Mr. J. B. Joel) ... C. Peck	8 6
aLA BONI (The Aga Khan) ... R. Dawson	8 6
TOM WILLOW (Mr. T. Lant) ... M. Hartigan	8 6
WATERFORD GLASS F. by Craig an Eran (Mr. D. Macnee) ... Macnee	8 6
aMONZIE (Mr. Friend Sykes) ... Morris	8 6
FEARNAN (Mr. Friend Sykes) ... Morris	8 6
ALPINE ROSE (Mr. R. F. Watson) ... Lawson	8 6
MADAME D'ARBLAY (Lady Wentworth) ... C. Chapman	8 6

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

VINCENT, G. Richards; MONEY ORDER, T. Burns; SURTAX, A. Burns; ENDALE, H. Graves; LA BONI, M. Beary; IMAGO, —; MONZIE, —.

CHEPSTOW RESULTS

2.30 (2.35).—The PIERCEFIELD PLATE (welter handicap) of 125 sovs. Six furlongs.

PERGAMUS, b g, by Papyrus—Saucy Girl (Mr. H. Boulton), 4 yrs, 8st. 12lb. ... F. Lane 1
WATER ROSE, br f, by Tounderer—Waterwillow (Mr. J. B. Joel), 4 yrs, 9st. 11lb. ... B. Carslake 2
ROYAL BLUSH, bl g, by Mount William—Lady's Blush (Mr. S. Wootton), 3 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ... B. Rook 3

I Am the Captain (Mr. W. J. Gresson), 5 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ... E. Elliott 0
Copacabana (Major L. B. Holliday), 4 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ... C. Ray 0
Berkeley Bridge (Mr. G. W. Hands), aged, 8st. 4lb. ... F. Herbert 0
Ashlar (Mr. J. Hoboken), 4 yrs, 8st. 3lb. ... F. Hullah 0
Greenery (Mr. W. L. Whitwell), 4 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ... L. Tidey 0
Esmolin (Mr. F. C. Pratt), 3 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ... R. Fawdon 0
Marco Polo (Mr. J. Baylis), 3 yrs, 7st. 9lb. ... T. Barber 0
Bewinged (Colonel B. FitzGerald), 6 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ... C. Richards 0

(Winner trained by Bullock, at Pattingham)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Royal Blush, 7 to 2 Water Rose, 4 to 1 Copacabana, 9 to 2 Pergamus, 10 to 1 each Greenery, I Am the Captain, and Berkeley Bridge, 20 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit representa 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 15s.; places, 4s., 3s., 3s. Total win pool, 6,663 units; total place pool, 6,105 units.
Won by a head; one and a half lengths separated second and third. Greenery was fourth and Ashlar last.

3.0 (3.2).—The ROSS SELLING PLATE (handicap) of 110 sovs. Five furlongs.

BLUE HARE, br c, by Blue Ensign—Harebell (Mr. E. T. Franklin), 3 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ... L. Tidey 1
QUEEN BEE, gr f, by Sir Berkeley—King's Picture (Mr. H. Dyke Dennis), 4 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ... K. James 2
IRISH CARESS, b g, by Somme Kiss—Lady Tara (Mr. E. Martin), 3 yrs, 7st. ... I. Martin 3
Timely Gift (Mr. D. Fraser), 4 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ... C. Richards 0
Mistress (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild), 3 yrs, 7st. 9lb. ... R. Fawdon 0
Kurdi (Major G. Miller), 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ... F. Lane 0
Not a Hope (Major L. B. Holliday), 3 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ... F. Nelson 0
Teme Trout (Mr. F. Greswolde Williams), 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. ... J. Brennan 0
Frisky Duke (Mr. B. Warner), 3 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ... T. Barber 0
Red Sky (Mr. J. Baylis), 3 yrs, 7st. 8lb. T. Bartlam 0
Marie Blink (Mr. A. Whalley), 5 yrs, 7st. 3lb. ... M. Burns 0

(Winner trained by Cundell, at Chilton)

STARTING PRICES.—11 to 8 agst Blue Hare, 4 to 1 Irish Caress, 5 to 1 Queen Bee, 7 to 1 each Marie Blink and Timely Gift, 20 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend ... places, 2s. 9d., 4s., 3s. 3d. Total win pool, 4,807 units; total place pool, 4,979 units.
Won by a short head; the same distance separated second and third. Marie Blink was fourth and Frisky Duke last.
The winner was bought in for 75 guineas.

3.25 (3.28).—The MERTHYR SELLING PLATE of 110 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

CAUTIOUS CLARA, b f, by Orpheus—Eun Mara (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild), 8st. 6lb. R. Fawdon 1
MARY LOCHIEL FILLY, by Flying Orb (Mr. E. H. Gregory), 8st. 6lb. ... C. Richards 2
MIRAMBA FILLY, by Redwood (Mr. V. T. Thompson), 8st. 6lb. ... T. Burns 3

Opus (Mr. G. H. Darvell), 8st. 11lb. ... F. Herbert 0
Virgin I. by Tangiewood (Mrs. K. Miners), 8st. 11lb. ... E. Lane 0
Joy Boy (Mr. E. O'Brien), 8st. 9lb. ... E. Forsyth 0

(Winner trained by Pratt, at Lambourn)

STARTING PRICES.—6 to 4 on Cautious Clara, 5 to 1

(Continued in next column)

LINGFIELD RESULTS

1.50 (1.55).—The WATERSIDE SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 250 sovs. Seven furlongs (straight).

SON JOHN, b h, by Polynotus—Ella (Mr. F. W. Baker), 6 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ... J. Dines 1
ROQUEFORT II., br g, by Brabant—Rounce (Count Fal de Saint Phalle), 5 yrs, 7st. 13lb. T. Lowrey 2
JAPONESA, b f, by King Sol—Santa's Sweetheart (Mrs. M. B. Reardon), 3 yrs, 6st. 4lb. A. Smirke 3
Easter Gift (Mrs. A. B. Cornelius), 6 yrs, 9st. ... J. Sirett 0
Uncle Woody (Mr. T. Richards), 6 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ... R. Dick 0
Huncoat (Mrs. T. Setchell), 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ... H. Packham 0
Hope (Mr. I. Davis), aged, 8st. 6lb. ... K. Robertson 0
Eda (Mr. F. Hartigan), 3 yrs, 8st. 6lb. T. Griffiths 0
Ash Plant (Mr. J. Baylis), 6 yrs, 8st. 5lb. H. Graves 0
Taxing Master (Mr. H. Peed), aged, 8st. 3lb. ... G. Richards 0
Cheviotdale (Mr. R. Mealings), 4 yrs, 8st. 1lb. ... R. Wragg 0
Lyra (Mr. A. Bassett), 6 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ... J. Dobie 0
Brave Kate (Mr. H. Smyth), 3 yrs, 7st. 6lb. R. Smyth 0
Mr. Cinders (Mr. H. C. Barder), 3 yrs, 7st. 8lb. ... T. Weston 3
Fanny Daw (Mrs. H. G. Gregson), 3 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ... W. Stephenson 0
Perula (Mrs. Eversden), 4 yrs, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 13lb.) ... H. Gunn 0
Follow Thru (Miss N. Wilmot), 3 yrs, 6st. 9lb. ... T. V. Brown 0
Dutch Gold (Mr. W. Malden), 4 yrs, 6st. 13lb. ... E. Alford 0
Longmynd Lad (Mr H. Boulton), 3 yrs, 6st. 7lb. (car. 6st. 12lb.) ... K. Gethin 0

(Winner trained by East, at Ilsley)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 2 agst Japonesa, 8 to 1 each Ash Plant and Taxing Master, 10 to 1 each Longmynd Lad, Follow Thru, and Uncle Woody, 100 to 8 each Son John, Roquefort II., Brave Kate, and Eda, 20 to 1 Easter Gift, 33 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 25s. 6d.; places, 7s. 9d., 9s., 4s. Total win pool, 8,358 units; total place pool, 6,503 units.

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

CRICKET

ETON v. HARROW

A SLIGHT ADVANTAGE

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

After some interesting if rather staid cricket Eton ended up within 20 runs of Harrow's total of 199 with four wickets still to fall at Lord's yesterday. Much depends on these four, and it is unlucky for Eton that all of them are bowlers whose energies may be called upon to the full later on. On the other hand the match so far has been played in a much less exhausting temperature than is common in a fine July and most bowlers are exhilarated rather than fatigued by unexpected success with the bat.

Harrow won the toss and the first ball was bowled on the stroke of 11. K. F. H. Hale repeated the shock tactics that had been so successful against Winchester and began with his two fast bowlers. The wicket, however, had little of the life that may be expected from it to-day, and it was soon clear that if the batsmen indulged in no eccentricities nothing very sensational was to be hoped for or feared. None the less Harrow's start approached the disastrous. R. Page got a good one past R. D. Stewart-Brown when only nine runs had been scored, and at 15 caught F. E. Covington beautifully in the slips. W. M. Welch, after rather a hurried opening, was cool and efficient, but lost G. F. Haslewood at 27 and, with the only other old choice on the side, A. S. Lawrence, found himself burdened with the laborious task of repairing the damage.

The first hour produced only 45 runs, and some, too many indeed, of these were wides from T. F. Hanbury and no-balls from Page. But both batsmen were playing confidently and well until A. G. Pelham, bowling round the wicket, had the left-hander leg-before-wicket. The natural inference that the ball broke back considerably is correct, and a tribute to Pelham's strength of finger. Lawrence made some neat leg hits from the gift-balls which left-handers always get, especially in school matches, and some pleasant off-drives in almost the authentic manner of Canterbury and Maidstone.

A GOOD STAND

There followed a good stand between Welch and J. M. Stow. Welch was watchful and sound except for a dangerous nibble or two at the good-length off-ball, and Stow's bat met with firmness and absolute perpendicularity anything straight or on the off; on, and some way off, the leg stump there was a different tale to tell, and he had some narrow escapes. But the two batsmen had brought the score to 124, and Harrovians were beginning to breathe more freely, when Welch undercut a shortish ball from Hanbury and was caught in the slips for 48 invaluable runs. H. A. G. Turrens attacked the bowling with a muscular rusticity of the type that often produces runs in this match, but he played late and crooked at Pelham's faster ball and pulled it into his wicket. The same bowler produced a magnificent break-back to the discomfiture of A. R. Tawell, and Eton went to luncheon in good appetite, the score being 146 for seven wickets.

After luncheon Stow continued to play sound cricket and Harrow's chances of a good score again brightened until the fast bowlers gave way to Pelham and J. N. Hogg. For while Hogg was steady, Pelham, with two good balls which came down the hill sharply, accounted for N. B. Clive and E. J. E. de Las Casas. The last wicket added a useful 20, D. E. Yarrow presenting the deadest of bats, and pads too, to whatever was served him, and Stow forging steadily ahead at the other end. He had just begun to steal the bowling with some success and to punish it as the situation demanded when Hogg defeated him and the Harrow welcome of the second hundred was "foiled of its crash."

By far the most successful of the Eton bowlers was Pelham, and his analysis of seven for 21 was no less remarkable than deserved. He hardly bowled a bad ball, and his pace from the pitch and frequent break-back demanded incessant vigilance from the batsmen. Harrow never seemed quite happy when he was on, any more than Eton did when he was off. The only occasion on which Hale seemed slow to recognize the fact was after luncheon, when he resumed, as he had begun, with Page and Hanbury. Otherwise he managed his bowling with shrewdness, and except for deep third-man, who was always too square, the field was well placed. Page swung a little at times, and perhaps deserved more success than he had; but Hanbury, it must be confessed, troubled the wicket-keeper, and even first slip, more than he did the batsmen, though it should be borne in mind that he is only 15, an age at which his severest critics, if they bowled fast at all, were probably as erratic and certainly less fast. Of the 26 extras A. M. Baerlein was responsible for only six. He stopped some very wide ones and was generally quiet and neat.

ETON'S CAREFUL START

The Eton innings opened at 3.25 with A. W. Allen and C. E. W. Sheepshanks, who remained together until after the tea interval and another interval for rain, but amassed no more than 89 runs. This excessive sobriety was partly due to the steadiness of the bowling, especially that of Welch and Covington, but mainly to the clemency with which Sheepshanks treated all except two of the many leg-balls which he received. The result was that the bowling was never really mastered, and directly it met with any success the battle had to be begun anew. Allen made some attractive off-drives and forcing shots off the leg-stump, and had much less than his share of the bowling. He was bowled by Welch off his legs with a ball whose flight apparently deceived him, and immediately afterwards Sheepshanks put a very long hop into mid-on's hands. Then for the rest of the day the bowlers were, if anything, on top. With Welch a model of steadiness at the Pavilion end, varying his pace well, and breaking down the hill often enough to cramp any undue aggressiveness on the batsman's part, and Covington at the other bowling the kind of slow left-hand stuff that, from the ring, looks so easy to hit into the next world, the Eton score made very slow progress as 7 o'clock approached. Covington's length was certainly good, and his break must have been well concealed or unsuspected by the Etonians. Hale played outside one at 111, and four runs later Hogg committed one of the cardinal crimes by running out and not getting to the pitch of the ball. What scoring there was came from some good cutting and driving by J. C. Atkinson-Clark, who showed much promise last year and is still undefeated. Comment on his batting may be left till his innings is finished. He found no one to stay with him very long, for after the suicide of Hogg, M. S. Gosling and A. M. Baerlein perished too by deaths for which the respective bowlers were not wholly responsible, Gosling coeking up a simple catch from a not especially subtle ball, and Baerlein treating as a plain half-volley a ball that turned a little from leg and was some inches short of what he thought it. Another contributor to the total was "Byes," whose figure in the completed innings may easily reach almost mid-Victorian proportions. Lord's is never easy for an inexperienced wicketkeeper, and apart from his allowance of byes, D. E. Yarrow showed a good deal of smartness.

To-day, much depends on what happens to the Eton tail. If it behaves in a modest and unsensational manner, as a tail should, a most interesting struggle must result. On the other hand Atkinson-Clark is still in, and while he remains the runs will come. And the wicket may crumble, and Eton's fast bowlers may find a length. The position, in fact, is full of "ifs," as it always is in cricket—except when Bradman is batting.

Score:—

HARROW.—First Innings

R. D. Stewart-Brown, b. Page		5
C. F. Haslewood, c. Baerlein, b. Pelham		11
F. E. Covington, c. Page, b. Pelham		15
W. M. Welch, c. Page, b. Hanbury		48
A. S. Lawrence, l.-b.-w., b. Pelham		4
J. M. Stow, b. Hogg		24
H. A. G. Turrens, b. Pelham		64
A. R. Tawell, b. Pelham		11
N. B. Clive, b. Pelham		0
E. J. E. de Las Casas, b. Pelham		3
D. E. Yarrow, not out		6
Byes, 6; l.-b., 9; w., 6; n.-b., 6		27
Total		199

ETON.—First Innings

A. W. Allen, b. Welch		44
C. E. W. Sheepshanks, c. Lawrence, b. Welch		28
J. C. Atkinson-Clark, not out		58
K. F. H. Hale, b. Covington		24
J. N. Hogg, st. Yarrow, b. Covington		0
M. S. Gosling, c. Tawell, b. Stow		0
A. M. Baerlein, c. Stow, b. Covington		10
A. G. Pelham, not out		2
Byes, 24; l.-b., 6		30
Total (6 wkts.)		201

R. Page, N. E. W. Baker, and T. F. Hanbury to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

HARROW.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Page	17	4	53	1
Hanbury	14	2	50	1
Pelham	21	12	21	7

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Baker	9	3	27	0
Hogg	7	0	36	2
Sheepshanks	1	0	5	0

UMPIRES.—King and Morton.

CENTURY BY JUPP

A splendid century by V. W. C. Jupp saved Northamptonshire from defeat by Worcestershire at Northampton yesterday, the game being given up as a draw at 6 o'clock with Worcestershire taking five points for the first innings lead.

At luncheon time, when Northamptonshire had lost six batsmen and still required 71 to avoid the innings defeat, an easy victory for Worcestershire seemed likely, but a stand for the seventh wicket which realised 149 completely altered the course of the game, and then Jupp, ably assisted by Matthews, played out time. Northamptonshire, following on 172 behind, made a capital start, Woolley and Bakewell having 50 on the board in three-quarters of an hour before the former was caught at the wicket. Woolley was most severe on Jackson, whom he hit for four boundaries in one over. Hawtin and Timms were dismissed for the addition of 15, but Jupp and Bakewell took the score to 98, when Bakewell, who had completed his 1,000 runs for the season, was caught at mid-on. Two more wickets fell for the addition of three runs, but after luncheon the game went in favour of the home county. Jupp should have been stumped off Root when he had made 17, and this mistake cost Worcestershire the match. Jupp and Cox increased the score to 250 in a hundred minutes, and when Cox was seventh out, Northamptonshire held a lead of 78. Cox, who played such fine cricket in the first innings, gave an even better display yesterday for his 61. Jupp and Matthews flogged the tired bowlers for 75 in 40 minutes, and with Northamptonshire holding a lead of 163 with three wickets in hand, stumps were pulled up.

Score:—

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Wright, c. Bellamy, b. Thomas	134
Fox (J.), c. Bellamy, b. Clark	56
Nichol, c. and b. Jupp	82
Gibbons, c. Cox, b. Clark	24
C. F. Walters, not out	157
Fox (V.), b. Liddell	14
R. W. Quaife, c. Liddell, b. Thomas	27
Root, not out	4
Leg byes, 2; w., 1; n.-b., 1	4
Total (6 wkts.)	501

C. F. Walters, J. Inings declared closed.

Brook, Perks, and Jackson did not go in.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Woolley, run out	30	c. Quaife, b. Brook	50
Bakewell, b. Brook	83	c. Jackson, b. Fox (J.)	36
A. P. R. Hawtin, b. Brook	1	c. Quaife, b. Brook	35
Timms (J. E.), l.-b.-w., b. Brook	2	c. Nichol, b. Brook	2
V. W. C. Jupp, c. Jackson, b. Root	31	b. Root	1
Bellamy, b. Brook	82	not out	142
Liddell, l.-b.-w., b. Root	15	c. Nichol, b. Brook	0
Cox, c. and b. Jackson	51	c. Quaife, b. Wright	61
Matthews, not out	20	not out	44
Thomas, l.-b.-w., b. Brook	4		
Clark, b. Brook	0		
Byes, 4; l.-b., 3	7	Byes, 5; l.-b., 8; n.-b., 1	14
Total	329	Total (7 wkts.)	335

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Clark	31	3	104	2
Thomas	35	7	106	2
Matthews	30.3	2	115	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Jupp	25	7	98	1
Cox	11	1	44	0
Liddell	8	0	30	1

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	35	8	101	3
Jackson	15	1	58	1
Perks	11	1	30	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Brook	35.4	5	113	6
Wright	7	2	22	0
Fox (J.)	2	0	2	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	32	3	91	1
Perks	13	4	32	0
Jackson	7	2	46	0
Brook	37	8	101	5

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Fox (J.)	10	3	14	1
Wright	4	1	18	1
Nichol	2	0	18	0
Walters	1	0	1	0

UMPIRES.—Denton and Dolphin.

DISAPPOINTING FINISH AT SOUTHAMPTON

Hampshire's six remaining wickets fell for the addition of 78 runs at Southampton yesterday, which left Essex 221 to make for victory, but when they had scored 30 without loss rain set in, and the game was abandoned as a draw shortly before 5 o'clock.

Having gained a first innings lead of seven, and then made 135 for four wickets overnight, Hampshire began the day 142 runs to the good, but Essex bowled and fielded so well that the innings closed just after 1 o'clock for 213. Judd and Lord Tennyson, the not-out batsmen, tried to force the pace but were soon parted, and of the remaining batsmen only Kennedy, who batted steadily for an hour, offered much resistance to the Essex bowlers, of whom Nichols and Smith were seen to special advantage.

Score:—

HAMPSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Brown, c. Hipkin, b. Daer	16	b. Nichols	16
Arnold, c. Sheffield, b. Nichols	0	c. Sheffield, b. Smith	4
W. G. Lowndes, c. Morris, b. Nichols	4	b. Smith	36
Mead, b. O'Connor	52	c. and b. Smith	32
Newman, b. Daer	35	b. Hipkin	27
Lord Tennyson, c. Nichols, b. Smith	16	c. Smith, b. O'Connor	0
Kennedy, c. Daer, b. Russell	15	c. Cuttmore, b. Nichols	23
A. K. Judd, b. Nichols	61	c. Nichols, b. Daer	27
Rotherham, l.-b.-w., b. Smith	16	l.-b.-w., b. Smith	7
A. E. G. Baring, c. O'Connor, b. Smith	12	c. O'Connor, b. Nichols	12
Timms, not out	1	not out	1
Byes, 17; l.-b., 11; n.-b., 1	29	Byes, 1; l.-b., 4	5
Total	240	Total	213

ESSEX.—First Innings

Cuttmore, c. Newman, b. Baring	11
Brown, c. Brown, b. Baring	0
O'Connor, c. Kennedy, b. Rotherham	37
Sheffield, c. Brown, b. Kennedy	1
Nichols, b. Baring	1
Hipkin, c. Baring, b. Rotherham	0
Daer, c. Brown, b. Rotherham	70
H. G. Morris, c. Brown, b. Judd	8
Hipkin, c. Brown, b. Newman	57
A. G. Russell, not out	14
Smith (P.), l.-b.-w., b. Kennedy	30
Bye, 1; l.-b., 1; n.-b., 1	3
Total	233

Second Innings.—Cuttmore, not out, 10; Brown, not out, 15. Leg-bye, 1.—Total (no wkt.), 26.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Nichols	28	8	62	3
Daer	24	6	58	2
O'Connor	16	7	32	1

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Smith	17.1	4	47	3
Hipkin	10	0	25	0
Russell	4	0	21	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Nichols	18.5	7	38	3
Daer	16	6	28	1
Smith	24	4	54	5

	O.	M.	R.	W.
O'Connor	17	3	41	1
Hipkin	7	1	23	1

ESSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	29.4	12	52	3
Baring	22	1	69	2
Newman	10	1	29	1

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lowndes	10	3	18	0
Judd	4	1	16	1
Pothecary	13	1	53	3

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Baring	4	1	14	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	4	0	15	0

UMPIRES.—Nash and Best.

MINOR COUNTIES COMPETITION

AT MONMOUTH.—OXFORDSHIRE beat MONMOUTHSHIRE by 107 runs

OXFORDSHIRE, 178 (H. Walker 45, F. C. Lee 37, Sadler five wickets for 45, Harris four wickets for 42) and 170 for six wickets for 42 (H. Walker 53, Harris four wickets for 42).

MONMOUTHSHIRE, 128 (R. W. Roff 43, H. Poulson not out 30, J. Rogers six wickets for 59, Walters three wickets for 28) and 106 (A. Hodges 35, Walters four wickets for 29).

AT BLETCHLEY.—BUCKINGHAMSHIRE v. BEDFORDSHIRE. BEDFORDSHIRE, 102 (A. R. Alston 28; Edwards 5 for 23); BUCKINGHAMSHIRE, 250 for 8 (W. B. Franklin 85, A. G. Skinner, 44).

MIDDLESEX SAVE THE GAME

BIG PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN HAIG AND HEARNE

A big fourth-wicket partnership between N. Haig and Hearne enabled Middlesex to save the game against Kent at Folkestone yesterday. Kent were set to make 134 runs in a little under two hours, but with Haig quickly getting rid of Woolley and Ames, Kent were forced to play for a draw rather than a win.

The wicket had completely recovered from Wednesday's rain yesterday morning, and Hearne and N. Haig had a chance not only to save the innings defeat but to save the match before luncheon by adding 116 runs together. They turned a possibility into a strong probability. On the Thursday evening Hearne's innings had been by no means faultless, and Kent should have had him back in the pavilion long before stumps were drawn. Yesterday, however, he gave the fieldsmen no reason to hope that they would be given a second, or rather a third, chance. When Freeman bowled he had only one slip, and G. B. Legge was in the orthodox mid-off position, a sound sign that the leg break could be watched well on to the bat. Haig once, in fact, drew it round with a cross-bat to the boundary, a stroke that would have been suicidal on Thursday. Haig gave Woolley, at short slip, a shock by placing a ball past him when his intentions were to drive it, and one dubious stroke was made by Hearne through the slips off Freeman. There was then everything to encourage Middlesex and nothing to encourage Kent. Hearne took the chances of scoring that were given to him without trying to make way for himself, and at 12.45 Haig, by going forward to Freeman and driving him nearly straight to the boundary, put Middlesex in front. Hearne reached his 100 by playing a ball of Freeman's late through the slips for 3, after he had just cut him square to the boundary. At luncheon he had scored 114 out of the Middlesex total of 244.

After luncheon the innings went on exactly as it had done before. There was no reason why the batsmen should take any risks, and Freeman was keeping a length which only permitted a forcing stroke once in a very long time. At 286 Haig jumped into Asbdown, played a little too soon, and skied the ball to mid-off, and at the same total Hulme was l.-b.-w. to Freeman. It was then 3.15, and with Middlesex 86 runs on with five wickets in hand the match was full of possibilities. It did not, as it happened, turn on the ability of the tail batsmen to stay with Hearne. At 299 Hearne, playing a purely defensive stroke at a ball of Freeman's which came straight through, was l.-b.-w. He had batted for just over 4¼ hours and hit 18 4's. The last four Middlesex batsmen in putting on 33 runs in 45 minutes did not make the match quite safe for their side. The pitch was getting a little dusty, and it was rather more difficult than it had been, and the ball with which Freeman got Durston caught at first slip did enough to beat the most impeccable stroke.

Kent had 134 runs to make in 110 minutes, and Woolley was very properly sent in with Hardinge to make them. After hitting Haig to the boundary he was l.-b.-w. to Haig, and with the total at 18 Ames was caught at the wicket off a ball of Haig's that got up abruptly. Legge made a courageous effort to force the pace, but when he left Hardinge and Todd had only to ensure that Kent should gain the first-innings points.

Score:—

KENT

First Innings		Second Innings	
Hardinge, c. Price, b. Hulme	30	not out	59
Todd, b. Hulme	21	not out	14
Woolley, l.-b.-w., b. Lee	77	b. Haig	4
Ames, b. Hulme	4	c. Price, b. Haig	9
Ashdown, run out	58		
J. H. N. Foster, b. Lee	1		
G. B. Legge, c. Price, b. Hearne	41	b. Hearne	10
Hull, c. Price, b. Hulme	0		
Freeman, b. Hearne	1		
Besley, c. Price, b. Hearne	40		
Peach, not out	0		
Byes, 5; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 1	8		
Total	287	Total (3 wkts.)	60

MIDDLESEX

First Innings		Second Innings	
Lee, c. Legge, b. Peach	15	b. Besley	41
Canning, c. Ashdown, b. Freeman	1	c. Legge, b. Freeman	19
Hearne, l.-b.-w., b. Freeman	16	b. Freeman	144
J. L. Guise, b. Freeman	13	c. Legge, b. Hardinge	16
N. Haig, c. Legge, b. Freeman	0	c. sub., b. Ashdown	63
Hulme, st. Ames, b. Hardinge	1	l.-b.-w., b. Freeman	0
Hart, c. Hardinge, b. Freeman	13	c. Ashdown, b. Woolley	20
Durston, st. Ames, b. Hardinge	3	c. Woolley, b. Freeman	14
Price, c. Legge, b. Hardinge	18	c. Hardinge, b. Woolley	4
Lester, c. and b. Hardinge	2	b. Freeman	4
Beveridge, not out	0	not out	0
Byes, 3; l.-b., 2	5	Byes, 7; l.-b., 2; w., 2	12
Total	87	Total	333

BOWLING ANALYSIS

KENT.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Haig	32	8	68	2
Lee	13	3	61	2
Hearne	20	1	48	3

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hulme	18	1	74	4
Beveridge	7	0	28	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Haig	16	4	34	1
Hearne	15	3	32	1

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Besley	5	2	8	0
Ashdown	20	5	44	1
Freeman	18.1	5	30	5

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Peach	5	0	11	0
Hardinge	12	7	21	4

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Besley	22	8	44	1
Ashdown	20	5	48	0
Freeman	68	23	136	1
Peach	4	0	11	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Hardinge	5	0	34	0
Todd	2	0	7	0
Woolley	7.2	2	13	2

UMPIRES.—Braund and Walden.

WARWICKSHIRE TAKE FIVE POINTS

Warwickshire were unable yesterday to force home the advantage they gained over Nottinghamshire on the first innings of their match at Edgbaston, and the game had to be left drawn, Warwickshire taking five points.

Rain caused a delay of 20 minutes at the start, and when Nottinghamshire went on with their first innings they still needed 61 to save the follow-on, with only three wickets in hand, for S. Staples could not bat owing to an injured left thumb. A splendid effort by Voce, who made 52 in 65 minutes—his highest score of the season—enabled Nottinghamshire to make their opponents bat again. Voce received valuable assistance from Shipston, who helped to put on 51 for the eighth wicket in an hour and 20 minutes. When Bland joined Voce 20 were wanted, but this pair added 40 before the innings closed. An error in the field when Voce offered a chance to backward point with his score at 32 proved expensive to Warwickshire, who had to be satisfied with a lead of 129.

Going in a second time Warwickshire lost Kilner at 33, but Croom and Bates, without taking any risks, made runs steadily, despite frequent bowling changes, and the hundred went up in an hour and 40 minutes. Afterwards the pace of scoring increased, and when Wyatt declared two hours' batting had yielded 125 runs, leaving Nottinghamshire to get 255 to win.

Gunn soon left, but Whysall and Walker scored freely, getting 105 in 65 minutes. After Whysall's dismissal Walker and Payton stayed until stumps were drawn, when Nottinghamshire, with their total 109 for two wickets, were 86 behind.

Score:—

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

Smith, c. Staples (S. J.), b. Staples (A.)	28
Croom, c. Staples (S. J.), b. Voce	57
Bates, l.-b.-w., b. Bland	37
Kilner, c. Wyatt, l.-b.-w., b. Bland	33
Rev. J. H. Parsons, run out	51
Kilner, b. Barratt	0
C. S. B. Shuckburgh, b. Staples (S. J.)	97
Smart, b. Barratt	0
Santall, run out	0
Sanders, b. Staples (A.)	42
Mayer, not out	105
Byes, 7; l.-b., 11; w., 1	64
Total	520

SECOND INNINGS.—Croom, not out, 55; Bates, not out 50; Kilner, run out, 0; wide, 1.—total (1 wkt.), *122.

* Innings declared closed.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Gunn (G.), l.-b.-w., b. Mayer	2	c. Mayer, b. Sanders	4
Whysall, c. Bates, b. Wyatt	158	c. Shuckburgh, b. Croom	60
Walker, b. Sanders	16	not out	66
Payton, b. Santall	19	not out	28
Filler, c. sub., b. Santall	13		
Staples (A.), c. Sanders, b. Mayer	10		
Shipston, c. Smart, b. Wyatt	52		
Barratt, c. Croom, b. Mayer	26		
Voce, not out	52		
Staples (S. J.), absent, hurt	15		
Bland, c. and b. Mayer, b. Wyatt	0		
Byes, 11; l.-b., 6; w., 1; n.-b., 1	19	Byes, 2; l.-b., 6; w., 1	11
Total	301	Total (2 wkts.)	169

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Barratt	28	11	93	2
Staples (S. J.)	31	11	74	1
Voce	29	7	106	1

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Staples (A.)	26.1	6	100	2
Bland	44	8	128	2

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Barratt	6	1	24	0
Staples (A.)	16	1	74	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Voce	7	0	32	0
Bland	14	1	49	0

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mayer	24	5	92	3
Sanders	26	7	64	1
Wyatt	17.3	4	49	3

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Croom	22	2	102	0
Bates	7	0	36	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mayer	9	0	50	0
Sanders	6	0	39	0
Wyatt	15	1	47	1
Croom	8	0	40	1

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Santall	6	0	21	0
Kilner	3	0	23	0
Bates	1	0	9	0

THE THIRD TEST MATCH

BRADMAN'S DAY

The Headingley ground at Leeds lived up to its evil reputation from England's point of view yesterday, when A. P. F. Chapman, for once in a way, lost the toss and Australia, profiting by first use of a batsman's wicket, scored 458 runs for the loss of three batsmen before stumps were pulled up, and so rendered themselves, in all probability, immune from defeat. If a tired English team go in to bat about tea-time to-day they will have a difficult task to avoid defeat. The chief interest in the day's play centred in the remarkable achievement of D. G. Bradman, who, at the age of 21, has scored centuries in each of his first three Test Matches in this country, and has at long last broken the record set up by R. E. Foster, the most graceful of famous batsmen, in the tour of 1903-04 at Sydney by scoring 309 not out, and there seems no strong reason to suppose that he may not continue in the same faultless vein to-day. At the most Bradman lifted the ball off the ground three times, and all bowlers were alike to him. This great innings brought Bradman's total of runs in the five innings he has played in Test Matches this season to 702, which in itself exceeds the aggregate ever made by an Australian batsman in the series of matches for the Ashes.

The fielding of the English team was in the main as keen and efficient as would be expected under such a captain, and A. P. F. Chapman himself made a characteristically brilliant catch to dismiss A. F. Kippax off the bowling of Tate, but the English bowling was made, chiefly through the agency of Bradman, to look innocuous throughout most of the day.

A full report of the day's play will be found on page 12.

SUSSEX WIN QUICKLY

Bowley and J. Parks continued to make light of the task of scoring 195 runs for Sussex in order to beat Gloucestershire at Hove yesterday, and, largely owing to their first wicket partnership, Sussex won by eight wickets well before luncheon.

The way in which Sussex obtained so many runs in two hours provided the biggest surprise of a remarkable match. Bowley and Parks had scored 59 of the runs on Thursday evening as if such a thing as a collapse never had occurred in a match of unaccountable collapses. Bowley had made 40 of these by driving like a batsman who had not a care in the world. Yesterday he continued an already splendid innings in exactly the same manner. Parks remained with him, a steady and confident partner, for another 55 minutes, during which the score was raised to 130. Parks's share of this total was 39, and Bowley's 86.

Bowley made his only uncertain stroke, a snick to leg dangerously close to the stumps, off Barnett's bowling, the ball before Parks was out. One of B. H. Lyon's most brilliant catches, no more than an inch off the ground left-handed at first slip, dismissed Parks. Sussex then took a distinct risk by altering the order of batting, but as H. Parks, again in form, went in after the quick fall of a second wicket there was no further suspense or anxiety.

Score:—

GLOUCESTERSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Dipper, c. Bowley, b. Cook	29	c. sub., b. Hammond	0
Sinfield, b. Parks (J.)	39	l.-b.-w., b. Bowley	16
B. H. Lyon, l.-b.-w., b. Langridge	8	l.-b.-w., b. Parks (J.)	50
Dacre, c. Parks (J.), b. Cook	10	c. Cook, b. Bowley	50
Neale, run out	8	b. Hammond	59
Barnett, c. and b. Bowley	4	b. Hammond	60
Smith, not out	17	c. Langridge, b. Hammond	33
Stephens, c. Hammond, b. Langridge	2	c. Bowley, b. Hammond	17
Ford, c. Parks (H.), b. Parks (J.)	7	not out	23
Parker, b. Parks (J.)	1	b. Hammond	2
Goddard, c. Hammond, b. Parks (J.)	0	c. sub., b. Hammond	4
		c. Parks (H.), b. Hammond	17
Byes, 10; l.-b., 6; w., 5	21	Byes, 9; l.-b., 3	12
Total	161	Total (3 wkts.)	*292

* Innings declared closed.

SOMERSET

First Innings		Second Innings	
Young, b. Bowes	18	c. Wood, b. Bowes	11
E. Longrigg, c. Wood, b. Bowes	0	b. Rhodes	25
R. A. Ingle, b. Robinson	12	b. Dennis	3
S. C. G. Considine, l.-b.-w., b. Robinson	0	c. Wood, b. Rhodes	0
J. C. White, l.-b.-w., b. Rhodes	28	b. Rhodes	20
Lee (F. S.), b. Rhodes	13	c. and b. Rhodes	29
C. C. Case, c. Wood, b. Bowes	5	c. Robinson, b. Bowes	30
Wellard, c. Holmes, b. Rhodes	10	c. Holmes, b. Rhodes	1
Lee (J. W.), not out	2	not out	25
Hunt, b. Bowes	0	c. Barber, b. Dennis	1
S. L. Amor, b. Bowes	2	c. Wood, b. Macaulay	0
Byes, 5; l.-b., 5	10	Byes, 8; l.-b., 4; n.-b., 1	13
Total	102	Total	180

BOWLING ANALYSIS

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	16	7	15	0
Hunt	11	5	12	0
White	43	27	42	3

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lee (J. W.)	32.4	18	34	5
Young	6	4	6	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	15	2	44	0
Hunt	20	4	71	0
White	22	2	71	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lee (J. W.)	29	7	61	1
Young	13	4	33	1

SOMERSET.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	13	4	29	2
Bowes	22.4	4	36	5

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Macaulay	12	2	13	0
Rhodes	10	5	15	3

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	6	1	9	0
Bowes	28	7	59	3
Dennis	12	5	36	2

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Rhodes	24	8	39	4
Macaulay	14.3	5	36	1

UMPIRES.—Street and Toone.

The match between the Greenjackets and Winchester College, played at St. Cross, was left drawn. (12 a side.) Tindall took three wickets for 26 runs and Winlaw two for 25 for the School, and Gore four for 68 for the Greenjackets.

Sherborne beat Westminster by an innings and 37 runs. They owed much to the bowling of D. Evans, who took six wickets for 53 runs in Westminster's first innings and three for 38 in the second. P. H. F. Mermagen, who made the highest score in the match (133), also took three wickets for 12 in Westminster's second innings.

YORKSHIRE WIN ON TIME

Rain almost robbed Yorkshire of victory over Somerset at Bath yesterday, for it

Parliament

UNEMPLOYMENT

BILL TO FACILITATE PUBLIC WORKS

LABOUR MEMBERS AND LORD HUNSDON

HOUSE OF COMMONS

FRIDAY, JULY 11

The SPEAKER took the Chair at 11 o'clock.

Mr. GREENWOOD, Minister of Health (Nelson and Colne), moved the second reading of the Public Works Facilities Bill to expedite the procedure for empowering local authorities and statutory undertakers to execute works which would contribute to the relief of unemployment, and to facilitate the acquisition by such authorities and undertakers of land and easements required for the purposes of their functions. He said the Bill arose out of the recent conference of local authorities called by the Prime Minister to devise measures for the relief of unemployment. It was an emergency Bill to deal with a serious situation by providing a more expeditious alternative to private Bill procedure in respect of powers required for the carrying out of public works. Under private Bill procedure action must be taken in October, and usually it was March before the Bill passed through Parliament. Accordingly the present measure proposed to dispense with those slow and hampering formalities by empowering the local authority or the statutory undertakers to submit to the Minister in the form of draft order the proposals which they would otherwise have incorporated in a private Bill. The Minister, after giving notice to persons affected, would lay the draft order before a Joint Committee of both Houses to decide whether an inquiry ought to be held, and, if not, the order would come into operation by a fixed date unless negatived by either House.

By a further provision local authorities and statutory undertakers were empowered to obtain land for the purposes of the Bill by order confirmed by the Minister, and subject to compensation to the owner of the acquired land. This power was already possessed by local authorities in the case of housing and allotments. There was also a provision for the compulsory acquisition of easements over land for the substitution of a bridge for a level crossing over a railway, and the apportionment of the cost between the local authority and the railway company. The Bill was to continue in force until December 31, 1933, unless Parliament otherwise determined.

THE BILL BELITTLED

SIR K. WOOD (Woolwich, W., U.) said very little had been claimed or could be claimed for these proposals. We had the highest unemployment total for 8½ years and a huge trade drop, and this Bill together with all the other Government proposals could only be described as an attempt to save a half-sinking ship by baling out water with a teaspoon. (Laughter.) The local authorities had for years past been expediting schemes, rates were already so high in many districts that they were affecting the development of industry, and undue pressure on local authorities at present brought with it the danger of temporary works aggravating the unemployment problem. The Bill did not deal with one of the major objections of the local authorities, who blamed as the cause of considerable delay the action of Government Departments. He agreed with the view that most of the delay occurred when the private Bill legislation procedure of the House had been completed and a project was submitted to the appropriate Departments to be dealt with. There were two valuable privileges under the present system which he begged the House to maintain. At present any person who was adversely affected by the scheme of a local authority or public undertaking had a right to the safeguard of a public inquiry, and that right should not be given up. Parliament should also retain a full measure of control with reference to the proceedings on any Bill or order.

Among the advantages of the present system was the fact that any scheme presented to the House had to be definite in detail and an estimate of cost must be given. In all these matters the Bill was thoroughly unsatisfactory. At some stage an objector to a proposal should be able to have his objections publicly and impartially heard as of right. There was another matter of considerable importance on which an amendment would be proposed. The Bill gave no effective control to the House, and the amendment would seek to ensure that at some stage an order should be definitely brought before the House, not merely, as proposed in this measure, if somebody chose to take objection. Ratepayers had the right under the Borough Funds Act to demand a poll in respect of schemes promoted by borough councils and urban district councils. There was no reason to interfere with that right, and he challenged the necessity of the provisions relating to it being inferentially repealed by this Bill. If amendments were made, he thought the Government were entitled to the measure for what it was worth.

LIEUT.-COL. WATTS-MORGAN (Rhondda, E., Lab.) said that the County Councils Association welcomed the Bill, especially Clauses 2 and 3, which would facilitate the acquisition of land.

LIBERAL SUPPORT

SIR H. SAMUEL (Darwen, L.) said that the Liberal Party would support the second reading and later stages of the Bill. No doubt it was a measure small in proportion to the vastness of the need, but any measure dealing with a problem so immense must necessarily be so. Yet the Bill was likely to bring not unimportant results. He was only sorry that the Bill was not introduced a year ago. From the beginning the Liberal Party had strongly urged the necessity for adopting emergency measures to deal with the problem.

COLONEL ASHLEY (New Forest and Christchurch, U.) said that the proposal in the Bill to do away with a public inquiry was a very pernicious one.

Mr. MAC LAREN (Burslem, Lab.) said that he did not feel very enthusiastic about the Bill. He wished that the Government had brought in a land valuation Bill in the last Budget instead of playing with the problem like this.

CAPTAIN BOURNE (Oxford, U.) said that the Bill was asking the House to abdicate its rights to a greater extent than was justified by the present position.

LIEUT.-COM. KENWORTHY (Hull, Central, Lab.) said he regretted that there was no power to deal with the recalcitrant and obstructionist local authorities which would not do anything for the unemployed.

SIR P. PILDITCH (Spelthorne, U.) said he did not think that the Bill was likely to lessen unemployment.

Mr. WOMERSLEY (Grimsby, U.) said that, in the main, local authorities would welcome the Bill, though there were many ways in which it could usefully be amended.

SIR D. HERBERT (Watford, U.) said it was only the fact that this was an emergency Bill that made it easy for some of them to give it real and genuine support. The Bill was brought forward by the party which above all others claimed to be the defenders of liberty, and yet it placed in the hands of the executive Government powers of dealing with the affairs of the citizens and overriding Parliament to a very great extent.

SIR BOYD MERRIMAN (Rusholme, U.) said that in the opinion of the Unionists the Bill as it stood would diminish the protection afforded by law to the individual, while its effect on unemployment would be negligible. Its proper title was "The abolition of private Bill legislation and Ministers' autocratic powers Act." The protection said to be afforded the individual by a public inquiry was illusory. The question was to be decided by a Select Committee, on which, he supposed, in accordance with the usual constitution of such a body, there would be a majority of members reflecting the opinion of the Minister of the day, and if the Minister thought there ought not to be a public inquiry no public inquiry would be held.

MINISTER'S DEFENCE

Mr. MORRISON, replying upon the debate, said it would appear to be the position of the Opposition that while they were going to agree to the second reading, they might in Committee suggest a series of amendments, which, so far as he could see, would, if they were all accepted, very largely destroy the fundamental purposes for which the Bill had been introduced. That did not seem to him a particularly frank attitude. It was impossible to hurry up procedure unless they interfered with the existing practices of Parliament and the procedure through which local authorities and statutory companies had to go. That was the purpose of Clause 1, and if the Government were challenged upon it they must accept the challenge. It had been suggested that the qualifications were illusory, because in the last resort the Minister concerned was enabled to exercise his own judgment. The Minister, however, would be answerable to Parliament. The Government asked the House to confer on Ministers discretionary powers which they had not at present, because it was the only way in which procedure in these matters could be hurried up. It had been suggested that it was difficult to see how the making and laying out of open spaces was related to unemployment. Frequently such works were submitted to the Unemployment Grants Committee specifically as unemployment work and accelerated for that purpose. In cases where a proposal from a local authority or statutory company raised prominent issues of public policy, on which there might be a raging controversy in the district, he should think the Minister would say that the matter was one which should be dealt with not by Ministerial decree but by private Bill. A Bill like the London Traffic Co-ordination Bill ought not to be dealt with by Ministerial decree.

SIR B. MERRIMAN asked whether the Charing Cross Bill would come within this measure.

Mr. MORRISON said he should say that whether it came within the Bill or not, if he were handling it he would not be disposed to take the responsibility of dealing with it under Clause 1, but would think it had better be dealt with as a private Bill. If a controversy were not one of substance, he would act under the Bill, if that were admissible. Every case must be judged on its merits. Where there was a big public controversy involved the Minister might have to decide that the matter ought to go into a private Bill. It should be made perfectly clear that the local authorities accepted the Bill. In spite of what Sir K. Wood had said, they were satisfied with and deeply appreciative of the action which the Government had taken in this and other matters arising out of the Guildhall conference. Of course, amendments would be considered, but the Government must retain the essential purpose of the Bill, which was to secure acceleration in public works.

The Bill was read a second time without a division, and committed to a Committee of the whole House.

PUBLIC WORKS LOANS BILL

PERSONNEL OF A COMMISSION

The House went into Committee on the Public Works Loans Bill, Mr. R. YOUNG, Chairman of Committees (Newton), in the Chair.

On Clause 1, which appoints Public Works Loans Commissioners for five years,

Mr. WALLHEAD (Merthyr, Lab.) moved to delete the name of Lord Hunsdon from the list of Commissioners. He said that when the miners were fighting to prevent their miserable wages from being reduced in 1926, this gentleman referred to them as enemies of the country. Speaking to a Conservative organization, he said, referring to the War, that starvation was a weapon which was permissible against the Germans, who were our enemies. He went on to declare that the miners of this country were also our enemies, and that starvation was a legitimate weapon to be used against them and their families. He (Mr. Wallhead) said that those sentiments were disgraceful, and proved that Lord Hunsdon was not fitted to hold a position such as the Government proposed to give him. He knew nothing about this gentleman or his merits. There seemed to be a feeling in Government circles that many members of their party were unfitted for jobs of that description. If, however, the amendment was carried, the names of others equally fitted for the work could be found.

Mr. BATEY (Spennymoor, Lab.) supported the amendment.

Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE, Financial Secretary to the Treasury (Leicester, W.), said that the functions of the Board were not political but administrative. It was true that in form they were reappointing the Board, but in practice they were continuing a Board that was already in existence, and to select certain names for definite exclusion would be contrary to English practice and might have a repercussion on other matters that the supporters of the amendment would not desire. It would also be passing a vote of censure on those individuals. (Labour cheers.) We did not have in this country, as in the United States, the "spoils system," by which, when a Government went out, all sorts of individuals in administrative positions went out with it. If it could be proved that this gentleman had introduced into his functions on the Board political bias and prejudice then the House would be entitled to make that the subject of censure, and have his name removed from the Board. But nothing of the kind had been alleged, nor could it be alleged.

SIR E. HILTON YOUNG (Sevenoaks, U.), opposing the amendment, said it would make an unfortunate limitation in the field of choice if it were to become the practice to review these appointments in any political light.

Mr. TINKER (Leigh, Lab.) said he could not support Lord Hunsdon at any time, because he was one of the miners' bitterest opponents in 1926, and said they ought to be starved into submission.

Mr. GRIFFITH (Middlesbrough, W., L.) said that, although there was as much reason in this case as there could be in any case for the indignation of hon. members opposite, he hoped they would not press the amendment. If it were carried any hope of getting continuity of work on committees of this kind would be lost for ever, because as Governments changed the committees would be changed too.

Mr. BROAD (Edmonton, Lab.) said that the working classes had proved by their administration of cooperative societies that they were in no need of captains of industry and Napoleons of finance. He would feel bound on this occasion to vote against a Labour Government in protest against this recognition on their part of a Labour inferiority complex. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. C. WILLIAMS (Torquay, U.) thought it might be accepted that the members of this Commission would observe the tradition of our public life that party considerations would not influence them in the discharge of their duties.

Mr. RICHARDSON (Houghton-le-Spring, Lab.) appealed to the Government not to put on the Whips. He himself had so far never voted against the Government; but no self-respecting miner could possibly support the retention of Lord Hunsdon as a Loan Commissioner.

MOTION TO REPORT PROGRESS

MINISTER ACCUSED OF "COWARDICE"

Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE said that in view of the turn the debate had taken he moved to report progress.

SIR B. EYRES-MONSELL (Evesham, U.) said that if anything could prove the farce of a Socialist Government it was the motion moved from the Government bench. He had never seen a more complete surrender of a Government or a more conspicuous act of cowardice on the part of a Minister. (Labour cries of protest.) The Government, who were going to this very type of gentleman to get them out of their difficulties, allowed their left wing to turn round upon them. The result would be that the Government would get nobody to help them in this work. He hoped Opposition members would vote against the motion.

LIEUT.-COM. KENWORTHY said that a master of Parliamentary tactics was trying to retrieve the defeat he suffered earlier in the week on a matter where there was no great party difference. There were many members on the Ministerial side of the House who would be willing to see the amendment accepted. In the absence of the Prime Minister and of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Pethick-Lawrence had rightly moved to report progress. That was a democratic proceeding. Sir B. Eyres-Monsell saw snatched away from him what he thought was another snap division. Labour members would carry their point with regard to the noble lord whose name had been brought into discussion. If his name were not withdrawn he would doubtless resign.

SIR E. HILTON YOUNG said the motion to report progress meant the surrender of the Government. He was astonished at the Government's action. The gentleman who was being censured was, he understood, absent, an invalid, and unable to defend himself. He made no complaint of the Socialist members below the gangway, but it was the absolute duty of the Government and the responsible Ministers to protect those who, in spite of strong political opinions, undertook voluntary service on behalf of the State. The example set that day was one of incredible mischief for the future.

Mr. WALLHEAD asked whether the right hon. gentleman imagined that more than one person in 10,000,000 would have made the remark to which they had objected. He did not say a single word in moving the amendment against any other member of the Board, but this was a thing he could not allow to pass. It was callously cruel.

SIR E. HILTON YOUNG said he was not dealing with the hon. member's action, but the failure of Ministers to defend public servants. Infinite harm had been done to the free choice of the best men to render public service.

Mr. WISE (Leicester, E., Lab.) said the objection to the Board was not confined to one particular individual. It was indefensible for a Labour Government to ask the House to appoint to decide such matters as were in question a body appointed years ago by a Tory Government because they were Tories. There was a strong feeling that the absurd doctrine of continuity should not be practised by a Labour Government.

Mr. BOOTHBY (Aberdeen, E., U.), who was met with Labour cries of "Divide," said he did not see why he should be howled down. The Government had placed the Opposition and the House in an impossible position. They were not given an opportunity of discussing the composition of the Board and were now asked to abandon the very public servants to whom the Government up to a quarter of an hour ago had asked the House to give their support.

Mr. REMER (Macclesfield, U.) said that by moving to report progress the Government had brought itself down to the level of the United States of America, where all the Civil servants changed with every change of Government.

Miss WILKINSON (Middlesbrough, E., Lab.) said that it was too much that the present Opposition should attack the Government for doing the obviously sensible thing. They had realized that a mistake had been made, that the matter ought to be reconsidered, and that, instead of this collection of political antiques some persons should be appointed who belonged to modern life. It was too extraordinary that this collection of Madame Tussaud effigies should be brought forward when there was urgent need of work for the unemployed and of something being done.

Mr. E. BROWN (Leith, L.) said that Miss Wilkinson, in her capacity of heavy mother, was amusing. (Laughter.) He opposed the motion to report progress. The Financial Secretary had set a very undesirable precedent.

SIR R. HORNE (Glasgow, Hillhead, U.) said that the Government were asking that progress should be reported in order to get themselves out of a very ignominious position. The House ought to defend people whose sole desire was to serve the State. He would beg the Government to consider whether they would not make it difficult for such people to give their services in the future if these attacks took place.

MAJOR ELLIOT (Glasgow, Kelvingrove, U.) said that the Financial Secretary had moved the adjournment not only to get himself out of a difficulty but in order to change the names. If such a step were taken the whole future of economic experiments in this country would be jeopardized.

Mr. MORRIS (Cardigan, L.) welcomed the motion because the debate had shown the assertion of the authority of the House of Commons over the Executive. He wanted to see a free and independent House of Commons reinstated in this country.

Mr. A. M. SAMUEL (Farnham, U.) said that it was a cowardly thing for the Financial Secretary, simply out of fear that his Government might be defeated, to run away and leave these public servants in the lurch.

SIR D. HERBERT said that the members of the Board had been described as effigies from Madame Tussaud's. Mr. Pethick-Lawrence having first given the views of the Government supporting a list of names for this Board, now, at the dictation of a section of his supporters, was apparently prepared to admit that he and his colleagues might equally be described as effigies from Madame Tussaud's, not fit to decide who were the people whose names were to be submitted to the House of Commons.

The motion was carried by 164 votes to 44—majority, 120—and, the House having resumed, progress was reported.

A POINT OF ORDER

SIR D. HERBERT, rising to a point of order, said he came through the division lobby just behind the tellers, and consequently his vote was not recorded. Had he the right to ask that his name be recorded as being in the "No" lobby? He passed through before the tellers came to the table.

The SPEAKER said the hon. member should have announced this before the figures were announced.

The House stood adjourned at 1 minute past 4 o'clock.

DIARY OF THE WEEK

Following is a record of the business done in both Houses of Parliament during the past week:—

HOUSE OF LORDS

TUESDAY.—Glasgow Corporation Bill read second time.

Poor Prisoners' Defence, Illegitimate Children (Scotland), Rochdale Corporation (No. 2), and London County Council (Money) Bills read third time.

WEDNESDAY.—Commons' amendments to Clacton-on-Sea Pier, Fife Electric Power, Hastings Tramways Company (Trolley Vehicles), Sidmouth Electricity, and Wednesbury Corporation Bills agreed to.

Housing (No. 2), British Museum, and Education (Scotland) Bills read first time.

Hairdressers' and Barbers' Shops (Sunday Closing) Bill read second time.

Hartlepool Gas and Water and Board of Education Scheme (Devon, Crediton Exhibition Foundation) Confirmation Bills read third time.

Debate on Assessment of Playing Fields and Recreation Grounds.

THURSDAY.—Commons' amendments to Llanelly District Traction Bill agreed to.

Stoke-on-Trent Extension Bill rejected by 63 votes to 45.

Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland), Air Transport (Subsidy Agreements), and Overseas Trade Bills passed through Committee.

West Ham Corporation, Argyll Trust Estate, River Lee (Flood Relief, &c.), and Newcastle-upon-Tyne Corporation (Quay Extension, &c.) Bills read third time.

Debate on Sale of Cuban Sugar to Russia.

Royal Assent given to 38 Acts, including Mental Treatment Act, Railways (Valuation for Rating) Act, Third Parties (Rights against Insurers) Act, and British North America Act.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

MONDAY.—Lords' amendments to Brighton and Hove Gas Bill agreed to.

Public Works Facilities Bill read first time.

British North America, London United Tramways, and Redcross Street Burial Ground (Bristol) Bills read second time.

Torquay and Paignton Traction Bill rejected by 222 votes to 109.

Finance Bill: Committee.

Llanelly District Traction Bill agreed to on Report.

Clacton-on-Sea Pier Bill read third time.

TUESDAY.—Prevention of Corruption Bill withdrawn.

Housing (No. 2) and British North America Bills read third time.

WEDNESDAY.—Public Ownership of Natural Resources, Solicitors (Clients' Accounts), and Hartlepool Gas and Water Bills read first time.

Finance Bill: Government majority of three on Liberal amendment dealing with company reserves. Committee stage concluded.

Coal Mines Bill: Lords' amendments further considered.

THURSDAY.—West Ham Corporation, Argyll Trust Estate, River Lee (Flood Relief, &c.), and Newcastle-upon-Tyne Corporation (Quay Extension, &c.) Bills read first time.

Petroleum Bill read second time.

Road Traffic Bill further considered on Report.

Llanelly District Traction Bill read third time.

FRIDAY.—Public Works Facilities Bill read second time.

Public Works Loans Bill considered in Committee.

London Building, London County Council (General Powers), and Southampton County Council (Bursledon Bridge) Bills agreed to on Report.

EMPIRE FREE TRADE

The executive committee of the Twickenham Divisional Conservative Association unanimously passed the following resolution at a private meeting on Thursday night:—

"This association urges upon the leaders of the Conservative Party the absolute necessity of adopting immediately a full Empire free trade policy whereby the number of unemployed will be permanently reduced and the interests of the workers safeguarded. We are also of the unanimous opinion that the referendum should now be dropped and that the Conservative Party should do everything in its power to encourage all necessary imports from the British Empire of any food supplies, by imposing a duty on similar foreign imports."

LORD WOLMER ON MR. BALDWIN'S POLICY

Lord Wolmer, speaking at Fleet, Hants, last night, referred to Mr. Baldwin's policy, and said that the Conservative leader would adopt a full tariff reform programme on all imported manufactured articles that could be made in this country. As to Empire free trade, Mr. Baldwin refused to be stampeded by either Lord Beaverbrook or Lord Rothermere, and emphatically declined to have his policy dictated by any newspaper proprietor or capitalist. In Mr. Baldwin's opinion the time was not yet ripe for Empire free trade. It was a question for later consideration.

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

MUSIC AND VARIETY

To-night, at 9.5, a concert of chamber music will be given by Miss Marjorie Hayward, Miss Rebecca Clarke, Miss May Mukle, and Miss Kathleen Long. Earlier in the evening there will be broadcast a variety entertainment, to which Messrs. Whaley and Ferguson, Mr. John Henry, Miss Mabel Constanduros, and Mr. Michael Hogan will contribute.

Dr. H. R. L. Sheppard, Dean of Canterbury, will return to his old pulpit at St. Martin-in-the-Fields to-morrow evening, when his address will once again be broadcast in the National programme. He was last heard by listeners on May 12, 1929.

FIRST TELEVISION PLAY

The first television play, an adaptation of Pirandello's *The Man with a Flower in His Mouth*, is to be broadcast by the B.B.C. from the Baird studios at 3.30 on Monday afternoon. The production marks an interesting advance in television, for hitherto the broadcasts have consisted of the head and shoulders of just one artist singing or a lecturer talking. In this play the head and shoulders will be seen of each of the three characters—the man, a customer, and the woman—as he or she speaks, and not only will the faces of the actors be seen, but there will also be images of their hands, the gestures they make, and other objects illustrating the dialogue.

PROGRAMMES FOR THE WEEK-END

The broadcasting arrangements for today, July 12, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. 1,148kc. (261.3m.). 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—Time Signal from Greenwich, Weather. **10.45-11**:—Hunting Crystals and Semi-Precious Stones, by Miss Bery-Drillion. **1-2**:—Orchestra from the Commodore Theatre, Hammersmith. **2.50**:—Oxford and Cambridge v. Princeton and Cornell Sports: A Running Commentary by Harold M. Abrahams, relayed from Stamford Bridge.

5.15:—Children: Unison and Part Songs by the Frederick-road School Boys' Choir, directed by Mr. F. Hawkyard. The Story of the Man with the White Waistcoat (W. E. Swinton). We should like your solutions to a new competition, so have your pencils and postcards ready, please. **6**:—Music. **6.15**:—Weather, News, Announcements, and Sports Bulletin. **6.30**:—England v. Australia: An Eye-witness Account of the Third Test Match at Leeds, by Mr. A. C. Maclaren, from Leeds. **6.40**:—Regional Sports Bulletin. **6.45**:—Bach's Keyboard Music, played by Edward Isaacs (pianoforte). **7**:—Literary Competition, 5—Animals. **7.20**:—The Week's Work in the Garden, by the Royal Horticultural Society.

7.30:—Whaley and Ferguson (the coloured comedy couple); Arthur Klein and Mona Magnet, in comedy; John Henry and Gladys Horridge, in The Pied Piper; Rudy Starita (xylophone and vibrophone solos); Mabel Constanduros and Michael Hogan, in Saving her Face; Mabel Marks (light comedy songs at the piano); The Three Ginx, in harmony; Edgar Fairchild and Robert Lindholm, duo-pianists, who will play throughout the programme. **9**:—Weather, News, Shipping Forecast. **(1,554.4m. only) 9.20**:—Behind the Screen, a serial detective story, 5—by Mr. E. C. Bentley. **9.40**:—The Wireless Military Band, conducted by Charles Leggett; Winifred Fisher (soprano). **10.40-12**:—Band from the May Fair Hotel.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME. 842kc. (356.3m.).

3.30:—Brixton Division Winning Band, Police Championship, 1930, conducted by H. A. Broughton; Trefor Jones (tenor). **4.45**:—Midland Regional programme. **5.15**:—Dance Music. **6.15**:—Weather, News, Announcements, and General Sports Bulletin. **6.40**:—Sports Bulletin. **6.45**:—Midland Regional programme. **9**:—News. **9.5**:—Marjorie Hayward (violin), Rebecca Clark (viola), May Mukle (violoncello), Kathleen Long (pianoforte). **10.15-10.30**:—Weather, News.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME. 626kc. (479.2m.).

3.30:—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Frank Cantell; Muriel Sotham (contralto), Mason and Armes (entertainers with a piano). **4.45**:—Organ Recital. **5.15**:—Children—The Line of Gold and What it Brought, a whimsy by Mildred Forster; Songs by Herbert Thorpe (tenor); Chrissie Thomas and her Musical Glasses; A Holiday on Wheels, something about camping, by John Anderson. **6**:—London Regional programme. **6.15**:—Weather, News. **6.45**:—Under Neapolitan Skies, Music and Songs of Southern Italy, presented by Herbert Thorpe (tenor); the D'Alton Instrumental Quartet. **7.30**:—The Midland Wireless Augmented Orchestra (leader, Frank Cantell), conducted by Joseph Lewis; Herbert Simmonds (baritone), Mildred Dilling (harp). **9**:—News. **9.5**:—The Midland Pianoforte Sextet, directed by Frank Cantell; the Midland Wireless Chorus, conducted by Joseph Lewis. **10.15-10.30**:—Weather, News.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—National programme. **11-12**:—Gramophone Records. **3.30**:—See Glasgow. **6.15**:—National programme. **6.45**:—See Glasgow. **7.30**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.20**:—National programme. **9.40**:—See Glasgow. **10.40-12**:—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30:—The Daily Service. **4**:—The Radio Quartet; Dorothy Camlin (soprano), Lionel Millard (saxophone). **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—Music. **6.15**:—National programme. **6.40**:—Music. **6.45**:—National programme. **7**:—Mr. E. Godfrey Brown—Next Week's Music. **7.15**:—The Royal Horticultural Society's Weekly Bulletin. **7.25**:—Music. **7.30**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.20**:—National programme. **10.40**:—Dance Music. **11.30-12**:—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **1-2**:—National programme. **2.50-12**:—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12-12.45**:—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales. **2.50**:—National programme. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **6.40**:—Regional Sports Bulletin. **6.45**:—National programme. **7**:—Mr. M. J. Turnbull—Cricket Here and There. **7.20**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.20-12**:—National programme.

DUBLIN Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30:—Time, Weather, and Gramophone Concert. **7.20**:—News and Time. **7.30**:—Monologues by Harry Fraser. **7.45**:—Irish Lesson. **8**:—Concert—W. S. Gwynn Williams in a Programme of his own Compositions for Pianoforte and Orchestra; Jack Dwan and Company in a Sketch; Irvine Lynch (bass); the Station String Orchestra; Irish Music; Gertrude Mortimer (mezzo-soprano); R. McCully and H. O'Dempsey; Opera Duets; Ellen Denn (contralto); the Station Orchestra. **10.30**:—Time, News, and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—National programme. **11-12**:—See Glasgow. **3.30**:—See Glasgow. **6.15**:—National programme. **6.40**:—See Glasgow. **6.45**:—National programme. **7**:—See Glasgow. **7.30**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.20-12**:—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—National programme. **11-12**:—Gramophone Records. **3.30**:—The Orkney and Shetland Isles, Music and Song, by Helen Mitchell, with Augustus Beddie, Irene Davidson, James Gibson, Helen Mitchell, William Murtagh, Elsie Payne, Nan Shaw, Andrew Stewart, Bertha Waddell. **10.40-12**:—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12-1**:—The Northern Wireless Orchestra; Gertrude M. Crosbaw (pianoforte). **2.50**:—National programme. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **6.30-6.40**:—An eye-witness account of the Test Match Australia v. England, by Mr. A. C. Maclaren, relayed from the Headingley Cricket Ground, Leeds. **6.45**:—National programme. **7**:—Mr. C. James: Towards an Ideal in Village Life. **7.20**:—Royal Horticultural Society's Bulletin. **7.30**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.20**:—National programme. **9.40**:—The Northern Wireless Orchestra; The Oak Settle, a farcical comedy in one act, by Harold Brithouse, with Alice Astley, Sheila Pallister, Harry Clifford, W. E. Dicman, and F. A. Nichols. **10.40-12**:—National programme.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12-1**:—Gramophone Recital. **2.50**:—National programme. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **6.40**:—Local Sports Bulletin. **6.45**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News; Items of Naval information. **9.20-12**:—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12-12.45**:—See Cardiff. **2.50**:—National programme. **5.15**:—See Cardiff. **6**:—National programme. **6.40**:—Sports Bulletin. **6.45**:—National programme. **7**:—See Cardiff. **7.20**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.20-12**:—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12-1**:—See Manchester. **2.50**:—National programme. **5.15**:—See Manchester. **6-6.40**:—National programme. **6.45**:—National programme. **7**:—See Manchester. **7.30**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.20-12**:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.—7 :—Concert of Trio Music, followed by News. 10 :—Chimes, Weather, Exchange Quotations, and Market Prices. 10.5 :—Orchestral Music. 11.5 :—Programme from Madrid.

BELGRADE (432m.), 2.5kw.—7 :—Talk. 7.30 :—Recital of National Songs to Guitar accompaniment. 8 :—The Count of Luxembourg, operetta (Lehar). 9 :—Choral Concert. 10 :—Time and News. 10.15 :—Quartet Concert. 11.15 :—Gramophone Records of National Music.

BERLIN (Königswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 26kw.—4 :—See Hamburg. 5.30 :—Review of Books. 6 :—Talk. 6.30 :—Humorous Tales. 7 :—Talks. 8-12.30 a.m. (Sunday) :—Programme relayed from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.5kw.—4.30 :—Concert of Light Music—Overture, The Merry Wives of Windsor (Nicolai); Waltz, Wo die Zitronen blüh'n (Strauss); Moment Musical and Scherzo (Schubert); Träume (Wagner); Prize Song (Wagner); Nutcracker Suite (Tchaikovsky); Suite from Die Geschöpfe des Prometheus (Beethoven); Minuet (Mozart); Two Pieces from Rococo Variations (Tchaikovsky). 6.30 :—Talk. 6.55 :—Labour Market Report. 7 :—B. Trafen Recital. 7.30 :—Recital of Finnish Folk Songs. 7.50 :—Sports Improvisations. 8 :—The Interview of the Week. 8.30 :—The Funkhaus in Berlin, a variety programme, folk-sed by Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music.

BRUSSELS (508.5m., 1kw. splits 50kw.):—Gramophone Concert. 7.30 :—Journal Parle. 8.15 :—Trio Concert. 8.30 :—Gramophone Records. 8.50 :—Topical Talk. 9 :—Concert, relayed from the Kursaal, Ostend. After the Concert, News.

BUDAPEST (550m.; 20kw.—7.15 :—Humorous Programme. 8.15 :—Orchestral Concert. 9.50 :—Gramophone Concert. 11.20 :—Concert by a Tzigane Orchestra, from the Royal Hotel.

COPENHAGEN (281m., 0.75kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m., 7.5kw.—6.50 :—Weather and News. 7.15 :—Time Signal. 7.30 :—Literary Talk. 8 :—Town Hall Chimes. 8.2 :—Concert. 8.30 :—Gramophone Records. 8.50 :—Topical Talk. 9 :—Concert, relayed from the Kursaal, Ostend. After the Concert, News.

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Letters to the Editor

PORTRAITS BY GENTILE BELLINI

A FIND IN CONSTANTINOPLE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In the course of a recent visit to Istanbul Dr. F. R. Martin informs me that he was asked by Halil Bey, the courteous Director-General of the Fine Arts and Museums of the Turkish Republic, to examine two portraits of the Sultan Mohammed II., the Conqueror of Constantinople. The existence of such portraits had been known for more than 30 years, since they were seen when King Oscar II. of Sweden was allowed to examine the private library of Abdul Hamid, in the hope of finding books or documents bearing upon Charles XII. On this occasion four portraits were ultimately discovered in the Old Seraglio. One, however, was only a copy of the Florentine engraving of "Il Gran Turco" in the Berlin Print Room. The other three, from their evident connexion with Gentile Bellini, were more notable.

The first was a head of the Sultan Mohammed II. by Gentile's own hand, on a scale larger than that of the famous Layard picture at Trafalgar-square, and far more incisive in character. The nose was sharper, the eye more vivid, the mouth severe and bitter. Here was the real destroyer of the Byzantine Empire, like a great eagle who had just killed a lesser eagle. Unfortunately the face and beard had been slightly retouched by some later Turkish artist, probably Weli Djan, the Court painter favoured by Suliman the Magnificent. Later still the collar of the robe was adorned with a flowered pattern in a hard blue, which entirely spoils the general tone of the drawing. Fortunately, the white turban, with all its exquisitely rendered folds, escaped both "restorers."

The second portrait, which needs longer consideration than was possible at the time, appeared to be a preparatory study for the Layard painting, or a drawing made from it. Here, too, the turban was a marvellous piece of work and quite untouched, but the head and dress had been re-worked by the same unfortunate hand, in ugly blues and reds.

The third portrait may once have been the most interesting of them all. In it the Sultan is represented seated, holding a rose, in an attitude similar to that of the well-known miniature of a Turkish Prince which Dr. Martin discovered in 1905. But here Weli Djan has done too much. Practically nothing is left of Bellini's work under its present coating of blues and reds. No Turk could have drawn the pose, but only an X-ray print can settle finally what the original was like. It is possible, of course, that Gentile may have had some European assistant; also that there may still be other drawings by him in the Library of the Old Seraglio. Dr. Martin noticed a little study of a stag's head, which might have been either by Gentile Bellini or Pisanello; and in an album an oil-painting on paper of a young man's portrait which might prove to be by Lorenzo Lotto. These and similar questions can only be settled when photographs are taken, but since Halil Bey is contemplating the production of a great book upon the treasures of Oriental painting in the Old Seraglio, there is every reason to hope that facilities for study will now be extended to accredited scholars in a manner that was not possible under the former Turkish régime. Halil Bey has already done such fine work in re-arranging the contents of the building, that all Orientalists will await with interest the further progress of his researches.

I am, &c.,
C. J. HOLMES.

BANKERS AND EMPIRE TRADE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Lord Hugh Cecil enjoys the advantage, or suffers from the disability, of apparently being able to present an intellectual statement on a subject with which he has little real acquaintance. He wants to know what has changed since 1846; the most obvious change is that we now live in a world of industrial nations competing with us, whereas in 1846 we were the industrial autocrats of the world.

He appears to think that an import duty necessarily raises prices. If he will study the effect of the existing safeguarding duties he will find that the general effect has been very substantially to reduce working costs by spreading factory overhead expenses over a larger production. Quite clearly, when we extend safeguarding widely, we shall be able to spread effectively the gigantic burden of taxation over a larger national production, with a consequent reduction in manufacturing costs.

In some cases, however, like the one he mentions—namely, wheat—I agree with him that its continued production depends upon a higher sale price, but it does not then follow, as he seems to think, that it is necessarily "wasteful to cultivate wheat in England which could be more cheaply imported." If I pay 10s. for foreign wheat that would have cost me 13s. if it had been grown in England, but if at the same time I have to contribute 5s. directly or indirectly to the Poor Rate or to the Unemployment Insurance Fund, to sustain the person in idleness who otherwise would have grown the wheat, it seems to me that I have paid 15s. for the foreign wheat instead of paying 13s. for the British wheat, and, at the same time, I have demoralized one of my fellow citizens by sustaining him in idleness instead of keeping him in employment.

Yours faithfully,
HERBERT G. WILLIAMS.
351, Abbey House, Victoria-street, S.W.1.
July 11.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It is true, as Sir Josiah Stamp says, that we do not know the bankers' views as to safeguarding, nor can we be sure of their corporate opinion on many other subjects. They have, however, left us in no doubt that they advocate import duties including food taxes as a means of achieving a wider market for our exports to countries within the Empire. This is the single point upon which they have delivered themselves, and to impute to them ambiguity by introducing other matter is to throw dust in the eyes of the public.

I am, &c.,
W. E. LEVESON.
Reform Club, July 10.

FINALS AT WIMBLEDON

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It is sincerely to be hoped that the innovation of postponing one of the finals at Wimbledon to the Monday after the normal day for the end of the Championships will not be repeated. It is not only unfair to members and ticket-holders who have made their arrangements to see the finals, but it inevitably leads to the unsatisfactory final played on Monday, when only one player out of the four engaged displayed the form shown during the previous fortnight. Two reasons for the postponement have been advanced:—

(a) That it is a rule of the Wimbledon meeting that no competitor shall be asked to play two five-set matches in one day; and

(b) That it was obviously impossible to ask Mr. Allison to do so.

Both these reasons seem to be inadequate. In the first place, there is, so far as I am aware, no such rule in the rules governing Wimbledon or any other tournament, and hitherto, so far as I am aware, no continuation of the Championships has been sanctioned except on account of bad weather.

In the second place, twice out of the last three years M. Cochet has played on the final Saturday both in the final of the Singles and the Doubles. This year it was obvious that Mr. Allison might be in two finals on the Saturday, and arrangements might well have been made to play the final of the Singles on Friday.

I am your obedient servant,
A. D. STOCKS.
Union Club, S.W.1, July 8.

MORE SPACE IN LONDON

BUILDING OVER THE RAILWAYS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You were good enough a little while ago to publish a letter of mine in which I urged,

(1) that all railways entering London should be electrified at points well outside the boundaries of the capital, thus abolishing from our midst that archaic and air-polluting nuisance, the steam-driven locomotive;

(2) that the open cuts through which the trains now run to their metropolitan termini should be covered over the buildings erected and streets created on the new sites thus brought into existence;

(3) that these operations were technically feasible, had already been successfully carried out elsewhere (in New York, for instance), could be completed without any disturbance of the present railway service, and were bound, through their manufacture on a vast scale of new property values, to prove financially remunerative; and

(4) that London, thus suddenly endowed with more space, more elbow-room, more streets and open places, would at last be in a position to grapple with its slum clearance problem.

The appearance of this letter in the columns of *The Times* has brought me in a very considerable correspondence with distinguished individuals and various public bodies and societies, all of them animated by the same ambition—the betterment of London. I should therefore be grateful if I might pursue the subject a little further and answer some of the inquiries that have reached me.

It is estimated that there are about 40 miles of open railway cuts within the administrative County of London. Treated in the way I have suggested (as Park-avenue, now the most fashionable thoroughfare in New York, was treated) they would yield approximately 350 acres of new building areas. Ask any of the splendid body of men or women who serve on the London County Council whether they would have any use for another 350 acres in the very heart of the capital, and you will not have to wait long for an answer.

Take, for instance, a single aspect of the whole project—its bearing on the housing question. Roughly, there are in London 170 acres of slum areas that ought to be cleared and re-built on modern hygienic lines. The greatest of all the obstacles to this vital salvage work, and the factor that inordinately piles up the cost, is that there is nowhere for the people to go during the rehousing process. There is nowhere, so to speak, where they can be decanted. But the whole of this immense difficulty disappears if 350 acres of new land, much of it in the very neighbourhood of the slums, are brought to bear upon it.

Several of my correspondents have questioned me on points of detail—ventilation, the engineering side, and so on. These present no problems that have not been successfully solved elsewhere. To drop the supporting columns between the railway tracks without interrupting the train service and on them to erect, if need be, a new city—this, which strikes a layman as marvellous, is almost a commonplace of modern constructional engineering.

We must think and plan ahead, and on fresh and fearless lines, if the London of our dreams is to be realized. The contribution of the railway companies to this quite attainable ideal will begin when, having electrified their services and cased in the cuts, they discover that the building rights on the areas thus created are not only a great revenue-producing asset for themselves but of inestimable benefit to all London.

I am, Sir,
ALFRED C. BOSSOM.
5, Carlton-gardens, S.W.1, July 10.

WIDENING THE ROADS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I have read with interest in *The Times* of to-day the letter of Mr. G. E. Hughes on the Bath Road. What an enviably quiet road! Only 34 motor-vehicles passed in the two hours' run from Bath to Newbury, and no pedestrians except in towns and villages.

I compare this with the very busy road running through a small Sussex hamlet near which I happen to live. The road is served by two omnibus companies running hourly services, and is much used by other commercial and private wheeled traffic and by pedestrians. There are dangerous curves and cross roads at either end of the village, and recent operations by the road authorities have deprived us of some of the grass which was formerly our safety margin. A petition for a footpath, signed by more than 60 of the inhabitants who consider that the roadway has become definitely unsafe, has been contemptuously turned down by the authorities concerned. We are told that the proposal for footpaths must rest on the initiative of the highway authority (the same body which has already taken away some of our grass margin 1), and that it would be a very bad and extremely expensive precedent to set to put footpaths to country roads.

One cannot help contrasting the haste to spend huge sums on a scheme which not even the promoters can claim to be urgent, with the refusal even to consider minor improvements actually necessary to the safety and comfort of the people. I do not doubt that all over the country there are village road conditions similar to those I have described and with the same results—wear and tear to the nerves of those who are obliged constantly to use these roads on their daily business, not to speak of the actual danger to life and limb.

Yours faithfully,
ELEANOR CECIL.
Rocks Plat, Chelwood, East Grinstead,
July 8.

CHILD VICTIMS OF BOLSHEVISM

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The British people have the reputation of finishing whatever they begin. It can only be for want of information, therefore, if they are going to leave a great, compassionate, and necessary work ignominiously incomplete. After the last evacuation of Russian refugees from the Crimea some hundreds of children, whose parents had been the victims of Bolshevist tyranny, were brought by the British Navy to Constantinople and placed in two schools. A fund of British money was raised to carry on the feeding, housing, clothing, and educating of these children by a British staff. As they became old enough posts were found for them, and at the present time more than 1,000 of these boys and girls are working in many countries, thereby upholding British prestige and throwing their weight against Bolshevism.

The fund was closed in 1928, but in order to provide for the remaining children a smaller school was opened, and to break faith with them will shatter their faith in British ideals. But sheer humanity is the overwhelming claim. They have endured more than the sufferings which fall to human lot. Are they to suffer more? It is simply a case of money. The maintenance of each child requires £25 a year, and the sum of liability diminishes as they are placed out in the world. Golden opinions as to the value of the work could be quoted from many close observers, including Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Harington, at one time Commander-in-Chief of the British Forces in Turkey, and the late Admiral Sir John de Robeck (Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean and Atlantic Fleets).

Strong words may be necessary to counteract Bolshevist propaganda; but a few pounds to discharge our obligations will be worth many denunciatory adjectives. The saving of these children was one of the bright lights in the gloom of the Russian tragedy. Is it to go out? Cheques should be sent to me.

I am, &c.,
JOHN WARD, Lieut.-Colonel, Hon. Secretary, the Child (Russian) Relief Fund.
Appleshaw House, East Hill, S.W.18.

Points from Letters

"BUY BRITISH"

A correspondent has recently told us the difficulty she found in her effort to buy British shoes. I had occasion lately to buy some lisle thread stockings in this city and had presented for my inspection a pair that were just what I wanted. I was surprised to see the trade mark "Made in Saxony" and expressed my feelings to the assistant. "Oh, but we must forgive and forget." "That is not the point," I replied. "I want something British. Have you any Irish ones?" "No," she persisted, "we have only these. Our men cannot make them. We send the material over to Germany." She failed to see any cause for indignation, though living in a town notorious for the number of unemployed.—Mrs. E. L. HOPKINSON, 11, Lansdowne-terrace, Gosforth, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

THE DISPUTE IN MALTA

I have not seen yet any attempt to state a clear principle which ought to govern the relation of the Church and the State when a question of morals or religion arises, such as this in Malta. The facile thing is to say that religion must be kept apart from politics. But no deep thought is needed to perceive that religion and morals are not separate departments of life, but principles which, if accepted at all, must exercise supreme control over the whole of life. It follows that those who regard the Church as an authority to which they owe the same kind of allegiance in morals and religion as they owe to the State in civil matters must accept its guidance in these matters. But it seems equally clear that, while it is the right of a spiritual authority to lay down what principles of action are demanded by religion and morals, there is often legitimate difference of opinion as to the application of those principles, and even as to what are the real facts of the case to which they have to be applied; and here the right remains with the individual to form his own judgment whether the facts as known to him come under the principle. In other words, the Church (or other moral authority) corresponds to the Judge, who lays down the law; the individual, to the jury, which decides the facts. The fault of the Maltese Bishops is that they have claimed to act as both Judge and jury. That claim cannot be allowed.—The REV. G. H. TREMENHEERE, St. Edward's House, West Malvern.

A ROAD BRIDGE OVER THE FORTH?

Lieutenant-Colonel Alford's reply to my letter merely emphasizes the point which I wished to bring out—namely, that the scheme for a road bridge over the Forth is only of local importance, and that such an expenditure of public funds for the benefit of residents of Edinburgh and neighbourhood is scandalous. If, as he says, "every man, woman, and child in Fife is calling out" for this road between the "beautiful City of Edinburgh and its environs," then by all means let them have it, but not at the expense of the rest of the taxpayers of the country, who, as I pointed out, will derive no benefit from it.—Mr. GEORGE F. SAUNDERS, 3, Lord-street, Liverpool.

NOISY FLYING

Mr. C. G. Brocklebank in his letter to you, speaking of the silencing of aeroplane engines, says that "the technical problem presented is negligible," and that "silence in aeroplanes is not obtained because there is no demand for it." But he seems to forget war machines. Surely for such purposes silence is of the utmost importance. I tremble to think of the day when we will be at war with an enemy possessing silent aeroplanes. On a dark or cloudy day the first intimation we should have of their presence would be the bursting of bombs around us, and before our defending machines could get off the ground the enemy would be well on his way home.—MAJOR B. F. S. BADEN-POWELL, Riverhead.

CHICAGO AND NEW YORK

Some years ago I had a talk with a big New York financier about the apparent toleration of Tammany. His reply seems to me to throw some light on the Chicago mystery. My friend said that "we," meaning the New York business world, "have no use for politics. Our choice therefore lies between Tammany and the cranks, and with us it is Tammany all the time. Tammany's exactions are fixed and fairly moderate and Tammany has learned its lesson and keeps its word. You know where you are and the city affairs are managed not well but sufficiently. With the cranks you do not know where their exactions will end." Since then prohibition has given a sad significance to his remarks.—Mr. R. MERIVALE, Devon and Exeter Club, Exeter.

THE FOREST CEMETERY

Some of us have long foreseen that the effect of efforts to secure the planting and dedicating of roadside remembrance trees will be to transform the cemetery, which is even worse abroad than in this country, into wood or forest with glades and avenues: the trees commemorating instead of headstones. And perhaps some wealthy man or woman might make it possible. That the movement is gaining is attested by the fact that among the 20 important organizations each dedicating one or more trees along the Sir John Cockburn Road of Remembrance at Harrietsham, Kent, the latest to be included is the City of Adelaide, South Australia, a tribute not only to the founder of Anzac Day, but to the wish to make England in fact as in name the most lovesome place on earth.—Mrs. M. H. MORRISON, Roads of Remembrance Committee, 47, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

THE CARYATID BACK IN ATHENS?

If it is true that a factory three miles off is damaging the immortal marbles on the Acropolis, M. Venizelos is the man to deal with that factory. The suggestion in Miss Fry's original letter was that the British Museum should now restore to its rightful owner, Greece, the Caryatid bought a century ago from the Turks, in order that it should once more occupy its rightful place where it stood for over 2,000 years. Both morals and art demand its return, which would be approved by all peacemakers.—CAPTAIN ALEXANDER HARDCASTLE, Villa Palanzana, Viterbo, Italy.

ROADS TO SOUTH WALES

If a bridge could be built somewhere in the neighbourhood of the present Severn Tunnel it would shorten the journey from London to Cardiff from, roughly, 165 miles to 135 miles, thus saving 30 miles in the comparatively short distance of 165 miles. The building of a bridge would give more adequate justification for widening the Bath Road, for which, otherwise, there appears rather insufficient reason.—Mr. F. R. SALMON, Gwynfa, High-street, Pengam, Mon.

THE FIVE SHILLING PIECE

The endorsement of £5 Bank of England notes is not the only absurdity in our currency. It is almost impossible to change a 5s. piece except through a bank. Quite recently I tendered one of these coins at a well-known restaurant in Holborn. The cashier flatly refused to accept it. I tried it elsewhere with similar results, and finally had to bank it to get rid of it.—Mr. G. S. DAVIDSON, 53, Cranbourne-gardens, N.W.11.

THE CALTON GAOL SITE

Quite apart from the fact that the Calton Gaol site is probably the finest that Edinburgh is likely to have vacant for a generation or two, the practical considerations stated in Mr. G. M. Thomson's letter indicate the vital importance of a clearer understanding of the necessities required for the various departments to be provided for. Privately and individually the lawyers have expressed their opinion of the scheme, but they have not been consulted as a body evidently, or their voice would have been heard with greater clearness. The folly of leaving the settlement of a civic question of this importance in the hands of London officials cannot now be ignored, and the citizens of Edinburgh and the people of Scotland have a just claim to be heard in the disposal of this fine site. There is no more certain and surer method of solving this problem than by throwing the whole scheme open to public competition.—Mr. WILLIAM DAVIDSON, Edinburgh.

PEDESTRIANS AND MOTORISTS

The pedestrian who dawdles when he crosses the road is a very rare bird indeed. When there are motorists abroad, pedestrians who are not lunatics prefer a whole skin to monetary compensation for injury or death. If Providence has not given all of them the agility of a weasel and the visual equipment of an apocalyptic beast, that is not their fault. The complaint of the less considerate motorist is really that some pedestrians do not scuttle away quickly enough at the sound of his horn, and that he has occasionally to put safety, instead of speed, first in consequence.—Mr. J. R. CLARK HALL, 15, Ashburnham-gardens, Eastbourne.

DESERTED ROOKERIES

There is a widespread belief among country folk that rooks desert rookeries on the death of the owners. Although I have known rooks move to other nesting haunts for no apparent reason and sometimes when a gale has blown down some of the nesting trees, I have never observed them abandon their accustomed rookery on the death of the owner. I have, however, on several occasions had authentic proofs given to me, and when shooting my rookery last May two of my guests quoted instances in connexion with the deaths of their ancestors.—The REV. A. R. TUCKER, Rector of Lessingham, Lincs.

THEIR MAJESTIES' COURT

PRESENTATIONS ON THURSDAY

DIPLOMATIC CIRCLE

At the Court held by their Majesties the King and Queen on Thursday the following presentations were made in the Diplomatic Circle:—

By the Argentine Ambassador.—Senor Don Jorge CASARES, Senor Alberto BELAUSTEGUI.

By the Japanese Ambassador.—Admiral Baron Kiyokazu ABO, Prince TOKUGAWA, Mr. Iwakichi ISHIKAWA, Count Tadamasa SAKAI.

By the United States Ambassador.—Mr. James C. DUNN.

By the Austrian Minister.—Dr. Otto JUCH.

By the Swedish Minister.—Captain Berg von LINDE.

By the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.—M. Clovis KERNISAN (the Haytian Chargé d'Affaires).

By the Marquesa de Merry del Val.—Mme. AUSS, Princess Antoinette WINDISCH-GRATZ, Princess Mathilde WINDISCH-GRATZ.

By Frau Sthamer.—Frau van SCHERPENBERG.

By Mme. de Uriburu.—Mme. de SCILINGO, Mlle. Mercedes de ANCHORENA, Mme. Maria Ines N. de CASARES, Mme. Laura de MURPHY, Mme. Alicia de MULHALL, Mlle. Alicia de MULHALL, Mlle. Ernestina DIAZ, Mlle. Maria Elena BELAUSTEGUI, Mlle. Maria Antonia BELAUSTEGUI.

By Mme. Matsudaira.—Countess SAKAI.

By Mme. Villegas.—Mme. ESCORAR, Mlle. Dolores MIRALLES, Mlle. Marta CASTILLO.

By Mme. Sze.—Mlle. Maimie SZE.

THE GENERAL CIRCLE

The presentations in the General Circle were:—

A BECKETT, Miss Joan, by Lady Ryrie; AHERN, Mrs. Cornelius, by Lady Ryrie; AITCHISON, Mrs. Craigie, by Mrs. Arthur Henderson; ALINGTON, the Lady, on her marriage, by her mother, the Countess of Shaftesbury; ARMES, Miss Nancy, by her mother, Mrs. Campbell Armes; ARMSTRONG, Mrs. A., by Mrs. Wedgwood Benn; ARRAN, Countess of, by Dowager Countess of Airlie; ASHTON, Mrs. James, by Lady Ryrie; ATHA, Miss Faith, by her mother, Mrs. Charles Atha; ATHA, Miss Prudence, by her mother, Mrs. Charles Atha; AVERILL, Miss Winifred, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas.

BADGERY, Miss Joan, by Lady Ryrie; MANSON-BAHR, Mrs. Philip, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; MANSON-BAHR, Miss Patricia, by her mother, Mrs. Philip Manson-Bahr; BAILLIE, Miss Mary, by Lady Baillie; BAILLIE, Miss Alison, by Lady Baillie; BAKER, Lady, by the Duchess of Devonshire; BAKER, Mrs. Roy (of U.S.A.), by Mrs. Dawes; BALFOUR, Lady, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; BALL, Mrs. Valentine, by the Lady Hewart; BANKES, Mrs. Edward, on her marriage, by her mother, Mrs. G. H. Bankes; BARKER, Mrs. Walter, by the Duchess of Devonshire; BARRY, Mrs. Gordon, by Lady Stewart-Sandeman; BEARMAN, Mrs. Victor, by her mother, Mrs. Leonard Partridge; BECHEL, Miss Lennox Napier, by Mrs. Eric Baxter; RILAND-BEDFORD, Mrs., on her marriage, by Mrs. Campbell Armes; BEEMAN, Mrs. William, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; BELSRIDGE, Miss Cecil, by Lady Ryrie; BELL, Mrs. Hugh, by Mrs. Jack Spedding; BENTLIF, Mrs. Graeme, by her mother, Lady Nettleton; MASSY-BERESFORD, Mrs. Tristram, by her mother-in-law, Hon. Mrs. Massy-Beresford; BINGHAM, Miss Christina Cameron, by her mother, Mrs. Cameron Bingham; BINYON, Miss Nicolete, by her mother, Mrs. Laurence Binyon; BIRKBECK, Mrs. Christopher, by Mrs. Edward Birkbeck; BIRLEY, Mrs. Percy, by the Lady Baden-Powell; BLADON, Mrs. Frank, on her marriage, by her mother, Mrs. Kington Blair-Oliphant; BLAKE, Mrs. Wilfred, by her mother, Mrs. Lyall-Wilson; BOLES, Mrs. Gerald, on her marriage, by her mother-in-law, Lady Boles; BOOTH, Miss Noel, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; BOTSFORD, Mrs. W. H. (of U.S.A.), by Mrs. Dawes; BOUSFIELD, Mrs. Hugh, on her marriage, by her mother, Mrs. Herbert Kent; BOYCE, Mrs. Harold, by the Mistress of the Robes; BRAND, Mrs. Henry, by Mrs. Norman Wells; BRAND, Miss Helen, by her mother, Mrs. Henry Brand; BRANSON, Mrs. Douglas, on her marriage, by Mrs. Ronald Matthews; BRAY, Lady, by Mrs. Wedgwood Benn; BROWN, Mrs. Gerald, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; BROWNFIELD, Mrs. Leslie, by Mrs. Harry Lewis-Barclay; BRUNYATE, Mrs. Christopher, on her marriage, by her mother, Lady Hirtzel; BUBB, Mrs. Henry, on her marriage, by her mother, Mrs. Harold Kemble; BUCHANAN, Mrs. George, by Mrs. Archibald Murray; BUCHANAN, Mrs. Albert, by Lady Ryrie; BULLIVANT, Mrs. Eric, by Mrs. Alwyn Holman; BURRELL, Mrs. Peter, by Lady Hamilton.

CAMPBELL, Mrs. Colin, by Mrs. Hugh O'Sullivan; CAMPBELL, Miss Jean, by her mother, Mrs. Colin Campbell; CAMPBELL, Miss Isabel, by Lady Ryrie; CARRINGTON, Miss Dorothy, by Mrs. Cecil Elwes; CARRUTHERS, Miss Merville, by Mrs. Charles te Water; CARTER, Lady, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; CARVER, Mrs. William, by the Lady Deramore; CARVER, Miss Veronica, by her mother, Mrs. William Carver; CHRISTOPHER, Mrs. Jack Carmichael, by Mrs. Wilfrid de Selincourt; CHAMBERLAIN, Miss Dorothy, by her mother, Mrs. Neville Chamberlain; CHURCHER, Miss Leslie, by her mother, Mrs. Douglas Churcher; CLARK, Miss Nancy, by Lady Ryrie; COCHRANE, Miss Cecilia, by her mother, Mrs. Archibald Cochrane; COCHRANE, Miss Rosemary, by her mother, Mrs. Archibald Cochrane; COCHRANE, Miss Monica, by her mother, Mrs. Archibald Cochrane; COGHILL, Mrs. Nevill, by Mrs. Cameron Bingham; COKE, Miss Barbara, by her mother, Mrs. Jacynth Coke; HOPE COLLINS, Mrs. William, by Mrs. Vivian Phillipps; COLPOYS, Mrs. Gerald, by Mrs. Chevallier Parker; CONDER, Mrs. Alfred, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; COOPER, Mrs. Patrick, by the Lady Sempill; HERRING-COOPER, Mrs. William, by Mrs. Aubyn Wilson; COURAGE, Miss Pamela, by her mother, Mrs. Raymond Courage; COURAGE, Miss Rachel, by her mother, Mrs. Raymond Courage; COX, Miss Ethel, by the Lady Monk Bretton; CRAWFORD, Miss Lily, by Mrs. Raymond Murray; CRAWFURD, Mrs. Lionel, by Mrs. Ernest Wilberforce; CRAWFURD, Miss Mary, by her mother, Mrs. Lionel Crawfurd; CROMPTON, Miss Joan, by Mrs. William Mullens; CROOKE, Miss Ada, by Lady Ryrie; CROOKE, Miss Irene, by Lady Ryrie; CURRIE, Mrs. Ian, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas.

DALRYMPLE, Miss Penelope Elphinstone, by her mother, Lady Elphinstone Dalrymple; DALRYMPLE, Mrs. William, by Lady Ryrie; DALRYMPLE, Miss Molly, by her mother, Mrs. William Dalrymple; DANGAR, Miss Muriel, by Lady Ryrie; DANGAR, Miss Noreen, by her mother, Mrs. Hubert Gordon; DANGAR, Miss Patricia, by her mother, Mrs. Hubert Gordon; DAVIDSON, Miss Christian, by the Lady Baden-Powell; DAVIS, Mrs. Nathaniel (of U.S.A.), by Mrs. Dawes; de CALLEJON, Señora, by the Marquesa de Merry del Val; de SAUSKA, Mlle. Julia, by the Marquesa de Merry del Val; DEVEREUX, Miss Joan, by Lady Ryrie; DICKINSON, Lady, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; DICKINSON, Miss Moyra, by her mother, Lady Dickinson; DOLBEY, Mrs. Robert, by the Hon. Mrs. Charles Gore; DON, Mrs. Francis, by Mrs. Edward Birkbeck; DONALDSON, Mrs. Charles, by Mrs. Henry Haldin; DOUGLAS, Mrs. Archibald, on her marriage, by the Hon. Mrs. Bertram Portal; MILLINGTON-DRAKE, Lady Effie, by Mrs. Arthur Henderson; DRESSER Miss Roma, by her mother, Mrs. Harry Dresser; DUMAS, Miss Mary Piers, by her mother, Mrs. Gerald Piers Dumas; DUNBAR, Mrs. Edward, on her marriage, by her mother, Mrs. Rushworth; DUNNE, the Hon. Mrs., on her marriage, by her mother, the Lady Saye and Sele; DUNNE, Mrs. Philip, on her marriage, by her mother-in-law, the Hon. Mrs. Dunne; DU PRE, Miss Joy, by her mother, Mrs. William Du Pre; DU VAL, Mrs. Charles, by Lady Ryrie; DYKES, Mrs. John, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas.

EBBELS, Mrs. Wilfred, by Mrs. Patrick Huskinson; EGERTON, Lady Mary, by her mother, the Countess of Ellesmere; ELLER, Mrs. Harold, by her mother, Mrs. Alfred Gumpert; ELLIS, Lady, by Lady Bacon; ELWELL, Mrs. Laurence, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; ELWES, Miss Gerda, by her mother, Mrs. Cecil Elwes; EVERETT, Miss Ann, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; EYRE, Miss Consuelo, by the Lady Greville.

FAIRFAX, Mrs. Hubert, by Lady Ryrie; FANSHAWE, Mrs. Evelyn, by her mother, Lady Harari; FARRAR, Miss Joyce, by Mrs. Hugh Lloyd-Howard; FINLAY, Viscountess, by the Lady Hewart; FIRTH, Mrs. William, by Mrs. Gorton Angier; FITZGERALD, Mrs. George, by Mrs. George Rendel; FITZHERBERT, Mrs. Cuthbert, on her marriage, by the Lady Stafford; FORD, Miss Kathleen, by Mrs. Edwin Gibson Smith; FORD, Mrs. J. T., by Lady Guillemard; FORD, Miss Dené, by her mother, Mrs. J. T. Ford; FOSTER, Mrs. Francis, on her marriage, by Lady Ryrie; FOSTER, Mrs. Lister, on her marriage, by Lady Ryrie; FRANCHETTI, Baronessa Yvonne, by the Marquesa de Merry del Val; FRASER, Mrs. Eric, on her marriage, by Lady Pease; FREMANTLE, Mrs. Edmund, by her mother-in-law, Lady Fremantle; FULFORD, Miss Atholl, by Lady Ryrie; FURLONGE, Miss Elizabeth, by Mrs. Henry Pryse.

GASTRELL, Mrs. E. H., by Mrs. Wedgwood Benn; LITTLETON-GEACH, Mrs. Wynniatt, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; GILL, Miss Thyra, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; GILL, Miss Ngaira, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; GOLD, Miss Diana, by her mother, Mrs. Guy Gold; GORDON, Miss Fan, by Lady Knox Gore, Mrs. Saunders, by Mrs. Violet de Bathe; GORTON, Miss Ruth, by Lady Ryrie; GRACE, Miss Margot, by the Lady Greville; GRAHAM, Miss Margaret, by Lady Ironside; OGILVIE GRANT, Lady Caroline, by the Lady Nina Knowles; GRAVES, Miss Ruth, by Mrs. Ronald Matthews; GRAVES, Mrs. Charles, by the Lady Leigh; GRAVES, Mrs. Alan, by Lady Rumbold; GREENE, Miss Ethel, by Lady Ryrie; GRINDLE, Mrs. John, by Mrs. Harry Dresser; GUMPERT, Mrs. Alfred, by Mrs. Robert Fielding-Ould; GURNER, Mrs. Stanley, by Mrs. Ellison Rich.

HOWAN-HAMILTON, Miss Jean, by her mother, Mrs. Archibald Rowan-Hamilton; HANSELL, Lady, by the Lady Hewart; HANWELL, Mrs. Joseph, by Lady Ryrie; HARARI, Lady, by the Viscountess Allenby; HARRIS, Miss Diana, by her mother, Hon. Mrs. Oscar Harris; HART, Lady, by Mrs. Ronald Matthews; HART, Mrs. William, by her mother-in-law, Lady Hart; HATFEILD, Mrs. Aubrey, on her marriage, by her mother-in-law, Mrs. Charles Hatfeild; HAYDON, Mrs. Charles, by Mrs. Henry Booker; HAYES, Mrs. Eric, by Mrs. Oliver Probert; HEADLEY, The Lady, by Hon. Mrs. George Maryon-Wilson; HEINRICHSONS, Mlle. Eliza Marija, by Mme. Vesmans; HENDERSON, Mrs. Basil, on her marriage, by her mother, Mrs. Spencer Langton; HERMAN, Mrs. Abraham, by Lady Lyons; HILL, Miss Marian, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; HILLIERS, Miss Isabel, by the Lady Tyrrell; HOBBS, Miss Frances, by Lady Ryrie; HODGKIN, the Hon. Mrs. Eliot, on her marriage, by her mother, the Lady Hewart; HODGSON, Mrs. Harry, by Mrs. Richard Sparrow; HOLMAN, the Hon. Mrs. Adrian, on her marriage, by her mother, the Lady Tyrrell; HOMBURG, Miss Beryl, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; HOWSAM, Mrs. George, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; HOWLWYN-HUGHES, Mrs. Ronw, on her marriage, by her mother, Lady Greer; HULBERT, Mrs. Harry, on her marriage, by Lady Meyer; HUME, Mrs. Walter, by the Duchess of Abercorn; HUNT, Mrs. Wilfrid, by the Viscountess Finlay; HUNT, Miss Anne, by her mother, Mrs. Wilfrid Hunt; HUNTINGFORD, Mrs. Walter, by her mother-in-law, Mrs. George Huntingford; HUTCHINGS, Mrs. Hugh, by Lady Blane; HYDE, Mrs. George, by Lady Ryrie; HYLTON, Miss Maxine, by Lady Ryrie.

IDDESLEIGH, Countess of, on her marriage, by the Countess of Shaftesbury; INGRAMS, Mrs. William, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; INNES, Mrs. James, by Mrs. Valentine Powell.

JACKSON, Mrs. Arthur, by Mrs. Richard Powell; JACKSON, Miss Margaret, by her mother, Mrs. Arthur Jackson; JACOBSON, Mrs. Jack, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; JOHNSON, Mrs. Walter, by Mrs. Rupert Anderson; JONES, Mrs. Field, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas.

KENNEDY, Miss Joan, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; KENT, Miss Rosamonde, by her mother, Mrs. Herbert Kent; KERR, Mrs. Howard, on her marriage, by her mother-in-law, Mrs. Walter Kerr; KERSHAW, Mrs. Frank, by Mrs. Arthur Reise; KERSHAW, Miss Elisabeth, by her mother, Mrs. Frank Kershaw; KITSON, Mrs. Edward, by Mrs. Henry Benyon; KNIGHT, Miss Joan, by her mother, Mrs. Jasper Knight.

LAMBERT, Mrs. Hugo, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; LAMBERT, Miss Patricia, by Lady Meyer; LAMPTON, Miss Nancy, by her mother, the Hon. Mrs. George Lambton; LANDALE, Mrs. George, by Lady Ryrie; LANDALE, Miss Janet, by her mother, Mrs. George Landale; LANGTON, Miss Angela, by her mother, Mrs. Spencer Langton; LANSELL, Mrs. G. V., by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; LANSELL, Miss Marie, by her mother, Mrs. G. V. Lansell; LANSELL, Miss Audrey, by her mother, Mrs. G. V. Lansell; LAUTH, Miss Ellen, by Mrs. Charles te Water; LAUTH, Miss Irene, by Mrs. Charles te Water; LEATHAM, Mrs. Cecil, by the Lady Methuen; LEATHAM, Miss Honor, by her mother, Mrs. Cecil Leatham; LECKY, Mrs. Hugh, by the Duchess of Abercorn; LESLIE, Mrs. Jack, by Mrs. John Gilliat; LESLIE, Miss Christina Cameron, by her mother, Mrs. Cameron Bingham; LEWIS, Mrs. J. A., by Mrs. Wedgwood Benn; LEWIS, Miss Elizabeth, by her mother, Mrs. Wilfrid Lewis; LEWISOHN, Mrs. John, by Mrs. Richard Jack; LINDON, Mrs. John, by Mrs. Herbert Corry; LINTON, Miss Betty, by Lady Penny; LIVINGSTONE, Miss Nancy, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; LLOYD, Mrs. A. H., by Mrs. Wedgwood Benn; LLOYD, Mrs Sampson, on her marriage, by Mrs. Thomas Lloyd; LOCKHART, Mrs. John, by Mrs. Edward Phillips; LONGFIELD, Mrs. James, on her marriage, by her mother, the Hon. Mrs. Bertram Portal; LORY, Mrs. P. B. P., by Mrs. Wedgwood Benn; LOUTH, the Lady, by Lady Henry.

MACKAY, Miss Barbara, by Lady Ryrie; MACKAY, Mrs. Robert, by Mrs. J. H. Thomas; MACLEOD, Mrs. Charles, by Mrs. Maitland-Makgill-Crichton; MACNABB, Mrs. James, by Mrs. Ross Pember; MANASSEH,

THAMES FLOODS

NEW PROPOSALS FOR PREVENTION

A SYSTEM OF RESERVOIRS

At a meeting of the general committee of the Thames Valley branch of the Council for the Preservation of Rural England next Thursday, Lord Mayo will bring forward a new scheme to prevent Thames flooding It is claimed that it offers a practicable alternative to the proposal of straightening and enlarging the course of the River Wey and carrying out extensive works in the Thames itself between Weybridge and Teddington.

Objection is taken to the latter scheme on the ground of expense and injury to the amenities of the valley and the many beautiful bridges over the Thames. Mr. A. Burton Buckley, consulting engineer, has prepared for Lord Mayo a report which outlines a plan for controlling floods, and at the same time for conserving the surplus water of the rivers, by constructing a series of reservoirs. The reservoirs would command the flow of the Windrush, the Evenlode, the Cherwell, the Thame, and the Kennet, and collectively would control 38 per cent. of the flow of the Thames when in flood.

Mr. Buckley began his investigations by ascertaining the volume of water which the Thames can carry without causing inconvenient flooding. Inquiries at various places in the valley between Teddington and Lechlade showed that no inconvenience was experienced last season before December 7, 1929, on which date the natural flow at Teddington was 6,700 million gallons a day. When the river is running bank high and the weirs are fully open, the flow at Teddington, according to the Thames Conservancy returns, is 4,500 million gallons in 24 hours. The maximum recorded natural flow at Teddington, if the exceptional circumstances of the flood of 1894 are disregarded, has been as high as 11,119 million gallons a day.

Mr. Buckley is satisfied that little inconvenience would be caused by adopting a flow of 5,500 million gallons as a practical working maximum. The problem presented was to reduce the amount of water flowing into the river to this maximum and to find if natural sites existed which could be turned into storage reservoirs for the surplus water. Six suitable sites were located, and of these four had been selected which for economic and other reasons appear to be most fitted for the purpose. The four would have a combined capacity of 39,730 million gallons, and it is computed could deal with flood water up to a flow of 9,000 million gallons a day at Teddington.

SUMMER STORAGE

To provide for peaks above this level the two further reservoirs would be needed; but the view is taken that to eliminate these peaks would not be justified. The assumption is that when the flood at Teddington exceeds a flow of 5,500 million gallons, water would be taken out of the river by means of the tributaries. During the season, when the flow falls to 5,500 million gallons, water would be discharged from the reservoirs to keep the level constant, until the reservoirs are empty. The object of this would be to guard against any unexpected flood. Up to the beginning of March, the release of water, with brief periods of partial refilling, could be continued; but after this period of the year the reservoirs would be used for summer storage to improve domestic and rural water supplies, as well as the navigation of the Thames.

The water which it is proposed to store would suffice, it is stated, during a severe drought, such as that of 1905, to increase the average flow of the river from July to October inclusive by 60 per cent., while the average flow of October, the lowest of the three months, would never fall below 510 million gallons a day, as compared with the actual minimum of 309 million gallons. For economic reasons, the figure adopted for summer storage is 25,000 million gallons, and this would involve a total reservoir area of 10,000 acres, which would be permanently inundated and would necessarily call for expropriation.

A general estimate of the cost of the scheme fixes the amount at £3,483,000, as compared with £9,000,000 which it is considered would be required for enlarging and straightening the river so as to enable the channel to take all flood water rapidly to the sea. Mr. Buckley assumes that the 10,000 acres of land, now used chiefly for pasturage, could be purchased outright at an average rate of £60 an acre. A further area of some 7,000 acres would be flooded in a maximum year at infrequent intervals for short periods. For land under grass it is submitted that winter flooding would not be detrimental. Questions of compensation might arise, but these have not for the present been brought into the argument. The cost of works is estimated at £2,883,000.

SITES OF THE RESERVOIRS

The reservoirs proposed would be named the Windrush, Ot-Moor, Thame, and the Brimpton. The Windrush reservoir would be an isolated unit controlling that river. With regard to the Ot-Moor and Thame reservoirs, the configuration of the country to the north and north-east of Oxford is such that it is considered possible at a comparatively small cost to divert the Evenlode and the Cherwell into the Ot-Moor depression by means of a canal, and thence into the valley of the Thame. The Brimpton reservoir lies in the valley of the Emborne, and the flow of the Kennet would again require a canal for its diversion into the reservoir.

The dams would interfere with very few roads, and raising these, it is stated, would be an inexpensive operation. In Ot-Moor, the hamlets of Murcot and Fencot would be invaded by water, as would also the small villages of Worminghall and Ickford in the Thame reservoir; but, except for a few isolated farmsteads, no other dwellings would appear to be affected.

The claim made for the scheme is that there is ample evidence to justify the assumption that the floods of the Thames can be both economically and efficiently controlled by means of suitably selected storage reservoirs, and that it would be unwise to interfere in any way with the Thames itself or with any of its bridges with a view to mitigating the effects of floods until a reservoir scheme has been exhaustively investigated.

BANDS IN THE PARKS

FIXTURES FOR NEXT WEEK

Band performances in the parks and open spaces up to the end of next week include the following:—

TO-DAY		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	3 to 5 and 7 to 10
Victoria Embankment (Villiers-street)	G.C. and Metropolitan	8 to 10
TO-MORROW		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	3 to 5
Hyde Park	Coldstream Guards	8 to 10
Green Park	Life Guards	6 to 8
Kensington Gardens	Kensington Volunteers	3 to 5 and 6.45 to 8.45
Regent's Park	Wood Green Excelsior	6.30 to 9
Greenwich Park	Deptford Town	11 to 1
Greenwich Park	Shoreditch Borough	6.30 to 9
Richmond Park	Feltham Military	6.30 to 8.30
Clapham Common	Irish Guards	7 to 9
Finsbury Park	Grenadier Guards	7 to 9
Hilly Fields	Metropolitan Police	7 to 9
Kensington Park	24th London Regt.	7 to 9
Parliament Hill	Queen Victoria's Rifles	7 to 9
Peckham Rye	London Fire Brigade	7 to 9
Streatham Common	21st London Regt.	7 to 9
Wandsworth Common	Civil Service Rifles	7 to 9
MONDAY		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	3 to 5 and 7 to 10
Victoria Embankment (Villiers-street)	London Fire Brigade	12.30 to 2
TUESDAY		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	3 to 5 and 7 to 10
Lincoln's Inn Fields	Phono-Publicity	7.45 to 8.45
Victoria Embankment (Temple)	O'London	12.30 to 2
Victoria Embankment (Villiers-street)	92nd R.A.	8 to 10
WEDNESDAY		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	3 to 5 and 7 to 10
Victoria Embankment (Villiers-street)	Ex-Cavalrymen	12.30 to 2
THURSDAY		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	7 to 10
Green Park	Royal Parks	2 to 5
Victoria Embankment (Temple)	Old Comrades	12.30 to 2
Victoria Embankment (Villiers-street)	T.O.T. Military	8 to 10
FRIDAY		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	3 to 5 and 7 to 10
Victoria Embankment (Villiers-street)	Metropolitan Police	12.30 to 2
SATURDAY		
Hyde Park	Royal Parks	3 to 5 and 7 to 10
Victoria Embankment (Villiers-street)	Civil Service Rifles	8 to 10

LAMBETH CONFERENCE

THE MINISTRY OF THE CHURCH

"The Ministry of the Church" was the general title of the subject considered by the Lambeth Conference all day yesterday in this introductory stage of the Conference. The attention of the Bishops was first directed to the supply of men for Holy Orders, and the Church's duty to provide for it, and also to the training of the clergy before and after Ordination. The subject was introduced by the Bishop of Manchester, the Archbishop of Brisbane, and the Bishops of Eastern Oregon and Madras, who were followed by the Bishops of Delaware, Gloucester, Ballarat, and St. Albans, the Archbishop of New Zealand, and the Bishops of Fredericton, the Falkland Islands, Washington, and Barking.

For most of the afternoon the Conference discussed the work and functions of deaconesses, on the introduction of the Bishop of Winchester; the possibility of developing a plan of "voluntary" clergy—that is, of ordinary men who are engaged in secular occupations—for part-time unpaid work as deacons or priests, introduced by Bishop Nash, Coadjutor Bishop of Cape Town; and the work and ministry of women in the Church, introduced by the Bishop of Blackburn.

Two other subjects which will occupy the committee, which it was resolved to appoint, were also introduced to the Conference. The Bishop of Southwark spoke of the Ministry of Healing, with reference to the Report of the Archbishop's Committee, published a few years ago by the S.P.C.K.; and the Bishops of Truro and Grahamstown spoke of the work and status of Religious Communities. Others who addressed the Conference during the day were the Bishops of Johannesburg, Southampton, Bishop Perrin, the Bishop of Michigan, and the Archbishops of Canterbury and York.

BLACK CHIMPANZEE AT THE ZOO

"A MARRIAGE HAS BEEN ARRANGED"

Mr. Arthur Haserick, F.Z.S., has purchased and presented to the Zoological Society an adult female chimpanzee, recently found in captivity by Colonel Powell Cotton in tropical West Africa. She was said to be highly trained, to use vessels and wash and dry them, to smoke cigarettes, and perform various antics. Probably smoking would do very little harm to a chimpanzee in good health, but that particular trick will be forbidden in the Zoo, partly because of danger from fire, and still more because it is a silly perversion of the animal's natural instincts. The chimpanzee has been placed in the outdoor cage on the terrace behind the Monkey House, one-half of which is occupied by "Jackie," an adult male chimpanzee which has been owned by the Society for a number of years. The two animals have already recognized each other through a grating which has been opened between the compartments of the cage. The male is anxious to make friends, and it is hoped to bring them together after a few days. Chimpanzees are not naturally quarrelsome, and the two may agree and make a match. They are the most hardy of the great apes, and if the two halves of the cage are joined, the quarters will be very suitable, as there is space for open-air exercise and a snug inner den which can be warmed artificially when necessary. It so happens that the Zoo has never before had an adult pair of chimpanzees of suitable age for mating, and it will be of great interest if these should breed.

There is difference of opinion as to how far the variations found among chimpanzees suggest the existence of more than one species. The new arrival has the face completely black, black hair except for a short white beard, and relatively small ears. Jackie, the male to whom she is being introduced, is similar in build, size of ears, dark hair and white beard, but the very large muzzle is light in colour, so that the appearance of the face is very different. There are, however, considerable variations as to face coloration, and the character does not seem of importance. Certainly there is no reason to suppose that Jackie and the new female are too far apart to mate.

STRAND SHOOTING CHARGE

WOUNDED MAN'S EVIDENCE

SIDNEY WILLIAM THOMAS ANDERSON, 24, a ship's steward, of Powell-road Clapton, was charged on remand at Bow-street Police Court yesterday before Mr. Fry, with attempting to murder Mr. Guy Doran and Mr. Francis Reginald Salt, proprietors of a rifle range in Villiers-street, Strand, by shooting them with a revolver.

Mr. R. M. Howe conducted the case on behalf of the Director of Public Prosecutions. Mr. Frank Medlicott defended.

Mr. Salt, of London-road, Hounslow, now gave evidence that Anderson came to the range at 8.30 p.m. on June 5 and said that he wished to try some target-shooting with a .38 officer's model Colt revolver. He fired 30 shots at targets, and the witness then announced that it was closing time. At that moment he heard a cry of "Hands up!" followed by a shot at the end of the range where Anderson was standing.

"I went towards the place where the shot was fired," Mr. Salt went on, "and my partner, Mr. Doran, staggered towards me, and said, 'I have been shot.' I went towards Anderson and he covered me with a revolver and said, 'Hands up!' I closed with him and held the revolver down. One shot went into my left foot, and a second one went into my right knee. Two customers came forward and pinned him down on the firing bench, and in the struggle the revolver dropped to the ground. It contained five empty shells and one live cartridge."

Answering Mr. Howe, Mr. Salt said that he had not heard any quarrel.

In cross-examination, Mr. Salt said that when he closed with him Anderson looked very excited. Mr. Doran was shot in the chest.

Mr. Howe said that Mr. Doran would not be well enough to attend until the next hearing.

A police-constable who was called to the range stated that when arrested Anderson said, "I went funny. I did not mean any harm."

A further remand was ordered. Mr. Howe said that he would also ask for Anderson's committal on the alternative charge of shooting with intent to cause grievous bodily harm.

From The Times of 1830

TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1830. Price 7d.

DEATH OF JACK KETCH.—A few days ago, Jack Cheshire, one of the public executioners for the metropolis, breathed his last at his lodgings in Bell-court, Giltspur-street. He is said to have been one of the most expert of men at the dreadful trade, and has always spoken of his performance on the platform, when Thistlewood and his companions were despatched, as a miracle of skill, steadiness, and tact. There are no fewer than five candidates for the vacant office . . . Cheshire always had the greatest terror of the resurrection-men, and was often told, by those of that class who at last fell within his clutches, that the "trade" would have him at any risk when his mortal career should be terminated. His last words were upon this subject . . . His wife, in the apprehension that an attempt would be made to steal the corpse, actually slept with her head upon the cold arm of the deceased, and on Friday night she was awakened by the noise of some of the "snatchers" who attempted to gain an entrance at the two-pair of stairs window.

* * * *

3 per Cent. Cons., 92¼ to ⅛.

ULSTER COMMITTEE ON DERATING

The Minister of Finance for Northern Ireland has appointed a Select Committee to inquire into the probable effects of derating in the Province and the financial relations of the Government and the local authorities. The terms of reference are:—

Having regard to the resources of Northern Ireland and its taxable and rateable capacity, to consider the present system of Government grants in aid of local authorities' expenditure and the distribution of public expenditure between the Exchequer and the rates, and to recommend what changes, if any, are desirable.

Senator J. G. Leslie will be chairman of the Committee.

BISLEY MEETING

ELCHO SHIELD WON BY SCOTLAND

SEVERAL CLOSE FINISHES

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

N.R.A. CAMP, JULY 11

In almost the last minutes of shooting time this evening Scotland won the Elcho Shield by one point from England. Birmingham University won the Inter-Universities Cup by one point from Edinburgh, and the City Rifle Club, representing the City of London, won the Astor County Cup by one point from the representatives of the County of London, the South London Rifle Club. The latter matches were shot from beginning to end after the tea interval, for the most part in showers, on the Century Range. In spite of the close finishes, they attracted very few spectators, for all the camp population had been drawn to Stickledown, where the match for the great iron shield had been in progress since early morning, with never more than nine points separating England and Scotland. It is scarcely necessary to say that that match of nearly 70 years' standing is shot by match riflemen chosen, so far as England and Scotland are concerned, by means of jewel shoots held immediately before the N.R.A. Meeting.

Wind has been troublesome here all day, and it affected the matches at all ranges. The fact that Scotland's winning score of 1,699 points was 10 points below England's winning total of last year may possibly be attributed to that cause. At the conclusion of the 900 yards stage, England held a lead of only 3 points from Scotland and 9 from Ireland. Ireland fell back considerably farther at 1,000 yards, but England's lead from Scotland when the shoot at 1,100 yards began was only 8 points. Scotland lessened that lead by 2 points with her first detail. A miss by Mr. Chapman with his first counting shot reduced the difference between the two teams to 1 point as the second details started. Scotland finished first, and had won by 1 point when England still had three rounds to fire, even though she scored (as she did) bull's-eyes with each shot.

The reign of S.R.b. was introduced to-day with the rifle club matches for the statuette which the late Sir Arthur Conan Doyle presented, for the Donegall Cup, and for the Astor County Trophy. In the last named match a woman—Miss M. E. Foster—shot for the first time. She scored 65 for her club, the South London, which lost the Astor Cup by 1 point only.

The Royal Navy to-day won the United Services Cup after a running fight in which, until the snap-shooting practice, it was anybody's match. After the second practice the Marines led from the Navy by a single point, with the R.A.F. third. The first detail in the rapid practice gave the R.A.F. a lead, and the figures then were:—R.A.F., 798; Army, 797; Navy, 794; Marines, 790.

The Navy pulled up with its second detail and took the lead. With a brilliant all-round shoot that included a "possible" by Dorling in the snap-shooting stage, it won comfortably, but with a lower score than that registered by the Army last year. None of the Services that held meetings here last week shot up to their practice form. Last week the rifle averages were:—Navy, 173.5; Army, 167.3; Marines, 164.83. To-day those figures dropped to:—Navy, 163.875; Marines, 158.875; Army, 156.

The results issued by the N.R.A. were:—

ELCHO SHIELD.—M.-R.; National teams of eight; 900, 1,000, and 1,100 yds.; 15 shots at each distance; h.p.s., 1,800 pts.; won last year by England with 1,709:—

1.—SCOTLAND (Capts. H. St. G. Maxwell, 74, 70, 74—218; Maj. T. Ranken, 71, 72, 72—215; Col. D. Campbell, 72, 73, 70—215; Lt. A. E. Martin, 74, 71, 69—214; Capts. G. S. C. Strachan, 72, 70, 70—212; Mr. J. A. Crawford, 73, 70, 67—210; Mr. J. Robertson, 69, 70, 69—208; Mr. G. P. Anderson, 72, 66, 69—207).—Totals, 577, 562, 560—1,699.

2.—ENGLAND (Capts. J. V. Jacklin, 217; Major G. Burrard, 215; Capts. T. G. M. Lee, 214; F. W. Jones with 834.—1, Mr. Maurice Blood, Stock Exchange R.C., 836; 2, Col. Lord Cottesloe, Bucks Battn., 830; 3, Major T. Ranken, late 9th R. Scots, 826; 4, Mr. A. E. Martin, N.R.C. of Scotland, 826; 5, Major D. Campbell, 8th A. and S. Hdrs., 825; 6, O/Cdt. E. A. Chapman, Camb. Univ. O.T.C., 824; 7, Capt. J. Jacklin, late Essex Regt., 823; 8, Mr. D. L. Grenfell, North London R.C., 819; 9, Major G. Burrard, late R.A., 817; 10, Hon. J. Fremantle, English VIII. Club, 815; 11, Mr. G. F. Anderson, North London R.C., 814; 12, Capt. H. St. G. Maxwell, 4th Suffolk Regt., R.Hs., 814; 13, Capt. Rex Jones, North London R.C., 813; 14, Dr. C. Robertson, Queen's Edin. Regt., 813. Tyro Prizes.—2nd Lt. J. F. Russell Cameb. Univ. O.T.C., 804; 2, O/Cdt. H. P. Kingdon, Oxf. Univ. O.T.C., 796; 3, O/Cdt. J. R. Blandy, Oxf. Univ. O.T.C., 795; 4, O/Cdt. H. A. Fosbrooke, Camb. Univ. O.T.C., 788; 5, O/Cdt. A. H. H. Vicars, late Camb. Univ. O.T.C., 787.

INTER-UNIVERSITIES CUP.—S.R.ab.; teams of four; 200 and 500 yards; seven shots at each distance; h.p.s., 280 pts.; won last year by Cambridge with 248.—1, Birmingham (Capt. R. S. Johnston, 66; G. S. Adams, 65; A. W. Maley, 64; H. Douglas, 61), 256; 2, Edinburgh, 255; 3, Oxford, 254; 4, Liverpool, 251; 5, London, 247; 6, Bristol, 243; 7, St. Andrews, 237; 8, Cambridge, 227; 9, Durham, 221; 10, Nottingham, 236; 11, Reading, 226; 12, Aberystwyth, 209.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS VETERANS' TROPHY.—Teams of five, 10 shots at 500 yards; h.p.s., 250 points; trophy won last year by Malvern with 237.

CLASS A (S.R.b.).—1, St. Laurence (A. Day, 49; E. W. Selwyn, 48; J. S. Palin, 48; A. B. Pointon, 48; L. M. McBean, 47), 240. Next in order.—Alleyn's, 235; Harrow, 235; Malvern, 233; H.M.S. Britannia, 232; Edin. Acad., 231; St. Edward's (Birmingham), 228; St. Paul's, 227; Dr. Deyber, 225; Rugby, 225; Whitgift, 225; Glenalmond, 225; Charterhouse, 225; Brighton, 224; Winchester, 224; Sedbergh, 224.

CLASS B (S.R.b.).—1, Brighton (E. C. L. Young, 47; A. H. Gillman, 46; J. S. Johnson, 46; G. H. Shearer, 43; A. V. Tilly, 42), 224. Next in order.—Rugby, 222; Eton, 220; Felsted, 218; Sedbergh, 217; K. Edward's (Birmingham), 217; Harrow, 216; Whitgift, 215; St. Albans, 214; Malvern, 213; H.M.S. Britannia's Admirals' team (Admiral of the Fleet Lord Jellicoe, Admiral Sir Lionel Halsey, Rear-Admiral Matthew Best, Rear-Admiral E. Astley-Rushton, and Vice-Admiral B. S. Thesiger), 212.

CLASS C (S.R.A.).—1, Eton (R. Shakespeare, 46; G. A. M. Vandeleur, 44; R. E. Martin, 42; S. A. Pixley, 42; Lord Wellesley, 41), 215. Next in order.—Whitgift, 214; Wellingborough, 200; H.M.S. Britannia, 198; Alhallows, 198; Forest, 173.

DUKE OF WELLINGTON'S CUP.—S.R.a.; jun. O.T.C.; concurrently with Gale and Polden; seven shots at 200 yards; h.p.s., 35 points.—1, Sgt. R. T. C. Hutchinson, Alhallows, 34; 2, Drum Maj. Sanders, Canford, 33; 3, Cdt. J. Crane, Alhallows, 32; 4, C.S.M. G. T. Farley, Campbell, 32; 5, Sgt. F. C. L. Bell, Gresham's, 32. Five scores of 32 counted out.

IVEAGH CUP.—Seven shots at 500 yards; other conditions as for Wellington Cup.—1, Sgt. E. W. Inglis, Geo. Watson's, 33; 2, L./Cpl. N. A. Falon, Brighton, 32; 3, Pte. F. A. Wilson, Brighton, 32; 4, L./Cpl. O. C. Chave, Brighton, 32; 5, Drum Maj. Sanders, Canford, 32.

UNITED SERVICE CUP.—S.R.a.; teams of eight Queen Mary conditions; h.p.s., 1,600 points; won last year by Regular Army with 1,358 points.

	Delib.	Move-ment	Rapid	Snap	Total
1. R. NAVY.					
Lt. J. P. de W. Kitcat	45	36	38	49	168
C.P.O. Kelley ..	39	42	40	47	168
L.-Sn. Crocker ..	44	42	35	46	167
A.B. Fleet ..	40	40	39	46	165
P.O. Rumsey ..	37	38	35	54	164
P.O. Dorling ..	38	40	34	50	162
P.O. Thwaites ..	42	30	42	48	162
Cd.-W.-O. W. D. Chandler ..	45	42	34	34	155
	337	309	360	365	1,311
2.—R. MARINES:—					
Sgt. Howard ..	43	36	41	48	168
Col.-Sgt. Stapleton ..	40	42	38	46	167
Col.-Sgt. McColl ..	44	39	39	43	165
Sgt. Shaw ..	39	37	37	49	162
Col.-Sgt. Paddock ..	41	40	37	43	161
Cpln. S. A. Field ..	44	35	39	40	158
Sgt.-Major Cross ..	43	40	39	39	131
Cpl. Lord ..	40	41	27	31	139
	334	313	288	336	1,271
3.—THE ARMY:—					
Lt. J. A. Barlow ..	38	44	42	43	167
Q.M.S.I. Churcher ..	38	41	40	45	164
Lt. W. Jaggar ..	41	38	40	41	160
Q.M.S.I. Maltman ..	41	40	35	42	158
Lt. E. J. C. King-Salter ..	43	37	40	38	158
Lt. W. Johnson ..	46	42	29	30	147
R.S.M. Apsey ..	41	41	27	40	149
C.S.M.I. Mapp ..	37	36	32	39	144
	321	317	300	310	1,248
4.—ROYAL AIR FORCE ..	327	317	293	294	1,231
5.—TERRITORIAL ARMY ..	315	288	282	327	1,212

CONAN DOYLE STATUETTE.—S.R.b.; 200 and 500 yds.; seven shots at each distance; h.p.s., 70 pts.; won last year by Captain A. R. Lee with 67.—(Unofficial results.)—Maj. E. Holtby, N.L.R. Club; A. G. Fulton, G.M., N. London R.C.; and T. Jackson, Herrington R.C. Scores of 68.—[.F. R. Smith, Perth Sqdn. Ldr. S. B. Benson, Old Rugbeians; Cptn. G. H. Robinson, G.M., N. Ldn. R. Club; A. L. Warner, Barclays Bank; G. M. Emslie, Canada; J. N. Barratt, Altcar; and Lt.-Col. C. Whitty, Kidderminster.

ASTOR COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.—S.R.ab.; qualified teams of six; 200 and 500 yds.; seven shots at each distance; h.p.s., 420 points; won last year by the Midland R.C. with 397.—1, City of London, 342; 2, S. B. Benson, Old Rugbeians; Cptn. G. H. Robinson, G.M., N. Ldn. R. Club; A. L. Warner, Barclays Bank; G. M. Emslie, Canada; J. N. Barratt, Altcar; and Lt.-Col. C. Whitty, Kidderminster.

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DONEGALL CUP.—S.R.a.b. or .22; seven rounds at 200 yards. Won last year by Lt. J. W. Jackson, with 35. (Unofficial results.)—Lt. G. F. Booth, late R.A.F., and E. L. Rennant, N. London R.C., equal (to shoot off on Monday), 35; J. Campbell, Kyle R.C., 34; W. Richards, Exeter, 34; F. Singleton, Exeter, 34; O. Vidler, Dorchester, 34.

THE QUALIFIER.—Conditions as for Donegall.—1, Capt. T. G. Upton, 11th Hers. Yeo.; A. Bowen, Alberta Dragoons, Canada, C.Q.M.S. C. H. Philpott, 3rd V.B. Warwickshire Regt., and Sec. Lt. L. C. Lea, 5th R. Warwickshire Regt., equal 31. Scores of 30:—Sigflr. R. Rayment, 8th. Ldn. R.C.; Capt. F. G. Cole, India; Lieut. F. S. Morse, Felixstowe R.C.; O.-Cdt. W. Weir, Camb. Univ. R.A.; Capt. M. W. Parr, Khartum; Sgt. E. J. Bradshaw, Royal Fus. R.C.; Sgt. W. G. Hoskins, Ldn. and Middlesex Club; Capt. H. J. Vedden, 5th. Ldn. R.C.; Pte. P. le Cointre, St. Jersey; Capt. H. Renwick, 8th. Ldn. R.C.; Mr. C. Parker, Nottingham R.C.; Cd. Gunr. F. Phillips, R.N.; Sgt. J. V. Austman, Regina Reserves, Canada; Sec. Lt. J. McBryde, London Scottish; Capt. D. S. Fraser, Nrth. Ldn. R.C.

(Continued at foot of next column)

TERRITORIAL ARMY

GOLDSMITH'S CUP.—S.R.a.; aggregate scores in Stephens, Secretary of State, and Wantage.—1, C.S.M. J. Wilkins, 4th R.W. Kent Regt., 390; 2, Off.-Cdt. D. D. Lovell, O.U.O.T.C., 378; 3, C.Q.M.S. Blackman, 5th R. Sussex Regt., 374; 4, Sec. Lt. P. de K. Dykes, C.U.O.T.C., 373; 5, Lt. J. Carslake, 5th R. Warwickshire Regt., 368; 6, Rfln. C. Coles, 1st Monmouth Regt., 364; 7, Sec. Lt. B. P. Roberts, 4th R. Sussex Regt.; 8, Sgt. C. Colley, 7th Worcestershire Regt., 353; 9, Rfln. T. Theobald, Artists Rifles, 352; 10, C.Q.M.S. C. J. Coles, Bucks Btn., 352; 11, Sgt. A. Hornsby, 4th R.W. Kent Regt., 332; 12, L.-Cpl. J. R. Willans, 4th R.W. Kent Regt., 332.

STEPHENS.—S.R.a.; 10 rds. rapid at 200 yds.; h.p.s., 50 pts.—Off.-Cdt. D. D. Lovell, O.U.O.T.C., and Drum-Major G. T. Miles, 6th S. Staffs Regt., equal 44; 3, Sgt. A. Hornsby, 4th R.W. Kent Regt., 43; 4, C.S.M. J. Willans, 4th R.W. Kent Regt., 42; 5, Cdt. G. F. J. Simpson, L.U.O.T.C., 42; C.S.M. R. Stanley, 1st Cambridgeshire Regt., 42.

SECRETARY OF STATE.—S.R.a.; 10 rds. rapid at 500 yds.; h.p.s., 50 pts.; 1, C.Q.M.S. Blackman, 5th R. Sussex Regt., 46; 2, C.S.M. A. Turner, 7th/9th R. Scots, 45; 3, Lt. J. Carslake, 5th R. Warwickshire Regt., 43; 4, Rfln. C. Coles, 1st Monmouth Regt., 43; 5, Bdsn. G. Garratt, 4th Leicestershire Regt., 43; 6, C.Q.M.S. R. E. Davies, Hereford Regt., 43.

WANTAGE.—S.R.a.; 10 rds. snap at 200 yds.; h.p.s., 50 pts.—1, Sec. Lt. P. de K. Dykes, C.U.O.T.C., 50; 2, Lt. C. Burton-Brown, 5th Gen's R. Regt., 48; 3, Off.-Cdt. D. D. Lovell, O.U.O.T.C., 46; 4, Opln. E. S. Hare, 6th King's Regt., 47; 5, L./Sgt. C. G. Hookes, Q.W. and C.S.R., 47; 6, Off.-Cdt. Bagnall-Oakley, C.U.O.T.C., 46.

IRISH OMNIBUS DISPUTE

N.U.R. SUPPORT FOR THE STRIKERS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

WEST HARTLEPOOL, JULY 11

The session of the Railwaymen's Conference to-day decided by a unanimous vote to support the men of the Irish Omnibus Company who have been on strike for seven weeks.

Mr. T. SMITH (Dublin) moved "That having considered the position in Southern Ireland this Congress deplores the attitude of the Irish Omnibus Company in refusing to recognize this union in respect to their employees now on strike against unfair conditions, and further protests against the suspension of the machinery of negotiation by the Irish railway companies whereby the interest of the members is jeopardized. The Congress therefore instructs the executive committee to examine the existing situation and to take whatever action is necessary and desirable, even if it be of a drastic character, in order to rectify the present unsatisfactory state of affairs."

Mr. C. O'CONNOR (Tralee) seconded the motion.

Mr. J. KIDDIE (Glasgow), who represents the executive committee at the conference, said the dispute centred round the recognition of the National Union. No strike decision had ever been given more serious consideration by the executive than this dispute. He would be false to his responsibility if he did not say that the whole power of the National Union would have to be used to bring the Irish Omnibus Company to heel. (Cheers.)

Mr. C. T. CRAMP (secretary) supported the resolution, because he wanted the executive to know they had the authority of the delegate conference behind them, however far they might find it necessary to go with this dispute. When Southern Ireland became a self-governed State he hoped Ireland would enter upon a new era of prosperity. He regretted to state the very reverse had been the case. If this industrial struggle were to be cited as a result of self-determination he very much doubted whether the agitation in various parts of the world for similar measures would be so heartily supported by the working class as it was at the present time.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

MR. THOMAS AND EMPIRE

Mr. J. H. THOMAS, M.P., who was accompanied by Mrs. Thomas, attended a dinner at the Grand Hotel to-night in connexion with the conference. He said he was delighted to find the interest taken in the possibilities of the Empire. We had had first the very strong and able pronouncement, after investigation, of the Trades Union Congress. We had had the bankers' declaration, and we had now been favoured with a very important document by one of the business interests of the country. His first comment would be a warning not to expect too much immediately. The Imperial Conference, which would be held in a few months, would give an opportunity for the exploration of every phase of the Empire's economic position, but if it was to be assumed that we could merely by a declaration of words solve this problem it was playing with facts. The world trade position, so far as this country was concerned, could be summed up very shortly. One-third of our trade was done with the Empire, one-third with Europe and one-third with the rest of the world. All we were doing was obviously not enough, as judged by the unemployed figures at the moment. What we had to do therefore was to see that in any agreement which was made this balance of trade with the rest of the world was not adversely affected. That much could be done he was certain. That it must be examined in all its aspects was beyond doubt, but that by the mere phrases so glibly uttered to-day we could find the ultimate solution he did not believe for a moment. Equally let us face the fact that when we gave Dominion status we gave the right to our people to work out their own salvation. What we must do was to show them the number of advantages we offered them, the advantages which the British Commonwealth of Nations gives to them, and to see how far the unbounded resources of the British Empire could be used for the benefit of all. (Cheers.)

Before the dinner Mr. Thomas gave a short address in private to the delegates at the conference.

EX-SERVICE MEN AT THE OFFICE OF WORKS

PROTEST AGAINST PREFERENCE FOR REGULARS

The following official statement was issued last evening:—

The First Commissioner of Works to-day received a deputation at the House of Commons from the trade union side of the Office of Works Joint Industrial Council on the subject of the preference of employment given to ex-Regular soldiers, sailors, and airmen, in the Office of Works. The deputation was introduced by Mr. H. W. Wallace, M.P., and Mr. J. P. Gardner, M.P., and laid before the First Commissioner evidence of the strong feeling which existed in the Office of Works depôts against the new system.

In reply, Mr. Lansbury explained that the policy his Department was observing had been laid down by the Treasury and applied to all Government Departments. He would, however, take immediate steps to have the policy reconsidered.

R.A.F. BOMBING PRACTICE IN BERKSHIRE

PROTEST AGAINST MINISTRY'S PROPOSAL

A proposal of the Air Ministry to acquire 1½ square miles of the Berkshire Downs, south of the White Horse, which has been scheduled as a national monument, for bombing practice has created considerable dissatisfaction in the district.

Major Glyn, M.P. for North Berks, has protested to the Secretary for Air. He stated that he had been informed that the bombs would not contain full charges, but even those used would be heard for miles. There was no guarantee that young pilots would drop all their bombs on the selected portion.

The Downs are at present used extensively for the training of horses, and it is felt that if the Ministry proceed with the proposal much unemployment in the stables will result. The local councils concerned are taking steps to join in the protest.

COWES AND THE PASSING LINERS

Cowes Harbour Commissioners decided yesterday to approach other local authorities with a view to considering the desirability of taking combined legal action to prevent any recurrence of excessive speed through the roadstead of the Cunard liner Mauretania. It was stated that repeated complaints of the dangerous speed of the Mauretania had been made without effect. Mr. George Colville suggested an application for an injunction, saying that if boats hauled up on the beach were damaged by the wash caused by the liner they could claim damages. Mr. Colville complained of the annoyance caused to Cowes residents by the shrill blowing of sirens of American and other ships in the roads at night. He said the practice of sounding noisy sirens to say goodbye had become a habit of certain ships and tugs using the roads, and suggested that captains, owners, and pilots of vessels should be asked to discontinue the practice.

PAISLEY CINEMA DISASTER

A NEW REGULATION

NOTICE TO LOCAL AUTHORITIES

In view of the serious loss of life at the Glen Cinema, Paisley, last December, the Secretary for Scotland has issued a circular to local authorities in Scotland impressing upon them the need for adopting precautions to prevent the risk of accident in cinematograph theatres. He has also made a new Regulation to provide for the safety of children.

The circular states that, while the legal proceedings in respect of the Paisley disaster and the report of the Chief Inspector of Explosives following the special inquiry disclose a failure to observe certain of the Regulations made under the Cinematograph Act, 1923, they do not afford evidence that those Regulations, if properly and systematically carried out, are generally insufficient to ensure the safety of the public. The main lesson to be learned from the Paisley disaster is, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, the need for the strictest compliance with the Regulations. He feels it necessary to ask all licensing authorities to review the position in their own areas, and to consider whether the existing

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NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
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THE IMPORTANCE OF THE TOURIST INDUSTRY

By CALLISTHENES

In spite of all the growth of publicity about it, in spite of the increasing value of the revenue it brings the country, there are still those who think the tourist business a matter of jokes and oddments and of no real significance in the national prosperity.

This point of view always was wrong, was never more wrong than now, and will be increasingly wrong as the years go by.

Unfortunately, as in many aspects of British national life, there is an absence of comprehensive statistics. The Americans, however, with their national predilection for reducing tendencies to figures, have facts about the tourist business which are of meaning to the whole world—and especially to Great Britain.

That admirable New York journal *Commerce and Finance* quotes some figures by Dr. Julius Klein, of the United States Chamber of Commerce.

Dr. Klein estimates that about £600,000,000 a year is spent by the internal holiday and tourist traffic of the American population alone. He says that the tourist business is therefore to be regarded as equal to the gigantic iron and steel industry of the United States, as 11 per cent. greater than the clothing or the meat-packing industry, 45 per cent. greater than the printing and publishing industry, 51 per cent. greater than the oil industry, 60 per cent. greater than the lumber industry, 185 per cent. greater than the baking industry, and 222 per cent. greater than the boot and shoe industry.

Dr. Klein points out, as any observer in this country can see for himself, how the travel organizations, the hotels and restaurants and shops, the garages, the theatres, the amusements, the fashionable streets of great cities, and the little shops in lonely villages all benefit by tourist expenditure.

Between 500,000 and 600,000 Americans cross the Atlantic every year, most of them for pleasure and education, all of them with money to spend. The total spent abroad each year by American tourists is estimated at £200,000,000. It is for English business men, indeed for everyone who has the interests of England at heart, to ask whether, in these difficult times, England is getting as great a share as she ought not only of this £200,000,000 but of all the other hundreds of millions of pounds spent by the world's tourists.

England needs the tourist industry. She has not a penny to throw away. There is not one opportunity for business which she is justified in neglecting. She has wonderful assets. She has a countryside of rare charm. She has a people with a natural genius for courtesy to strangers. She has cities of splendour and wealth, of romance and beauty. On her is the glamour of the greatest tradition of poets in the world. History has enriched her from sea to sea.

It is for every man to do his utmost to make the tourist industry stronger and richer. Most of us can do something for it by being friendly to all travellers, by giving them good value in service and in merchandise. Nor shall we in this House forget for one moment how much responsibility in this matter lies on a great London Store. Tourists of all the world, including of course English folk touring England, are sure of an eager welcome here.

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ENGLISH MUSICAL TASTE

WHERE ABILITY RESTS

One of the many distinguished foreign conductors who have visited us this year told an English friend—and there was pride with the expectation of exciting surprise in his voice as he told it—that on returning home he looked forward to conducting a complete performance of Bach's "Hohe Messe." His home was one of the great European centres of musical culture, and we make no doubt but that the awaited performance would be one of singular completeness in its realization of Bach's music. But the speaker's pride in the event had nothing to do with the standard of performance, for which, indeed, like an honest artist he claimed nothing beforehand. It was the opportunity of giving a very great work without the omission of any part of it that he felt to be exceptional, and he may have been a little disappointed by the reception of his news.

His English friend could not be as impressed as he was expected to be, for in this country Bach's Mass in B minor is a standing dish, and it is one of the very few great classics which have rarely been abbreviated. We have had all sorts of performances of it from those in which a monster chorus dominates everything to those of the Bach Cantata Club, the Newcastle Bach Choir, and the St. Michael's Singers, in which the object has been to reproduce as closely as possible the relations between voices and instruments which the composer imagined. It has been sung by public school boys at Oundle, and quite recently by church choirs in St. Paul's Cathedral as an event of the reopening festival, and indeed not to have sung Bach's Mass complete has become a sign of inferiority among our choral societies. Every conductor in the land refuses to allow his society long to rest under that stigma. Bach in general, and this masterpiece in particular, is even threatening to replace Handel's *Messiah* and Mendelssohn's *Elijah* in the estimation of the multitude.

The foreign conductor's remark is a little indication of a difference between English and Continental facilities for and taste in music; it suggests, moreover, that the advantage does not entirely and always rest with the Continentals. At the end of a season in which most of our musical entertainment, particularly of orchestral music, has left us more than usually inclined to be overawed by the advantages enjoyed by other nations, it is worth while to recall that we have a few of our own. The chief of them are in choral music, though not all. Not long since two English pianists in New York wished to give a programme of Bach's concertos with string accompaniments. They had to abandon the project because no one of the existing orchestras was available on their date. That difficulty could hardly have occurred in London, and it may be quoted as an instance of how our haphazard orchestral arrangements sometimes work to musical advantage. Undoubtedly, however, the biggest musical asset we can claim is the fact that in every part of the country there are choirs trained to a technical standard capable of performing efficiently all types of music written for combined voices, from the Elizabethan motet and madrigal to compositions of the present day. Few, if any, other countries can boast as wide an activity, and it has this advantage over the more professionalized types of instrumental music that it means the many making music for their own gratification rather than the few making it for the possible gratification of comparatively passive listeners.

The remarkable choral festival held at Liverpool last week, though in itself a competition, was designed to bring together what may be called the "upper ten" of these choirs, those who have been prize-winners in more local competitions. Our Special Correspondent's account of the gathering, in which each choir sang an Elizabethan madrigal, a modern work, a sight test, and a work of its own choice, made it clear that it must have been difficult, if not impossible, to judge their performances by the technical methods of mark-giving which are normally adopted in musical competitions. There comes in fact a stage at which competition is outgrown, when technique being virtually complete, you cannot say "This is the winning choir," but only "That is the most satisfying performance of the particular work chosen." At that stage it must baffle the ingenuity of the most expert judge to give a decision between the singing of such different works as J. C. Bach's "I wrestle and pray" and Elgar's "Weary wind of the West." The perfect interpreters of the one may lag behind in the other, and then the only judgment which can be given is that the greater achievement lies in the right understanding of the greater music. Adjudication is then to be replaced by criticism, that is, the expression of an aesthetic sensibility towards the music itself.

Most of the talk which has been current in London lately about the merits and demerits of orchestras, both foreign and native, has been on the lines of the mark-giving adjudication. Its prevalence is the outcome of consciousness of only partial attainment in that branch of music. It may be right or wrong, but it is always rather tiresome because while it is going on attention is more or less distracted from the essential interests of the music performed, just as the adjudicators' mark sheet is apt to distract attention in competitive performances.

We need the technical standard to be above question before we can get directly at the heart of the music itself, and that appears to be what the competitive movement is beginning to accomplish for English choral singing. There, at least, in the last generation or two, something quite tangible has been achieved which has raised the whole level of taste throughout the country. Moreover, it has given to those who need it the comforting assurance that they need not be entirely overawed by the brilliance of our foreign visitors whose art we so justly admire. The admiration which London bestows on its visitors is not always the most intelligent, because Londoners know too little of what is going on at home. The visitors are apt to go away under the impression that they have brought a ray of light into a musically murky land. They may even be unaware that certain things like the B minor Mass, which they regard as exceptional achievements, are almost the commonplaces of a musical life here which is hidden from them, but is nevertheless of very vigorous growth. It is a life almost as independent of personal ambitions as it is of commercial interests. Judged by its product, our musical reputation would stand very much higher abroad than it is generally allowed to do, but the best of our music is not made for the export market.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and to-morrow and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 7

COPYRIGHT IN MUSIC

THE BILL EXTINCT

When the Musical Copyright Bill, the purpose of which is to amend the law relating to right of public performance of musical works, passed its second reading and was referred to a Select Committee last December, letters appeared in *The Times* from Mr. G. B. Shaw and a number of composers protesting against the measure as an injustice to composers. The Select Committee have now issued a special report (Stationery Office, 151, price 1d.), the effect of which is to show that there is evidence that in certain particulars the Bill would conflict with Treaty obligations, and also that to fix a fee in the varying circumstances of public performance would be unreasonable to the composer.

The Committee report the Bill back to the House, and their recommendation that the Government should consider whether it conflicts with Treaty obligations means the death of the measure, since the Government's programme permits of no time for this procedure before the end of the Session.

The Committee point out that the position at the present time is that the composer of a musical work, or his assignee, enjoys as part of his copyright the sole right to perform his work in public, and to decide upon what terms his work may be performed in public by any other person. Such rights are not subject to any conditions or restrictions. The amendments of the existing law proposed to be made by the Bill are intended

(1) to make it compulsory that a printed notice of reservation of those rights should be printed on every copy of the work as a condition of the retention of the performing rights in musical works, and

(2) to provide a compulsory licence in respect of performing rights, in so far as they have been retained by printing the required notice, with a fixed maximum applicable to the fee which the owner of the performing rights may demand from the music user.

The Committee have had before them the Board of Trade, associations of users of music, and associations of authors, composers, music publishers and other owners of performing rights in musical works. They report:—

"The evidence showed in the first place that, so far as what may be termed 'popular' music is concerned, the performing rights in nearly all such music are controlled and exercised by the Performing Right Society, Limited. This society is an association limited by guarantee (not having a share capital) and was registered in 1914. At the present time it has a membership of 965, comprising 654 composers, 180 authors, 22 arrangers, 97 music publishers, and 12 copyright owners. In one capacity or another it controls the exercise and enforcement of the performing rights of its members in musical works, the restraint of infringement of such rights, and the collection of fees for permission to perform those works in public. The membership of the society includes the great majority of British composers and music publishers, and, through its affiliation with similar societies abroad, it claims to control the performing rights in upwards of 2,000,000 musical works.

THE LICENCE SYSTEM

"The principal method adopted by the society for collecting fees in respect of public performance of the works in its control is to grant a licence covering the whole of those works against the payment in advance of an annual licence fee. The licence is not granted to the performer, but to the person responsible for the entertainment, or to the proprietor or lessee of the premises where the entertainment is to take place. The society has drawn up and published 17 different tariffs covering various classes of entertainment.

"The complaints which have been made by music users against the society appear from the evidence to be substantially the following:—(1) That the society does not publish any list of the works it controls, and it is impossible for the music user to discover what music is covered by the society's licence and what is not; (2) that the society has made arbitrary increases in the licence fees, and that the music users have no means of protecting themselves against further increases whenever the society chooses to demand them, or of ensuring any reasonable stability in such charges.

"The Bill proposes to meet the first difficulty by Clause 1, which requires a printed notice on copies of the work, and the second difficulty by Clause 3, which fixes a maximum royalty.

"As regards the proposal in Clause 1 to make it a condition of performing rights that a notice of reservation of such rights should be printed in every copy of the work, your Committee would point out that such a requirement was contained in Section 1 of the Copyright (Musical Compositions) Act, 1882, and that this Act was repealed by the Copyright Act, 1911, in order to allow this country to adopt Article 11, paragraph 3, of the revised Berne Copyright Convention of 1908. This paragraph reads—

'In order to enjoy the protection of the present Article' (which relates to the public representation and performance of dramatic, dramatico-musical and musical works) 'authors shall not be bound in publishing their works to forbid the public representation or performance thereof.'

"In these circumstances, the Board of Trade and the Foreign Office are of opinion that Clause 1 of the Bill would conflict with the Treaty obligations of this country.

"It would, further, appear to be ineffective in attaining the object aimed at, for such a provision could only apply to works published in the future and in view of the large amount of unmarked music already in existence, and the possibility that to some extent marking might not be practicable even in the future (where for instance the rights had been assigned either partially or wholly after publication) considerable confusion would result in determining how far such unmarked music could be performed in public free of charge.

FEAR OF HIGHER FEES

"The society has offered to circulate regularly to its licensees a complete list of all its publisher members. As the name of the publisher is always to be found on copies of music, and the society controls the performing rights in all the musical works issued by publisher members, such a list affords a guide to a very substantial proportion of the 'popular' type of music, in respect of which most of the difficulties have arisen. Where a work bears the name of a publisher not a member of the society the licensee can refer to the publisher. The offer of the society in the view of your Committee goes a considerable way to meet the complaints made.

"While therefore your Committee consider that a printed notice would have been desirable if it could be made applicable to all music, for the reasons just given they are unable to recommend that any such requirement should be re-imposed by legislation.

"The second difficulty, namely, as to whether some restriction should be imposed upon the terms which the owners of performing rights may demand for permission to perform in public needs serious attention.

"Evidence was given before your Committee that the present charges of the society compare not unfavourably with the charges made in respect of performing rights in foreign countries. Nevertheless, it was shown that substantial increases have been demanded and obtained in the past and witnesses on behalf of composers and music publishers expressed the view that the present charges are too low and should be increased. Your Committee are further satisfied that, apart from classical and educational music, the society controls 90 per cent. or even more of the performing rights in copyright music and promoters of entertainments who require to use music of the 'popular' type are, in our opinion, not in a position to do without the music controlled by the society, and are therefore compelled to pay the charges made by the society. In such circumstances, the fear of music users that the society may use what may be termed its super-monopoly to demand still higher fees appears to be well founded and it is not unnatural that they should desire to have a right of appeal to an independent body when they are faced with unreasonable demands, and are unable to come to a mutually satisfactory agreement with the society.

"Your Committee are agreed that a fixed fee cannot be applied to all the varying circumstances of public performance if the composer is to receive a reasonable remuneration. Nor do they wish to place any obstacles in the way of composers forming an association for the purposes of protecting and enforcing their performing rights. Such an association is undoubtedly a convenience and almost a necessity, both to the composer, music publisher, and the user of music, who would be considerably embarrassed if he had to deal separately with each piece of music performed. In fact it may be said to be the only practicable way in which the composer can collect his fees for performing rights in any adequate manner. If such an association is to function effectively it must obtain as nearly a super-monopoly of the monopolies conferred upon composers by the Copyright Acts.

RIGHT OF APPEAL

"Your Committee consider that such a super-monopoly can abuse its powers by refusing to grant licences upon reasonable terms so as to prejudice the trade or industry of persons carrying on business in this country and to be contrary to the public interest, and that it should be open to those persons to obtain relief in respect of such abuse by appeal to arbitration or to some other tribunal. This should apply only in those cases where the ownership or control of copyright has been transferred to an association.

"It has been suggested to your Committee that any legislation to give effect to this proposal would be contrary to the terms of the revised Berne Copyright Convention of 1908. There appears, however, to be considerable difference of opinion upon the matter, and your Committee recommend that his Majesty's Government should consider whether such legislation would conflict with the treaty obligations of this country, and, if so, should make a reservation or declaration which would permit of such legislation before ratifying the Rome Copyright Convention of 1928. If it should be found that no such legislation is at present possible, your Committee recommend that the Board of Trade should keep in touch with the position with a view to framing a policy for adoption at the next meeting of the International Copyright Union in 1935, which would secure freedom for his Majesty's Government to deal with any abuse of monopoly rights such as that to which reference has been made.

"Your Committee accordingly report the Bill without amendment."

(Continued at foot of next column)

GARDENS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC

QUEEN'S INSTITUTE OF DISTRICT NURSING

The following gardens will be open in aid of the Queen's Institute and District Nursing from to-day to next Saturday:—

TO-DAY

Garden	County	By Courtesy of
Easthampstead Park, Wokingham	Berkshire	Lord Downshire
The Beeches, Linton	Cambridgeshire	Mr. R. Ellis Long
*Mottram Hall, Prestbury	Cheshire	Mrs. Pownall
Fenton Court, Honiton (2-6)	Devon	Colonel and the Hon. Mrs. Acland
Cadhay, Ottery St. Mary (2-6, part of house shown)	Devon	Major William Powlett
Boddington Manor, Cheltenham (2-7)	Gloucestershire	Mr. J. S. Gibbons
Southam Delabere, Cheltenham (2-7)	Gloucestershire	Mrs. Ratcliff
Sudeley Castle, Winchcombe	Gloucestershire	Major G. Dent Brocklehurst
*The Court, Crondall	Hampshire	Mrs. Windsor Lewis
*Somerhill, Tonbridge (house shown, 1s.)	Kent	Mr. O. E. d'Avigdor Goldsmid
Bailrig, near Lancaster	Lancashire	Mr. J. T. Travis Clegg
The Chase, Rufford, Ormskirk, and Rufford Old Hall, Ormskirk (2-8)	Lancashire	Mr. Allan Petyt and Sir T. Fermor-Hesketh
Quenby Hall, near Leicester (2-7) (house shown, tea 1s.)	Leicestershire	Captain Sir Harold Nutting
Oxton Hall, Newark-on-Trent (2-7)	Nottinghamshire	Captain Sherbrooke, R.N.
Wayford Manor, Crewkerne (house shown)	Somerset	Mr. L. Ingham Baker
Bury Hill, Dorking	Surrey	Lt.-Colonel R. W. Barclay
*Erlwood, Windlesham (2-6.30)	Surrey	Mr. Percy Cornelius
Tangley Place, Worplesdon	Surrey	Mr. Edward Jeudwine
Arundel Castle, Arundel	West Sussex	The Duke of Norfolk
Middle Hill Park, Broadway (2-7)	Worcestershire	The Misses Hingley
Overbury Court, near Tewkesbury (2-7)	Worcestershire	Mr. R. Holland-Martin
Farnley Hall, near Otley (2-7)	Yorkshire (West Riding)	Major F. H. Fawkes
Llanstephan House, Boughrood	Radnorshire	Lady Philipps

TO-MORROW

Chesham Bury, Chesham	Buckinghamshire	Mrs. Lowndes
Hartwell House, Aylesbury	Buckinghamshire	Lady Leith of Fyvie
*Capesthorne Hall, Chelford (2-6)	Cheshire	General Sir William Bromley-Davenport
Gatley Park, Kingsland (2.30-6.30)	Herefordshire	Lt.-Colonel E. M. Dunne
Yatton Court, Kingsland (2.30-6.30, House shown. Tea)	Herefordshire	Mrs. Heber Percy
Ribby Hall, Kirkham, near Preston	Lancashire	Mr. William Duckworth
Bowood, Calne	Wiltshire	Lord Lansdowne
Fonthill House, Tisbury (11-7)	Wiltshire	Mr. Hugh Morrison, M.P.
Spye Park, Chippenham	Wiltshire	Captain F. Spicer

MONDAY

Hutton John, Preesall rith (11-5)	Cumberland	Mr. F. Hudleston
Rothamsted, Harpenden	Hertfordshire	Major R. B. Sidebottom

TUESDAY

Bayfordbury, Hertford	Hertfordshire	Mr. H. Clinton-Baker
Bedwell Park, Hatfield (2-7, House shown)	Hertfordshire	Lt.-Colonel Fremantle, M.P.
Stockeld Park, Wetherby	Yorkshire (West Riding)	Mr. Gerald R. Foster

WEDNESDAY

*Sandringham (11-4.30)	Norfolk	The King
Chicksands Priory, Shefford (2-6)	Bedfordshire	Mrs. A. Balfour Williamson
Folly Farm, Sulhamstead, near Reading (2-7)	Berkshire	Mr. Arthur N. Gilbey
Calverley Hall, Tarporley (2-6)	Cheshire	Mrs. Walter H. Midwood
Davenham Hall, Northwich (tea 6d, cars 1s.)	Cheshire	Mrs. Russell Allen
Lyme Park, Disley (2-7)	Cheshire	The Hon. Richard Legh
*Taxal Lodge, Whaley Bridge (2-6)	Cheshire	Mrs. Ramsden-Jodrell
Formarke Hall, near Derby (2.30-7.30, children under 14, 6d.)	Derbyshire	Major Sir Francis Burdett
Wood, Okehampton	Devon	Mrs. Kingsford-Lethbridge
Forde Abbey, Chard (from 2, abbey shown 1s. extra)	Dorset	Mrs. Freeman Roper
*Lambton Castle, Fence Houses	Durham	Lord Durham
Snowshill Manor, Broadway (2-7)	Gloucestershire	Mrs. Donald Cawley
Snowshill Manor, Broadway (2-7)	Gloucestershire	Mr. Charles Paget Wade
Stanway House, Winchcombe	Gloucestershire	Lord Wemyss and March
*Avonside, Fordingbridge	Hampshire	Mrs. Arthur C. Johns
Breamore House, Breamore (2-7)	Hampshire	Lady Hulse
Swanmore House, Swanmore	Hampshire	Mr. W. H. Myers
The Node, Codicote, Hitchin	Hertfordshire	Mr. and Mrs. Carl Holmes
Walkern Hall, Stevenage (2.30-7)	Hertfordshire	Miss Cotton Browne
Saltwood Castle, Hythe	Kent	Mr. R. Lawson
Balrigg, near Lancaster	Lancashire	Mr. J. T. Travis-Clegg
The Manor House, West Coker, Yeovil (15th century manor house)	Somerset	Sir Matthew Nathan
Thorpe, Tamworth	Staffordshire	Miss Inge
Acton Place, Acton, Sudbury	Suffolk	Mrs. Pearson
Hethersett, Reigate	Surrey	Mrs. Auerbach
Milton Court, Dorking	Surrey	Mr. L. R. Rate
Snowdenham Hall, Bramley, Guildford	Surrey	Mrs. Pim
Stoke D'Abernon, Manor, Cobham	Surrey	Mr. and Mrs. Noel Phillips
Chelwood Vachery, Nutley	East Sussex	Mr. F. T. Nettlefold
Petworth House, Petworth (10-7)	West Sussex	Lord Leconfield
High Pastures, Deganwy	Caernarvonshire	Mr. T. W. Frost

THURSDAY

*Sandringham (11-4.30)	Norfolk	The King
Hinwick Hall, and Hinwick House, near Wellingborough (2.30-6.30)	Bedfordshire	Mr. Gilbert Robinson and Lt.-Colonel Orlebar
Clovelly Court, Bideford (house shown)	Devon	Mrs. Hamlyn
Athelhampton House, Puddletown (from 2)	Dorset	Mr. G. Cochrane
Waterson Manor, Dorchester (from 2)	Dorset	Major G. V. Carter
Bagendon Manor, Cirencester	Gloucestershire	Mrs. Leatham
Hursley Park, near Winchester	Hampshire	Sir George Cooper
Oakley Hall, near Basingstoke	Hampshire	Mr. K. M. Carlisle
Tylney Hall, Rotherwick	Hampshire	Major Sir Herbert Cayzer, M.P.
Eywood, Titley, Kington (2.30-6.30)	Herefordshire	Mr. C. J. Gwyer

LUCAS-TOOTH INSTITUTE

SIR GRANVILLE RYRIE'S TRIBUTE

In presenting the awards at a demonstration by the members of the Lucas-Tooth Institute at St. Olave's Institute, Bermondsey, on Thursday the High Commissioner for Australia (Sir Granville Ryrie) said that he was pleased to be present at the display chiefly because the late Sir Robert Lucas-Tooth was a fellow-countryman of his and a native of Australia. His name was a household one in the Commonwealth.

Lady Lucas-Tooth and Miss Lucas-Tooth were carrying on the splendid work of training the young men and boys in order that they might take their places as useful and good citizens in this fine old Motherland. He congratulated Major Garnier (the director) and the instructors on the proficiency of their boys and young men, whose performance that night had delighted him. He thought that Lady Lucas-Tooth, their benefactor, was worthy of their great gratitude, not only on behalf of the young men but of the students of this great city, because the training made such good citizens of them.

Continuing, the High Commissioner said that they in Australia were loyal people. 98 per cent. British, and they called the Old Country "home," for it was the most beautiful country in the world. But he would like to see the young men of the kind before him go out to Australia and mingle there with the good farmers on the land and in the bush, for they would be doing themselves much good by going. Unfortunately, their Migration Department was a little bit upset at the moment, for the country was, like the rest of the world, suffering from the general depression; but they (the Australians) would come round again. There was not so much opportunity for them in Australia as there had been in the past and as there would be in some two years' time. He advised them, however, to try to get out there, for he felt sure they would do well among the sheep and cattle in the back blocks.

PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA only: "ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT," retained in response to public demand. Cont. perf. Sessions 1.0, 3.30, 6.0, 8.30.

ASTORIA. Gerr. 5528. 1-11. Kenneth McKenna in Sapper's "TEMPLE TOWER" (All-Talking). 2.15, 4.50, 7.25, 10. Also Sue Carol in "The Big Party" (Talking).

AVENUE PAVILION, Shaftesbury-avenue. Gerrard 3981. Continuous 2-11. Last 2 days of Colin Clive in the Film of "JOURNEY'S END" (All-Talking). at 2.15, 4.30, 6.45, and 9.

CAPITOL. Reg. 4455. Lois Moran and Walter Byron in "NOT DAMAGED" (Talking) 1.30, 4.15, 9.45. Also George Grossmith and Fifi Dorsay in "Women Everywhere" (Talking), &c., &c.

CARLTON, Haymarket. Dly. 2.30, 6 o'c., 8.45. Sun. 6 o'c., 8.45. MAURICE CHEVALIER. Geo. Bancroft, Nancy Carroll, Clive Brook, Wm. Powell in "PARAMOUNT ON PARADE." A crescendo of Surprises. All-Talking! "Paramount on Parade" starts 9 o'c. 6.30, 9.15. Seats at 3s. 4d., 5s. 6d., 5s. 9d. Reg. 2215.

EMPIRE, Leicester-square. 12-12. TWO BIG "TALKIES." "IN GAY MADRID" and "STRICTLY UNCONVENTIONAL," with Ramon NOVARRO, Lewis STONE, Ernest TORRENCE, Paul CAVANAGH, Dorothy Jordan. From 11.30 to 12.0, any seat (except Loges), is 6d.

KENSINGTON. (Western 3577.) 2 till 11. All Talking RICHARD DIX in "THE LOVE DOCTOR." Conway Tearle in "THE LOST ZEPPELIN."

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION. Continuous 2-11, last day of RONALD COLMAN in his greatest dramatic romance, "CONDEMNED." (All-Talking Picture), at 3.35, 6.35, and 9.35; &c., &c.

NEW GALLERY. Gerr. 9805. 2-11. Reginald Denny in "THE GENTLEMAN CHAUFFEUR" (talking). 3.30, 6.30, 9.30. Also "Greek Street" (talking). Mickey Mouse in "The Cactus Kid."

PALACE THEATRE. (Gerr. 6834.) for One Week Only: 2.30, 5.30, 8.30 (sun., 6, 8.30), "ONE FAMILY," the different Talking Film. Also GUARDS BAND. All seats bookable. 2s. 4d. to 8s. 6d.

PLAZA. Another Super Show! All Talking! "YOUNG EAGLES," with Charles Rogers, Jean Arthur. Romantic Air Sensation. And "LIGHT OF WESTERN STARS," with Richard Arlen, Mary Brian, Harry Green (Yiddisher Cowboy). All Talking! Stampede of Thrills! Adm. 1s. 6d. 11.45-1. Reg. 7201.

POLYTECHNIC THEATRE, Regent-street. Langham 1744. John McCormack, World-Famous Tenor, in "Song o' my Heart." Also "Across Bolivia." Daily 2.30, 5.30, 8.30. Not Sundays.

REGAL, MARBLE ARCH. FANNIE BRICE in "BE YOURSELF." Daily at 1,3.50,6.50,9.50. Padd.9911.

STOLL PICTURE THEATRE, Kingsway. Daily from 12.15. Phone, Holborn 3703. Two Talkies. RICHARD DIX in "THE LOVE DOCTOR"; Ralph Ince in "WALL STREET." Song Film. On the stage: The Radiotone.

TIVOLI. Temple Bar 5222. 12-11. Bert Wheeler and Robert Woolsey in "THE CUCKOOS" (All-Talking). 1.9, 3.48, 6.27, 9.4. Sessions: 12.30, 3.9, 5.48, 8.27. 1,000 seats at 1s. 6d. between 12-1 daily.

LECTURES AND MEETINGS

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS, MARCOL HOUSE, 293, REGENT-STREET, W.1.
Public Lecture:
UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD.
Followed by questions and answers.
SUNDAY, 13th JULY, at 8.15 p.m. sharp.
Study Class: Weds., 8.15, "Ocean of Theosophy." Rooms open daily, except Sundays, 10-5. All are welcome. No fees. No collection.

BUDDHIST MISSION.—The Second Anniversary of the Buddhist Mission will be celebrated at 41, Gloucester-road, N.W.1, TO-MORROW (Sunday) at 6 p.m. Chairman: H.S.H. PRINCE VARNVAIDYA, Siamese Minister in London. Admission Free.

PAGEANTS

ASHRIDGE PLAYERS.
MILTON'S COMUS with 17th century Orchestral setting, produced by Arthur Bryant and Susan Lushington, in the gardens of Ashridge House, 29 miles from London. 'Buses meet train service from Euston 3 p.m. and 9.15p.m. FRIDAY and SATURDAY, July 18th and 19th. Reserved tickets 8s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 2s. 6d., from Keith Prowse, Ashton and Mitchell's Agencies, and from Secretary, Ashridge, Berkhamsted, Herts. Teas and Cold Suppers available.

WARWICK PAGEANT.—July 16-19 (3 and 6.30).—Covered grand stand, seats numbered.—Tickets £1 1s., 10s. 6d., 5s., from Pageant Secretary, Leamington Spa; Keith Prowse; Cook's.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinees, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS."
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
TOM WALLS, Mary Brough, and RALPH LYNN.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
The Old Bailey trial that is thrilling all London.

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) 2.30, 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30
"NINE TILL SIX."
A Play by Aimée & Philip Stuart. 200th Perf. Wed.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
LAST 2 PERFS. TO-DAY, at 2.30 and 8.15.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY.
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
MARK STONE DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d., PLUS TAX.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30
DENNIS KING in
"THE THREE MUSKETEERS."
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Tem. Bar 5122.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. MATS., MON. & WED., 2.30.
In association with Wilhut, Ltd.,
Famous Players Guild, Ltd., presents
THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN.
By Walter Hackett.
MARION LORNE. C. AUBREY SMITH.
CATHLEEN NESBITT. NIGEL BRUCE.

EVERYMAN. Hampstead 7224.
LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN.
EVENINGS, at 8.15. Mat., Sat., at 2.30.

GAIETY. (Tem. 6991.) NIGHTLY, at 8.15
Matinees, TUESDAY and FRIDAY, 2.30.
"THE LOVE RACE."
STANLEY LUPINO, LADDIE CLIFF,
MADGE ELLIOTT, CYRIL RITCHARD, Connie Emerald.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.30
Matinees, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"ALMOST A HONEYMOON."
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GRAFTON, Tottenham Court-road.
ANNAJANSKA.
By BERNARD SHAW. (Last Weeks.)
And UNUSUAL VARIETY. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
WED., FRI., 2.30. Museum 1424. Café opens 6.30.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, London. (Gerr. 0648.)
EVGS., 8.15. Mats., Weds., Thurs., and Sats., 2.30.
Herbert Clayton and Jack Waller in Association with Moss' Empires, Ltd., present
BOBBY HOWES
In a New Musical Comedy,
"SONS O' GUNS,"
with ROBERT HALE and MIREILLE PERREY, &c.

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., TO-DAY and WED., 2.30
12th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
"BITTER SWEET."
An Operetta by NOEL COWARD.

LITTLE. (Tem. 6301. TO-DAY, 2.30 & 9.
MARY NEWCOMB in
JEALOUSY.
Matinees, Tuesday and Saturday, at 2.30.

LONDON PAVILION. NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinées, TUES. and THURS., 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.
"MR. COCHRAN'S BEST REVUE."—*Daily Mail.*

LYCEUM. TEMPLE BAR 7617.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., Weds. and Thurs., at 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Musical Production.
"HERE COMES THE BRIDE."
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Brouett, Howell, Harger, and Naldi.
SEATS BOOKABLE from 3s. (Unres., 3s., 2s., & 1s.)

LYRIC. POPULAR PRICES. Ger. 3686.
LAST 2 PERFORMANCES.
TO-DAY, at 2.30. TO-NIGHT, at 8.15.
"LILAC TIME."
A Play with Music by FRANZ SCHUBERT.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.40.
(Riverside 3012.) MATS., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
Nigel Playfair presents
THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST.
"OSCAR WILDE'S MASTERPIECE."—*The Times.*
John Gielgud, Mabel Terry-Lewis, Jean Cadell.

NEW (Tem. 3878). 8.45. Mats., Tues., Thurs., 2.30.
OWEN NARES and JEANNE DE CASALIS in
"DESIRE."
Adapted by John Leslie Frith.
"SACHA GUITRY'S DELIGHTFUL COMEDY."—*Morning Post.*

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162.
GLADYS COOPER and
GERALD du MAURIER
in *"CYNARA."*
By H. M. Harwood and R. Gore Browne.
CELIA JOHNSON.
ANN TODD. DORICE FORDRED.
CAMPBELL GULLAN.
Mats., Wednesday and Thursday, at 2.30.

PRINCE OF WALES. LAST PERF.
Proprietor: Tonic Bruce. Lessee: Andre Charlot.
MAURICE BROWNE presents
"BADGER'S GREEN."
A New Play by R. C. Sherriff.
With HORACE HODGES.
TO-NIGHT, at 8.30. LAST PERF.
"A LITTLE MASTERPIECE."—*Evening News.*

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Imperial and Foreign News

DEATH OF GENERAL BERNHARDI

THE WAR SCHOOL IN GERMANY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JULY 11

General Friedrich von Bernhardi, the author of the book "Germany and the Next War" and other works representing the aggressive pan-German school of thought before the War, has died at Cunnersdorf in Silesia at the age of 80.

Bernhardi was born in November, 1849, at St. Petersburg, where his father, the diplomatist and historian, Theodor von Bernhardi, was attached to the German Embassy. He entered the 14th Prussian Hussars in 1869 and fought through the Franco-Prussian War. He had the distinction of being the first German, riding at the head of his troop with the advance guard, to enter Paris on March 1, 1871.

During a distinguished career on the General Staff, the War Academy, and in command of brigade, division, and corps, von Bernhardi, who had inherited his father's literary talent, busied himself with military text-books devoted especially to his own arm. He insisted that the old formal Prussian cavalry tactics must be liberated for the next War from rigid conceptions. He was for the utmost mobility and all-round handiness, and gave as much importance to unmounted as to mounted action. After the War he claimed, not perhaps without justification, that it took some costly lessons in 1914 to teach what might have been learned more thoroughly beforehand from him. His lively views brought him into conflict with some of the old school, and this friction was probably among the "many service vexations" which, he wrote in his reminiscences, led to his retirement in 1909, when commanding the 7th Army Corps at Münster.

Bernhardi had always followed politics with close attention, and kept in touch with many of the leading figures in Berlin. He was firmly convinced of the "inevitability" of a big European war, and was disappointed as chance after chance, in his opinion, was missed by Germany of dealing separately with her presumptive enemies. He was not averse from a British alliance at the beginning of the century, but when the politicians had failed to realize the opportunity he became one of the foremost German believers in the "policy of encirclement," and always saw King Edward as the "sly old fox" who was directing it.

"GERMANY AND THE NEXT WAR"

To Bernhardi the Kaiser and successive Chancellors were hopeless peacemakers, who by weakly entering into conferences spoiled Germany's chances of clearing Russia, or France, out of the way before the Entente became solid. Once convinced that such chances were past he devoted himself to "waking the nation up" to prepare for an aggressive war against all comers. He thought this war not only inevitable but necessary, because Germany had a great cultural mission to fulfil, she could only fulfil it as a great world Power and she could only consolidate her position as such by force of arms. War was a "necessary element in the life of nations and an indispensable factor of culture."

He advocated not only the highest pitch of military preparedness in Germany, but also in allied countries, to form a strong Central European league "for the purpose of preserving peace." But if war was nevertheless inevitable (as he already believed it was and as this resounding militarist policy was likely to make it in any case) they should be able to throw all available forces against their presumptive enemies, France, Russia, and Great Britain, and beat them one by one. Then only could Germany think of becoming a "world Power." There was no need to trouble about the integrity of Belgium, a provisional territorial conception which could be divided between France and Holland for a useful price.

During his retirement Bernhardi put some of these ideas in forceful terms in the book "Germany and the Next War," which on its publication in 1911 quickly ran into seven editions and was translated into many languages. Only in Germany was it not, in the opinion of Bernhardi and his friends, taken sufficiently seriously.

This is pointed out in German comments on Bernhardi's death to-day, with the suggestion that foreign opinion was mistaken in regarding it, not only as the gospel of the German militarists but as an exposition of the ideas really governing German policy. But this is hardly surprising in view of the influence and importance of the Bernhardi group, who, despite their complaint that they did not entirely get their way, certainly forced much of their policy on the country. Bernhardi, in his reminiscences published in 1927, attributed Germany's defeat to the failure of the Kaiser and the politicians to put ruthlessly into practice what he preached in "Germany and the Next War" and other writings of the same period, so that the book failed of its purpose and played into the hands of Germany's enemies.

In the "inevitable" War, Bernhardi found employment first as Deputy General Officer Commanding the V. Army Corps in Posen. He was disappointed at this, but eventually obtained a command on the Eastern front, where he distinguished himself on the Stochod against the Brusiloff offensive, especially in the storming of Tsarecze. Later he went to the Western front, and again took a distinguished part at Armentières. It was not till shortly before the Armistice that his health gave out, and he retired to Silesia. He continued until recently to write on his favourite theme, but in the less characteristic vein of apologist rather than exponent.

EUROPEAN UNION

POLISH REPLY TO M. BRIAND

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WARSAW, JULY 10

The Polish Government has now replied to the Memorandum of the French Government on the organization of a European Federal Union. While signifying acceptance of M. Briand's proposal and promising full cooperation in a European conference, the reply refrains from making precise suggestions, on the ground that the subject calls for a profound inquiry, and limits itself to four general remarks.

These are, that the Polish Government shares M. Briand's opinion that security must take precedence of other problems; that in order to create the necessary atmosphere of mutual confidence and security it might be well to be guided by the principles of the Geneva Protocol; that it must be made clear that the European Union will have no aggressive character and will not be directed against a single nation or group of nations; and that the Union ought to help in implementing the Covenant of the League of Nations and strengthening the edifice of the League.

In conclusion, it is suggested that the conference of European States which may be called in September should appoint a commission of inquiry in order that Governments may afterwards take their decisions on the basis of a considered report.

THE ADMINISTRATION OF MALTA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MALTA, JULY 11

Under Ordinance V. of 1930, promulgated to-day, to facilitate the execution of the Malta (Temporary Government) Order in Council, 1930, the Governor has enacted that all powers which, under any law, have hitherto been vested in Ministers, are conferred on the Lieutenant-Governor, to be exercised only by him or by some person delegated by him. The Governor's approval, notified in the *Government Gazette*, takes the place of a Resolution of the Legislature, as authority for the spending of money appropriated by law.

HAMBURG CHESS TOURNAMENT

BRITISH CHANCES

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

HAMBURG, JULY 11

The meeting of delegates of the International Chess Federation, which will be held here next week, forms the smaller part of the proceedings this year, for the main interest centres in the International Team Tournament for the Hamilton-Russell Cup, the second time this has been competed for.

This tournament begins in the Provinziallloge von Niedersachsen, Moorweidenstrasse, on Sunday morning, with a preliminary meeting to-morrow evening, at which the numbers will be drawn. In London three years ago there were 16 countries competing, and this year there are 20 countries, which sets up a record not likely to be beaten for some time.

The list of players representing the British Empire, given in *The Times* of March 10, requires alteration through the inability of Mr. V. Buerger to come; his place has been taken by Mr. T. H. Tylor (Balliol College, Oxford). He has competed more than once in British Championship tournaments.

The competitors are:—The British Empire, Austria, Belgium, Czechslovakia, Denmark, France, Finland, Germany, Holland, Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Mexico, Norway, Poland, Rumania, Sweden, and the United States. Each has four players and a reserve. The tournaments of the years 1927 and 1928 made one fairly familiar with the players of all these countries except Iceland, whose entry comes appropriately in the year of the Althing millenary. Their play will certainly be watched with interest, since this is the first time Iceland has competed in any international tournament whatsoever. Hungary won the cup in 1927 with a score of 40 points, Denmark coming next with 38½ points, and the British Empire third with 36½ points. At The Hague in 1928 the final scores were:—Hungary 44 points, United States 39½, Poland 37, and it must be remembered that only points—not matches—count in this instance. Hungary will be represented here by G. Maroczy, A. Vajda, A. Takacs, A. Steiner, and K. Havasi, who are indeed very formidable, and—to speak in the manner of the racing forecasters—the country which scores more points than Hungary will probably win. But I am not without hope that the British Empire team, which now consists of Sir G. A. Thomas, Mir Sultan Khan, T. H. Tylor, W. Winter, and F. D. Yates, will prove equal to the task of bringing the cup home. At all events, there will be nothing to justify the complaint of the pessimists, one of whom was heard at Scarborough contending that, as usual, English players could do nothing against the foreign.

The English protests against the proposal to play the tournament on the Swiss system received support from several other countries, and now each country will meet all the others, entailing double rounds on five days.

The women's tournament for the Championship of the World will probably be a double-round event, since the number of entrants does not appear likely to exceed six. The match to decide the tie between Miss Hooke and Mrs. Stevenson has been played off, with the result that Mrs. Stevenson wins the British Ladies' Championship and the right to represent England in this tournament.

BRITISH JEWS AND PALESTINE

IMMIGRATION RESTRICTIONS

The Secretary of State for the Colonies received a deputation from the Board of Deputies of British Jews on July 2. The deputation, which consisted of Mr. O. E. d'Avigdor-Goldsmid (president of the board), Lord Rothschild (vice-president), Mr. B. S. Straus (treasurer), and Mr. J. M. Rich (secretary), conveyed to Lord Passfield the views of the board, as the elected representative body of the Jews of the British Empire, on the suspension of the 2,300 immigration certificates for Palestine granted on the Labour Schedule for the current half-year.

The deputation said that the board was compelled to believe that the immigration certificates had been suspended by his Majesty's Government on political grounds, as the economic factors were thoroughly examined by the Administration of Palestine before the issue of the certificates had been sanctioned on May 12. The Government's decision prejudiced the work of the Jewish Agency and seemed to indicate that the Government had made up its mind that Jewish immigration must be stopped. The deputation begged his Majesty's Government to release the certificates and to demonstrate its intention to administer Palestine in the spirit of the Mandate.

Lord Passfield said in reply that the protests of the Jews appeared to have been based on a misunderstanding. There had been no change in the policy of the Government and no uncertainty in its execution of the Mandate, but the Mandate did not envisage the establishment of a Jewish State, only of a Jewish National Home in Palestine consistently with the maintenance of the position and rights of the Arab population. There must be a limit to Jewish immigration determined by the absorptive capacity of the country. There had been no stoppage of immigration; 950 certificates on the Labour Schedule for the present half-year had been sanctioned in advance and had not been suspended. The Shaw Commission had reported that a certain number of Arabs had been economically prejudiced as a result of Jewish land purchases, although it was recognized that the Jewish Agency had paid liberal monetary compensation. The Government considered it necessary to inquire into the truth of the allegations, and with this object had secured the best possible expert to make inquiries.

RUMANIAN LIBERALS AND THEIR KING

LEADER'S ATTITUDE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUCHAREST, JULY 11

Following M. Vintila Bratianu's visit to the Palace and audience of the King on Wednesday night, the former Ministers and Under-Secretaries belonging to the Liberal Party held a meeting yesterday morning. No communication was issued to the Press, and the public is none the wiser as to the relations between his Majesty and the intransigent branch of the Liberal Party.

The audience has at any rate restored normal relations between the old Liberal leader and the King, but M. Bratianu was probably prevailed upon to take this step by pressure from his followers in the interests of the party. It was presumably against his own judgment, as he made it clear enough at the time that he thought that King Carol's return was very unconstitutional, and he has given no other sign of having changed his mind. There is much speculation what will happen next. The attitude of the Liberals towards the Crown is now defined, but it is not yet clear how the *rapprochement* affects the position of Professor George Bratianu and his Dissident Liberals who first took the initiative of expressing their loyalty to King Carol.

FIVE KILLED IN TEXAS AIR CRASH

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JULY 11

Four business men of Kansas City, who were passengers in an aeroplane, and the pilot were killed yesterday near Arkansas Pass, Southern Texas, when the aeroplane fell to pieces at a height of 4,000ft. and crashed in fragments on to salt flats near the coast of the Gulf of Mexico.

The passengers were returning from tarpon fishing at Corpus Christi, and had started on a direct flight to Kansas City. The sky was clear, but soon afterwards the aeroplane was seen to disappear in a dark cloud. A moment later the sound of an explosion was heard, and the aeroplane came tumbling out of the cloud with the wings broken off. Half-way to the ground the petrol tanks fell away from the fuselage. The crumpled wreckage showed no signs of an explosion or of fire.

FRENCH CHAMBER PROROGUED

AN OPPOSITION STORM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 11

M. Tardieu announced the prorogation of the Chamber at 8.30 this evening. As soon as the House realized the Prime Minister's intentions, so violent an uproar broke out that only the first few words of the decree, "The President of the Republic," were audible, and he left the Tribune and the Chamber while the storm was still raging. The Radicals and Socialists, however, were determined not to accept M. Tardieu's arbitrary though strictly constitutional action without a protest.

So noisy, indeed, were their protests that the President of the Chamber was forced to threaten that he would not take the vote on the *procès-verbal* of the day's sitting unless order was restored. As soon as he could make himself heard M. Herriot announced that his party would abstain from voting on the *procès-verbal* as a protest against the premature adjournment of Parliamentary business.

Amid continual interruptions from the Right, M. Herriot went on to state that yesterday the Chamber had been presented with a programme, to be concluded during the present Session, which contained such important measures as the military credits and colonial loans. He could not be fairly accused of obstructionism as he had promised to vote in favour of these measures.

The Government's motion of adjournment, he said, had not been inspired by the country's interests, and nothing more need be said. M. Blum was even more indignant than M. Herriot. To the accompaniment of ironical jeers he declared that he associated himself with his "friend M. Herriot," and went one step further by asking the House to abstain *en masse* from voting on the *procès verbal*. The Government, he said, had abused its constitutional powers, and for the sake of expediency it had abandoned the programme for sessions to-night and to-morrow to which they had agreed no later than yesterday morning. "The Government," he shouted against a rising tide of vociferation, "has failed in all its engagements." Lesser lights of the Opposition had no more success in trying to express its indignation at the sudden abandonment of its favourite project. When the vote was finally taken the *procès verbal* was adopted by 310 votes to 273.

AUSTRALIAN RESERVE BANK BILL

LABOUR WITHDRAWAL FROM SELECT COMMITTEE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, JULY 11

Senator Daly, Vice-President of the Executive Council, announced to-day that on instructions from the Government the Labour members had withdrawn from the Select Committee appointed by the Senate to consider the Central Reserve Bank Bill. Mr. Daly said he regretted the appointment of the Committee, which could not be accepted by the Ministry as a genuine offer of assistance. Notice was given of a motion for the appointment of more Opposition Senators to the Committee.

Lobby comment suggests that the Senate is endeavouring to force the Ministry to seek a dissolution, but no crisis is expected till Mr. Scullin returns from the Imperial Conference. Mr. Scullin said that failure of the Senate to pass the Bill next month would be regarded as failure to pass it at all.

AUSTRALIAN BUDGET

CONDEMNATION BY SYDNEY BUSINESS MEN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SYDNEY, JULY 11

The Sydney Chamber of Commerce to-day passed a resolution stating that it viewed with alarm the increased Customs and other Federal taxation proposed in the Commonwealth Budget, which, the Chamber believed, would defeat its own ends by greatly increasing unemployment, antagonizing countries to which Australia desired to sell her primary products, and preventing oversea financiers from investing money here.

The resolution further suggested funding the deficiency and spreading its repayment over five years, and urged the Government to consult leading representatives of commerce and finance before proceeding farther.

THE NEW BRIDGE IN CAIRO

CONTRACT FOR BRITISH FIRM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ALEXANDRIA, JULY 11

The new Kasr el Nil Bridge, the contract for which has been given to Messrs. Dorman, Long and Co., of London, whose tender was £250,000, will take three years to build. A wooden temporary bridge will be begun immediately, while the present bridge will be left in position until April, after the closing of the Agricultural Exhibition in Gezira.

It is expected that by the time the new bridge is ready, Mokhtar Effendi, the Egyptian sculptor, will have finished his statue of the late Saad Pasha Zaghlul, which is to be erected at the Gezira end of the bridge on a pedestal as high as the Nelson column in Trafalgar-square.

ANTI-FASCIST AEROPLANE

LEAFLETS DROPPED ON MILAN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MILAN, JULY 11

Just after midday, when all the streets of Milan were thronged with workers leaving their offices and factories, an unknown aeroplane flew low over the city and dropped sheaves of subversive leaflets.

The leaflets were obviously intended to fall on to the big industrial establishments, and many of them hit their mark. They bore such messages as:—"Justice and Freedom. We want freedom and a Republic. Taxes have risen 100 per cent. and are still rising. Stop smoking or you will help the Government." Squads of police and Fascist militia were quickly out in the streets and seized all the leaflets they could find. Two fast machines were sent up in pursuit of the aeroplane, which, however, is believed to have escaped across the frontier.

THE MINE DISASTER IN SILESIA

94 BODIES RECOVERED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JULY 11

Ninety-four bodies have been recovered from the Wenzeslaus Mine at Hausdorf, in Lower Silesia, where a gas outbreak occurred on Wednesday. The mine management entertain no hope for the lives of the 57 men still in the mine, and the death-roll will probably reach 151, the remaining 59 of the 210 men in the mine at the time of the disaster having been rescued alive.

Public opinion is reluctant to abandon all hope for the men still imprisoned, and recalls that in the Courrières disaster of 1906, when 1,200 lives were lost, a few men were found alive after 18 days.

MOSCOW'S WIRELESS WARFARE

GERMAN COMPLAINTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JULY 11

A political agency, in an article apparently inspired, states that a new German grievance is already being diplomatically ventilated in Moscow. This is the wordy wireless warfare which Moscow wages against the outer world in general and Soviet Russia's nearer neighbours in particular.

Quite recently the discussion of the last batch of German political complaints ended with a German statement that "the fundamental difference between the two political extremes need not be an obstacle to the further beneficial development of friendly relations." This statement, which partly met the Soviet desire for a reaffirmation of Germany's policy towards Russia in view of her agreements with Western countries signed at The Hague, assumed that "no attempt is to be made actively to influence the internal affairs of the other country."

But Moscow is incalculable, and already questions of distinction arise. Does the broadcasting of anti-German propaganda in German, over a wide area including Germany, constitute "active interference" in German affairs? A powerful station, says the article, has been erected near Moscow at a cost of 1,800,000 roubles [nominally £180,000] for this purpose. It is the headquarters of a campaign for the Bolshevization of the ether. Its voice reaches from Poland to Persia, and is not subdued by respect for any international wireless treaties. It incessantly thunders its denunciations of Germany and other countries, in their respective tongues and on their favourite wave-lengths, and can be heard within the frontiers of these lands. On such occasions as May Day, says the *Vossische Zeitung*, it holds forth in this fashion: "Policemen and soldiers of Germany: reflect, proletarians in uniform. In Germany, too, the right way is the October way. Give Zörgiebel [the Berlin police president] the answer he deserves. Long live the German Soviet Republic."

Diplomatic remonstrances, not from Germany alone, have so far been vain, says the article, and counter measures must be considered. Rumania already has a counter-centre, which shouts Moscow down whenever it starts talking in Rumanian. Germany's wireless traffic with her shipping would unfortunately suffer if she did the same.

Worst of all, the article states, the unrepentant Bolshevist broadcasters intend to develop this propaganda and to spend over £5,000,000 on extending their system of transmitters. Altogether the war of words in the air seems likely to develop in the near future and should at least prove beneficial to the manufacturers of wireless equipment.

A NEW SOVIET PROBLEM

ENVOYS WHO WILL NOT RETURN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JULY 9

Orjonikidze's speech at Moscow on the growing reluctance of Soviet citizens appointed to diplomatic or other posts abroad to return to Russia has attracted interest here. *Germania* publishes, from a well-informed source, some instructive details of the extent of this movement and of its significance.

The writer says the movement is known among Russian exiles as "the third emigration," the first emigration being that of the Socialists and Anarchists in Tsarist days, and the second that of the one or two million Russians who dispersed through the world rather than accept the Bolshevist régime. The forerunners of the present emigration, that of the "non-returners," to quote the jargon of Moscow, were Bashenoff, the secretary of the present Dictator Stalin, who fled from Russia in 1927, and Biesedovsky, the Soviet Counsellor of Embassy in Paris, who escaped over the Embassy wall rather than obey an order to return to Russia. His defection was the real beginning of the movement.

The Soviet law making "non-returners" liable to death and their goods subject to confiscation by the State did not, the writer says, prevent many others from following Biesedovsky. He mentions the Counsellor of Legation in Stockholm, Dimitrievsky; the military agent in Oslo, Sobolev; the director of the joint German-Russian aviation company, Davidoff; the Counsellor of the Trade Delegation in Paris, Goldstein, the head of the Trade Delegation in Helsingfors; and others. The number of junior officials runs into hundreds; in England 23 have refused to return, in Germany 80, many more in Belgium, and so on.

The writer says the members of the second emigration view the movement with mixed feelings, though they recognize its importance. They have so far refused to receive the newcomers among them, in view of their Communist service, and the third emigration is therefore organizing its own associations. In Paris the non-returners are grouped round M. Biesedovsky's periodical, the *Battle*, in the production of which he is helped by two former high Soviet officials, M. Baggovut and M. Kriukov-Andoksky. In Brussels the non-returners have founded an anti-Communist group, and publish a journal violently attacking Bolshevism. The Russian exiles, however, prefer to wait and see whether the non-returners are really converts, or merely opportunists.

THE CITY OF LONDON

PARIS NEWSPAPER'S SPECIAL NUMBER

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 11

L'Europe Nouvelle will publish a special number to-morrow devoted exclusively to the City of London. The declared object of the publication is to draw the attention of the Paris business world to the lessons it might profitably learn by studying the organization of the City. It therefore deals separately with the money market, the Stock Exchange, and the issue of stocks and shares; a fourth section relates to the international and internal financial problems of to-day.

With the exception of M. de Chalandar, who has written a general article on the bases of the financial power of the London Market, the contributors have been chosen from among British financiers and business men. Sir Herbert Hambling deals with the functions in the money market of the joint stock banks. Mr. W. J. Hakim and Mr. B. E. Henderson explain the history of the Stock Exchange since the War and its organization, and Baron Emile d'Erlanger the issue of stocks and shares. Contemporary financial problems are dealt with by, among others, Dr. Einzig, who writes on "London and the Bank of International Payments," and Dr. Spring Rice, whose subject is "The Policy of the Treasury and its effect upon the London money market."

THE MISSING BRITISH VICE-CONSUL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MARSEILLES, JULY 11

Mr. Arthur Reginald Lee, British Vice-Consul and acting Consul-General in Marseilles, who left his house in the Rue Valence on Saturday evening, has not yet been found.

Mr. Lee drove his motor-car to a garage in the Rue St. Hermentaire at 8.30 p.m., but did not return home. The Prefect of the Bouches du Rhône was informed of his disappearance on Monday, and authorization was obtained to search the Consulate and Mr. Lee's house, but nothing was found that could throw light upon the case. To-day a shopkeeper in the Boulevard Longchamp stated that he recognized the photograph of Mr. Lee, published in the Press, as that of a man who had bought an overcoat from him at 6 o'clock yesterday evening. Mr. Lee is very popular in Marseilles, and his disappearance has caused the greatest surprise.

CANADIAN ELECTION CAMPAIGN

CONSERVATIVES AND CONSCRIPTION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, JULY 11

The Canadian Conservative Party suffered severely in the West in 1926 from an unfortunate remark by a Conservative speaker that all foreigners ought to be disfranchised, and now it may pay heavily in Quebec for the indiscretion of Mr. J. R. McNicol, one of its candidates for Toronto.

In Quebec the Liberals have been trying to revive the conscription bogy by assertions that if Mr. Bennett came to power, and worse trouble developed in India, he would enforce conscription to serve the ends of British Imperialism. Mr. Bennett had warmly repudiated the suggestion and seemed to have killed the canard, until Mr. McNicol, in a recent speech, declared that as soon as another war broke out conscription would be enforced if the Conservatives were in power. Naturally, the Liberals have seized upon his statement with avidity, and have secured deadly ammunition for the Quebec constituencies, where conscription is still a bitter memory.

On the other hand, the Conservatives are deriving much comfort from an editorial pronouncement of the Roman Catholic *Record*, published at London, Ontario, which is the leading organ of the English-speaking Roman Catholics, and was in Laurier's time and later a firm supporter of the Liberal Party. The *Record* draws attention to the fact that Liberal politicians in Quebec are using race and creed cries and an imaginary war in India to inflame French-Canadian voters against the Conservative Party and the English-speaking Provinces. It declares that Liberals in Quebec are playing "a dangerous game—dangerous for the party which adopts it, and still more dangerous for the peaceful progress of Canada's national development."

The article is being interpreted as indirect advice to English-speaking Roman Catholics, who have the balance of voting power in many divisions, to withdraw their support from a Government dominated by Quebec.

At his meeting at Edmonton, Alberta, yesterday, the Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King, again had trouble with the unemployed, and he declared that while he was willing to cooperate with the Provinces in dealing with the problem, he was not going to make promises of public buildings and other projects to gain the votes of the unemployed. He was referring to Mr. Bennett's promises. The Liberals are trying to alarm "big business" by publishing calculations that Mr. Bennett's pledges of new public works, if carried out, would involve fresh Federal expenditure amounting to little short of $400,000,000.

An element of bitterness is entering the campaign, and yesterday, speaking at Moncton, New Brunswick, Mr. Bennett, ridiculing Mr. King's claim to be the special champion of Labour, recalled Mr. King's connexion with the Rockefeller Foundation, and quoting the report of the American Commission on Industrial Relations, charged Mr. King with advising the Rockefeller interests how they could take advantage of a situation created by the War to defeat the aspirations of the workers.

THE MISSING AIRMEN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RANGOON, JULY 11

The Deputy Commissioner of Sandoway reports that the aeroplane containing Mr. Hook and Mr. Matthews, the missing airmen, was seen at noon on July 3 flying with great difficulty over the village of Palawa and evidently making for Taungup Pass, which is in direct line with Prome, a township where efficient help could, if necessary, have been rendered.

The site of a prehistoric village has been discovered during levelling operations in the University City area outside MADRID.

THE GOVERNMENT OF KENYA

LORD DELAMERE ON THE SETTLERS' RIGHTS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAIROBI, JULY 11

Lord Delamere, in a letter to the *East African Standard*, supporting the appeal of that newspaper for funds to finance a deputation to London, says the funds are to enable the deputation to defend the position of every one in Kenya, whether townsman or countryman, in the Highlands or on the coast, "from the status of inferiority and impotence which his Majesty's Government wish to impose on us in this Colony by means of White Papers."

He asks whether the settlers are to be prevented from taking a share in the responsibility for the future of the native people among whom they live. While the settlers must necessarily conform to the standards set by the Imperial Government, they claim that those on the spot are in a better position to take the responsibility than a people 6,000 miles away. The settlers take their stand on the Empire principle that they are a governing people, and if the full fruits of their heritage are to be achieved, their claims to a share in the government must be encouraged by their fellow countrymen at home.

The new principles of paramountcy suggested a complete distrust of the settlers and a determination on the part of their own people at home at all costs to prevent the advancement of the colonization of Kenya.

Lord Delamere prefers that paramountcy should be changed to "equality under the law" and the right of every helpless creature to be protected. He points out that the settlers had stretched every point to bring closer union, not entirely for their own good but because they believed in the future of the white civilization in East Africa and the creation of a great Dominion from here to the Cape when the difficulties in the way of such an ideal were overcome.

It would be the duty of the deputation to press for the complete withdrawal of the proposals, or an acceptable alteration, or for a period of lull during which the door would be left open while the Colony consolidated its economic position and had a rest from politics, which had disturbed business and exacerbated local opinion too long.

TRANSATLANTIC PRETENDER

HATTER'S CLAIM TO FRENCH THRONE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 11

Mr. Louis Philippe Brosseau, a hatter from Chicago, is returning to the United States to-day after failing to establish his identity as the grandson of Louis XVII., the Dauphin who was imprisoned in the Temple. Yesterday a man calling himself Prince Louis of Bourbon, Duc de Normandie, who makes the same claim to Royal descent, was ordered by the Civil Court at Versailles to pay 10,000f. [£80] damages to Mme. Heitz, who asserted that she had advanced him 300,000f. [£240] to help him to prove his rights to the shadowy throne of France.

Mr. Brosseau alleges that his father only consented upon his deathbed that the oath of secrecy as to their true identity which had hitherto bound the family should be broken. He says that his grandfather, who died in 1875 at the age of 90, possessed as evidence of his Royal blood a small silver cross given him on the night that he was smuggled out of the Temple and embarked for Canada, and a trunk full of late eighteenth-century children's clothes. Mr. Brosseau brought these relics with him to France, but appears to have been unable to supplement the evidence which they afford by any convincing account of how the escape of the Dauphin was effected. He has not, however, abandoned his claim, and has announced his intention of returning to France next year with a fuller knowledge of documents bearing on the case, which, he says, are in the possession of Jesuits in Canada.

Telegrams in Brief

Mr. Lloyd Chambers, Solicitor-General for Tasmania, has died in SINGAPORE while on holiday.

Sir Ugo Mifsud, the leader of the Opposition, returned to MALTA yesterday from London.—*Reuter.*

Two more destroyers are to be ordered by the Greek Government, of the same type as those recently ordered from an Italian yard.

The quota for immigrants from MALTA into the United States for the year ending June 30, 1931, has been raised from 380 to 540.—*Reuter.*

According to a Reuter message from PARIS, the Senate has adopted the Bill already passed by the Chamber of Deputies for creating a French Legation in Dublin.

The decision of the NEW ZEALAND film censors to prohibit the exhibition of *All Quiet on the Western Front* has been upheld by the Film Board of Appeal.—*Reuter.*

The appointment of Mr. William Jardine, a former Secretary of Agriculture, as UNITED STATES Minister to Egypt, was announced at the White House yesterday.—*Reuter.*

The Mexican Government has accepted the invitation of the Council of the League to be represented for three years on the advisory committee on traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs.

Among a number of recommendations made by the sub-committee of the League on University Relations, which finished its work yesterday, is one for the publication of a handbook of political terms.

The Rev. Father F. A. Emmett, of Boston, has been selected to be Vicar Apostolic in JAMAICA in succession to Mgr. Joseph Dinand, Titular Bishop of Selinus. The new Prelate is well known in the island, where he has worked for many years.

The Soviet Minister in HELSINGFORS has informed the Finnish Foreign Office that his Legation never received the proceeds of the bill of exchange for £260,000 officially accepted by the former Trade Delegate Erzinkian, who has accordingly been arrested by the Finnish police.

Our Geneva Correspondent says that torrential rain, accompanied by heavy gales, fell all over Switzerland for 16 hours, causing much damage to crops. Many rivers overflowed their banks, destroying roads and railway lines. Serious floods are reported from the Alpine regions.

Yesterday the statue of St. Paul on the Colonna Antonina in the Piazza Colonna in ROME was struck by lightning. The arm of the statue, which was erected there by Pope Sixtus V. in place of that of the Emperor Marcus Aurelius, was slightly damaged, and four pieces of marble were thrown on the square.

About 250 managers of public services and of businesses making use of modern methods have assembled at GENEVA for a three-day conference on budgetary control, arranged by the International Management Institute. Great Britain is represented by 30 delegates, among them being Sir Henry Bunbury, Accountant-General of the Post Office.

A meeting of the Royal Commission on Labour in INDIA will be held at India House, Aldwych, next Tuesday, at 11 a.m., for the oral examination of Sir Walter Kinnear, Controller of Health Insurance, Ministry of Health, as to the actuarial foundation and the working of the health insurance scheme in Great Britain. The meeting will be open to the public.

A non-commissioned officer of the Municipal Guard of BARCELONA named Florich was murdered last night in Socrates-street shortly after leaving a dancing hall where, in company with several comrades, he had passed the evening. Two unknown men fired several pistol shots at him and fled. The murdered man had been a sergeant in the Artillery.

The Saturnia arrived at GIBRALTAR yesterday from New York, having on board the damaged glider belonging to Messrs. Robert Lewis and Hugh Kearney, who had hoped to be able to glide across the Atlantic while towed by the liner. The glider ascended from the Saturnia and was towed for about 10 minutes on a 2,000ft. rope until the rope broke and the glider fell into the sea. Both the occupants were saved.—*Exchange.*

Other Foreign News on following page

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THE SIMLA DEBATE

AN EMPTY HOUSE

EUROPEAN GROUP'S POSITION

GOVERNMENT AND CONGRESS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JULY 11

There was another disappointing debate in the Assembly to-day. As the afternoon wore on the depressing sight was witnessed of members, who were speaking on the one question of supreme importance to India to-day, addressing almost empty benches. The reasons were not far to seek. The leaders of parties, who are deep in negotiations behind the scenes, preferred to sit back and listen, not a single Indian of real influence taking part in the debate.

The members of the Government benches apparently decided to allow the discussion to run its course. Whether their tactics were wise is a moot point, as the debate developed into a succession of one-sided attacks on the Statutory Commission's Report, and the actual question before the House—whether there should be a cut in the grant demanded for the Indian Delegation to the Conference—was almost entirely lost sight of. In the circumstances the discussion developed into a series of long-distance flights of oratory from the back benches, and what had promised to be a "full-dress review" of the present situation became something rather in the nature of a fatigue parade instead. The only refreshing thought was the renewed evidence that members were reading the Commission's Report more and more industriously, as even minor points were made the objects of attack.

AN IRISH ANALOGY

At the end of a long day of rather undistinguished criticism came an impassioned but obviously sincere speech by Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer, who quoted chapter and verse to support his theory that the history of Ireland was repeating itself in India. He said the Commission's Report had trampled underfoot the Viceroy's declaration made last year, while "a majority of the House of Commons were not playing the game to Lord Irwin." His speech almost succeeded in bringing the debate back to realities; but Sir Cowasji Jehangir, who came after him, followed the bad example of Sir Phiroze Sethna (who in the Council of State yesterday made a somewhat precarious descent from his seat on the fence he has adorned so long) in making a bitter and entirely irrelevant attack on the Bombay police. That started the usual hymn of hate, and once again the discussion drifted out into stormy, uncharted waters.

Speakers wandered so far afield that the President, Maulvi Mohammed Yakub, was compelled to exercise his special powers under the rule that no member should address the House for more than a quarter of an hour. Unfortunately, his declaration was delayed rather late in the day, and an inordinate amount of time had already been wasted.

EUROPEANS' PLEDGE

The best part of the debate was the end of it. Sir Hugh Cocke, leader of the European Group, in a speech lasting barely 10 minutes, took the House farther than it had progressed during the whole of the rest of the day.

Unlike previous speakers, Sir Hugh Cocke said, he did not propose to discuss the Commission's Report in detail. He regarded it as a guide and basis of discussion, and altogether useful to the Conference. On behalf of the European Group, he could tell members that there were no die-hards among the European community to-day. "Our object is to help the Indians to get a stable Constitution for India," he said. "If there is any hope of agreement at the Round-Table Conference, the European members will not fail to do their best to achieve it. The die-hards in England are not going to dictate to India. Those who say the Report should not be taken to the Conference are doing it a grave injustice. It is all very well to damn its recommendations, but quite another thing to substitute others that were better and more generally acceptable."

Sir Hugh Cocke joined other members in the House in the hope that some agreement might be found with the Congress, but he disagreed with them that the decision rested with the Government. The first step must come from the Congress itself, as it had initiated the movement. If the members who had advocated agreement only got in touch with the Congress leaders and persuaded them of this fact, the Government could not refuse to consider the new situation.

The end of Sir Hugh Cocke's speech was greeted with applause on all sides of the House, and members adjourned in a better humour than they had been in all day. The debate will be continued to-morrow.

DEPUTY PRESIDENT OF THE ASSEMBLY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JULY 11

Sir Hari Singh Gour (Non-Moslem) was to-day elected Deputy President of the Legislative Assembly. He received in the ballot 62 votes, Colonel Gidney (representative of the Anglo-Indian community) received 17, and Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah (representative of the Depressed Classes) 15.

INDIANS IN BURMA AND SEPARATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RANGOON, JULY 11

In view of the suggested separation of India and Burma, the Indian leaders in Rangoon have decided to form an association, with branches in the chief towns of Burma, for the protection of Indian political and commercial interests, which they fear may be endangered when Burmans are put in control of their own affairs. Indians claim to have a great stake in Burma in the way of commercial, financial, and labour interests, which they contend must not be overlooked. While anxious, however, to safeguard these special interests, they assert that their main aim will be the general welfare of Burma.

HALF-YEARLY BREVETS

The half-yearly list of brevet promotions in the Army and the Indian Army appears in the *London Gazette*, published on page 9 to-day.

WILD SCENES IN BOMBAY

POLICE BAN DEFIED BY CONGRESS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JULY 11

In consequence of yesterday's panic in the share bazaar the directors of the Bombay Stock Exchange have prohibited all forward business indefinitely. The chairman of the Exchange attributes the heavy drop in share values to political uncertainty, bad trade, and, above all, disappointment in Congress circles at the statement made by the Viceroy.

Professor Swaminarayan, vice-president of the Ahmedabad Municipality, has been sentenced to six months' simple imprisonment for inciting agriculturists in Gujarat not to pay land revenue. The president of the Ahmedabad Municipality is already in gaol.

Bombay was again reduced to a state of pandemonium this afternoon and evening, when the Congress Committee defied police orders banning processions organized to express sympathy with the men of the Garhwali Regiment who were recently court-martialled. The "National Militia" were ordered by the Committee to assemble on the Esplanade Maidan, and they persisted in the attempt in spite of the police prohibition. Large crowds of onlookers made the task of the police more difficult. Three or four officers of the Congress volunteers were arrested, and several police charges were made.

At a rough estimate 100 people were injured, 20 of them seriously. The crowd did not disperse until nearly 8 p.m., but it was not necessary to call on two companies of British troops which were being held in reserve at Victoria Terminus, where Major-General Weir, General Officer Commanding the Bombay District, with headquarters staff, watched events. An eye-witness who saw the whole episode says that the crowd was much smaller than on former occasions, and that many of the volunteers, instead of standing up to be hit, flopped on the ground before being hit. There is little doubt the police hit hard with the determination to clear the crowd and prevent the processions attaining their objective.

Driving down Queen's-road about 6.30 I met at least six ambulances driven furiously, as if there was no time to lose in reaching the "battle-field." There is no doubt that the Congress regarded this as a battle of first-class importance and as a means to gain recruits for the Congress cause. Although some officials may believe that these police charges with big sticks are steadily breaking down the Congress attack, other observers think they really result in great accessions of strength to the Congress side. The Congress made a tactical error in showing sympathy with Garhwali mutineers, but the moment was well chosen for gaining recruits. The demonstration came just after the Stock Exchange had registered a powerful protest against the Viceroy's speech, and it is significant that a majority of the men in to-day's crowd were Gujaratis.

BRITISH OFFICER'S CAR ATTACKED

BOMBAY, July 11.—The Congress officials withdrew their "militia" after a number of *lathi* charges, in which 300 persons were injured, 10 of them seriously. One hundred persons were taken to the Congress hospital. The military and police withdrew at 7.45 p.m.

After the withdrawal of the main body of the police from the Maidan there was some stone-throwing, as a result of which a police officer was injured. A section of the crowd later mobbed the motor-car of Captain A. Boyes-Cooper, of the 4th Battalion, 5th Mahratta Light Infantry, while he was passing. The police, however, made a charge with *lathis* and dispersed the demonstrators.—*Reuter.*

FRONTIER UNREST

RAIDERS' "GAS-PIPE GUN"

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JULY 11

The situation on the Frontier continues rather unsettled.

In Waziristan the Mahsud *Lashkar* has, apparently, been dispersed from the region of Sarorogha, near Razmak. Tochi scouts have done good work in clearing the district, and have put a "gas-pipe gun," brought into action by the raiders, out of action with machine-gun fire. None the less, the Mahsuds managed to burn four Jhassar posts before they went. So

far as is known, our casualties were only two wounded, while the Mahsuds are stated to have suffered heavily, mainly as the result of bombing from the air. A Razmak column is now moving in a sweeping drive in a south-westerly direction.

Meanwhile, there is a disquieting rumour that a fresh *Lashkar* of Mohmands, numbering about 1,000, has reoccupied the cave area where Badshah Gul, the eldest son of the Haji of Turangzai, dug himself in for so long. It will be remembered that this is near Matta Posta, in the Shabkadar area, and within 20 odd miles of Peshawar. Apparently Badshah Gul has had enough to go on with, and at the moment has not returned to the scene.

BIG NEW YORK GOODS STATION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JULY 11

The New York Central Railroad Company has arranged to build a large goods station to cover four city blocks on the lower West Side, in the area bounded by Clarkson, Spring, Washington, and West Streets.

The building will be at least four, and possibly seven, storeys high, and will cost from $10,000,000 (£2,000,000) to $15,000,000 (£3,000,000). Eighty-eight old tenement houses will be torn down to make room for it.

FRANCO-ITALIAN RELATIONS

THE NAVAL HOLIDAY PROPOSAL

NEED OF GOOD WILL

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 11

From the comments published in the Press to-day it is evident that M. Briand's reply to the Italian Government on the subject of a resumption of negotiations has not entirely calmed public opinion.

It is necessary to be a little more precise as to the exact nature of the reply, the value of which may turn on the meaning of the words used. The statement made by M. Briand to the Foreign Affairs Committee yesterday was summarized in a very brief official *communiqué*. This, however, represented him as having said that no new ship would be laid down before the month of December, which would assure the maintenance of the *status quo* during the conversations between the two Governments. This is, perhaps, not quite equivalent to "the suspension of shipbuilding." It is pointed out to-day that the keels of all the ships of the French programme due to be laid down before December have already been laid down, and that France is, in reality, not called upon to make any sacrifice in the way of slowing down. According to the report published in one Paris newspaper this morning, M. Briand made this clear to the Foreign Affairs Committee, adding that Signor Grandi's proposal had no point in it.

The general tone of the comments is to the effect that M. Briand, by making even this concession, runs the risk of encouraging Italy in her hopes of a real naval holiday as a step in the direction of naval parity between the two countries. Apart from this reservation, however, the view is expressed that the differences between France and Italy with regard to the North African questions ought to prove easily soluble if Rome will show in the future the same good will that France has shown in the past. The *Temps* observes that a war between France and Italy would be criminal folly, since no profound difference and no cause for conflict between the two nations can be said to exist. After enumerating the occasions in the past upon which France has sought by conciliation and concession to further the negotiations, the *Temps* expresses the view that the hopes of reaching a conclusion in a few months may be fulfilled, but this will depend upon whether Italy desires to succeed or is impelled to provoke further unrest between the two countries for other reasons of her own.

FAVOURABLE RECEPTION BY ITALY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JULY 11

Great prominence is given by all the Roman newspapers to M. Briand's statement before the Foreign Affairs Committee on the subject of French relations with Italy. For the present there is, however, hardly any published comment available. At the same time, I understand that the declarations have been favourably received in authoritative circles.

Until the official text of the French Foreign Minister's views is available, it is considered here difficult to say how far France is prepared to go to meet Italy. Some significance is attributed here to the report that M. Briand contemplates only a naval holiday lasting until the end of the year. If these reports are correct, then, it is pointed out here, France is evidently not prepared to go as far as Italy, which had set no time-limit for such a holiday. Satisfaction is, however, felt that the deadlock at which the Italo-French conversations had arrived seems to have been overcome, and that M. Briand regards with such outspoken optimism the resumption and ultimate issue of the coming negotiations.

A practical initiative on the part of France, coupled with sincere good will, cannot, it is insisted, but receive every welcome here, as is proved by the constant and loyal efforts consistently made by Italy to reach a definite solution of the mutual difficulties of the two countries. This attitude is also borne out by the *Lavoro Fascista*, which affirms that M. Briand's statement has had the effect of materially clarifying the situation and of producing that *détente* which must be the necessary preliminary of any negotiations for the settlement of the points at issue.

"SECRET" NAVAL DOCUMENTS

PRODUCTION REFUSED BY MR. HOOVER

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, JULY 11

President Hoover late this afternoon sent to the Senate a message in which he declined to transmit the documents and records relative to the Naval Treaty of London, on the ground that this would be a breach of trust. The message was a reply to the resolution of the Senate, finally passed yesterday evening by 52 votes to four, requesting the President to send forward these documents if this action would "be compatible with the public interest."

The President's decision, curiously enough, seems to dissatisfy nobody very seriously, least of all the opponents of the Treaty, who are left with their precious grievance. These last are, in fact, so completely convinced that a full knowledge of "the secret documents" would help them not at all in their fight against the instrument itself, that they have been careful to refuse offers of a confidential examination which have been made to them. They would rather be left in continued freedom to make political capital of the issue they have created.

As for their colleagues, most of them were prepared in advance for the sort of thing President Hoover said in his message. He pointed out that the Executive is in duty bound to guard the interests of the United States, to protect future negotiations, and to maintain relations of amity with other nations. He must not allow himself to become guilty of a breach of trust by the betrayal of confidences. To make public these documents would close to the United States those avenues of information which are essential for future dealings with foreign Powers. The President had no desire to withhold any information having the remotest relation to the Treaty. All Senators, he added, were privileged to examine the documents in confidence, and several had already done so. He gave his word finally that no secret or concealed understandings, promises, or commitments had been made by the United States Delegation to London.

"All nonsense," said Senator Johnson of California, when asked for his opinion of the message, and his associates in the Opposition echo him. But with the reading of the message this tempest in a dispatch-box died down for a time.

TEST MATCH

BRADMAN 309 NOT OUT

ALL RECORDS BROKEN

The Third Test Match between England and Australia was begun at Leeds yesterday. A. P. F. Chapman, for once, lost the toss and Australia went in to bat on a perfect batsman's wicket. By the end of the day they had scored 458 runs for the loss of three wickets and D. G. Bradman had eclipsed R. E. Foster's record Test Match score, made at Sydney during the 1903-1904 tour, by scoring 309 not out. Bradman has now scored 702 runs in the three Test Matches played during this tour, the most ever made by any Australian batsman in a rubber.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

LEEDS, JULY 11

The Australians early to-day had reason to fear that the luck of the Leeds ground, notoriously antipathetic to England, had at last turned against them, for it was announced that Ponsford, in addition to Fairfax, would be compelled by illness to stand down from the team. They obtained, however, some measure of comfort by obtaining the first use of a pitch which although it played yesterday even easier than that at Lord's had done on the first day, is so covered with bare patches that it is impossible to believe that it can last four days. The use they made of their advantage of winning the toss was to score 458 runs for the loss of only three wickets, and so must surely at least have placed themselves clear of any danger of being beaten.

But whatever may happen during the next three days this has been Bradman's match, for by scoring 309 not out he has made the highest individual score which has ever been made in a Test Match, so, at long last, beating the 287 made by R. E. Foster at Sydney during the tour of 1903-1904. That he would achieve this feat before the end of this tour was expected by all who have seen him play. He came near to it at Lord's, and in every game of importance he has shown a sureness of scoring power to which there has seemed no limit. How high he ranks among the greatest batsmen the world has ever known is not yet established, but at the moment, and at his age, his promise has been exceeded by none. It is idle to compare him with his great predecessors, Victor Trumper, who was no doubt more graceful, or C. Macartney, who was more impertinently shattering, but for sheer and continual efficiency his performances are truly astounding. To-day he pulverized the English bowling not with the abandon of Macartney, who, like Bradman, also scored 100 runs before luncheon on the same ground, but by a display of batsmanship which in ease of scoring combined with absolute security could not be surpassed. To mention the strokes from which he scored most of his runs is to go through the whole range of strokes known to a modern batsman. Once or twice he demonstrated an idea which is not generally understood, but at no time did he take anything approaching a risk, and he cannot have hit the ball in the air more than three times during the day. It was in fact an innings so glorious that it well might be classed as incomparable, and how the Yorkshiremen loved it.

BOWLERS MASTERED

On a pitch of such easy pace and against a batsman of such superb technique, supported as he was by Woodfull and Kippax, no bowler of the present generation could have been expected to do wonders, but it must be admitted that on the whole the English bowling was colourless and undistinguished. Apart from a poor over by Tyldesley during his first spell and some full pitches later in the day from Leyland, no complaint can be made of the accuracy of the bowling, but there was a complete absence of sting in it, and only Hammond at one time gave the impression that it was worth keeping a bowler on for another over because of the threat of a wicket falling. Larwood came off the pitch no faster than was comfortable to the batsmen and scarcely ever made the ball come back. Tate only once or twice could get the ball past the bat, and Geary could do little more than keep the runs down by an astute placing of his field. Altogether Duckworth must have had the quietest day behind the stumps that he has had for a very long time. The splendid fielding of many members of the team was spoiled by the inability of one or two to get down to the ball, but Chapman had an easier task in spreading his men out than he had had in the first two matches, and he made things easier for himself by declining to allow Hammond and Hobbs to remain anchored in their habitual positions.

Larwood started the bowling with a fairly strong wind blowing from the direction of mid-on, and he had K. S. Duleepsinhji, Hammond, and Geary respectively at first, second, and third slip. Sutcliffe was at deep fine-leg and Leyland at third man. For Tate Duleepsinhji was dropped back to third man and Leyland trotted across to deep square-leg. Off the fifth ball of Tate's first over the unlucky Jackson was caught at forward short leg, but the crowd had then to wait from 20 minutes to 12 until five minutes past 3 before the next wicket fell, by which time the score had been taken from two to 194, and still with the imperturbable Bradman grinding out the runs. Woodfull played just such an innings as is expected of a workmanlike No. 1 batsman. His own rate of scoring may have been slow, but the real value of his batting lay in the fact that he made things seem so simple for his illustrious partner. Woodfull early in his innings certainly did edge one ball from Larwood through the slips, but otherwise never offered the bowler the least glimmer of hope.

Bradman, without in any sense forcing the pace or taking any liberties, at once took runs whenever they were offered. He scored 11 runs in one over from Larwood, which included a beautiful stroke past cover-point in which he lay right back to place the ball through the opening and a stroke off his legs to the on boundary. Geary came on at Tate's end at 30, and during a fairly long spell he did contrive to keep Bradman reasonably quiet, and Tate, going on at the other end, was granted his one solitary excuse for scratching the back of his head when he barely missed Woodfull's off bail. Tyldesley was tried in place of Geary at 48, but even his three out-fieldsmen could not prevent full pitches from being hit for 4, and Geary had to be brought on again at the other end to steady the game. Bradman greeted him with the first really impudent stroke he had so far played,

(Continued on page 14, column 5)

PUBLIC WORKS BILL

SECOND READING CARRIED

LABOUR M.P.s AND LORD HUNSDON

WESTMINSTER, FRIDAY

The fruit of the conference between local authorities and the Government matured in the House of Commons to-day in the shape of a Bill to expedite private Bill procedure and the acquisition of land for relief works.

MR. GREENWOOD explained that until the end of 1933 it was proposed to allow local authorities to proceed by draft order instead of private Bill. The Minister of Health would lay the order before a Joint Committee of both Houses, after giving notice of it to all persons affected. The Joint Committee would then decide whether a public inquiry should be held or not, and if not, the order would come into force by a fixed date, unless either House voted against it. The change ought to permit local authorities to put work in hand much more quickly than by a private Bill, which generally took from October to March to pass. The power to acquire land by order, confirmed by the Minister, would be extended from land for housing or allotments to all land required for relief works, and would include the power to substitute a bridge for a level crossing and to share the expense with the railway company.

APPELLANTS' POSITION

SIR KINGSLEY WOOD declared that if the Bill was intended to save the Government from condemnation on their unemployment policy, it was merely a teaspoon to bail out a water-logged ship. He mistrusted the utility of expediting relief works; and in any case local authorities had been able to expedite them quite enough, if not too much. The time required for damnified persons to appeal against a scheme ought not to be abridged, nor should Parliament give up its control of private legislation nor fail to insist upon knowing the full details and the cost of every scheme. The right of the ratepayers to demand a poll on any scheme should not be cancelled.

Later Unionist speakers made it clear that only the time limit on the Bill made it possible for them not to challenge so arbitrary an extension of the powers of the bureaucracy. SIR BOYD MERRIMAN even declared that a Minister, through his virtual control of Joint Committees, would be able to veto public inquiries, which were the only form of protection of the individual left. He suspected that the excuse of relieving unemployment concealed a serious inroad upon private rights.

MR. MORRISON retorted that the Opposition must really make up their minds whether they wanted to destroy the Bill or not. If greater speed was desired procedure must be shortened.

The debate foreshadowed trouble in Committee, but the second reading was agreed to.

LORD HUNSDON ATTACKED

The Government had only themselves to blame for the check to their next Bill—the Public Works Loans Bill. MR. WALLHEAD delivered a violent attack upon Lord Hunsdon, one of the proposed Commissioners, whom he accused of having advocated starvation for the miners in 1926. MR. PETHICK-LAWRENCE resisted the motion to delete this name, upon the important constitutional ground that service on a non-political body was never restricted in this country to members of the party in power. His supporters openly revolted, and the Government, fearing a humiliating defeat, adopted the humiliating course of moving to report progress.

Unionists and Liberals both took this motion to mean surrender to their back benches and an intention to dismiss a public servant on political grounds. SIR BOLTON EYRES-MONSELL jumped up in violent protest against a course which must seriously affect the willingness of public-spirited persons to give their services on essential organizations. SIR ROBERT HORNE, SIR E. HILTON-YOUNG, MR. E. BROWN, MR. BOOTHBY, and MAJOR ELLIOT all solemnly warned the Government against setting a cowardly and disastrous precedent. MISS WILKINSON hardly improved matters by asserting that Mr. Lowes Dickinson had been similarly excluded from the Boxer Indemnity Commission, and MR. H. MORRIS was alone among the Opposition in seeing in the incident a salutary victory of the House of Commons over the Executive.

The Government sat glumly silent, and the success of the revolt against them was finally registered by 164 votes to 44—figures greeted by the exultant Socialists with derisive laughter.

COOLER WEATHER

UNSETTLED WEEK-END FORECAST

(FROM OUR WEATHER CORRESPONDENT)

The deepening of a depression over the Baltic caused the northerly winds over the British Isles to become stronger yesterday, and there was a further fall of temperature. In London temperature failed to reach 70deg. for the first time this month. Showers occurred in many places even as far west as Blacksod Point and Valentia, on the west coast of Ireland. Several places in the south-east of England, including London, experienced thunder-showers, but there were sunny periods nearly everywhere.

Another depression that is expected to move south-eastwards from Iceland will probably maintain a cool and rather unsettled type of weather throughout the week-end, and further local thunder is probable, especially in the south-east.

112 IN THE SHADE

31 DEATHS FROM HEAT IN U.S.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JULY 11

Thirty-one persons have died in the Middle West in the past three days and there have been numerous prostrations from a heat wave that still continues.

Yesterday the thermometer in St. Louis registered 103deg. in the shade, and at Sikeston, Missouri, 112deg. was recorded. Nebraska and Iowa reported that temperatures of about 100deg. were general in those two States, and that farmers were forced to work in their fields at night instead of by day. Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin have been similarly oppressed by heat, but thunderstorms yesterday brought temporary relief although at the cost of severe damage to crops in many places.

THE COTTON TRADE

THREATENED CRISIS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MANCHESTER, JULY 11

There are indications that a crisis is at hand in the manufacturing section of the Lancashire cotton trade on the eight-loom question as a result of instructions by a local weavers' association that the system must be discontinued to-morrow at a mill at which it had recently been put into operation. The Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association are not disposed to submit quietly to this move by the weavers, and are taking steps to communicate the facts to Mr. J. R. Clynes as chairman of the recent Government Committee of Inquiry.

The Manufacturers' Association held a special meeting in Manchester this afternoon to consider this latest development, and at the close Mr. T. Ashurst, the secretary, issued the following official statement:—

"In the recent report of the Government Committee of Inquiry on the cotton trade the Committee state that if Lancashire is to recover part of the trade which has been lost, or even to hold its present position, every practicable measure must be taken to reduce costs, and that one of the most important of the measures that require consideration is the use in the most economic way of the most efficient machinery.

"To show what little regard the officials of the Weavers' Amalgamation attach to this recommendation, one of the local weavers' associations sent yesterday the following letter to a member of the local employers' association affiliated with the Cotton Spinners' and Manufacturers' Association:—

"'Re eight looms system which is in operation at your mill: I was instructed by my committee to notify you that same must be discontinued on and after July 12.'

"This appears to be in direct opposition to the statements made by numerous officials of the Weavers' Amalgamation on many occasions, who have promised full cooperation in any efforts to remove any obstacles or hindrances to the prosperity of the trade."

ALDERMAN H. ASHLEY BELL, of Preston, stated that the action of the operatives was typical of their mentality in all the negotiations that had taken place on the eight-loom problem.

EARNING MORE

A Burnley manufacturer said:—"After agreeing to a lengthy experiment in Burnley to ascertain whether it was practicable for one weaver to work eight looms, the Weavers' Amalgamation refused to abide by the result of that experiment. Not only was it found practicable, but the weaver actually had an easier job and was able to earn more money than under the present four-loom system. The Weavers' Amalgamation, however, have refused to agree to the experiment being extended to other districts and have actually asked that it should be discontinued in Burnley. This latest move will bring matters to a head very quickly, and unless the operatives are prepared to give way and enter into an agreement for the application of the system in a gradual manner throughout the county we shall have no alternative but to fight the issue."

MR. A. NAESMITH, secretary of the Weavers' Amalgamation, in an interview to-night stated that an experiment on eight looms had been in operation at this particular mill at Horwich without any interference from the local weavers' association, although it had been entered upon without consultation with them. During the last fortnight the firm had been making arrangements to extend the number of looms under the experiment, and had approached individual weavers but had not approached either the local weavers' association or the Weavers' Amalgamation. In view of the understanding arrived at between the central organizations of employers and operatives the local weavers' association were endeavouring to arrest the extension of the system at that mill and would continue to do so while that firm ignored the local weavers' association. The head of this firm was a member of the central employers' executive, and was fully aware of what had been taking place on this matter during the last six or seven months.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN OVERSEAS TRADE

SIX MONTHS' FIGURES

The trade returns for the past month again make an unfavourable showing, severe decreases having occurred in the value both of imports and exports. Imports, which were valued at £83,441,738, were £8,055,905 (8.8 per cent.) below those of June, 1929, exports of British goods show a reduction of £7,048,042 (14.1 per cent.) to £42,845,302, and re-exports declined by £1,737,020 (18.0 per cent.) to £7,879,013. These reductions are mainly explained by the fall in prices, which on the 12 months amounted to 12.9 per cent., and by the fact that there was one working day fewer last month than in June, 1929.

For the first half of the year imports are £62,978,383 (10.4 per cent.) lower than in 1929 at £541,749,032, British exports declined by £53,891,034 (15.0 per cent.) to £304,851,252, and re-exports were reduced by £11,282,282 (18.6 per cent.) to £49,279,550. The apparent adverse balance of trade was £187,618,000, which compares with £185,423,000 in 1929 and £182,592,000 in 1928.

Last month exports of manufactured articles fell by £4,605,000 and imports thereof by £1,954,000. Imports of raw materials were reduced by £4,070,000. Those of raw cotton fell in quantity by 132,000 centals and in value by £1,417,000, while sheeps' wool actually rose in quantity (by 8,000 centals) while showing the heavy fall of £1,550,000 in value—plainly reflecting lower prices. Exports of cotton yarn and goods and of woollens and worsteds likewise were appreciably lower in value—the former by £2,590,000 and the latter by £1,231,000. Imports of iron and steel fell by £300,000, but exports recorded the still heavier decline of £681,000. Exports of coal were heavily reduced both in quantity and value.

DERATING APPEALS

The Court of Appeal delivered their reserved judgments yesterday in 17 cases which raised questions whether the hereditaments in question were entitled to be included in the special lists under the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928 (the Derating Act), and so entitled to the relief granted by that Act. The Court laid down the principles which should guide tribunals in dealing with the cases which come before them.

The report will be found on p. 4.

CABINET COUNCIL

A Cabinet Council was held yesterday in the Prime Minister's Room, House of Commons. There were present:—

Mr. MacDonald, Mr. Snowden, Mr. Henderson, Lord Passfield, Lord Parmoor, Lord Sankey, Mr. Clynes, Mr. Benn, Lord Thomson, Mr. Hartshorn, Mr. Greenwood, Miss Bondfield, Dr. Addison, Mr. Graham, Mr. Alexander, and Mr. Lansbury.

PRINCE AND PRINCESS TAKAMATSU

Prince and Princess Takamatsu of Japan had luncheon yesterday with the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace.

The Prince and Princess leave London to-day for Paris, but they will return to London later incognito.

POLITICAL NOTES

A DEBATE ON INDIA

TRADE MISSION TO SOUTH AFRICA

According to present arrangements there will be a debate on India in the House of Lords next Wednesday. Lord Burnham, who was a member of the Statutory Commission, has given notice of his intention to ask the Government:—

Whether, having regard to Lord Irwin's statement at Simla on July 9, the Report of the Indian Statutory Commission will form the main subject of consideration and discussion at the Round-Table Conference which is to assemble here in November.

It is understood that the Government have decided to send a trade delegation to South Africa, and that a statement on the subject will be made in reply to a private notice question in the House of Commons on Monday. The chairman of the delegation is likely to be Lord Kirkley, who is better known to the general public as Sir William Noble, ex-President of the Chamber of Shipping of the United Kingdom.

The Government have been placed in a position of considerable difficulty by the revolt of their back-bench members in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon. They will have to bring the Public Works Loans Bill before the House again and if the name of Lord Hunsdon still appears in it the attack upon him because of a speech during the coal strike will be renewed, while if his name is withdrawn the Government will be challenged by both sections of the Opposition for having taken notice of the political views of a voluntary worker in the public service. Nobody seriously thinks that Mr. Snowden will yield to clamour on an issue of this kind and there was a good deal of regret that he was not on the Treasury bench when the incident occurred yesterday. Mr. Pethick-Lawrence, the Financial Secretary to the Treasury, was assured that he could rely on the support of the Opposition if he stood up against his own extremists, who were present in unusually large numbers for a Friday afternoon. He preferred, however, not to face the challenge, and the matter will presumably be considered by the Cabinet. The Labour Government have received voluntary help from leaders of trade and industry quite irrespective of political considerations, but a continuation of this support cannot obviously be guaranteed if the attack on Lord Hunsdon is condoned by the Government.

THE SAVING OF ST. PAUL'S

A PERMANENT MEMENTO

The memories of a week which will long be significant in the history of London and of the Church have been given a permanent setting in the book, now on sale, of the recent special number published by *The Times*. It is a complete memento of the saving of St. Paul's Cathedral, and as such it has already brought the warm appreciation of a number of readers.

Full-page pictures of the interior and exterior of St. Paul's and a full-page plan of its construction, exposing the secrets of Wren's dome, together with other illustrations, amplify the text. The Bishop of Worcester writes the story of the Cathedral. Sir Mervyn Macartney gives his account at first hand of the great task of reconstruction and its accomplishment. Dean Inge contributes a chapter on the preaching tradition of St. Paul's, another chapter is devoted to the music, and another, by the Organist, to the St. Paul's organ. In succeeding pages and pictures the book follows its account of the "Parish Church of the Empire" with a picture of the Church's activities as centred in the Conference now sitting in Lambeth Palace and as distributed throughout the Empire.

The price of the volume (10in. by 7½in.) is 2s. 6d. net. It consists of 128 pages and is stoutly bound in maroon cloth with gilt lettering. It contains over 60 illustrations, including five full-page plates on art paper. Copies may be obtained from the Publisher, *The Times*, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4 (postage 6d. inland, 8d. abroad), or by order from all booksellers, bookstalls, and newsagents.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 10)

OPERA

Strand	HANSEL AND GRETEL / IL TROVATORE	2.30 / 8

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	2.30 & 8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	2.30 & 8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	2.30 & 8.15
Duke of York's	THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN	8.30
Everyman	LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN	2.30 & 8.15
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	2.30 & 8.30
Grafton	ANNAJANSKA	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	2.30 & 8.30
Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	2.30 & 8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	2.30 & 8.30
Little	JEALOUSY	2.30 & 9
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	2.30 & 8.15
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST	2.30 & 8.40
New	DESIRE	8.41
Playhouse	CYNARA	8.32
Prince of Wales	BADGER'S GREEN	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Royalty	THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM	8.30
St. James's	THE SWAN	8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	THE COMMAND TO LOVE	8.30
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	2.30 & 8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLLOW THROUGH	2.30 & 8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	2.30 & 8.30

VARIETIES

Collseum	2.15, 5.15 & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Palladium	6.30 & 9

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	1 to 11
Astoria	TEMPLE TOWER	1 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	JOURNEY'S END	2 to 11
Capitol	NOT DAMAGED	12 to 11
Carlton	PARAMOUNT ON PARADE	2 to 11
Empire	IN GAY MADRID	12 to 11
Kensington	THE LOVE DOCTOR	2 to 11
Marble Arch Pavilion	CONDEMNED	2 to 11
New Gallery	THE GENTLEMAN CHAUFFEUR	2 to 11
Palace Theatre	ONE FAMILY	2 to 11
Plaza	YOUNG EAGLES	11.45 to 11
Polytechnic	ACROSS BOLIVIA	2.30, 5.30, & 8.30
Regal	BE YOURSELF	1 to 11
Stoll Picture Theatre	THE LOVE DOCTOR	12.15 to 11.45
Tivoli	THE CUCKOOS	12 to 11

THE TIMES

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate winds between north and west, fresh in places; changeable, with some local showers; cool.

Week-end Forecast for the British Isles.—Cool generally, with winds mainly northerly; rain at times, but bright intervals. (p. 14)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

At a meeting next week of the Thames Valley branch of the Council for the Preservation of Rural England, Lord Mayo will bring forward a new scheme to prevent Thames flooding. (p. 9)

The Ministry of the Church was the general title of the subject considered by the Lambeth Conference yesterday. (p. 9)

In view of the loss of life at the Glen Cinema, Paisley, last December, the Secretary for Scotland has issued a circular impressing upon local authorities in Scotland the need of strict observance of safety regulations. He has also made a new regulation providing for a sufficient number of attendants at performances where the audiences are mainly composed of children. (p. 9)

Speakers at the summer conference of the British Institute of Public Administration at Oxford yesterday deplored a tendency for the personality of public officers to become submerged by their work. (p. 14)

The Graf Zeppelin, in the course of a 48-hour cruise yesterday, passed down the East Coast of Scotland and the North-East Coast of England. In the neighbourhood of Hull she turned eastward and returned over Holland to Friedrichshafen. (p. 9)

The manufacturing section of the Lancashire cotton trade is threatened with a crisis on the eight-hour question. (p. 12)

Christie's sale of old pictures yesterday totalled £26,697. A portrait of Anne of Cleves, bought in 1855 for 175 guineas, sold for 2,100 guineas; another of the Duke of Saxony, purchased at the same time for 22 guineas, realized 1,800 guineas. (p. 14)

The Select Committee on the Musical Copyright Bill have issued a report in which they suggest that the Bill may conflict with treaty obligations. They report the Bill back to the House, with the recommendation that the Government shall consider the point. This means the death of the Bill, as there would be no time for such procedure before the end of the Session. (p. 10)

Methods of dealing with young offenders were considered at the conference of magistrates at Bournemouth yesterday. (p. 14)

POLITICS

In the House of Commons yesterday the Government Bill to facilitate the execution by local authorities of works designed to relieve unemployment was read a second time. In Committee on the Public Works Loans Bill a heated argument arose out of the proposal to include Lord Hunsdon among the Commissioners. (p. 7)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

The Statutory Commission's Report was again attacked by Indian members when the debate was resumed in the Legislative Assembly at Simla yesterday. Sir Hugh Cooke, leader of the European Group, declared, however, that there were no die-hards among the European community to-day. If there was any hope of agreement at the Round-Table Conference the European members would not fail to do their best to achieve it. The die-hards in England were not going to dictate to India. (p. 12)

Wild scenes occurred in Bombay yesterday when the Congress Committee attempted to hold a demonstration of sympathy with the mutineers of the Royal Garhwal Rifles. The police made repeated charges, and many Congress volunteers were injured. Signs of unrest are again apparent on the Frontier, and action has been taken against the hostile tribesmen. (p. 12)

President Hoover yesterday informed the Senate that he would not forward the "secret" documents concerning the London Naval Treaty for inspection by Senators, although they might be seen "in confidence" by individual Senators. (p. 12)

German and other Continental listeners are much exercised by the Soviet practice of broadcasting propaganda talks on the national wave-lengths and in the languages of neighbouring countries. It is reported that so far from diplomatic representations having effect, the Soviet authorities are considering an increase in the number of transmitters. (p. 11)

COURT AND PERSONAL

The official list of the presentations at their Majesties' Fifth Court is published. (p. 8)

LAW

Summary of Law Cases will be found on page 4.

SPORT

The Lingfield Park race meeting was begun yesterday, when Strephon II. made his first appearance in this country and finished third in the July Plate. (p. 5)

The third Test Match was begun at Leeds yesterday, when Australia batted first and made 458 runs for three wickets; D. G. Bradman made 309 runs, the highest score ever made in a Test Match, and was not out at the close of the day. In the Eton and Harrow match at Lord's Harrow made 199 runs and Eton had made 181 runs for six wickets at the close of play. (pp. 6, 12, and 14)

In the Lawn Tennis match between Great Britain and Australia at Bournemouth each side had won two matches at the close of play yesterday. (p. 6)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—Higher Treasury Bill Rate; Over-subscription of the Underground Issue; Canadian Pacific Railway's New Bonds; Pending Issues; the United of Havana Default; Larger African Banking Profits; Imperial Bank of India Dividend; Australian Bank's Balance-sheet; and Insurance in the Road Traffic Bill. (p. 17)

Money was abundant in Lombard-street. Discount rates were maintained. The Bank sold a further £113,000 of bar gold, but reported the release of £600,000 in sovereigns. Among the Foreign Exchanges the New York, Italian, Swiss, and German rates all moved against sterling. A sharp rise occurred in the Argentine exchange. Gold rose ¼d. to 85s. 0¼d. per oz., and silver 1-16d. to 16½d. (p. 18)

In the Stock Exchange yesterday a further rise took place in British Government securities. Industrials in the international group were firm, and a recovery took place in Cables and Wireless. Brazilian bonds were weak. There was a continued inquiry for Tea shares. (p. 17)

IRON AND STEEL FACTS

Of the two inquiries undertaken by the Government into the state of industries severely stricken by depression the one relating to the cotton industry has so far received the more attention, for the sufficient reason that more is known about it. The cotton industry is mainly responsible for making Lancashire the largest area of unemployment in the land, and the report upon the organization of that industry and the suggested remedies for its parlous condition were clear and explicit. By direct statement, and still more by implication, the various sections of the cotton industry have been given a great deal over which to ponder. The public has not been informed of the contents of the other report, on the iron and steel industry, but here again the results of the investigation are being put to practical use within the industry itself.

One section of this second report has, however, been given to the public lately by the Economic Advisory Council in an extremely informative White Paper describing the industrial conditions in the iron and steel industries of the Continent. The facts were ascertained by a painstaking delegation which the Council sent to France, Belgium, Luxemburg, Germany, and Czechoslovakia to obtain first-hand information. A representative of the employers, a representative of the unions, and statistical experts of the Ministry of Labour composed the delegation, which has presented a report severely restricted to a presentation of authenticated facts. The extracts that have been printed in these columns were sufficient to indicate that the White Paper requires deliberate study, and also that the full report of the committee of the Council will be a document of the highest importance. It is already being made the subject of conferences between representatives of the employers and the workpeople. Perhaps it is premature to draw final conclusions, but some first impressions of the White Paper, kept well within the bounds of caution, are not likely to be disturbed by the completer knowledge that will be available when the whole of the committee's work is revealed. In the first place there is agreement as to the facts. They were patiently sought and carefully compiled. Some are official and some are unofficial, but nevertheless authoritative. What are lacking at present are completely corresponding data for this country, and therefore comparisons are restricted. For the expansion of the iron and steel industries of the Continent during the last eight years there is the impressive evidence of a series of tables. Production has increased on a great scale, and exports have also grown enormously. There was found to be no unemployment in France, but a definite dearth of labour, notwithstanding the introduction of about 200,000 foreign workers into the iron and steel and metallurgical industries, including the iron ore mines. In Belgium there was little or no unemployment; and in Czechoslovakia only five per cent. of unemployment in the metal industries as a whole, including engineering. In Germany, however, there was severe unemployment, and employers and trade unionists alike gave as an explanation "serious competition in the world markets, especially by France, Belgium, and Luxemburg."

The delegation returned with a conviction of the determination of those three countries to maintain and still further to increase their iron and steel industries. Their competitive power in the world is obviously great, even against Germany. It is not the result of any greater efficiency than is possessed by the iron and steel industries of this country. Indeed the delegation has something very reassuring to say on that score. Having seen a great deal on the Continent, its members thought it wise to visit several representative British works, and they record that these British works "as regards efficiency and management and the modernity and equipment of certain units of plant were equal to, and in some cases superior to, the iron and steel plants which they had seen on the Continent." What then are the differentiating factors in competitive ability? It is here that final conclusions may be premature, but again there can be no doubt of some facts. Wages in this country are much higher, and the weekly hours of work are fewer. An exact comparison of current earnings is not possible, but on the basis of Ministry of Labour figures for 1924, and with a necessary adjustment for differences in working time, it appears that normal weekly earnings in Germany are 67 per cent. of those paid in this country; in France they are 50 per cent.; in Luxemburg 49 per cent.; in Belgium 47 per cent.; and in Czechoslovakia 42 per cent. The Chairman of the Consett Iron Company recently pointed out that of the imports of iron and steel into this country last year 59 per cent. were from Belgium, 11 per cent. from France, and 16 per cent. from Germany. Moreover the delegation has drawn attention afresh to the non-existence in France of effective organization of the workers or of collective agreements; and neither in Belgium nor Luxemburg are there effective agreements notwithstanding that there are workers' organizations. Therefore "the employer is free to make individual contracts of service and wages with each workman." Moreover in France and Luxemburg the situation of the works mainly in agricultural areas "leaves the employer considerable latitude in the fixation of wage rates and social allowances." Again in the three countries there is an additional mobility of labour from one department of a works to another as the result of little disparity between the earnings of corresponding grades of workers in different departments. This elasticity is undoubtedly a gain to the producer. Germany, though possessing a protected home market, feels the competition of its neighbours abroad, and the delegation records that "in principle, in policy, and in the difficulties confronting the post-War situation of the iron and steel industry, there is a marked similarity between Germany and Great Britain." These are but first impressions of a report that makes a great contribution of impartial information to the industrial discussions of the day.

Six Months' Trade

The importance of the sort of investigations discussed above is emphasized afresh by the Board of Trade returns for June, which were published yesterday. A comparison of the figures for the first six months of the year with those for the corresponding half of 1929 shows that, expressed in terms of money, imports have fallen in value by nearly £63,000,000, and exports by nearly £54,000,000. On the export side by far the biggest item in this alarming decline is the decrease of over £18,500,000 in the value of cotton yarns and manufactures, which may be accounted for in the main by the Indian boycott and by the recrudescence of civil war in China. Other manufactured articles also show a serious decrease. Woollen and worsted exports have fallen by £6,500,000, other textiles by nearly £2,400,000, and iron and steel exports by over £5,400,000. Imports of iron and steel, on the other hand, have increased by over £500,000. Some grain of comfort may, however, be extracted from the fact that, notwithstanding the world-wide industrial depression, coal exports have risen by over £1,500,000.

The monetary totals, it is true, paint this distressing collapse of our export trade during the past six months in somewhat too sombre colours, owing to the general fall of over ten per cent. which has taken place in the world price level since last autumn. But, even when full allowance has been made for this fact, the comparison by quantities shows that our exporting industries are encountering one of the worst depressions in recent history. That depression is, of course, a world-wide phenomenon, and there are other industrial countries, notably Germany, which are affected by it no less severely than ourselves. But for Great Britain this tidal wave from the farther side of the Atlantic has a peculiar significance, because our economic structure, already battered by ten years of bad trade, has shown itself too rigid to permit the requisite adjustments to be made without the greatest difficulty. The reduction in costs which is necessary if British industry is to retain the export markets still left to it can only be accomplished if all the parties concerned, Capital, Labour, Finance—not to mention the Government—brace themselves to a concerted effort, directed towards a thoroughgoing reorganization, in which no expedient is ruled out of review. That is the lesson which is taught plainly enough by the report of the Government inquiry into the cotton industry, and it may well be learned with advantage by many other of our older established trades.

Turks, Kurds, and Persians

The Turkish Government is again having serious trouble with the Kurdish tribes. Late last month the Turkish authorities at Bayezid, below Mount Ararat, and at Van reported inroads of Kurdish "brigands" from Persia, who had broken through or overpowered the thin screen of frontier guards and gendarmes and had been joined by sympathizers in Turkish Kurdistan. Since then these incursions have extended from the region of Ararat, where Turkey, Soviet Russia, and Persia meet, to a point on the Turco-Persian frontier more than 150 miles south of the mountain, and to the west of the important Persian city of Urumia. The leaders of these attacks are reported to be chiefs who fled from Eastern Kurdistan into Persia in 1925. In that year a very general rising of the Kurds of Diarbekir and Kharput compelled the Turkish Government to mobilize an army of 70,000 men. After some preliminary successes the rebels were defeated, their leader SHEIKH SAID and more than forty other chiefs were executed, and others fled into Persia. The movement which SHEIKH SAID led was much more religious than national. The changes successively introduced by the Government of Angora, the abolition of the Sultanate and the Caliphate, the suppression of the ecclesiastical endowments of religious schools, and the war against fezes and turbans—all combined to infuriate the old-fashioned Kurds. But what most offended and alarmed the chiefs who joined in the rebellion was the suppression of the dervish orders. Among the Kurds religious leaders generally known as "Pirs" or "Sheikhs" enjoyed great local influence. They were usually members of a dervish order, or non-orthodox sect, and were often kinsmen of the hereditary chiefs of the tribal Kurds. The Turkish victory was followed by a serious effort to Turcicize the Kurds. About a thousand of their notable families were transferred to Western Asia Minor. Turkish teachers were sent to educate the people on Turkish lines—in fact, to convert young Kurds into young Turks—and the reforms were enforced in the few towns of Kurdistan. But in spite, or because, of these measures and all the propaganda of "Turcism" the Kemalist régime has worked at a disadvantage in the eastern provinces of Turkey. Semi-nomadic herdsmen and shepherds have their ways of avoiding tax-gatherers, propagandists, and even policemen; "brigands" have been active in parts of the country; and the difficulties which the Turkish authorities have often placed in the way of European travellers in their Kurdish provinces have suggested that the pacification of the Kurds has been less complete than the Turkish Press asserts.

At the same time there would be no reason for the Government of Angora to regard the Kurdish question with any anxiety were it not for the fact that the Kurds are not confined to Turkey. A number of Turkish Kurds have settled of late years in the northern marches of French Syria. Some dwell in Soviet Armenia, and the Mosul province of Iraq is mainly Kurdish. But the most important Kurdish element outside Turkey is found in North-West Persia, and it is these people, who are connected by many ties with the Turkish Kurds and have harboured many refugees from Turkey, who are causing a perceptible tension in the relations between Turkey and Persia. It must be remembered also that part of Turkish Kurdistan was a debatable land until the middle of the nineteenth century, and even after the War the Persian delegation to the Peace Conference claimed Erzerum and Diarbekir. On the other side the Persians have not forgotten that Turkish troops, as well as Russians, entered the Urumia region during the War, and may be disposed to interpret the criticisms of Turkish newspapers as evidence that the Government of Angora wishes to bring the Persian Kurds under its jurisdiction by a rectification of the frontier. But while Turkish irritation is comprehensible enough, Turkish journalists seem to forget that the Persian standing Army of only 35,000 men is none too strong to watch the borders of a country nearly twice the size of Asia Minor, and that armed nomads, like the Kurds, are not easily controlled. There is happily no reason to believe that the friendship between Turkey and Soviet Russia bodes any ill to the Persian monarchy, or that there is any connexion between the Kurdish incursions into Turkey and the recent violation of the Persian border by Soviet troops. A Turco-Persian frontier commission, which sat last summer to determine the responsibility for previous frontier affrays, is expected to meet again to discuss this fresh crop of incidents, and it is to be hoped that its action will have a calming effect on Turkish susceptibilities. Any disturbance of Turco-Persian friendship, either by weakness on one side or by unnecessarily violent criticism or protest on the other, is to be deprecated in the interests of peace and neighbourliness in the Middle East. A strain upon the relations of these two States could only benefit a third Power—in this case the Soviet Government, which might be glad to enhance its prestige by mediating between the disputants, and incidentally has recently strengthened its Black Sea Fleet in a manner which certainly seems to violate the Rule of the Straits as laid down in the Treaty of Lausanne.

Musical Copyright

The issue of the Select Committee's report on the Musical Copyright Bill gives the reasons why that Bill should be dropped. It aroused much heartburning and offered no satisfaction to anyone, save to those "music users" who had a special interest in promoting it. It proposed to inflict a manifest injustice on the composer, especially those of the more serious kind, a class of brainworkers whose pecuniary rewards are at the best precarious. All that had been amply demonstrated. The discovery that Clause 1 of the Bill, by requiring a declaration on every piece of copyright music contrary to the terms of the Berne Copyright Convention, 1908, would conflict with the Treaty obligations of this country has dealt, however, a more decisive blow. While the report kills the Bill, the Select Committee hint that some legislation may be possible and is likely to be desirable. They consider that such powers as the Performing Rights Society holds over those who are called the "music users" are capable of abuse, and that it is not unnatural for the latter to ask for some right of appeal against the decisions of a Society which can boast its control of 90 per cent., or even more, of the performing rights in copyright music. The Performing Rights Society is formed in the interests of the producers of music (composers and publishers), but it has the responsibility of fair dealing not only towards its members but towards the consumers. The latter include all types of purveyors of entertainments in which musical performance has its part. It is from them, not from the performers, that the Performing Rights Society collects its fees. The successful working of such an organization is obviously fraught with difficulties; but the complaints against it in the past have been numerous, and not all from one side. There have been murmurs from the composers themselves, in whose interests the Society is supposed to function directly. There may be room for further inquiry into its methods, but the important thing is that agreement should be reached by the several parties concerned as to what is due to each of them. The Select Committee suggest that sooner or later it will be for the Government of the day to frame a policy which can be incorporated into a subsequent Copyright Convention. That policy can only be a satisfactory one if it meets the needs of those who will be affected by it. Now that the prospect of hasty and one-sided legislation is no longer present there is an opportunity for producers and consumers to confer, to know their own minds, and to learn each other's.

England v. Bradman

On August 27 D. G. BRADMAN will reach the ripe age of 22. The number of runs he will have made by that time is mercifully still unknown. His first two scores on English turf were 236 and 185 not out; and early in the season, with 252 and 191 against the bowlers of Surrey and Hampshire, he joined the select band of English batsmen—only four in all—who have made 1,000 runs off their own bat before May was over. After that he was fairly quiet till he came to the Test Matches, in which he has scored 131 in the second innings at Nottingham, 254 in the first innings at Lord's, and now, in his first and still unfinished innings at Leeds, 309 out of 458. His total for the season is exactly 2,000. In the three Test Matches alone he has already made more runs than any Australian batsman has made before in a completed rubber, and has easily outdone all previous Test Match records with the bat. He does not merely break records; he smashes them. In the first innings at Lord's, and again yesterday at Leeds, the play resolved itself in each case into a duel between England's bowlers and fielders on the one side and one young Australian on the other; and no one has any doubt as to who had the best of it. Apart from all questions of style and grace, the object of the batsman in the game of cricket is to make runs. Without as a rule troubling, like ordinary mortals, to play himself in, DON BRADMAN sets about the bowling directly he gets to the wicket, and goes on making them all the time. The most ardent advocate of brighter cricket could ask no more of him, except, perhaps, that he should occasionally—say rather oftener than once in a hundred or so—put a ball in the air. At his present rate of scoring it may take him a year or two before, like the holder of the one record that is still left for him to beat, he has a century of centuries to his credit. But that is for the future. For the moment it is enough that at Leeds, to quote our Special Correspondent, he "pulverized" the English bowling by a display of batsmanship which, for ease of scoring, combined with absolute security, was beyond all criticism.

CONTROL OF FOOTBALL

A BOYS' CLUB AND THE ASSOCIATION

REQUEST FOR CHARITY MATCH REFUSED

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—May I ask all friends of amateur sport to consider the following correspondence between the Football Association and a Working Boys' Club:—

1.—TO THE LONDON FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

Dear Sir,—We are camping this year at Sandwich and during the fortnight we are down there propose to play a friendly football match with a team of boys from Belgium. Will you let me know if this is within the rules of the L.F.A.? The match is proposed to be played on Saturday evening of August 16, on one of the military grounds at Deal. A gate may be taken and the proceeds given to one of the hospitals. The team will be chosen from the boys at camp—all members of our club. Will you please let me have your reply so that I may proceed if your answer is favourable?—Yours sincerely, &c.

2.—FROM THE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

Dear Sir,—It would be contrary to our Rules for one of our affiliated clubs to play a match with another club in England, or the British Isles, during our close season and to take gate money for admission to the match. We are not, therefore, able to give you the permission for which you ask.—Yours faithfully, F. WALL.

3.—TO THE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

Dear Sir,—I duly received your letter of the 18th inst. regarding permission to play a match against a team of Belgian lads whilst we are at camp at Sandwich and regret to note that you cannot give the desired permission.

It occurs to me that the fact that we proposed to take a gate and to devote the proceeds to local charities weighed much against the proposal. Would you be good enough to let me know if permission could be given provided no gate is charged, or failing this whether there are any other circumstances under which you will allow the two teams to play?

Football is the only game which the Belgian lads play, consequently I am very anxious that the match should be played.—Yours sincerely, &c.

4.—FROM THE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

Dear Sir,—I have submitted your letter of the 21st ultimo to my Committee, who consider that it would be a breach of the Rule for the match to be played, and are not, therefore, able to give permission.—Yours faithfully, F. WALL.

Now, Sir, no one will wish to belittle the services to British sport rendered by the Football Association and their important secretary, Mr., now Sir Frederick, Wall—involving as they do the vast and intricate bookkeeping inseparable from the perpetual and erratic transfer of hired gladiators from one end of the country to another at short notice. And all who are interested in the rationalization of industry will admire the imposing financial solidity of those great corporations who compose the Football League. Are not their names household words wherever the sporting instincts of the nation are susceptible of financial expression?

But the Football Association is in the hands of the great League Clubs, and they do not want any competition with their gates and their players do not want any thin end of the wedge to lead to their being called on to play football outside the League season.

Personally, I am only interested in the lads who cannot claim to be more than the amateur raw material of the football industry. I have, indeed, managed to read the 216 pages of close print containing the rules and laws of the Football Association, but I do not know them as well as they doubtless deserve to be known. I gather, however, that our ground may be closed, our players black-listed, and any team which dares to approach our derelict pitches be cast out and their place know them no more. All this because 22 lads want to kick a ball about upon a holiday.

I cannot help feeling that it would be better if the foolish trifling affairs of boys who want to play and not to pay—or to be paid—were managed in a different spirit by an amateur body like the National Association of Boys' Clubs interested in boys and not much concerned to assert the dignity of officials or to protect the dividends of companies.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,

IAN MACDONALD HOROBIN, Hon. Warden, Mansfield House Settlement.
National Association of Boys' Clubs, 27, Bedford-square, W.C.1, July 10.

WANTED—THE AUTHOR

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I have this morning received the following request from Delhi:—

While I was reading in the School here my Teacher once quoted from an English Poetry. The first line of the Poetry was:—

"An Austrian Army awfully arrayed."

Since then I several times tried to get out the whole Poetry, but unfortunately I am not successful. I therefore most respectfully beg to inquire if you could very kindly favour me with a copy of the whole complete Poetry or very kindly let me know who is the author of the Poem.

I read the poem when I was a little child, and remember as far as the letter H.

An Austrian Army awfully arrayed
Boldly by battery besieged Belgrade;
Cossack commanders cannonading come
Dealing Destruction's devastating doom.
Every endeavour engineers essay
For Fame for Fortune fighting furious fray;
Gaunt gunners grapple giving gashes good;
Heaves high his head heroic Hardihood.

Perhaps some reader of *The Times* will help me to the rest, so that I may answer my correspondent.

I am, &c.,
JOHN MASEFIELD.

Boar's Hill, Oxford, July 8.

LORD IRWIN AND HIS CRITICS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—May I be permitted briefly to endorse the plea of Mr. C. J. O'Donnell which appears in your columns to-day? In common, I suppose, with most British Conservatives, I was alarmed by the tenor of Lord Irwin's pronouncement of last October, and the reference to "Dominion Status," in terms at once too definite and too nebulous, seemed either unnecessary or dangerous. It happened, however, that within a few weeks I found myself in India, and during the four months of my stay I had the fullest opportunity to test every shade of opinion not only among Indians but among British people there. And it is a remarkable fact that I found not a single responsible person in either community to tell me that the Viceroy was ill-advised and that I, together with a majority of my fellow-countrymen here, was in the right. I have, furthermore, been driven to the conclusion that the present disturbances in India, in so far as they can be attributed to the Viceroy's statement, are the result not of the statement itself but of the reception which was accorded to it in sections of the Press in this country.

The problem of the future relationship of this country to India is, I take it, a political problem, and in politics one must consider not only what is just and right but what is humanly possible. Of two solutions to any given problem, indeed, it is sometimes necessary to choose the one which ideally is the less desirable. Of such a nature, I submit, is the problem of India. We in this country may know without any possibility of error what is best for our Indian fellow subjects, but unless we can convince the educated Indian minority (a minority, incidentally, which far outnumbers the whole British community in India, civil, official, and military) that it is in fact best it becomes the worst—for it can never be realized. The task of British statesmanship is surely to enlist the support of educated Indians in a common (and perhaps imperfect) cause rather than to impose upon them an ideally perfect Constitution which they will refuse to work and which they will throw off at the earliest possible moment. The continued association of Great Britain and India is vital to the best interests of both countries. A brief but not wholly superficial sojourn in India has convinced at least one doubter that it can only be assured through the policy of sympathetic cooperation which Lord Irwin has inflexibly pursued since he assumed the responsibilities of his high office.

Yours, &c.,
RICHARD LAW.

40, Ovington-street, S.W.3, July 11.

MR. GRIT THE GROCER

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In *The Times* to-day there is a letter from a member of, presumably, a younger branch of our family signing himself Grits. From the early eighties of the last century the older branch of our family (unconnected with the Sands) has been and still is—

MR. GRIT THE GROCER.

July 10.

ON THE ICE-CAP OF GREENLAND

WORK OF BRITISH EXPLORERS

A WINTER VIGIL

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(By H. G. Watkins, Leader of the Expedition)

The British Arctic Air Route Expedition will arrive at Angmagsalik Island in the Quest about July 25. The time we shall take from London, calling at the Faroe Islands and Reykjavik, will depend on the condition of the ice off the east coast of Greenland. We shall only call at Angmagsalik in order to induce some families of Eskimos to come and live near our base on the mainland. We want them for hunting and sewing and dressing skins. The Quest will then move up the Sermilik Fjord, and search for a suitable site for the main base at the head of Hunde Bay or Petersen Bay.

The desiderata for the base are that it should be where the ship can get close in shore, where it is not too shut in for our wireless to work, and where heavy sledges can get through on to the interior ice-cap without much trouble. We think we are most likely to find such a place at the head of Petersen Bay, because that is

where De Quervain, crossing from the west coast by dog sledge in 1912, came out to the coast, finding it to be the best place to avoid the many deep and dangerous crevasses that split the edge of the ice-cap. Also the mountainous coast belt is not more than four or five miles deep at that point.

Having selected the site for the base, the crew of the Quest will then put up the hut, a plain rectangular affair of four purely practical rooms. We shall also assemble the aeroplane that we have brought with us. It will take at least a week to get all the stores and instruments and motor-boats and sledges and dogs ashore from the ship. But directly the base is ready, the aeroplane will start on the first flight north up the coast from the base for about a hundred miles out and back, taking vertical and oblique photographs of the coast-line. When it comes back it is put on board the Quest, and the Quest moves up that hundred miles, and the aeroplane repeats the process for the next hundred miles. In this way the 320 miles between Angmagsalik and Kangerdlugsuak Fjord, which may be a very large and deep fjord, will be surveyed from the air.

The aeroplane will return after this 300 miles to the base, taking myself and the pilot, and the Quest will continue surveying the coast up to Scoresby Sound until the middle of September. We have to hand her back to her Norwegian owners by September 15, after which date no ship can be insured in Arctic waters. The surveying may be completed by that date, and the party on board brought safely back to the base. But if not, Captain Scheldrup and his crew will take the Quest home, and the party on board, led by Courtauld, will have to come back down the coast—possibly drifting with the 10-mile-an-hour drift of the ice—in the larger of the two outboard motor-boats which we are taking with us.

By these means we shall make a complete air and ground survey of a largely unmapped stretch of Arctic coast. There is a chance that we shall make important geographical discoveries. The Eskimos believe that Kangerdlugsuak Fjord stretches a hundred miles into the heart of Greenland. The Danish party who drifted down the coast saw the entrance to the fjord, but were unable to force their way in through the ice to explore it.

AN ARCTIC OUTPOST

Meanwhile Scott, with Rymill, Lindsay, Bingham (our doctor, a naval surgeon lent by the Admiralty) and Riley, will establish the central ice-cap station. They will make a series of journeys in dog sledges from the main base up on to the highest point of the ice-cap, which, by De Quervain's observations, is believed to be about 140 miles inland. This ice-cap station is primarily for meteorological observations. In order to get trustworthy data about weather conditions on the ice plateau we shall keep up observations at this station for a whole year. It is an ambitious undertaking, for no one has hitherto ventured into the heart of Greenland except in the summer.

The station will consist of a peculiar hut composed of two layers of thick canvas, stretched, with an insulating air space between them, over a dome-shaped frame. A snow house will be built over the entire structure. It will be heated by a Primus radiator and there will also be an electric radiator worked by a small windmill. The hut will be equipped with all sorts of meteorological instruments and there will also be a wireless transmitting and receiving station. One man will remain alone in the station, each member of the expedition taking it in turns to relieve him. Riley, our chief meteorologist, will take the first watch. The station will be at least 9,000ft. above sea level, and it is possible that the lowest temperatures ever experienced anywhere in the world will be recorded. So far the lowest temperature on record is about 130deg. of frost (Fahr.), recorded in Siberia.

About the end of August or the beginning of September, Scott and I and two others will start on a journey by dog sledge down the edge of the ice-cap to the south. When we reach the south—it is impossible to tell how near the point we shall get—we shall turn north up the highest part of the ice-cap and follow the ridge until we get to the central ice-cap station opposite our base. We shall then drop down to the base.

The main purpose of this journey will be to find out which is the highest part of the ice-cap, to delineate, as it were, its profile. This journey will take Scott and me away from the base for September and October. In the meantime we hope that a party of the others, except the meteorologists on the ice-cap, will be able to make an attempt to climb Mount Forel, 11,273ft., which is 1,600ft. higher than Petermana Peak, and is therefore the highest mountain in Greenland and the highest known peak in the Arctic. This is no mean peak, and to climb it will be a real achievement. It lies about 60 miles north of our base, and some very rough country lies in between.

We also hope some time to make a journey by dog sledge across to the west coast over the top of the ice-cap. The months of November, December, and January will be a period of restricted activity, but during the time before Christmas we hope that a party will be able to go out due north

from the base and lay a food depôt on the summit of the ice-cap for what will be one of the most exciting parts of our work, the spring journey into the far north. We shall not attempt this journey until the beginning of March, but perhaps in February the Moths will fly over to Godhavn, on Disko Island on the west coast. All our time-tables are provisional, but sooner or later we shall make that flight across, and should we be lucky enough to strike good weather at Godhavn we would be strongly tempted to make the far more thrilling attempt of crossing to Baffin Land and even go down the west side of Hudson Bay into Canada.

Since so much of our work will be pioneer, with the experience of so few predecessors to guide us, we cannot really tell what we shall be able to do—or what we may not do. At any rate, we intend to cross the ice-cap of Greenland to the west coast by dog sledge and by aeroplane; we shall make a journey into the north and down to the south, and we shall map and explore and survey the east coast and the eastern edge of the ice-cap up to Scoresby Sound; we hope to climb Mount Forel, and we hope to solve the mystery of the great unknown fjord which the Icelanders call Kangerdlugsuak. But whatever "sensational" adventures we undertake, we shall not lose sight of the real aim of our expedition, which is to explore the way and lay the foundations for all-British flying over the Arctic to Canada.

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** A previous article by Mr. Watkins on the work of the Expedition appeared in *The Times* of June 30.

APPEALS AT LONDON SESSIONS

MAGISTRATES' DECISIONS REVIEWED

A number of appeals against convictions by Metropolitan police magistrates or against the sentences and fines imposed were heard at the London Sessions yesterday.

Mrs. Leontine Robert Brochet, 49, a woman of French nationality, appealed against a conviction and sentence of two months' imprisonment in the second division passed on her at Marlborough-street Police Court for stealing a hat valued £2 12s. 6d., the property of D. H. Evans and Co., Limited. The appeal was dismissed with costs, but a fine of £10 was substituted for the sentence of imprisonment.

Gordon Howes King, described as an American business man, appealed against a conviction and sentence of one month's imprisonment passed at the Westminster Police Court for being a rogue and vagabond. The appeal was allowed and the conviction quashed.

The appeal of Richard Ashton, of Eastside, London Fields, against a sentence of one month's imprisonment passed on him at the North London Police Court for assault, was allowed and the conviction quashed.

Twenty-one sailors appealed against sentences of four weeks' imprisonment in the second division passed on them after being convicted at the Thames Police Court for combining with other men to impede the progress of the British ship Durham Castle. All the appeals were dismissed except in the case of John Keith, who was bound over.

Reginald Mitch Smith appealed against fines amounting to £45 and an order to pay £5 5s. costs for unauthorized possession and procuring and possessing certain drugs imposed upon him at Marlborough-street Police Court. The fines were reduced to £25, but the appeal against conviction was dismissed with costs.

Edwin Jeff Holliman appealed against conviction and a sentence of two months' imprisonment in the second division passed on him at the South-Western Police Court for being a rogue and a vagabond. The conviction was quashed.

The appeal of Alexander Wilson Kane, described as a sea captain, against a conviction and a fine of £5, and an order to pay £5 costs, imposed upon him at the Greenwich Police Court for assaulting George Yorstos, chief steward in the British steamer Bradavon, at Preston, Cuba, was allowed and the conviction quashed.

The appeal of Ernest O'Connor against a conviction and sentence of one month's imprisonment imposed on him at the Marylebone Police Court for loitering for the purpose of betting was dismissed with costs, but the sentence was reduced to a fine of £10.

Simon Freedman and Joseph Palace appealed against a conviction and sentence of one month's imprisonment in the second division imposed at the Marylebone Police Court for selling intoxicating liquor without a justices' licence. The appeal was dismissed with costs, but the sentences were remitted and a fine of £25 was imposed in each case.

The appeal of Daisy McClelland against a conviction and sentence of two months' imprisonment with hard labour and an order to pay £10 costs imposed at Marylebone Police Court for allowing certain premises to be used as a disorderly house was dismissed with costs, but the sentence was reduced to a fine of £50 and an order to pay £10 costs.

A sentence of six months' imprisonment with hard labour, passed on Sidney Blandford at the South-Western Police Court for assaulting Police-constable Charles John Machin in the execution of his duty, was reduced to one of six weeks' imprisonment, and the appeal against conviction was dismissed with costs.

"SUN TRAPS" FOR FLAT DWELLERS

NEW BUILDING ACHIEVEMENT AT MAIDA VALE

A block of mansion flats planned to give unobstructed light to all windows and to obtain a series of "sun traps" for the benefit of the principal rooms has just been completed in Maida Vale. The site, which is long and narrow, presented special difficulties, but the architect, Sir Giles Gilbert Scott, by a modified adoption of the angular system familiar in Germany, has made it possible for every room to have the desired measure of direct as distinct from reflected daylight without any flat being overlooked by another. The design, too, has given a striking and attractive elevation in which a frontage showing many points and angles ingeniously avoids any suggestion of the grotesque.

There are 41 flats on seven floors in three groups. Each has two reception rooms, which when required can be thrown into one, four bed rooms, kitchen, and bath room. The reception rooms and principal bed rooms face south. The frontage to Maida Vale is divided into a series of bays each of which is in the form of a half-hexagon, and these are separated from each other by smaller bays at the base of which are broad entrance halls. The main bays carry two large windows on every floor. The back rooms get the morning sunlight and there is an excellent arrangement for the delivery of household goods. Kitchen doors communicate with outside lifts as well as staircases fitted into narrow bays.

The interior planning of the flats is in keeping with the ingenuity of the external appearance of the building. Labour-saving devices of the latest type have been introduced. Central heating is installed, with suitable temperatures in the living rooms and lower temperatures in the bed rooms, and there is an efficient system of constant hot water.

The flats will be known as Cropthorne Court. The builders are Messrs. John Knox and Dyke.

MYSTERIOUS ILLNESS ON RACECOURSE

The patients removed to hospital at Salisbury on Thursday from the Bibury Club Racecourse, following sudden illness, reported to be due to some form of food poisoning, were stated yesterday to be very much better, and they will probably soon be discharged. Lady Allerton, one of the seven persons detained in the hospital, was discharged yesterday. Investigations are still proceeding as to the cause of their sudden illness.

EXPORT OF TANKS TO RUSSIA

In a written Parliamentary reply, Mr. Graham, President of the Board of Trade, states that the 40 tanks and 20 light armoured vehicles exported to Russia within the past year were built to designs of Vickers-Armstrong, Limited. No objection to the issue of the licence for their export to Russia was raised by the War Office.

YOUNG OFFENDERS AND PRISON

PLEA FOR NEW FORM OF PENALTY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BOURNEMOUTH, July 11

The conference of magistrates organized by the Magistrates' Association to-day passed a resolution asking the council of the association to take into immediate consideration the question of automatic committal to prison in default of payment of fines, particularly in respect of young offenders.

Mr. George A. Bryson, of Birmingham, who presided, said that a wrong administration of the law as it concerned young persons might push them in the direction of that irreclaimable class which was almost the despair of all social workers.

Mr. Alexander Paterson, one of H.M. Commissioners of Prisons, spoke on "Young Offenders." He said that the number of people between 16 and 21 who at present were committing offences against the law, had been increasing of recent years. Lads in their later teens to-day made a far greater demand on life than those of 25 years ago. The resources of life and experience and the varieties of pleasures were far greater than formerly. The lad of to-day had all the resources of civilization brought to his doorstep. Life was infinitely more varied, offering a great deal more to him, and therefore aroused in him a far greater desire for the things which his earnings could not supply. A good deal of the crime committed by these young fellows was the expression of a very natural vitality, the desire for movement, power, and speed—to break laws and get away from the narrow confines of their lives. There was a very thin line drawn between mischief and heroism. Sometimes he felt that a good many things that were offences against the law were after all mischief and could be developed into something like heroism. Another reason for the increase was that years ago youngsters were given a very simple ethic of right and wrong and behind it was the sanction of punishment. To-day we were substituting something probably far finer in its place, but we were still in process of transition. They did not hear many people nowadays talking to boys about the importance of doing their duty. Instead they used another phrase—playing the game. Probably behind both was the same fundamental idea, but life held far more temptations to young people, and to resist them they had not the old solid rocky foundations, while they had not yet become accustomed to the new ideas and the new idealisms.

ATTITUDE OF COURTS

The whole attitude of the English Courts towards the young offender had fundamentally altered. Last century the point of view was to look at the offence, see that it was proved, and then apportion a dose of punishment in accordance with the gravity of the offence. In this century the point of view was to regard the offence as symptomatic of a certain wrong condition, and to try to find the right treatment for that condition. Each year Courts of summary jurisdiction sent 2,000 boys under 21 to short terms of imprisonment. The idea of a "short, sharp lesson" was a mistake. Prisons were not places for training young offenders. Committal to prison as an alternative to fines ought not to be so automatic as it was. He hoped that some day a new way would be invented of dealing with minor offences by adolescents. Instead of a lad being deprived of his liberty, he would like to see him deprived of his leisure—made to go three or four times a week to be locked up from 8 to 10 and chop wood, or on Saturday afternoon, instead of watching a football match, be locked up and made to do extra work. It would do the lad no harm, and it would be a useful reminder that he could not beat the law, that he had broken the law, and in future must obey the law. Speaking of the Borstal Institution, Mr. Paterson said that there were about 10,000 old Borstal boys somewhere in the country. Among the sad army of something like 1,000 persistent and professional criminals in Dartmoor and Parkhurst they would only find 88 of that 10,000. He claimed that but for something like the Borstal system a very much greater number of those 10,000 incipient criminals would by now be found within those prisons. Behind the Borstal System and the Home Office schools was one real philosophy: they believed in the English lad, and it was because of that that they tried to treat and train him as they did.

Mr. T. P. Owens, Governor of the Borstal Institution at Portland, said that experience showed that the time a lad must serve was at least two years. Some of the boys came there a mass of wrong ideas and habits, and to put these right and turn them out decent, right-thinking citizens, was rather a long job.

Speaking at a subsequent luncheon, Mr. Alfred Short, Parliamentary Under-Secretary to the Home Office, said that the public were proud of the administration of justice in this country. Twelve hundred to 1,300 cases were handled by lay magistrates every week.

PUBLIC OFFICERS AS ROBOTS

TENDENCY DEPLORED BY CONFERENCE

The summer conference of the Institute of Public Administration, which opened at New College, Oxford, yesterday, became engaged in a discussion upon whether there was not a tendency for personality to be too much submerged in public administration.

Mr. E. H. Rhodes, whose paper raised the subject, declared the belief that persons engaged in public administration needed to be patient and much enduring men, like the ancient hero.

Mr. W. Ross, assistant secretary at the Ministry of Health, said that all over the civilized world at the present time people were becoming robots; they were becoming mechanized men. It was doubtful whether men of the highest ability would be attracted to the Civil Service, where there was a tendency for their personality to be submerged. There was a tendency for the very ablest men to leave the Service, even when they had once succeeded in getting into it.

Mr. Sydney Larkin, of Coventry, referred to a recent article by Dean Inge in which the Dean declared that at about the age of 50 degeneration of the conscience was apt to set in. Mr. Larkin thought that remark must have referred to the general public and not to Civil servants. With the public servant that degeneration set in long before the age of 50. He said all young officials were usually blessed with a conscience. It was not long, however, before they were told by someone older and wiser than themselves that they must keep their conscience clear—by which they meant put it away and not use it. There was no more certain method of becoming unpopular with one's employers than the method of exercising one's conscience.

A MODERN NEED

Mr. J. R. Howard Roberts, Town Clerk of Hull, said there was never a greater need for courage and personality on the part of public officials than there was at the present time. Local government was very largely dependent upon the driving force of its officials to see that it kept pace with the great changes which were taking place in the world to-day. The public official who failed to take the opportunity to express his own opinions and views on current questions was grossly neglecting one of his first duties.

Mrs. H. G. Corner asked for more simplicity in the wording of official documents. She did not ask for breezy notes to collect the rates, but she did think it was due to pure laziness on the part of lawyers and officials that they had not yet got away from what she called the "herein aforesaid" method of drafting Bills and official documents.

The relations between public officers and municipal councils were discussed at the afternoon session. Mr. R. H. Jerman, Town Clerk of Islington, said one of the chief problems in local government to-day was that it was becoming more and more political. It was difficult for public officers to make any suggestions which would seem altogether free from political bias.

Mr. Frederick Smith, Town Clerk of Coventry, said it seemed to him that there was a closer relation than formerly between politics as such and the work of local government.

Mrs. How-Martyn, formerly of the Middlesex County Council, said that as the work of local government became more important, it became more and more difficult to get councillors who were fitted to do the work. "I think we are never likely to get them in adequate numbers," she observed, "and that our main hope for local government in this country is in the officers. I am one who hopes to see the whole method of appointments radically changed and the appointments supervised by a board of local government commissioners." Local authorities would then have only a limited choice, but the local government commissioners would guarantee that all the candidates were qualified to do the work.

THE SALE ROOM

REVALUATIONS OF PICTURES

Christie's sale yesterday consisted of pictures by old masters and Early English portraits, and included the properties of Lord North, Sir John Ramsden, Sir Spencer Maryon-Wilson, and Major Frank Goldsmith, 140 lots totalling £26,697.

The 50 pictures which belonged to Sir John Ramsden, of Bulstrode, Gerrards Cross, formed the most interesting portion of the sale. Most of these were purchased in the fifties of the last century, chiefly at the Bernal sale in 1855—one of the landmarks in the history of art auctions in London—at prices which rarely exceeded £100 and more often than not at a quarter of that amount. Most of the pictures might be described as large miniatures, and very few have been seen by students or heard of since they were at Christie's three-quarters of a century ago. One of the most striking revaluations occurred in connexion with a portrait of Anne of Cleves, holding some carnations in her right hand, 15in. by 14in., which had been attributed to Holbein in the Bernal catalogue (in which it is illustrated) and then fetched 175 guineas. It is now attributed to Hans Wertinger, and from a 500 guineas start went to 2,100 guineas to Mr. A. Martin, who was acting for a private collector. Even more remarkable, from an investment point of view, was the Lucas Cranach portrait of the Duke of Saxony, on panel, 23in. by 16in., which sold for 22 guineas in the Bernal sale and now realized 1,800 guineas (Knoedler); the companion portrait by the same artist of the Duchess of Saxony, bought from the same sale for 40 guineas, now went to 600 guineas (T. Harris); and two others by the same artist and from the same sale, each costing 20 guineas, portrait of Sybilla Duchess of Saxony—300 guineas (Knoedler), and a portrait of an unknown lady—260 guineas (Colnaghi). Now and then there was a "drop," as in the case of the Palma il Vecchio Madonna and Child with Saints, bought at the Samuel Rogers sale in 1856 for 315 guineas, which now went at 115 guineas (Larsen).

Taken in the order of sale the other Ramsden pictures included:—A. Altdorfer, gardens of a Bavarian palace with ladies and gentlemen near a fountain—420 guineas (H. M. Clark); Ambrosius Benson, portrait of a gentleman—440 guineas (T. Harris); Henri Met de Bles, a triptych with the Adoration of the Magi in the centre—440 guineas (Mason); Joos Cleve, a pair of portraits of Meinheer de Hondecoutre and his wife—380 guineas (Ball); Pier Francesco Fiorentino, the Madonna with the Infant Saviour and St. John—300 guineas (Nathan); Early French School, portraits of Philip Duke of Burgundy and his wife, a diptych—440 guineas (Sampson); F. Guardi, a courtyard, Venice—360 guineas (F. Partridge); Mabuse, portrait of the Emperor Maximilian—200 guineas (L. Douglas)—this cost 17 guineas at the Bernal sale; B. van Orley, the Holy Family—700 guineas (Martinet); and Joachim de Patinir, Saint Hubert—240 guineas (F. Howard).

Lord North's pictures from Wroxton Abbey, Banbury, included four by Marc Gheeraedts, notably a whole-length portrait of Sir William Poole, created Earl of Devon—200 guineas (Colnaghi), and Elizabeth, wife of Edward Lord Montagu—360 guineas (Permain); two by Cornelis Jonson, both signed and dated 1627, Sir Christopher Nevill, 240 guineas, and the companion portrait of his wife, 200 guineas (both bought by Knoedler); William Streetes, portrait of Sir Thomas Pope, founder of Trinity College, Oxford, in 1554, and inscribed *Quod Tacitum velis nemini dixeris*—290 guineas (A. Martin) (this portrait will probably find its way into a semi-public institution); J. Zoffany, a family group of a gentleman, his wife and child—400 guineas (Pool); and Sir T. Lawrence, a life-size group of Susan Countess of Guildford and Lady Georgiana North—2,100 guineas (Miller). Among the anonymous properties the most noteworthy picture was James Northcote's portrait of Lady Mary Lygon in white dress, signed and dated 1789, which fetched 1,150 guineas (F. Sabin). Others were:—F. C. Turner, "The Young English Fox-hunters," a set of four, signed and dated 1841—580 guineas (Ackermann); J. Russell, portrait of Colonel Eidingtoun of Gartugannock, signed and dated 1793—200 guineas (Vicars); J. B. Greuze, a girl in white dress—290 guineas (Lenygon); and Tintoretto, the Procession to Calvary—780 guineas (Davidge).

BOOKS AND SILVER

The three-days' sale at Messrs Hodgson's of the concluding portion of the library of the late Mr. Charles Whibley produced £3,600, the total for the whole library being £5,230. The chief lots were:—S. T. Coleridge, "Christabel," 1816, first edition, uncut, in the original wrapper, £102 (Pickering), and "Sibylline Leaves," 1817, £34 (Sawyer); W. Hazlitt, original manuscript of "An Answer to Queries of an old Friend," 23 pages folio, £58 (Spencer); three presentation copies of Thomas Hardy's works, "Tess of the D'Urbervilles," 1892, £45 (Maggs); "Jude the Obscure," 1896, £112 (Scheuer), and "Selected Poems," 1916, £20 (Maggs); W. de la Mare, "Songs of Childhood," 1902, £33 (Quaritch); W. S. Landor, "Gebir," 1798, £84 (Pickering), and "Poetry, By the author of Gebir," 1802, in original wrapper, £70 (Quaritch); S. Warren, "Ten Thousand a Year," 1841, a fine copy of the first edition, £78 (Fletcher); C. Dickens, "A Christmas Carol," 1844, trial issue of the first edition, £164 (Thorp); G. Eliot, a series of 37 autograph letters from her to Frederic Harrison, £96 (Maggs); C. Reade, "The Cloister and the Hearth," 1861, £66 (Ulysses Book Shop); C. Darwin, "The Origin of Species," 1859, in original cloth, £60 (Shurr and Swift).

Mr. Hurcomb's sale at Calver House, Piccadilly, yesterday included a George III. plain cistern, 86oz., which sold at 147s. per oz.—£632 2s.; a set of three Charles II. sugar dredgers, 23oz., "all at," £590 (both brought by Messrs. Crichton), and a gold and enamel miniature box, £215 (Browatt Bros.).

Messrs. John D. Wood and Co.'s sale at Kyre Park this week included, in addition to the lots mentioned in *The Times* of yesterday, nine Hepplewhite elbow chairs—£1,050; an Elizabeth oak refectory table—510 guineas; a Chippendale suite of two elbow and 14 standard chairs—410 guineas; a Sheraton mahogany toilet table—290 guineas; a Hepplewhite painted suite of a settee and 10 chairs—400 guineas; and a pair of Adam side tables—£255.

DISORDERLY SCENES IN CHANNEL BOATS

A TRAVELLER'S COMPLAINT OF DAY TRIPPERS

The conduct of some of the people who take advantage of the day excursions on the Southern Railway Company's boats to Boulogne has been a subject of occasional comment by their fellow passengers. A letter which has been received by *The Times* from a correspondent contains the following description of what occurred on a recent Sunday:—"Last Sunday evening I came back to England by the 7.30 boat from Boulogne. I had a cabin and was thus able to keep away from the shouting, shrieking, and drunken singing which went on continuously throughout the crossing. On reaching harbour, however, I and other quiet and inoffensive passengers were forced to join the crowd of struggling, shouting, semi-intoxicated roughs returning from the day trip to Boulogne; and we were jostled slowly off the boat, down the gangway, and through the landing sheds to the accompaniment of some of the vilest language possible to imagine. I wondered, as I was slowly pushed towards the Customs, whether there were children in the crowd forced to listen to that stream of filthy obscenities; and whether, of the foreigners among us, any were making their first Channel crossing and their first acquaintance with the English race."

The Southern Railway Company, whose attention was drawn to this complaint, stated that the excursion traffic between Folkestone and Boulogne, though it has been large this summer owing to the fine weather, has not justified special boats being placed on this route before July 14, when it was originally arranged that this service should begin. From and after that date day excursionists will sail on these special boats. The complaint in the letter was the first of its kind which had been received this season.

"LAST POST" AT MENIN GATE

By a custom begun at the instigation of the Belgians some two years ago, out of homage to the 250,000 Britons who lost their lives in the Ypres Salient, the "Last Post" is sounded every night throughout the year by three Belgian working men at 9 o'clock under the Menin Gate. All traffic is stopped and the greatest respect is shown by all who happen to be there. A small local association has been formed recently to perpetuate this impressive ceremony, and Lieutenant-General Sir William Pulteney and Major Paul Slessor (Assistant General Secretary of Toc H) are the British representatives upon it.

OBITUARY

MGR. M. J. BIDWELL

The Right Rev. Mgr. Manuel John Bidwell, Bishop Auxiliary to the Cardinal Archbishop of Westminster and rector of St. Mary's, Cadogan-square, died in London yesterday.

Mgr. Bidwell, son of the late Charles Toll Bidwell, was educated in Paris, at King's College, London, and the Accademia dei Nobili Ecclesiastici, Rome. He was diocesan secretary and then Chancellor of the diocese of Westminster, and was for some time employed in the Secretariat of State at the Vatican. When Cardinal Vannutelli visited London on the occasion of the Eucharistic Congress in 1908 Mgr. Bidwell was appointed auditor to the mission, and five years later he represented the Pope at the International Congress of Catholic Women's Leagues, also in London. He was granted the title of Bishop of Miletopolis in 1917.

COLONEL G. J. H. BELL

Colonel George James Hamilton Bell, C.I.E., late Indian Medical Service, died at Edinburgh on Wednesday, after a long illness, at the age of 69. He was born on February 28, 1861, son of the late Robert Bell, Sheriff Substitute, of Stirling, Dumbarton, and Clackmannan, and was educated at Edinburgh Academy and University, where he graduated M.B. and C.M. in 1882. Joining the Indian Medical Service, he served in Burma from 1887 to 1889, first with the Burmese Expedition, and later with the Lushai Expedition on the N.E. Frontier. Thereafter he was civil surgeon in Bengal until 1892, when he returned to Burma as superintendent of the Gaol Department. Here many of his service years were spent, and in 1910 he reached the head of the Department as Inspector-General of Prisons. The value of his work was recognized by his creation in 1914 as C.I.E. At the beginning of 1916 he recrossed the Bay of Bengal to be Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals in Bihar and Orissa, where he held the directorship of the medical service until his retirement in 1920. He married in 1890 Violet Helen Mary, daughter of Lestock Reid Forbes, and had a son and two daughters.

ARCHDEACON OF DORKING

Major-General Sir George Kemball writes:—

When the 2nd Battalion, The Leicestershire Regiment was ordered from France to Mesopotamia to join the 28th Frontier Force Brigade, "Ronnie Irwin," as he was called, accompanied it and became chaplain to the Brigade and a member of the Brigade mess. He took part in the fighting for the relief of Kut, during which, in three months, the Brigade incurred more than 100 per cent. casualties. Though suffering from lameness and by no means of strong physique, his energy and endurance were extraordinary. After every engagement he spent the night and the following day ministering to the wounded and burying the dead, until he was utterly exhausted. On these occasions he was sometimes in contact with the enemy, but he bore a charmed life. However, at Sannaiyat, on April 6, 1916, he received a wound from which, in spite of many operations, he never wholly recovered.

Being invalided to England, and with a still unextracted bullet in his body, he managed, after some months, to get back to France, where he received another wound, and where his conduct at a burning French ammunition dump earned him a Croix de Guerre, in addition to the second M.C. and D.S.O. which he had won in Mesopotamia. As a clergyman in Mesopotamia his services were eagerly attended, and his sympathetic nature so endeared him to all ranks that the first cry of the wounded was always, it is said, for "the Padre."

Many interesting anecdotes might be told of "Padre Irwin," but the following is rather characteristic of his ways:—

In March, 1916, his Brigade was under heavy fire and the Padre, as usual, was in the thick of it tending the wounded, when he noticed an enemy machine-gun which was causing considerable loss. He made his way back to headquarters, but could not point out the situation of the gun from there, so got his friend, the brigade major, to creep forward with him by water-courses to a point from which it could be seen. In creeping back, the brigade major received a mortal wound. The Padre managed to get him away to a dressing station on a stretcher and then made a personal report to the Divisional Commander on the state of affairs. Irwin then fetched his horse and was riding back to the front, when the Divisional Commander remonstrated with him on thinking he could get through the fire mounted on a horse. Irwin merely remarked: "It will be dark soon, and I have not strength to get up there again on foot. There are hundreds of wounded, so I must ride." As usual, he remained out all night and returned next morning with some very valuable information, but his horse had received two bullet wounds.

MR. G. C. DOBSON

"E. W. H." writes of Mr. G. C. Dobson, draftsman to the Electricity Commission, whose death was recently announced:—

There will be many in Whitehall and elsewhere who will be sad to read of Dobson's death. He was only 51, but into that comparatively short space of working life he had packed much assiduous and careful knowledge in the drafting of Parliamentary Statutes and Ministerial Orders. That is a difficult art, requiring precision and a nice appreciation of the exact meaning of words. Here he may have been helped, quite unconsciously, by his uncle, the late Austin Dobson. Dobson was one of the ablest men in his craft that I have known, and one of the most modest and retiring. His help to others was given freely and gladly, and I know how much it was appreciated.

Mr. Charles Beale, who died at his home in Rectory-road, Stoke Newington, on Thursday, at the age of 86, had been a member of the Ancient Order of Druids for 50 years. He was a past Grand Arch-Druid, had been Provincial Grand Arch-Druid of Kent, and Supreme Arch-Druid of the Royal Arch Chapter Degree.

EX-SOLICITOR FINED

PROSECUTION BY LAW SOCIETY

For wilfully and falsely pretending to be a solicitor, Henry Albert James Lovett, of Richmond-terrace, Clapham, carrying on business as a company registration agent at 224, Westminster Bridge-road, was fined £5 and ordered to pay £5 5s. costs by Mr. Oulton, at Tower Bridge Police Court, yesterday. The defendant pleaded "Not Guilty."

Mr. Denning, prosecuting for the Law Society, said the offence alleged was contrary to the Solicitors Act, 1874. The defendant was a solicitor, but in 1910 was struck off the Roll, and until the passing of Lord Darling's Act in 1928 had been employed as a clerk by Mr. W. Thompson, a solicitor in business in the City and with a branch at 224, Westminster Bridge-road. On the passing of that Act Mr. Thompson gave up that office, and the defendant kept it on for his own business. On February 24 he wrote a letter in the name of Mr. Thompson threatening an action for damage unless compensation was offered. Mr. Thompson was seen and denied having authorized the letter, and representations were made which resulted in the present proceedings.

Mr. Walter Thompson, solicitor, said he gave the defendant no authority to write the letter produced.

Cross-examined by the defendant, he said that the defendant brought him a copy of the letter and the answer to it from a firm of solicitors.

The defendant said the matter was one of urgency. The client knew he was not a solicitor, but asked him to write the letter. He did so and got into communication with Mr. Thompson as soon as he could.

Mr. Oulton remarked that the offence was a very serious one, and imposed a fine as above stated.

PRESENTATION OF PLATE TO H.M.S. NORFOLK

Yesterday afternoon on the quarter deck of H.M.S. Norfolk, now anchored off Great Yarmouth on a week's visit to that town, a presentation was made by the women of Norfolk of a pair of chased silver porringers which are copies of two dated 1662. A company of 100 was entertained on board the cruiser. Lady Suffield, who raised the funds for the gift, said that they hoped the Norfolk would be a shining light of the Royal Navy and that never would the Navy List be found without a Norfolk in it. Mrs. Russell Colman, wife of the Lord Lieutenant of Norfolk, in handing over the plate, said that Norfolk ladies were proud that the name of Norfolk again figured in the Navy. Captain C. Prickett, R.N., of the Norfolk, expressed thanks for the gift. He said that since the War it had become the custom to substitute treaties for cruisers. He did not know what a treaty cost, but this cruiser had cost £2,250,000, almost every penny of which was spent in this country and about £100,000 of it in Norwich.

THE THIRD TEST MATCH—continued from page 12, col. 4

an amazing hook only just wide of mid-on from a ball outside the off stump. This he followed with a square cut, also for 4, and at 1 o'clock the English bowlers bore every appearance of hoping that a batsman would get out, rather than of suspecting that they would get him out. Hammond was given a trial, but he did not bowl so well then as he did in the afternoon, and Bradman reached his 100 out of 128 runs scored from the bat when he had been in for only 85 minutes, and that without ever suggesting that he was in a hurry. At the luncheon interval the total was 136, of which Woodfull's share, though only 29, had been of the greatest value.

AN AGGRESSIVE RESUMPTION

Both Bradman and Woodfull hit Geary, who started the bowling after the interval, square for 4 and so Hobbs was moved back from cover-point to the boundary, a defensive move which was indicative of what was to follow. Bradman played one superb late cut off Larwood, but in the same over he played the first bad stroke of his innings and was lucky to see the ball sail in the air safe out of reach of second and third slip.

Hammond, having relieved Larwood, produced a spell of sustained attacking bowling at the end of which he had the satisfaction of getting a ball through more quickly than Woodfull expected and so at last a wicket fell when the spectators had become prepared to see the same pair together for the rest of the day. The arrival of Kippax, however, was not much encouragement to the bowlers. He was twice late in one over from Larwood, but, that little trouble once over, he settled down to play with the ease which Bradman had been showing. Things looked rather desperate for England before the tea interval, when Tyldesley and Leyland, neither of whom showed the least sign of taking a wicket, were kept on for half an hour, but by this time Bradman had eased down a little, reserving, perhaps, his energy for his great achievement later in the day.

Bradman scored his 200 out of 268 on the board, but two minutes later he should have been caught off a skier by Tate at mid-on, but Tate was curiously slow in starting to make the catch. Kippax also had an escape when he had scored 24, but this was a very hard chance, high up to Leyland at mid-off, and England had no manner of consolation until a wicket fell in the only way one was likely to fall—a glorious catch by Chapman at backward point dismissing Kippax, who is as good a No. 4 as his captain is a No. 1. Just before this Bradman had made his record-breaking stroke, and no ground in the world, not even his own Sydney, could have offered him such sincere and prolonged congratulations as did the crowd at Leeds.

Score:—

AUSTRALIA.—First Innings

W. M. Woodfull, b. Hammond	..	50
A. Jackson, c. Larwood, b. Tate	..	1
D. G. Bradman, not out	..	309
A. F. Kippax, c. Chapman, b. Tate	..	77
S. McCabe, not out	..	12
Bye, 1; l.-b., 8	..	9
Total (3 wkts.)	..	458

V. Y. Richardson, E. L. à Beckett, C. V. Grimmett, T. Wall, W. A. Oldfield, and P. M. Hornibrook to go in.

ENGLAND.—A. P. F. Chapman, K. S. Duleepsinhji, Hobbs, Sutcliffe, Tate, Larwood, Duckworth, Hammond, Leyland, Tyldesley (R.), and Geary (G.)

FALL OF THE WICKETS

AUSTRALIA.—First Innings

1	2	3
2	194	423

Umpires.—Bestwick and Oates

GLIDING AT SCARBOROUGH

ACCIDENTS TO AIRMEN

Accidents occurred at the gliding and soaring exhibition given by the German airmen—Herr Kronfeld and Herr Magersuppe—at Scarborough yesterday.

Magersuppe, who flew first, met with an alarming mishap as the machine was launched and was forced to alight on a rough sea. He was rescued by a motor-boat. The glider was towed in, but was totally wrecked in the process. The flight was made from the exposed Castle Hill—which is 300ft. above the sea—in a very high wind, which both pilots welcomed for their purpose. As Magersuppe's glider was launched by catapult the tip of the wing caught a fence at the edge of the cliff. The pilot banked sharply and flew with the wind across the Castle grounds, but, losing height, was forced to drop over the edge of the cliff to the sea near the Marine Drive. He sat in the machine until, in a few minutes, it was almost submerged. He then clambered on to the fuselage, from which he was rescued.

Subsequently, Kronfeld crashed immediately after his machine was launched. He attained a height of only about 6ft., and, making an involuntary bank, came heavily to the ground, smashing the cockpit and receiving an injury to his mouth. Kronfeld stated that he encountered an awkward air current which prevented him from passing over the cliff, and he wheeled round in an endeavour to land.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

LONDON, July 11

The following honour degree examination results are announced:—

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

B.Sc. (Engineering) (Internal)

[The students whose names are printed in italics in square brackets have been awarded either honours or a pass after a two years' course of study as internal students and are, therefore, not yet qualified to receive the degree.]

University College.—Honours.—First Class.—Bland, F. E.; [*Claxton, E.*]; [*Hooper, J. W.*]; Judson, G. ; Khan S. Y. A.; Ray, K. Second Class.—Baker, W. J.; Hepworth, A. M.; Jones, G. T.; [*Lucas, J. H.*]; [*Newton, J. B. B.*]; Ruff, F. G.; Saben, D. R.; Watson, E.

King's College.—Honours.—First Class.—Athavale, G. R.; [*Barrett, W. R.*]; Beaufoy, L. A.; Hardy, F. J.; Hogg, A. G.; [*Story, A. L.*]. Second Class.—Becker, L. S.; [*Carmichael, D.*]; Moys, H.; Nair, K. K.; Scharenguivel, H. O. T.; Sinclair, C. E.

Imperial College—City and Guilds College.—Honours.—First Class.—Edwards, G. W.; Gartside, M. J.; Gaunen, R. L.; [*Hedley, J. A. J.*]; [*Humphries, J. H.*]; Lee, T. E.; Mitchell, C. Odd, R. S.; Redman, D. A. K.; Robinson, J.; Ryan, E. G.; [*Stafford, H. A.*]; [*Truscott, D. N.*]; [*Walshaw, A. C.*]. Second Class.—[*Adams, A. J.*]; Allnutt, A. G.; Banister, A.; [*Barter, R. H. P.*]; [*Burge, R. J.*]; Burns, G. V.; [*Clazton, E. C.*]; Davies, Bettine M.; Douglas, F. S.; [*Draddy, F. K.*]; Figgis, T. G.; Gore, S. Y.; Goyal, Y. P.; Hoare, F. J.; Jeffs, A. L.; Jones, I.; Khan, Z.; King, L. N.; Lewis, W. H.; Lloyd, W. J. K.; Mitchell, J. H.; Omar, S.; Orr, J.; Parekh, M. M.; Patel, J. C.; Seneviratne, H. E.; Simpson, C. F. J.; Skinner, J. A.; Smith, P. A. V.; Subramanian, V. C.; Taylor, R. R. H.; [*Tickhurst, G. N.*]; Wardropper, J. E.; Wheeley, L. E.

East London College.—Honours.—First Class.—Lewdine, C. Second Class.—Casale, B. P.; Gupta, S. L.; Hart, G. T.; Rosenstein, B.; Soper, P. F.

The following College awards have been made:—

University College.—Faculty of Science.—Andrews Entrance Scholarship.—Mathematics and Science.—J. Hutchings (Westminster City School). Goldsmid Entrance Scholarship.—H. J. Drinkall (Wyggeston Boys' School, Leicester). Catherine Maude Pearce Scholarship.—Elunied Leyshon. Jews' Commemoration Scholarship.—W. H. Hoather. Benington Memorial Studentship.—Elizabeth Kitson. Pure Mathematics.—Jessel Studentship.—T. E. Garstang (subject to confirmation). Mayer de Rothschild Scholarship.—Evelyn B. Tulay. Mayer de Rothschild Additional Scholarship.—Constance A. Rigby. Applied Mathematics.—Ellen Watson Memorial Scholarship.—C. G. Pendse. Chemistry.—Tuffnell Scholarship.—N. Levy.

SHEFFIELD, July 11

The resignations of Dr. August Closs, Assistant Lecturer in German, and of Dr. F. M. C. Leek, Assistant Curator of the Zoological Museum, have been received.

SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS

The following school awards are announced:—

FRAMLINGHAM COLLEGE, SUFFOLK

Foundation Scholarships of £60 per annum.—1, D. K. Fawkes (Mr. C. E. Lewis, Stoke Park, Guildford); 2, I. V. Newton (Mr. R. T. Campbell, Shirley House, Watford); 3, B. K. Hunter (Mr. C. E. Lewis, Stoke Park, Guildford).

Foundation Scholarships of £40 per annum.—1, S. A. Roberts (Mr. R. T. Campbell, Shirley House, Watford); 2, R. D. Nelson-Bird (Mr. A. G. Roper, Wallop, Weybridge); 3, R. McIntyre (Mr. J. A. Hough, Brentwood).

Queen Victoria Scholarships of £30 per annum.—1, J. Kidner (Framlingham Junior House); 2, J. P. L. Lloyd-Bostock (Mr. H. R. Fussell, Southey Hall, Great Bookham).

Mantle Scholarship of £20 per annum.—H. R. L. Moss (Mr. R. Wilkinson, Bayleigh School).

Exhibition of £30 per annum.—N. Sharp (the Rev. F. J. W. Glass, Taverham Hall, Norfolk).

A two-storeyed sports pavilion of the Forest Hill Cricket Club at Perry Hill, Catford, S.E., was burned down early yesterday.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

FLAGSHIP CHANGE

At the conclusion of the Atlantic Fleet summer leave period H.M.S. Barham is ordered to be relieved as flagship of Rear-Admi

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, JULY 11

Prince and Princess Takamatsu of Japan visited The King and Queen and remained to Luncheon.

Sir Howard Kennard (His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Stockholm) had an audience of His Majesty this morning.

Sir Lionel Earle (Permanent Secretary to His Majesty's Office of Works and Public Buildings) had the honour of being received by The King.

The Duke and Duchess of York visited Their Majesties this afternoon.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, JULY 11

The Prince of Wales gave a Dinner Party this evening.

The following is a list of His Royal Highness's guests :—The Duke and Duchess of Abercorn, the Czechoslovak Minister, the Earl and Countess of Minto, the Lord and Lady Passfield, the Lord Mayor of London and Lady Waterlow, Sir Josiah and Lady Stamp, Sir William Gowers, Colonel Sir Harold Wernher and the Lady Zia Wernher, Colonel and Mrs. Arthur Erskine, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Gwynne, and Brig.-General G. F. Trotter (Groom in Waiting to His Royal Highness). Madame Masaryk was unavoidably prevented from being present.

The Duke of York will visit Achnacarry, Spean Bridge, as the guest of Cameron of Lochiel on July 30, when he will visit the British Aluminium Company's works and open a new operating theatre in the Belford Hospital at Fort William.

Prince and Princess Takamatsu and their suite visited the Royal Academy Exhibition yesterday. At their request the Secretary also showed them the Diploma Gallery and the private apartments of the Royal Academy.

Princess Ottoboni will leave 101, Eaton-square on July 19 for Germany.

The Duc and Duchesse d'Arion and the Marquis de la Puente have arrived at the Ritz Hotel from Paris.

The Earl of Inchcape left London last night for Glenapp.

The Earl of Dundonald and Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton have arrived in England from their yachting cruise to South America.

The Countess of Bandon left 23, Princes-gardens on Wednesday for Laxton Park House, Stamford, where she will spend the summer.

Countess Lützow has left 23, Knightsbridge for the Hotel Rubens, Buckingham Palace-road, where she will remain until July 17, when she will leave for Czechoslovakia.

Viscountess Harcourt left 1, Belgrave-place on Thursday for Nuneham Park, Oxford.

Lady Alice Reyntiens is in residence at Dyneley, Burnley, for the summer.

Lady Mary Savile expects to return to 8, Upper Belgrave-street on Monday from Paris.

Lady Evelyn Malcolm, Mrs. J. Buchan, and Lady Clementine Waring are giving an evening party at Gloucester House, Regent's Park, on July 24, at 10 o'clock, when a play, *Lucrezia Borgia*, will be acted, followed by a small dance.

Lord Glentanar has returned to 10, Upper Grosvenor-street from the country.

Lady Delamere left London yesterday for Marseilles, where she will embark in the Malda on her return to Kenya Colony.

The Hon. Charlotte Stourton has arrived at Carter's Hotel, Albemarle-street, W.1.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Frederick Lister have sold Chiltley Place, Liphook. Their address until the end of the year will be Ladysmith House, Longmoor, Liss, Hants (telephone, Blackmoor 22).

Mrs. Edward R. Stettinius has arrived at Claridge's from the United States.

Mr. Lancelot Hugh Smith, who has been very dangerously ill with pneumonia at Newtimber Place, Hassocks, is now making steady progress towards recovery.

The King has approved the appointment of Lord Elphinstone, K.T., to be Vice-Lieutenant of the County of Mid Lothian.

Princess Marie Louise will preside at the biannual dinner and reception which the Overseas Section of the Forum Club will hold on Tuesday, July 15. The guests of honour will be Sir Crawford and Lady Maxwell, Northern Rhodesia ; Sir Herbert and Lady Stanley, Ceylon ; Sir John Maxwell, Ashanti ; Sir Ransford and Lady Slater, Gold Coast ; Lady Read, Mauritius ; Mr. Richmond Palmer, Gambia ; and Mr. Eugene Millington Drake.

Lady Houston has given a donation of £20,000 to St. Saviour's Hospital for Ladies of Limited Means, Osnaburgh-street, N.W.1. Lady Houston has for many years taken a kindly interest in the hospital, and this donation is given on the condition that an endowment fund be formed, to be known as "Lady Houston's Gift." This will secure the future well-being of the hospital.

The Mayor and Mayoress of Lambeth will attend the exhibition of Royal Snapshots, in aid of the General Lying-in Hospital Extension Fund, at the Carlton Hall, Blue Triangle Club, Tunstall-road, S.W.9, every morning next week at 11.30 a.m. The Marchioness of Carisbrooke will perform the opening ceremony on Monday, July 14, when Mr. Nigel C. Colman, M.P., will speak briefly on the work of the hospital.

ETON DINNERS

BYRNE'S

The sixth annual dinner of the Byrne's dinner club was held on Thursday night at the Criterion Restaurant. Those present included :—

G. H. Barrington Chance, the Hon. W. R. S. Bathurst, J. H. Rope, R. A. C. Harding, N. S. Fryor, G. B. Wardell-Yerburgh, R. C. S. Hodgson, D. Edwardes, R. H. Swann, H. Hurley, P. Lee Stobart, L. R. Byrne, Major T. H. Gladstone, T. Harley, C. E. Healey, W. M. Berry, R. T. Hawes, G. de Worms, G. A. Peyton, L. P. R. Napier, G. S. Indedon Webber, A. K. McKee, A. H. Jeffreys, Captain M. E. Burrows, W. Gwynne, P. W. Scarlett, E. C. Burrows, G. Wright, J. D. Kennedy, W. D. Coleridge, R. L'E. Bryer, P. R. Berrett, W. Riley-Smith, the Hon. R. H. Bathurst, J. E. E. Yorke, A. A. Miller, and T. R. Wilbraham.

GOODHART'S

A. M. Goodhart's Old Boy Dinner took place at Claridge's on Thursday night. The following were present :—

J. H. Keeling, W. A. H. King, Major the Hon. E. H. Wyndham, P. P. Whitbread, V. L. Dominguez, H. G. Wilson, the Hon. D. G. Fortescue, H. Nettlefold, Lord Brownlow, the Hon. R. C. Cubitt, I. N. Symonds, K. A. Lawson, G. H. W. Baird, J. A. Young, J. C. Dance, E. G. Dance, Captain J. C. Craigie, and Mr. Michael Herbert.

The committee desire it to be known that the next dinner will take place on the Thursday before Lord's, 1931.

NEW PERUVIAN MINISTER

Don Manuel de Freyre y Santander, Peruvian Minister in Great Britain, has relinquished his post to proceed to Washington, where he has been appointed Ambassador.

The newly designated Peruvian Minister, Don Alejandro N. Puente, has arrived in London accompanied by Mme. Puente, and will take charge of the Legation.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

THE MARQUESS OF GRAHAM AND MISS I. V. SELLAR

An engagement is announced between the Marquess of Graham and Miss Isobel Veronica Sellar, younger daughter of the late Lieutenant-Colonel T. B. Sellar, C.M.G., D.S.O., and Mrs. Sellar, 9, Hyde Park-mansions.

MR. J. DRURY-LOWE AND MISS R. HOPE VERE

A marriage has been arranged between Mr. John Drury-Lowe, Scots Guards, only son of Captain and Mrs. Drury-Lowe, of Locko Park, Derby, and Rosemary, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Hope Vere, of Blackwood, Lanarkshire, and Westcliff, North Berwick.

DR. E. R. CULLINAN AND MISS HORDER

A quiet marriage will take place shortly between Edward R. Cullinan, M.D., M.R.C.P., only son of the late Dr. E. Cullinan and of Mrs. Austin, Alma, Smitham Downs-road, Purley, and Joy, elder daughter of Sir Thomas and Lady Horder, 141, Harley-street, W.1.

MR. C. R. DE M. FISHER AND MISS BURGOYNE

The marriage between Mr. Charles Fisher and Miss Irene Joyce Burgoyne will take place at 10.30 on Thursday, July 24, at Holy Trinity Church, Brompton. Owing to a recent bereavement there will be no reception, but all friends will be welcome at the church.

LIEUTENANT S. H. NORRIS, R.N., AND MISS N. ANDERSON

The marriage arranged between Lieutenant Stephen H. Norris, R.N., and Miss Nancy Anderson, will take place at Romsey Abbey on Tuesday, July 29.

MR. H. C. N. ROLFE, R.N., AND MISS FOX

The engagement is announced between Sub-Lieutenant H. C. N. Rolfe, R.N., elder son of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Rolfe, of 14, Boul. Carnot le Vesinet, France, and Mary Monica, daughter of the Rev. W. R. Fox and Mrs. Fox.

LIEUTENANT J. I. MILLER, R.N.R., AND MISS M. MCL. PITCAITHLY

The engagement is announced between Lieutenant John Isdale Miller, R.N.R., H.M.S. Frobisher, second son of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Miller, of Calcutta, and Margaret McLaren, third daughter of Mr. George Pitcaithly, J.P., and the late Mrs. Pitcaithly, of West Dron, Bridge of Earn.

MR. S. R. OSMOND AND MISS B. J. ADNAMS

The marriage arranged between S. Roger Osmond, Royal Artillery, and Miss B. Joan Adnams, will take place at 2.30 p.m. on July 17, at St. Lawrence's, Hungerford.

MR. W. R. BAIRD AND MISS GRAY

The engagement is announced between William Roy Baird, Royal Air Force, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Baird, 47, Howth-road, Dublin, and Minerva Cumming, elder daughter of David Gray, J.P., and Mrs. Gray, Puxton, Inverness.

MR. L. OLIVIER AND MISS ESMOND

A marriage has been arranged between Laurence Olivier, youngest son of the Rev. G. K. Olivier, of Addington Rectory, Winslow, and Jill, daughter of Mrs. H. V. Esmond (Eva Moore) and of the late Henry V. Esmond, and will take place at All Saints' Church, Margaret-street, W.1, at 2.15, on Friday, July 25. The reception will be held at 21, Whitehead's-grove, Chelsea, S.W.3.

MR. E. G. D. FAWCETT AND MRS. EWBANK

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place quietly, between Mr. Edward George Duncan Fawcett, of 98, Piccadilly, and Mrs. Ewbank, of Clareville-grove, South Kensington.

MR. J. R. MCNEIL AND MISS COOMBE

The engagement is announced of Mr. James Reddie, only son of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. McNeil, of Challock, Kent, and Clara Margaret Allen, eldest daughter of Mr. R. G. Coombe, of Poonagalla Group, Bandarawela, Ceylon.

MR. T. E. J. N. POWELL AND MISS M. WATKINS

The engagement is announced between Mr. T. E. J. N. Powell, only son of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Powell, of Penbryn, Llandilo, Carmarthenshire, and Marjorie, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Vaughan Watkins, of Ty-Cerrig, Llandovery.

MR. W. JONES AND MISS M. C. ANDREAE

The marriage arranged between Willie Jones, of Fitzroy Farm Cottage, Highgate, and Minnie Charlotte, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. R. Andreae, of Oxford, and 18, St. John's Wood-court, N.W.8, will take place quietly at Rosslyn Hill Chapel, Hampstead, at 10 a.m. on July 20. They are taking the name of Andreae-Jones.

MR. C. BANHAM AND MISS B. CAUTHERLEY

The marriage between Mr. Cecil Banham, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. J. Banham, and Miss Betty Cautherley, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. Cautherley, will take place at Royston Parish Church, on August 30, at 2.30 p.m.

MARRIAGE

SQUADRON-LEADER D. IRON AND MRS. SANKEY

The marriage arranged between Squadron-Leader Douglas Iron and Phyllis Violet Sankey took place on July 7, and the reception was held afterwards at The Berkeley.

CHRISTENING

The christening took place at St. Margaret's, Westminster, on Monday of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Kindersley. Archdeacon Parnell officiated, and the child was named Gay. The godparents were Mr. Dick Sutton, Mr. Toney Acton, Miss Betty Williams, and Miss Valerie French.

RECEPTION

THE POLISH EMBASSY

Last evening the Polish Ambassador held a reception at 47, Portland-place. During the evening M. Jan Kiepura, the Polish tenor, sang a selection of songs and M. Le Roy played the flute.

Among those who accepted invitations to be present were :—

The Spanish Ambassador and Marquésa de Merry del Val, the German Ambassador and Frau Sthamer, the French Ambassador and Mlle. de Fleuriau, the Brazilian Ambassador, Mme. and Mlle. Régis de Oliveira, the Turkish Ambassador, the Italian Ambassador, the Belgian Ambassador and Baroness de Cartier de Marchienne, the Argentine Ambassador and Mme. Uriburu, the Chilean Ambassador and Mme. Villegas, the Netherland Minister, Mme. and Mlle. de Marees van Swinderen, the Swiss Minister, Mme. and Mlle. Lyvia Paravicini, the Austrian Minister, the Swedish Minister, the Czechoslovak Minister, the Bolivian Minister and Mme. de Aramayo.

The Duchess of Norfolk, Prince von Bismarck, the Marchioness of Bute, the Marquess and Marchioness of Londonderry, the Marquess and Marchioness of Salisbury, the Marquess and Marchioness of Sligo, the Marquess and Marchioness of Huntly, Marchioness Curzon of Kedleston, Marquess and Marquess de Malcrida, Marquis A. de Pallavicini, Earl and Countess Bathurst, Admiral of the Fleet Earl Beatty and Countess Beatty, Earl and Countess Beauchamp, General the Earl of Cavan and the Countess of Cavan, the Earl of Cromer, the Earl and Countess of Ellesmere, Admiral of the Fleet Earl Jellicoe and Countess Jellicoe, the Earl and Countess of Mar and Kellie, the Earl and Countess of Huntingdon, Priscilla Countess Annesley, Countess de la Feld, Cora Countess of Strafford, Viscount and Viscountess Churchill, Viscount and Viscountess D'Abernon, Viscount and Viscountess de Vesci, Viscount and Viscountess Elibank, Viscount and Viscountess Brentford, Lord Faringdon, Lord and Lady Kylsant, Lord Stanmore, Lord and Lady Howard de Walden, Lord and Lady Glentanar, Baroness Ravensdale, Evelyn Lady Allington, Elizabeth Lady Cheylesmore, the Dowager Lady FitzGerald, Lady (Edward) Sassoon, the Hon. Sir Derek and Lady Keppel.

Sir Harry and Lady Joan Verney, Sir Samuel and Lady Maud Hoare, Sir Austen and Lady Chamberlain, Miss Chamberlain, Sir Montague Barlow, Admiral of the Fleet Sir Charles Madden and Lady Madden, Major-General Sir Cecil and Lady Lowther, Sir William and Lady Max-Muller, Sir Cecil and Lady Harcourt Smith, Sir Walter and Lady Peacock, Sir Godfrey and Lady Thomas, Sir Robert Vansittart, Sir William Llewellyn, Lady Lowther, Lady Mister-Kaye, Major and Lady Clementine Waring, the Hon. Thomas and Lady Bertha Egerton, Major the Hon. Edward and Mrs. Stonor, the Hon. Mrs. Ronald Greville, the Hon. Mrs. Robert Ryder, Dame Alice Godman, Count Joseph Przezdiecki, Baron and Baroness D'Erlanger, Baron and Baroness Bruno Schröder, Baroness Stöckl, Mr. and Mrs. Ray Atherton, H.E. Constantinesco, Captain Count and Countess Sforza di Mombello, M. J. Dumaine, M. J. de Blesson, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Baldwin, Miss Betty Baldwin, Colonel and Mrs. Wilfrid Ashley, Captain V. Cazalet, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Courtauld, Mrs. E. Cunard, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Strutt, Mrs. Alec-Tweedie, Mrs. William Payne Thomson, Mr. and Mrs. Weisweiller, Miss Weisweiller, Mrs. and Miss Converse, Mrs. Arthur James, Mrs. Jasper Copeland, Captain Malcolm Bullock, Mr. Vernon Bartlett, Mr. A. Bradley Campbell, M. A. Radwan, Dr. Becker, Dr. Pressburger, Signor Gallone, Dr. Midler, Maestro Sabino, Dr. Litauer, Mr. Jan Petworowski, M. Tadeusz Petworowski, Mr. W. Korydarski, M. S. Daszynski, Dr. Nowak, Miss M. Tweedy, M. and Mme. Hulsnicki, M. and Mme. Iwanski, M. V. Czarnomski, Count Joseph Potocki, M. Zaguilinski, M. and Mme. Potkiewski-Kozlell, and M. Skokowski.

PRINCESS MARY AT GIRL GUIDES' CAMP

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, president of the Girl Guides' Association, yesterday visited the Girl Guides' World Conference at Foxlease Park, Lyndhurst, Hampshire. She was met at the Brockenhurst Railway Station by the Chief Guide, Lady Baden-Powell, and driven to Foxlease. Three hours were spent in the beautiful grounds inspecting the camp, where 24 different nationalities are under canvas. After tea she returned to London.

FUNERAL AND MEMORIAL SERVICES

SIR A. CONAN DOYLE

The funeral of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle took place at his home, Windlesham, Crowborough, yesterday afternoon. The service at the graveside in his garden was conducted by the Rev. Brayton Thomas, who was assisted by the Rev. C. C. Angell (brother-in-law). The chief mourners were Lady Conan Doyle (widow), Mr. Adrian Conan Doyle (son), Miss Mary Doyle and Miss Jean Doyle (daughters), Mrs. Foley, Mrs. Oldham, Miss Oldham, Mr. John Doyle, and Mr. Francis Doyle. Mr. Denis Doyle (son) was unable to be present owing to indisposition. Among others present were :—

Sir Gilbert Parker (representing the Authors' Club), Sir Frank Newnes, Mr. Lacon Watson, Mr. Algernon Rose (secretary, Authors' Club), Sir Robert Gower, M.P., Mr. and Mrs. Brittaine, Mr. and Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Ashton Jonson, Mrs. Robertson Roger, Dr. Lamond, Miss M. Phillimore (representing London Spiritualist Alliance), Captain Desmond Tuck, Colonel Belk, Mr. John Glynn, Mrs. Foster, Dr. Valentine Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Plunkett-Checkermain, Mrs. Wesley Adams, Mr. W. C. F. Anderson, Mrs. Kalway (representing B.S.I.U.), Mr. J. B. Campling (of the Bromley Psychic Circle), Mrs. St. Clair Stobart (Spiritualist Community), Mr. Hannen Swaffer, Viscount and Viscountess Molesworth, and the Rev. G. Vale Owen.

A Union Jack was flown at half-mast at the Beacon Golf Clubhouse, of which club Sir Arthur was a former captain.

LADY SAMUELSON

The funeral of Lady Samuelson took place at Over Compton Church, near Sherborne, yesterday. The Rev. E. F. W. Eliot (chaplain of Beaulieu, France) officiated, assisted by the Rev. Alan Williams and the Rev. C. Castley. The chief mourners were Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. H. and Mrs. Goodden, Mr. E. N. Goodden, Mr. F. A. E. Samuelson, Mr. Francis Samuelson, Miss A. C. Goodden, Mrs. A. A. Goodden, Miss Nora Goodden, Mrs. Basil Hankey, Mrs. H. P. Tate, Captain and Mrs. R. T. Thornton, Mr. W. S. Goodden (representing Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Goodden), and Mr. Peter Samuelson. Others present included :—

Lady Kathleen Eliot, Mr. R. H. Parratt, Dr. de Lavis-Trafford, Gertrude Lady Decies, Major-General Leir-Carleton, and Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Thompson.

SIR D. BURNETT

A memorial service for Alderman Sir David Burnett was held at St. Mary Abchurch, Abchurch-lane, yesterday. The Bishop of Croydon officiated, assisted by the Rev. H. A. Raynes (rector of St. Mary Woolnoth). The Lord Mayor of London and the Sheriffs attended. Among others present were :—

Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. L. T. Burnett, Miss Gertrude Burnett, Miss Dorothy Burnett, Lord Wakefield, Lord Marshall, Lord Bethell, Mr. A. W. Hersee (representing Lord Ebbisham), Sir George Truscott, Sir Vansittart Bowater, Sir Charles Batho, Sir Alfred Bower, Sir Kynaston Cudlipp, Colonel Sir Stuart Sankey, Sir George Broadbridge, Sir Hugh Turnbull (Commissioner of City Police), Sir Adrian Pollock (City Chamberlain), Mr. T. Harvey Hull (representing the Town Clerk, Sir James Bell), Sir Ernest Lamb, Sir Henry Davenport, Sir Henry Dixon Kimber, Sir Francis Aglar, Sir William Soulsby, Mr. Maurice Jenks, Mr. C. H. Collett, Mr. P. W. Greenaway, Mr. I. N. Jacoby, Mr. S. J. Sandle, Mr. Under-Sheriff T. Howard Deighton, Mr. I. H. W. Abrahams, Mr. C. S. Gliddins, Major G. H. M. Vine, Mr. C. D. King-Farlow, Mr. J. F. Greenwood, Mr. J. E. Wright Robinson (Clerk to the Crystal Palace Trustees), Canon Russell, Mr. Arthur Cummings, Mr. Rupert Smythe, Mr. W. J. Johnson (manager, Messrs. Burnett and Burnett and Son), Captain E. E. Gallagher, Mr. W. Lindley Jones, Colonel Evelyn Wood, Mr. W. W. Burton, Captain Guy Rixon, Major S. C. Coates, Mr. A. Pickford (City Solicitor), Mr. J. B. Aspinall (City Remembrancer), Mr. R. T. D. Stoneham, Mr. B. Baddeley, Mr. E. H. Rollinson, Mr. J. P. Dickson, Mr. Lindhurst Forge, Mr. R. S. Brock, Mr. L. S. Brock, Mr. R. G. Longcroft, Mr. S. Hotson, Mr. J. E. Limmer, Mr. G. J. C. Welch, Mr. B. Delahere, Mr. E. J. White, Mr. C. R. Algar, Mr. J. H. Fawcett, Mr. E. Clarke, Mr. Sidney Fox, Mr. M. Summers, Mr. W. P. Ginner, Mr. E. J. Clark, and Mr. F. W. Riley.

MR. S. R. COOKE

A memorial service for Mr. Sidney Russell Cooke was held on Thursday at the City Church of St. Helen, Bishopsgate. The rector, the Rev. S. T. H. Saunders, officiated. Among those present were :—

Sir John Dashwood, Mr. F. I. Pitman, Mr. Hugo Pitman, Mr. Joshua and Miss Joshua, Mr. S. D. Cooper, Mr. Andrew Vanneck, Mr. O. R. Hobson, Mr. Graham Watson, Mr. Laurence Jones, Mr. Guy B. Portman, Mr. A. R. Wagg, Mr. Hackford Jones, Mr. S. H. Davenport, Mr. Debenham Raddiffe, Mr. and Mrs. Wansbrough, Mr. G. L. d'Abo, Mr. H. W. Priestley, the Hon. Francis Curzon, Mr. C. Seracold, Mr. H. W. B. Helmett, Mr. Henry T. Tiarks, Mr. C. G. Hoare, Mr. Paul Evans, and many members of the staff of Messrs. Rowe and Pitman, stockbrokers, of 43, Bishopsgate, E.C.

DINNERS

SIR H. NORMAN

Sir Henry Norman entertained Mr. George Bernard Shaw at dinner on Thursday evening at The Corner House, Cowley-street. The other guests were :—

Lord Dawson of Penn, Sir John Simon, the Hon. Harold Nicolson, Sir Edwin Lutyens, Mr. A. A. Milne, and Mr. Alfred Sutro.

LADY KEKEWICH

Lady Kekewich gave a dinner party at Claridge's last night in honour of Sir Trehawke Kekewich's birthday. The guests included :—

The Earl of Listowel, Viscount and Viscountess Sidmouth, Baron and Baroness Quarles van Ufford, Mr. and Lady Ada Boyd, the Hon. Samuel and Mrs. Best, the Hon. Mrs. Peters, Lady FitzGeorge, Sir Henry Imbert-Terry, Mrs. Gamble, Captain Jocelyn Lucas, Mr. and Mrs. Robin Balfour, and Dr. Clifford Chance.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN ASSOCIATION

The Anglo-Egyptian Association of British Past and Present Government Officials entertained Lord and Lady Lloyd at the annual dinner of the association held on Thursday at the Edward VII. Rooms, Northumberland-avenue. Colonel Sir Henry G. Lyons took the chair in the absence of Field-Marshal Viscount Allenby, president of the association. About 90 members of the association, and friends, were present at the dinner.

SERVICE DINNERS

THE STAFFORDSHIRE YEOMANRY

The dinner of The Staffordshire Yeomanry was held at the May Fair Hotel on Thursday night. Among those present were :—

Sir Charles Wolseley, Sir Percival Heywood, Messrs. B. Hardy, H. Robb, Sir Charles Wigan, Messrs. R. A. Jardiff, R. Vaughan-Williams, G. H. Anson, J. G. B. Borough, R. S. Manley, A. V. Negus, W. R. Wolseley, D. C. S. Fisher, J. A. Eadie, A. R. Worthington, L. H. Davis, H. B. Hardy, Captain E. N. L. Venn, and Captain G. Cox-Cox (16th Lancers).

74TH (YEOMANRY) DIVISION

Major-General E. S. Girdwood presided at the twelfth annual dinner of the 74th (Yeomanry) Division, which was held at the Piccadilly Hotel on Wednesday night. Lord Victor Paget was a guest, and other officers present included :—

Brigadier-Generals L. J. Hext, R. Hoare; Brigadiers C. E. Heathcote, A. C. Temperley; Colonels T. C. Dunlop, H. I. Powell Edwards, W. T. R. Houldsworth; Lieutenant-Colonels F. S. Brian, Arthur French, H. S. M. Clegg, R. B. Cousens, Sir John Gilmour, T. de la G. Grissell, F. W. Jarvis, J. C. Kennedy, Lord Kensington, A. C. Mardon, Arthur F. Morse, G. S. Poole, C. C. Robertson.

Majors M. E. Barclay, E. Pratt Barlow, H. T. B. Barnard, F. E. Shirley-Beavan, C. T. Beckett, H. A. Birkbeck, R. S. Clarke, C. A. L. Day, C. I. A. Dubs, F. B. Hardy, C. B. Hayward-Jones, P. Heywood Lonsdale, E. E. Ponsonby, W. N. Stable, R. Y. Weir; Captains G. P. Barker, George Fenwick-Owen, C. G. S. Barnes, E. C. Ruggles-Brise, D. S. Campbell, R. K. Campbell, A. F. Freeman-Thomas, J. Knightley, F. W. Lascelles, K. Leavell, J. C. A. Roseveare, A. Rosling; Messrs. Raymond J. S. Crisp, R. M. Dale, William Dalziel, J. H. Houghton, J. A. S. Foulkes Jones, D. Mathieson, J. W. Nicholls, and G. C. Rogers.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT AND 19TH HYDERABAD REGIMENT

Lieutenant-Colonel F. Johnstone presided at the dinner of the Hyderabad Contingent and 19th Hyderabad Regiment, which was held at the Trocadero Restaurant last night. Other officers present were :—

Lieutenant-Colonel G. Bidie, Captain H. Bullock, Major-General H. A. V. Cummins, Colonel C. F. Dobbs, Colonel A. I. R. Glasfurd, Major-General T. H. Hardy, Lieutenant-Colonel J. P. Mitford, Brigadier-General C. E. Macnaghten, Colonel S. H. E. Nicholas, Lieutenant-Colonel E. G. W. Pratt, Colonel W. E. Pye, Colonel E. H. Payne, Captain C. A. Richardson, Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. W. Stotherd, Captain F. E. Thomas, Lieutenant J. G. Trotter, and Brigadier-General W. W. Warner.

DANCE

MRS. ALAN PILKINGTON

Mrs. Alan Pilkington gave a small dance for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Pilkington, at 56, Sloane-street last night. Jack Harris's Embassy band played, and the floral decorations were roses, lilies, and delphiniums. Among those who accepted invitations to be present, some of whom brought parties, were :—

Major and Mrs. Burns, Miss Mollie and Miss Meg Burns, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Chandos-Pole-Gell, Miss Pearce Chandos-Pole-Gell, Mrs. Turnbull, Miss Greta Turnbull, Mrs. Nigel Campbell, Miss Margaret Campbell, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Villiers-Stuart, Miss Patricia Villiers-Stuart, Mrs. Hudson, Miss Sheila Hudson, Mrs. Bower, Lady Del Isnay, Lady Lilian Grenfell, Miss Iris and Miss Daphne Grenfell, Mrs. Percy Lowe, Miss Doreen Parker, Mrs. C. Pilkington, Miss Joyce Pilkington, Lady Kensington, Lady Symonds, Miss Pamela Cuninghame, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Brocklebank, Mrs. Peliden, Miss Priscilla Peliden, Lady Birchall, Miss Mary Birchall, the Hon. Lady Quilter, Miss Zoe Quilter, Lady Isabel Blunt-Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. Geoffrey Turner, the Hon. Nina Grenfell, Lady Mary Lindsay, Miss Anne Chichester, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Lloyd, Lady Rosemary Asar, Miss Ulrica Thynne, Miss Angela Du Boulay, Miss Betty Moss, the Hon. Mrs. Sanders, Miss Rosemary Sandars, the Hon. Pamela Sanders, Miss McRae.

Lady Viola Dundas, Miss Nancy Hood, Miss Angela Mann, Miss Diana Hoare, Miss Pamela Colledge, Miss Mary Sinclair, Miss Eileen Stanton, Miss Bridget Crohan, Miss Verona Lockett, Lady Elizabeth Yorke, Miss Daphne Day, Miss Ursula Kearsley, Miss Catherine Forester, Miss Judy Dawson, Miss Liebe Seymour, Miss Sybil Pitman, Miss Pauline Buckingham, Miss Grisel Landale, Miss Violet de Worms, the Hon. Blanche Arundell, Miss Sheila Pelmege, Miss Dorothy Lane-Fox, Mr. James Simpson, Mr. Jock Gibb, Viscount FitzHarris, Mr. Desmond O'Neill, Mr. Douglas and Mr. Harold Phelps, Mr. Charles Thomas, the Hon. Charles Dutton, Mr. Robert Hoare, the Earl of Rosslyn, Mr. John Chandos-Pole-Gell, Mr. Tommie Burns, Mr. Kenneth Wazz, Mr. Robert Clive, the Hon. Henry Douglas-Home, Mr. George Jenyns, Mr. Nigel Martin, Mr. Tony Harford, Mr. Terence Weldon, Mr. David Elkington, Mr. R. des Voeux, Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, Mr. John Marriner, Mr. Ralph Younger, the Hon. John Cole, and Mr. John Phipps.

ETON AND HARROW

SOME OF THE DRESSES

The Eton and Harrow match began at Lord's yesterday in perfect weather. Later in the day the sky became overcast, and at tea-time a few drops of rain fell, but this was not serious enough to prevent a record number of people assembling to see the match.

Although there was a cool breeze blowing, women arrived wearing the most flimsy and summery of dresses. These were mainly worn without coats, but some had three-quarter or half-length coatees of the same material as the dress. As at most open-air functions this season, flowered chiffon in many bright shades was the material most worn, although many débutantes chose organdie muslin made in early Victorian style. The long, flowing dresses, the very large hats, and the multi-coloured parasols made an attractive sight against the background of flower-bedecked luncheon and tea tents.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Abergavenny were among the earliest arrivals, Lady Abergavenny wearing a black chiffon dress patterned with blue and green, with a sable stole across her shoulders and a black bangkok hat. She carried a black silk marocain coat. Field-Marshal Viscount Plumer and Viscountess Plumer were entertaining friends in their box. Lady Plumer wore a midnight-blue chiffon dress embossed with black and white, with a black baku straw hat trimmed with a large osprey, and she carried a blue parasol; and Princess Imeretinsky was seen in a black romaine frock, with a black swathed toque and a buttonhole of mauve orchids. Mrs. Stanley Baldwin was another early arrival. She wore a grey georgette dress, with a three-quarter length coat of the same material and a crinoline straw, feather-trimmed hat to match, and she had luncheon in General the Earl of Lucan and the Countess of Lucan's private box.

Major and Lady Margaret MacRae were on their coach with a party of friends, Lady Margaret MacRae wearing a pink and blue small-figured chiffon dress with a deep pink straw hat, and their daughter, Miss MacRae, was in a pale blue georgette and lace frock with a short coatee and a large straw hat to match. Colonel Sir Percival and Lady Marling were also entertaining friends on their coach, Lady Marling wearing a black and grey figured chiffon dress with a black baku straw hat trimmed with a large bow of petersham ribbon, and Lady (Edward) Beauchamp was seen in a deep cornflower-blue georgette dress under a satin coat to match and a crinoline straw hat of the same shade. Viscount and Viscountess Bearsted were together, the latter in a flowered chiffon dress, and Lord and Lady Cornwallis were on their coach, Lady Cornwallis wearing a lily-leaf green lace dress with a large crinoline straw hat to match. Lady Blyth was seen in a claret-coloured tucked romaine dress with a hat to tone, Viscountess Adare was in a plum-coloured crêpe de Chine dress with a straw hat of the same shade, the Countess of Rosebery wore a black and white printed chiffon dress with a large black straw hat, and Brigadier-General Claude Rome was on his coach with the Hon. Mrs. Rome, who was wearing a duck-egg blue chiffon dress with a straw hat to tone edged with crinoline straw. The Hon. Mrs. Gerald Gold was in brown, Mrs. Fearnley-Whittingstall wore a powder-blue crêpe de Chine frock with a short coat of the same material and a coarse straw hat to tone, and Miss Ulrica Thynne had a large crinoline lace straw hat of pale reseda-green to tone with her yellow and green flowered chiffon frock.

Mr. John Robarts entertained a large party for luncheon, and among his guests were the Earl of Leicester, Lord and Lady Ashcombe, the Hon. Roland and Mrs. Cubitt, Sir Hugh Cholmeley, Captain and Mrs. Gerald Robarts, Mr. and Mrs. R. Combe, Mr. T. Combe, and Mrs. Alexander and Miss Alexander ; and among Sir Edward and Lady Goschen's guests were Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Lloyd, the Hon. Nina Grenfell, and Mr. Paul Willert. Others who gave luncheon parties included the Marquess of Lansdowne, Lord Biddulph, the Marquess of Salisbury, Mr. E. G. Raphael, Brigadier-General Sir Norman Orr-Ewing, the Hon. Sir William Goschen, Lord Wraxall, the Hon. Arthur Joicey, Marquess Camden, Lord Templemore, Lord Chesham, and the Duke of Devonshire.

Among others present during the day were :—

The Duke of Buccleuch, the Earl of Ellesmere, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Sir Stanley Jackson, Earl Grey, Brigadier-General Lord Esmé Gordon-Lennox, Sir Arthur Hazlerigg, Lord Belper, the Earl of Shaftesbury, Sir John Mullens, Sir William Bass, the Marquess of Zetland, Earl Cadogan, Mrs. Guedalla, Sir Walter Gilbey, the Hon. Francis Curzon, Marchioness Curzon of Kedleston, Lieutenant-Colonel de Satgé, Mrs. Ernest Raphael, the Earl of Portarlington, Sir Algernon Osborn, the Hon. Claud Lambton, Colonel A. G. Lucas, Sir John Noble, and Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. Lucas.

ETON AND HARROW BALL

The annual Eton and Harrow ball was held last night at the Hurlingham Club. Among those present, some of whom brought parties, were :—

Lord Luke, Lady Ramsden, Sir Harold and Lady Snagge, the Hon. Thomas Money-Coutts, Lady Adeane, Major the Hon. J. J. and Lady Violet Astor, Sir Gerard Fuller, Lady Throckmorton, Sir Richard Pease, Sir Malcolm Hogg, Sir Thomas Gooch, Major-General Sir Ivor Philipps, Lord Barnby, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Charles Lowther, Sir Thomas Inskip, Lieutenant-General Sir Webb Gillman, Lady Beatrice Pretyman, Sir Peter Farquhar, Sir Algernon Osborn, Brigadier-General Sir Charles Gunning, Lady Porterfield, Lord Dormer, Brigadier-General D'Arcy King, Sir Walter Morley Fletcher, and Lady Swanzea.

THE ETON BALL

The Eton ball was held at Grosvenor House last night. The Embassy band played. Among many other Etonians who took tickets and brought parties were :—

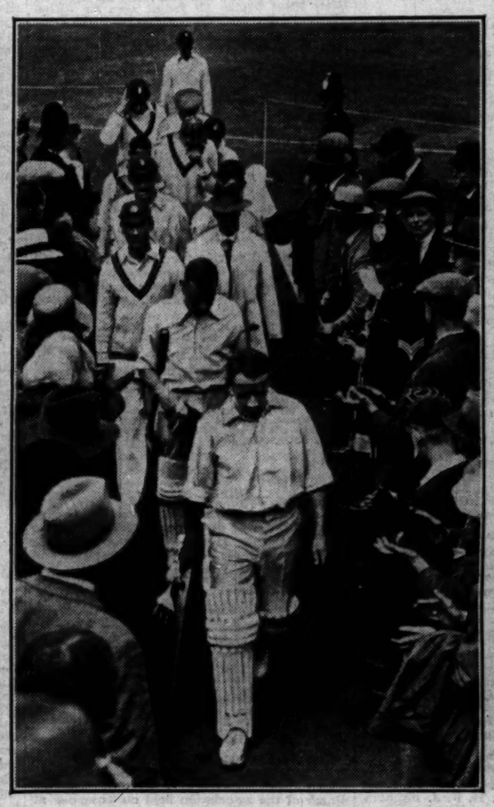
Mr. David Hedley, Mr. Hughes Onslow, Lord Waleran, Captain Arkwright, Sir Theodore Brinckman, Mr. Erold Cardiff, Mr. David Fremantle, Mr. C. H. A. Barnes, Mr. John Pitman, Mr. Peter Yorke-Scarlett, Captain Wilfrid Lewis, Mr. Lionel Ridout, Major Prideaux, Mr. G. W. Preston, Mr. C. E. Mott-Radclyffe, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. Aubrey Moody, Mr. Roger Hodgson, Mr. Claude Hamilton-Turner, Mr. Peter Acland, Mr. G. H. S. Balmain, Mr. Livingstone-Learmonth, Mr. Barclay-Harvey, Mr. B. W. Chaly, Mr. Harold Fresse-Pennefather, Mr. H. J. F. White, Mr. S. R. E. Snow, and Mr. D.

BRADMAN'S NEW TEST MATCH RECORDS

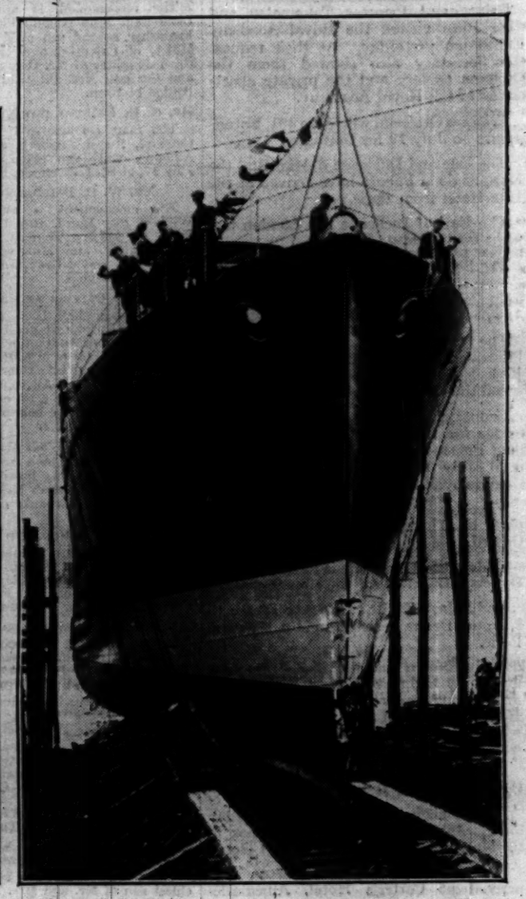
ETON V. HARROW

AUSTRALIA'S BIG SCORE.—More Test Match records were made at the Headingley ground, Leeds, yesterday, when the third Test Match between England and Australia was begun. Bradman was again the hero of the day, and his score of 309 not out is the largest ever made in any Test Match. The game opened sensationally, Jackson being caught by Larwood when only two runs had been scored. The second wicket, however, did not fall until 194 was reached, when Woodfull was bowled by Hammond for a patient 50. At the close of play Australia had scored 458 for three. Our photograph shows the game in progress.

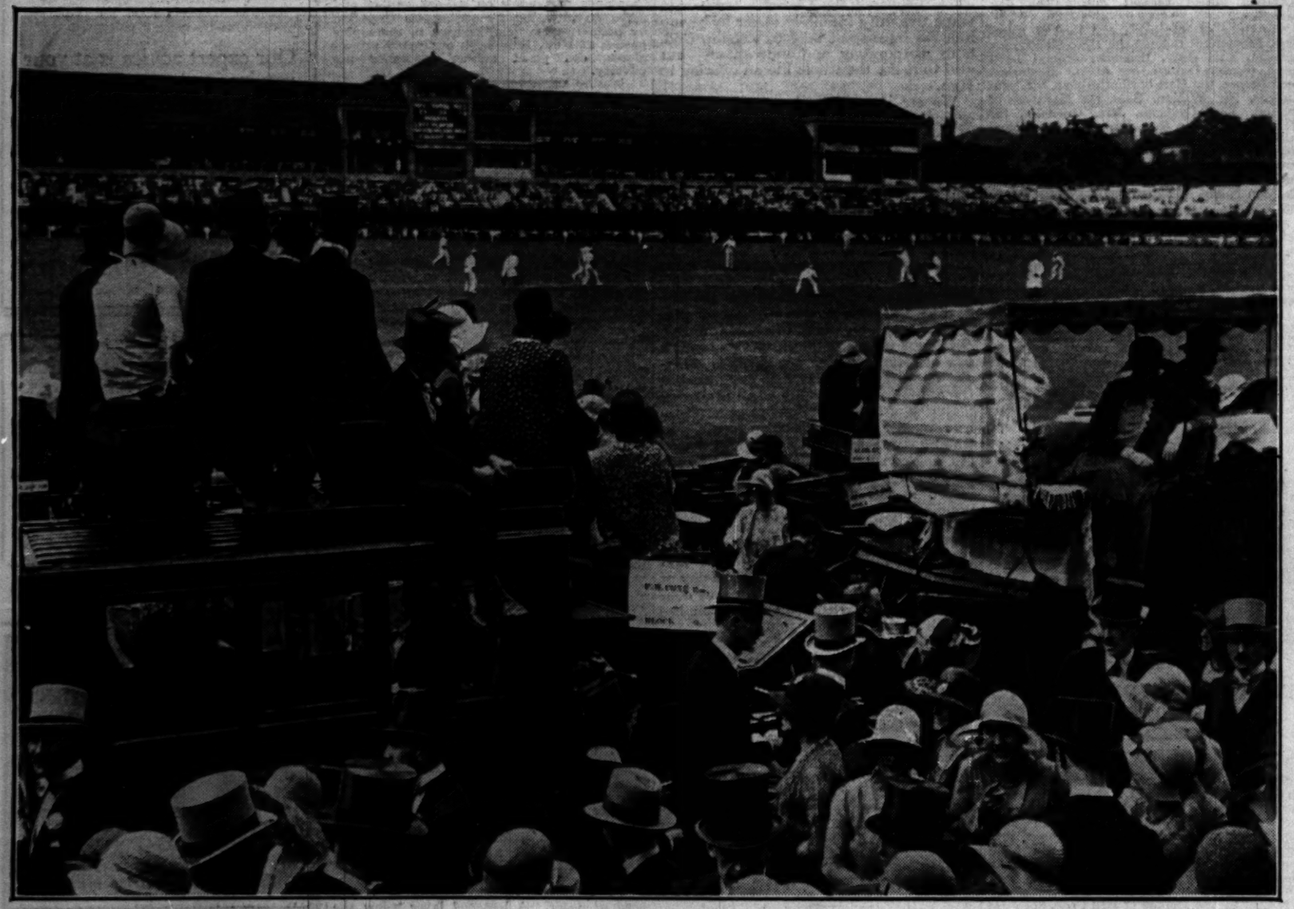
BRADMAN IN PLAY.—Bradman playing a ball from Tate during his wonderful innings at Leeds yesterday. He reached 105 before lunch, a feat which had only twice previously been accomplished in Test Matches. During the time he made his 105 Woodfull had scored only 29.



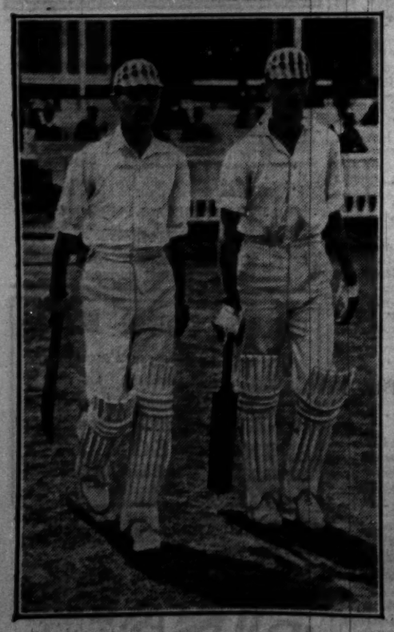
AFTER THE FIRST HUNDRED.—Spectators applauding Bradman on his return to the pavilion at the lunch interval. Behind him is Woodfull, followed by Hobbs and other English players.



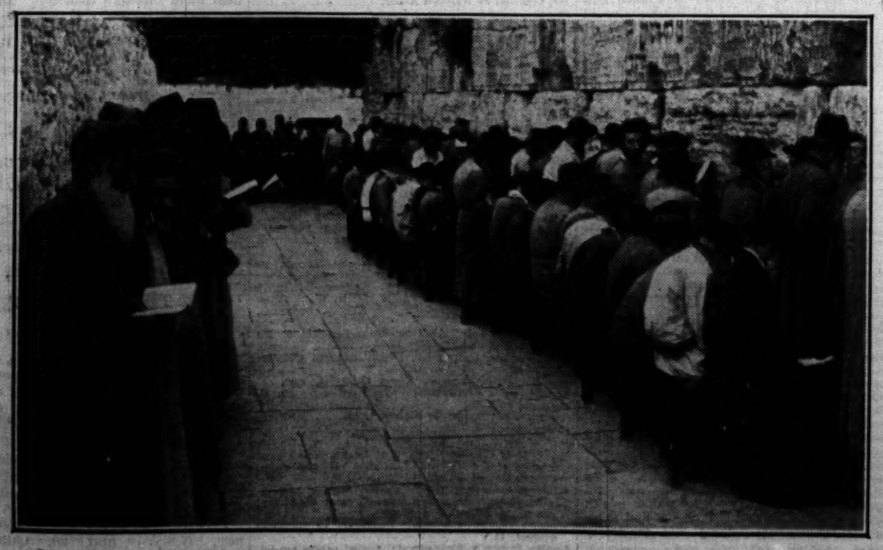
FOR CANADA.—The launch of the destroyer Saguenay at Southampton yesterday. It is the first of two being built for the Royal Canadian Navy, and was launched by Mrs. G. J. Desbarats, wife of the Deputy Minister of National Defence of Canada.



THE SCENE AT LORD'S.—There was a large gathering at Lord's yesterday to see the opening day of the Eton and Harrow match, and away from the playing area the scene was reminiscent of a garden party. Eton had the advantage of the day's play, being only 18 runs short of the Harrow total of 199 with four wickets in hand.



HARROW'S TOP SCORER.—J. M. Stow and N. B. Clive going out to bat after lunch. Stow's 64 was the top score for Harrow.



JEWS AT THE WAILING WALL.—A photograph taken in 1916 of Jews at the Wailing Wall. It will be noted that many are seated on benches, a point on which stress has been laid in the evidence given to the League of Nations Commission.

SERVICES TO-MORROW

FOURTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY

St. Paul's Cathedral.—Bishop R. S. Heywood, 10.30, Te Deum and Benedictus (Gray in F), Introit, "Very Bread, good Shepherd" (Marchant), H.C. (Stanford in B flat); Canon W. H. Elliott, 3.15, Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis (Ireland in F), A., "Give unto the Lord" (Elgar); the Bishop of Manchester, 7.

Westminster Abbey.—The Rev. A. G. C. Pentreath, 10.15, Te Deum and Benedictus (Gray in G), A., "Purest and Highest" (Stanford); Canon C. S. Woodward, 3, Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis (Stanford in A), A., "Jehova, quam multi sunt" (Purcell); the Archdeacon of Kingston, 6.30.

Southwark Cathedral.—Canon J. C. V. Durell, 11, H.C. (Kitson in E flat), Motet, "Ave verum Corpus" (Carissimi); Canon H. G. Monroe, 6.30, Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis (Kitson in E flat), A., "Hosanna to the Son of David" (Weelkes).

Chapel Royal, St. James's.—The Bishop of Sodor and Man, 11.15.

Chapel of the Savoy.—The Rev. H. B. Chapman, 11.15 and 6.

Temple Church.—The Master, 11, Te Deum (Wesley in F), A., "Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace" (Wesley); the Rev. R. F. Rynd, 3, Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis (Wesley in F), A., "How lovely is Thy dwelling place" (Brahms).

Lincoln's Inn Chapel.—Closed.

Gray's Inn Chapel.—Canon W. R. Matthews, D.D., 11.15, Te Deum (Turle and Elvey), A., "Bring unto the Lord, O ye mighty" (F. E. Gladstone).

Tower of London, Royal Chapel of St. Peter ad Vincula.—H.C., 8.15; 11, Parade Service (no tickets required), the Rev. C. C. Thacker, C.F.

Royal Military Chapel, Wellington Barracks.—H.C., 8; 11 and 6.30, the Rev. C. Egerton Chadwick, C.F.

The Military Chapel, Chelsea Barracks.—11, the Rev. R. J. Northcott.

The Royal Chapel of St. Katharine, Regent's Park.—11, M.P., H.C., A., "O lovely peace" (Handel), Prebendary F. W. Joyce.

All Hallows, Barking by the Tower.—H.C., 8.30 and 11; 11, the Rev. G. J. Moore; 6.30, the Rev. L. S. R. Beckley.

All Hallows, Lombard-street.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. F. W. T. Craske.

All Saints', Ennismore-gardens.—H.C., 8.30 and 12; 11, the Rev. Dr. H. M. Relton; 6.30, the Rev. A. M. Littlehales.

All Saints', Margaret-street.—11.15, High Mass, the Bishop of Nassau; 6, the Bishop of Zanzibar.

All Souls, Langham-place.—H.C., 8 and 10.15; 11, the Bishop of Kyoto (Japan); 6.30, the Rev. M. T. Dodds.

All Souls, South Hampstead.—11, the Bishop of Kilmore; 6.30, the Vicar.

Barnes Parish Church.—H.C., 8; 11 and 6.30, the Rev. H. J. Allen; 3.15, Children.

Brompton Parish Church, South Kensington.—11, the Bishop of Gloucester; 6.30, the Rev. H. H. Lowe.

Chelsea Parish Church.—11, Archdeacon H. E. J. Bevan; 6.30, the Rev. J. W. Lea.

Christ Church, Albany-street.—11, the Bishop of Willesden; 6.30, the Rev. D. H. Owen.

Christ Church, Down-street.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. Dr. Farran.

Christ Church, Lancaster-gate (Empire Church).—H.C., 7, 8, 10, and 12.25; 11.15, the Bishop of Winchester; 3 and 6, the Rev. R. Beresford-Peirse.

Christ Church, St. Marylebone.—H.C., 8 and 11; 11, the Rev. W. A. Potter; 3.15, the Rev. T. G. B. Kay; 6.30, Service of Music.

Christ Church, Victoria-street.—H.C., 8 and 12.15; 11, the Rev. E. N. Porter Goff; 6.30, the Master of the Temple.

Christ Church, Woburn-square, W.C.—H.C., 8; 11, the Rev. A. J. Bestic; 6.30, the Rev. E. R. Moore.

Church of the Annunciation, Bryanston-street.—11.15, H.C., the Rev. P. Waddington; 6.30, the Rev. W. P. Marmion.

Clapham Parish Church.—10, Canon Durell; 6.30, the Rev. F. K. Chaplin.

Grosvenor Chapel, South Audley-street.—8.15, H.C.; 10.40, M.P. and Lit.; 11.15, H.C., the Rev. F. Underhill.

Holy Trinity, Kingsway.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. W. H. S. Dumphreys.

Holy Trinity, Paddington.—H.C., 8 and 12; M.P., 11, and E., 6, the Rev. J. M. Vallance.

Holy Trinity, St. Marylebone.—11, the Dean of Maritzburg; 3.15, Children; 6.30, the Rev. Dr. C. G. Shaw; H.C., 8.15 and 7.30.

Holy Trinity, Sloane-street.—H.C., 7.30, 8.30, and 10; 11.15, the Rev. C. Cheshire; 3, the Rev. Dr. Dearmer; 6.30, the Rev. C. Cheshire.

Mercers' Chapel, Cheapside.—6.30, the Rev. J. H. C. Twinaday.

Putney Parish Church.—11, the Rev. E. P. Swain; 6.30, Prebendary G. H. Perry.

St. Agatha's, Finsbury-avenue.—11, the Rev. G. Tyre; 6.30, the Rev. E. Digby.

St. Andrew's, Ashley-place.—H.C., 8; 10.45 and 12.15; 11, 3 (children), and 6.30, the Rev. E. St. G. Schomberg.

St. Andrew, by the Wardrobe, Queen Victoria-street.—M.P., 7.40; H.C., 8, 11, the Rector; Children, 3.30; E.P., 6.35; E., 7; Outdoor Service, 8.

St. Anne's, Soho.—10.30, H.C.; 11.30, the Rev. W. H. Braine; 6.30, the Rev. B. G. Bourchier.

St. Augustine's, Queen's-gate.—L.M., 7 and 8; H.M., 11.15, the Rev. E. R. Moore; E., 6, the Rev. C. R. Deakin.

St. Bartholomew the Great, West Smithfield.—11, A., "O taste and see" (Goss), the Rector; 6.30, A., "O come every one that thirsteth" (Mendelssohn), Musical Service, no address.

St. Clement Danes, Strand.—11, M.P., the Rector; 3.15, Rossini's *Stabat Mater* (full orchestra); 6.30, E., Handel's *Saul* (full orchestra).

St. Dunstan-in-the-West, Fleet-street.—8.45, H.C.; 11, M.P., the Rev. Dr. A. J. Macdonald; 6.30, E., Mag. and N.D. (Walmisley in D minor), the Rev. W. J. Simmons.

St. Edmund the King, Lombard-street.—11, the Rev. the Hon. J. G. Adderley; 6.30, E.

St. Ethelburga's, Bishopsgate.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. Dr. Gelkie-Cobb.

St. George's, Bloomsbury.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. W. C. Roberts.

St. George's, Hanover-square.—H.C., 8.15, 12.5; 11, Archdeacon Thicknesse; A., "O Lord increase my faith" (Gibbons); 6.30, E.

St. George the Martyr, Queen-square.—11, the Rev. J. T. Goodchild; 6.30, the Rev. A. M. Fergusson.

St. Giles's, Cripplegate.—8, H.C.; 10.30, M.P.; 11, H.C., Prebendary F. W. Isaac; 6.30, E., the Rev. R. H. Bigg.

St. James's, Garlick-hill.—11.15, H.C.; 6.30, E., the Rev. E. T. R. Johnston.

St. James's, Paddington.—H.C., 8 and 12; 11, the Rev. P. Gordon; 3.15, Children; 6.30, the Rev. L. G. Pearse.

St. James's, Piccadilly.—8.15 and 12.15, H.C.; 11 and 6.15, the Bishop of Ontario.

St. John's, Downshire-hill, Hampstead.—8, H.C.; 11 and 6.30, Canon Robertson.

St. John's, Putney.—11, the Rev. B. W. B. Matthews; 6.30, the Rev. S. F. Davenport.

St. John's, Regent's Park.—H.C., 8 and 11.45; 11, the Rev. T. G. B. Kay; 6.30, Service of Music.

St. John's, Southwick-crescent.—H.C., 8 and 12.15; 11, 3.15 (Children), and 6.30, the Rev. G. H. Williams.

St. John's, Wilton-road.—H.C., 8 and 9; 10.45, the Rev. H. W. Benson; 6.30, the Rev. A. Thompson.

St. Jude, Courtfield-gardens.—H.C., 8 and 12.15; 11 and 6, the Bishop of Nasik; 3 (Children), the Rev. H. J. Matthews.

St. Lawrence Jewry, Gresham-street.—11, M.P. and H.C. (Mozart in B flat); 6.30, Mag. and N.D. (Martin in A), A., "Ascribe unto the Lord" (Wesley), the Rev. W. P. Besley.

St. Luke's, Redcliffe-square.—H.C., 8; M.P., 11; E.P., 6.30, the Bishop in Kwangsi-Hunan (Dr. J. Holden); Children, 3.15.

St. Margaret's, Westminster.—11, the Rev. K. E. Kirk; 7, the Rev. E. Jervis.

St. Mark's, Hamilton-terrace.—H.C., 8 and 10.15; 11.15, the Rev. J. H. Newsham-Taylor; 6.30, the Rev. A. H. W. Cleaver; 3.15, Children.

St. Mark's, North Audley-street.—11, the Rev. S. Waddy; 6.30, the Rev. E. Barnes; 8.30, 9.45, and 12.15, H.C.

St. Martin-in-the-Fields, Trafalgar-square.—8.15 and 10.15, H.C.; 11.30, M.P., the Bishop of Northern Queensland; 11.30, Service for Young People (crypt); 6.15, E.P.; 8 (Service to be Broadcast), the Dean of Canterbury.

St. Mary-the-Virgin, Aldermanbury.—11, M.P. and H.C.; 6.30, E., Prebendary H. A. Mason.

St. Mary's, Bourdon-street.—H.C., 7 and 8; 11 and 6.30, the Rev. G. H. Colbeck; 3 (Children), Prebendary Thicknesse.

St. Marylebone Parish Church.—11, the Rev. Dr. Morrison, A., O come let us worship" (Mendelssohn); 7, Special Musical Service.

St. Mary-le-Bow, Cheapside.—11, M.P. and H.C.; 6.30, E., A., "Great and Marvellous" (Boyce).

St. Mary's, Bryanston-square.—7.30, 8.30, and 12.15, H.C.; 10.15, Children; 11, the Dean of St. Paul's; 6.30, the Rev. A. E. N. Simms.

St. Mary Woolnoth, Lombard-street.—11, M.P. and Lit.; 6.30, A., "O come let us worship" (Mendelssohn), the Rev. H. A. Raynes.

St. Matthew's, Bayswater.—8, 12.30, and 7, H.C.; 11, the Rev. J. M. Harris; 3, Children; 6, the Rev. B. Jones.

St. Matthew's, West Kensington.—H.C., 7.15, 8, and 11; 11, the Rev. W. A. Simmonds; 6.30, the Rev. C. A. Atherley.

St. Michael's, Paddington.—H.C., 8, 9.45, and 11.25; M.P., 11; 11.25, the Rev. P. Nichols; 6.30, the Rev. N. E. E. Swann.

St. Mildred's, Bread-street, Cannon-street.—11.15, H.C., the Rector.

St. Paul's, Knightsbridge.—10.45, M.P.; 11.15, H.C., the Rev. E. K. C. Hamilton; 3 (Children), the Rev. E. K. C. Hamilton; 6.30, E., the Rev. R. C. White.

St. Paul's, Onslow-square.—8, H.C.; 11 and 6.30, the Rev. H. R. Anderson.

St. Paul's, Portman-square.—11 and 7, the Rev. D. P. Robinson.

St. Peter's, Bayswater.—H.C., 8 and 12.15; 11, the Rev. L. T. Maund; 6.30, the Rev. H. N. Taylor.

St. Peter's, Eaton-square.—H.C., 7.30, 8.30, and 10; 11.15, the Bishop of Tennessee, A., "Grant us Thy peace" (Mendelssohn); 6.30, the Rev. J. W. Griffiths.

St. Peter's, Vere-street.—H.C., 8 and 12.15; 11 and 6.30, the Rev. Dr. Devine.

St. Peter-upon-Cornhill.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. J. A. Smith Bullock.

St. Saviour's, Warwick-avenue.—7, 8, 9.45, and 11.30, H.C.; 11, M.P.; 11.30, the Vicar; 6.30, the Rev. E. C. Bailey.

St. Sepulchre's, Holborn-viaduct.—11, H.C., the Rev. F. W. Baggallay, choir of the College of St. Nicolas; 6.30, E.

St. Silas-the-Martyr, Kentish Town.—11, the Coadjutor-Bishop of Milwaukee; 6.30, the Rev. G. E. Nicholson.

St. Stephen's, Walbrook.—10.30, H.C.; 11, M.P., A., "Awake my heart" (Stanford), and 6.30, the Rev. C. Clark.

St. Columba's (Church of Scotland), Pont-street.—11, the Rev. Dr. A. Fleming; 6.30, the Rev. Ian R. Gillan.

Scottish National Church, Russell-street, Covent Garden.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. J. Moffett.

Westminster Cathedral.—H.M., 10.30, M., "Western Wind" (Shepherd), "Invencrunt me" (Carver); L.M., 12, the Rev. F. J. Sheen; V., 3.15, Mag. (Vittoria); Comp., 7, T.L. (Philips), N.D. (Holst), A., "Salve Regina" (Miller), the Rev. H. Pope.

St. George's Cathedral, Lambeth-road.—10.30, H.M.; 12, M., the Rev. J. Farrell; 6.30, V., the Rev. C. O'Callaghan.

Farm-street Church.—10.50, H.M.; 12, L.M., the Rev. F. Woodlock; 3.30, the Rev. F. C. Devas.

Eglise Réformée Evangélique Française, Monmouth-road, Westbourne-grove.—11 and 6.30, M. le Pasteur Th. Lefèvre.

Regent-square Presbyterian Church.—11 and 7, Dr. I. J. Roberton.

Marylebone Presbyterian Church, Upper George-street, Edgware-road.—11 and 7, the Rev. H. Kirk (Baltimore).

Bayswater Presbyterian Church, Westbourne-grove.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. A. G. Gamble.

St. George's (Brondesbury) Presbyterian Church, Willesden-lane.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. R. Robertson.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Frognal.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. Joseph Johnston.

Highgate Presbyterian Church, Highgate-hill.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. G. L. Brander.

St. John's Wood Presbyterian Church, Marlborough-place.—11, the Rev. D. C. Eades (Redhill); 6.30, the Rev. Dr. Alexander.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Allen-street, Kensington.—11, the Rev. W. Purves Boyes; 6.30, the Rev. W. D. Maxwell.

Central Hall, Westminster.—11 and 7, the Rev. D. T. Young.

Kingsway Hall.—11 and 7, the Rev. C. Ensor Walters; 3.30, the Rev. H. N. Burton.

Wesley's Chapel, City-road.—11, the Rev. S. V. Cocks (Australia), dedication of Australian window by High Commissioner for Australia and others; 6.30, the Rev. G. H. McNeal.

City Temple, Holborn-viaduct.—11 and 7, the Rev. F. W. Norwood.

Whitefield's, Tottenham Court-road.—11 and 7, the Rev. A. D. Belden; 3.30, the Rev. S. Rowley.

Westminster Congregational Church, Buckingham-gate.—11 and 7, the Rev. H. L. Simpson.

Christ Church, Westminster Bridge-road.—11 and 7, the Rev. John McNeill.

Lyndhurst-road Church, Hampstead.—11 and 6.30, Dr. J. Short.

Paddington Chapel, Marylebone-road.—11 and 7, the Rev. J. Cregan.

The King's Weigh House, Duke-street.—9 and 10, H.C.; 11 and 7, the Rev. W. E. Orchard.

Stamford Hill Congregational Church.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. J. M. Gibbon.

Highbury Quadrant Church, Highbury New Park.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. H. Ingham.

New Court Congregational Church, Tollington Park, N.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. T. C. Brimley.

Kensington Chapel, Allen-street.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. G. H. Wright.

Brixton Independent Church, Brixton-road.—11 and 6.45, the Rev. A. Peel.

Abbey-road Baptist Church, St. John's Wood.—11 and 7, the Rev. Thomas Philpot.

Spurgeon's Tabernacle, Newington-butts.—11, the Rev. H. T. Chilvers; 6.30, Dr. J. Wilson (Woolwich).

Hampstead Garden Suburb Free Church.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. W. M. Scott.

Churches of Christ, Scientist, London, Branch Churches of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass, U.S.A.—Services, 11.30 and 7.

First Church, Sloane-terrace, near Sloane-square Station. Second Church, Palace Gardens-terrace, Notting-hill-gate. Third Church, Curzon-street, Mayfair.

Essex Church (Unitarian), The Mall, Notting-hill-gate.—11 and 6.30, the Rev. J. H. Weatherall; 3.15, the Rev. M. Bowa.

Finance & Commerce

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TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

TREASURY BILL RESULTS

There was a further rise in the discount rate for Treasury Bills at the weekly sale by tender yesterday, although applications for the £35,000,000 on offer were larger than last week, the figure being £48,755,000, as compared with £44,365,000. The whole amount was allotted at an average rate of discount of £2 7s. 0.75d. per cent. (against £2 5s. 3.86d. per cent. per annum). Tenders at £99 8s. for bills to be paid for on any of the first five days of next week will receive about 64 per cent., and those at £99 8s. 2d. for bills to be paid for to-day week, allotment in full. Next Friday the amount of bills to be offered will again be £35,000,000. The amount of bills to be paid for in the coming week is £7,000,000 in excess of the amount to be paid off, and in the following week, if the whole £35,000,000 of bills are sold, the market will have to take up £5,000,000 more than the maturities in that week.

CANADIAN PACIFIC ISSUE

Underground Issue Over-subscribed

As expected, there was a heavy demand yesterday for the £5,000,000 of Five per Cent. Redeemable Debenture Stock of the London Electric Railway Company, offered for sale at 97¼, and within half an hour of the subscription list being opened it was found necessary to close it, the amount having been over-subscribed. It is announced, however, that country applications received by post this morning will receive consideration in the allotment.

Canadian Pacific's New Bonds

New capital in the form of bonds for the equivalent sum of £5,000,000 is being raised in New York by the Canadian Pacific Railway, and will be used to reimburse the company's treasury for capital expenditures which have already been or are being incurred. The issue, which is in dollars, amounts to $25,000,000, and takes the form of Thirty-year Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Collateral Trust Gold Bonds. The price is 98 per cent., plus accrued interest, and the yield is 4.62 per cent. Both principal and interest are payable at the option of the holder in Canadian gold dollars or United States gold dollars. The company has the option of redeeming the bonds in whole or in part on any interest date (January 1 and July 1) at 104 on or before July 1, 1940; at 103 thereafter until July 1, 1945; subsequently until July 1, 1950, at 102; at 101 between that date and July 1, 1955; at 100¼ thereafter until July 1, 1959; and subsequently at par, the final date of redemption being July 1, 1960. The total mileage of the Canadian Pacific system is 20,805. It also possesses extensive interests in coal, lumber, steamship, hotel, and telegraph companies. The bonds will be specifically secured by the pledging with the trustee (the Royal Trust Company, Montreal) of $30,000,000 of Canadian Pacific Four per Cent. Consolidated Debenture stock, which has a first charge on the undertaking except lands received by way of subsidy and certain priorities, which amount to $38,641,724, and cover only 1,642 miles of railroad. The requirements of the securities ranking before the Consolidated Debenture stock amount to $1,907,396, and the interest charge on the Consolidated Debenture stock to $11,061,795. The company's total fixed charges for 1929 were $16,149,003, while the net earnings and special income of the company amounted to $58,376,764. Thus the earnings covered the fixed charges three-and-a-half times, and that has also been the case in the past decade.

Pending Issues

It is hoped that the big Austrian Government loan will be ready for issue next week. On Tuesday next an issue will be made of £300,000 Five-and-a-Half per Cent. First Mortgage "Smithers" Redeemable Debenture stock of Tamplin and Son's Brewery, Brighton, Limited. The stock, which will be repayable not later than December 31, 1967, will be offered at 95 per cent. The proceeds will be used to repay bank advances, for the purchase of the share and Debenture capital of Messrs. Smithers and Sons, and for other purposes. An annual cumulative sinking fund of 1 per cent. will be established, which will be applied either in the purchase of stock in the market or by drawings at par.

The United of Havana Default

Arising out of the scheme of arrangement submitted to its Debenture holders by the Board of the United Railways of the Havana and Regla Warehouses, holders of the company's Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Debentures have been urged in one quarter to stand out for better terms than those offered, on the ground that the condition attaching to their bonds places them in an exceptionally good bargaining position. The details set forth in support of this contention were not quite correctly stated. For instance, it is not the case that the company is paying interest on its Five per Cent. Debenture stock (1906)—the service of this stock is in default, and the only stock on which interest is now being paid is the Four per Cent. Debentures and Debenture stock, whose favoured position is due to the income derived from the United company's holding of shares of the American and Foreign Power Company, which forms part of their security. It is true, as was stated, that in the event of default occurring for a period of three months on their bonds holders of the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Debentures are entitled to enforce repayment of the principal money, provided that Debentures for not less than one-tenth of those outstanding are presented for payment. Holders, however, must consider this provision in relation to the rights attaching to the senior security—namely, the Five per Cent. Debenture stock (1906).

Senior and Junior Claims

While the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Debentures have only a second floating charge upon the company's assets, and the amount outstanding is £857,800, the Five per Cents. possess a first specific charge on the original system, &c., and a first floating charge on all the other assets. The amount of this stock outstanding is the heavy one of £8,376,866. It is now in default, and the holders also have the right according to the terms of issue to claim repayment of their principal when their interest is three parts in arrear. It follows therefore that any attempt by holders of the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Debentures to collect their debt would be met by similar action on the part of holders of the senior security, with consequences for the former that might well be disastrous. The situation in which stockholders of the United of Havana are now placed is certainly not a pleasant one, but the course proposed by the directors seems to be as fair as could be devised in the circumstances. The troubles of the company are due to events beyond the control of any board of directors. In the main they arise from the world crisis in the sugar industry—Cuba's chief source of revenue—and they have been aggravated by competition from coastwise shipping and road transport, which have united with low sugar prices to bring about a reduction in the railway company's rates. The company is now compelled to ask concessions of its Debenture holders, the proposal being that the various classes of debentures other than the Four per Cents. shall become income stocks for a period of 2½ years, any arrears existing at the end of the period to be funded into 5 per cent. interest-bearing certificates that shall be redeemed before dividends are resumed on the share capital.

Larger African Banking Profits

Some contraction is shown by the figures of the balance-sheet of the Standard Bank of South Africa. This is not surprising, for prices of several of the staple exports of the Union territories have fallen considerably during the past year. Fortunately for the country the goldmining industry is unaffected by such a movement, and this, still the major, industry of South Africa had another prosperous year. Following is a three-year comparison of the principal balance-sheet items:—

	March 31, 1930	March 31, 1929	March 31, 1928
	£	£	£
Note circulation ..	584,861	603,841	605,370
Deposits	49,565,801	51,830,148	49,795,283
Drafts and Acceptances	2,027,797	2,885,559	2,235,573
Cash	5,931,444	5,840,826	5,756,970
Money at call ..	3,225,000	3,250,000	3,025,000
Investments	5,246,923	5,397,233	5,298,807
Bills of exchange ..	6,780,828	8,142,754	8,525,018
Discounts and Advances	23,619,301	25,687,953	22,509,194
Total of balance-sheet ..	68,451,189	71,760,150	67,356,854

Net earnings for the 12 months ended March 31 increased from £621,466 to £652,478. This satisfactory result must be attributed partly to the employment for a full year of the additional capital issued in November, 1928, the paid-up capital being then raised from £2,229,165 to £2,500,000; and the reserve from £2,893,335 to £3,164,170. The dividend is again 14 per cent., while the bonus is at the higher level established a year ago—namely, 3 per cent. A further £100,000 is appropriated to bank premises account, but the value of this asset in the balance-sheet has nevertheless risen from £1,395,089 to £1,585,407.

Imperial Bank of India Dividend

The preliminary announcement of the results of the Imperial Bank of India for the first half of 1930 indicates that the bank had a satisfactory experience during the period in spite of lower prices and the interference with business caused by civil unrest. The Indian Bank rate has just been lowered from 6 per cent. to 5 per cent; last year it was reduced to 5 per cent. about a month earlier, so that average rates for the first half of 1930 should have been fully equal to those for the corresponding period of 1929. Net profits were slightly larger by Rs.65,58,900 (£496,084), compared with Rs.64,59,300. The usual 8 per cent. dividend (free of income-tax) absorbs Rs.45,00,000, and the appropriation to reserve is again Rs.5,00,000. As usual in this, the most profitable, half of the year for the bank, the "carry forward" is largely increased—Rs.27,49,100 being carried forward, compared with Rs.15,26,200 brought forward.

Australian Bank's Balance Sheet

The adverse conditions prevailing in Australia are responsible for a reduction from £1,536,950 to £1,487,050 in the gross profits of the Union Bank of Australia for the 12 months to February 28. An increase in expenses leaves the net earnings at £525,655, compared with £611,932. This decline in earnings fully explains the decision of the board to lower the dividend, which is at the rate of 12½ per cent., free of United Kingdom income-tax, against 15 per cent. previously paid for a number of years. The following table shows the figures for the past three years:—

	Year ended Feb. 28, 1930	Year ended Feb. 28, 1929	Year ended Feb. 29, 1928
	£	£	£
Circulation ..	663,110	579,729	572,995
Deposits	34,564,517	36,644,350	33,978,582
Bills payable, &c..	2,386,052	3,507,051	3,343,909
Cash	6,972,304	6,373,143	7,388,787
Money at call ..	500,000	1,000,000	780,000
Investments	2,353,800	2,229,199	2,383,062
Remittances and bills receivable ..	3,565,054	5,470,948	8,144,168
Discounts, loans, &c. ..	32,604,851	30,454,481	27,600,997
Gross earnings ..	1,487,050	1,536,059	1,591,696
Net earnings ..	525,655	611,932	638,966

The most striking, and at the same time most significant, movement is the reduction of nearly 60 per cent. in the remittances and bills receivable. This is, of course, chiefly due to the drastic rationing of exchange and the effect of the exchange deadlock on Australia's import trade. Money at call in London, it will be noted, has also been reduced.

Outlook for Motor Insurance

When the Road Traffic Bill takes effect a new chapter in the transaction of motor insurance in this country will be opened. So far the provision of motor insurance has involved many problems for the offices in view of the increase in the number of claims and the cost of compensation to injured persons. The offices have found it difficult to transact the business with a margin on the right side, and one of the best known companies transacting motor insurance disclosed in its accounts for last year an underwriting loss of approximately 1 per cent. on a very considerable premium income. Its financial reserves, however, provide ample security for the policyholders. The fear is now expressed that the removal of the speed limits may at first, at any rate, lead to a still greater number of accidents, but as some set-off there is the hope that the provisions of the Bill, which include heavy penalties for reckless driving, may, if strictly enforced, in the course of time bring about a better state of affairs. Indeed, unless the measure is effective in achieving this result, it will be a failure. The provision that insurance companies shall be liable to hospitals for costs of treatment to an amount not exceeding £25 for persons to whom compensation is paid under a policy in accordance with the Bill introduces an entirely new factor, and one which may well be regarded by underwriters with uneasiness.

Question of Rates of Premium

Mr. Morrison, the Minister of Transport, pointed out in the House of Commons on Thursday night that the subsection which provides for these payments to hospitals was outside his agreement with the insurance companies that rates of premium would not necessarily be raised as the result of the introduction of the provision for compulsory security for third-party risks, and he declared that, in consequence of the new stipulation, the premiums would undoubtedly be increased. Later, he paid tribute to the "honourable sentiment" which existed in the question of the payments to hospitals, and declared that the insurance companies had taken very few steps, if any, to put the other side of the case to defend their interests; but that was their business, and they must not expect him to help them out of their difficulties. He explained some of the difficulties that might arise in the working of the new stipulation, and his attitude

(Continued at foot of next column)

will be recognized by insurance managers as a fair one. In the discussion Colonel Ashley seemed to assume that separate insurances would be effected to cover the new risk at low rates of premium. The companies will certainly be in no hurry to increase their rates. Any advances have in the past only been made after very careful consideration of collated statistics and after deliberate decisions that revisions were inevitable to secure that the business generally should not be transacted without loss. They can be relied upon to give a thorough trial to the new conditions, and they will be well pleased if, on the whole, the provisions of the Road Traffic Bill should make motoring safer, and so lead to a reduction of the present heavy cost of claims.

STOCK EXCHANGE

BRITISH FUNDS STRONG

RALLY IN CABLE STOCKS

The stock markets yesterday maintained the better sentiment that was inaugurated in the early part of the week. A strong lead was again given by British Government securities, the success of the Underground issue being a favourable factor. Business in this group continued fairly active, and while in other departments the volume of trading was light, prices in numerous instances showed an inclination to recover. A distinct rally occurred in the stocks of Cables and Wireless, the "A" rising three points. Industrials of an international character showed small rises, but shares in the Motor group weakened. Foreign Government bonds were steady, apart from Brazilians, which experienced a further fall. There was again an inquiry for Tea shares, the market for which displayed strength.

Another general improvement took place in BRITISH GOVERNMENT stocks. The Five per Cent. War Loan was raised to 103 7-16, and there was also some buying of the Four per Cent. War Loan, which rose to 101¼. The rises of similar extent were shown in Three-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion (79¼) and Four per Cent. Funding (91½). The Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan at 99¼ and Victory Bonds at 95¼ established rises of ¼. It was reported that some prospective American buyers of the Funding Loan made their orders conditional upon houses here providing the facilities necessary for carrying the stock. Bank of England stock rose a point to 377.

In the HOME RAILWAY market support was given to the Underground lines, Metropolitan rising to 66 and Metropolitan District to 78. The stocks of the trunk lines received little attention and prices hardly moved. Southern Preferred were firmer at 70½, while the Deferred were easier at 25¼.

Apart from Brazilian bonds, which displayed fresh weakness, the FOREIGN market was uneventful. Among the principal changes in Brazilians were falls of 1 to 80 in the Six-and-a-Half per Cents. and of 1 to 46 in the 1889 Fours. A number of other issues closed ½ lower, including the new San Paulo Coffee loan, which now stands at 6 discount. One or two French bonds improved, including French Fours (20f) and Seine Sevens (108f). Roumanian Fours were easier at 44. Egyptian Unified rose a point to 76. The recent rise in Japanese bonds was maintained, the Tokyo Five-and-a-Half per Cent. loan advancing further to 91¼. Little change occurred in South American Railway stocks. Entre Rios (77½) and Argentine North-Eastern (29½) were dull, but the stocks of the "Big Four" were steadier, Buenos Ayres Western and Central Argentine rallying to 66 and 68 respectively. The new issue of Buenos Ayres and Pacific Debentures also improved, being quoted at ¼ discount.

The OIL market remained very quiet, with a slightly firmer tendency for some of the leading shares. There were small gains in Shell (4 23-32), Royal Dutch (32½), V.O.C. (2 13-32), and Lobitos (1 13-32). Burmah went back 1-32 to 4 3-16. With the price of rubber showing no improvement the RUBBER share market remained out of favour, and the few movements which occurred in prices were nearly all towards lower levels. The TEA market, on the other hand, maintained the rising tendency that had been shown throughout the earlier part of the week. Among shares in favour were Assam (1 9-16), Amalgamated (19½), Assam Frontier (2½), Assam 3d., British Indian (2½), Dooars (2½), Jokai (3 3-32), Pabbojan (4½), and Nuwara Eliya (5 3-16).

MOTOR SHARES LOWER

The MISCELLANEOUS market again showed some irregularity, but as a whole the tone was not unsatisfactory. A moderate recovery occurred in the International group. Nickel rose to 25, Hydro Electric to 391, United Molasses to 2 13-16, Columbia Graphophone to 3 9-16, and Gramophone to 3 7-16. Courtaulds closed without change at 2½ after being slightly easier. The dealers were anticipating the announcement of the interim dividend yesterday, but after hours it was announced that no declaration would be made this week-end. MOTOR shares were a heavy market, falls of 6d. to 1s. taking place in Leyland (71s. 6d.), Dennis (41s.), Austin (5s. 6d.), and Napier Omnibus (24s.). Joseph Lucas fell 1s. 6d. to 71s. The reaction in IRON and STEEL shares went further, though the movement was not pronounced. Dunlop Rubber closed slightly harder at 12s. 10½d., and India Tyre Deferred were also supported, closing at 8s. 9d. after being 8s. 10½d. A further rise took place in the grocery group, International Tea advancing to 23s. 6d., Home and Colonial to 15s. 1½d., and Maypole to 5s. 7½d. Unilever rose to 2 27-32, and the discount on the new shares narrowed to 4s. TOBACCO shares were firm, gains of 1-32 being shown in British-American (5 7-16) and Imperial (4 31-32). Among SHIPPING shares Furness, Withy were firmer at 33s. Cunard gave way slightly to 19s. 6d. There was a continued demand for Edmundson's new Debentures, the small discount previously quoted being replaced by a premium of about 5-16. Imperial Continental Gas fell 3 to 345. Lautaro (Delaware) advanced further to 7. Cables and Wireless stocks were a better market, particularly the "A," which recovered 3 points to 26. The 5½ per Cent. Preference rose 1½ to 77½, and the "B" stock was a point higher at 12.

In the SOUTH AFRICAN market diamond shares were again out of favour, De Beers Deferred falling to 7, and New Jagersfontein to 1½. New Modder rose to 3 15-16 and there was evidence of support for Nourse (9s. 9d.) and Laaglagte (24s. 9d.). Goldfields and Johannesburg Consolidated were easier at 1 19-32 and 38s. 3d. respectively. The RHODESIAN COPPER group was neglected, and prices closed slightly easier. A recovery of 72s. 6d. per ton which took place in the price of Tin failed to stimulate the share market. Rio Tinto were slightly firmer at 34½. Burma Corporation hardened to 10s. 10½d., but lower prices were quoted for Broken Hill Proprietary (25-32) and Mount Lyell (1 1-16).

AMERICAN RETAIL PRICES

DRASTIC REDUCTIONS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JULY 11

Sears Roebuck and Company and Montgomery Ward and Company, the two largest mail order houses in the country, announce drastic reductions in the prices of their merchandise, bringing the averages down to the lowest level in 10 years. In addition to marking down practically all its prices, Montgomery Ward has agreed to permit its customers to pay in instalments for all purchases amounting to $25 or more.

Sears Roebuck alone sends out 10,000,000 price-lists to customers and Montgomery Ward has almost as large a clientele. Their cutting of prices on so large a scale promises, therefore, to have a far-reaching effect on retail prices of merchandise generally, and conceivably may mark the turning point in the business depression, for the lagging of retail prices behind the decline of prices of raw materials and wholesale prices in general—a decline which has been going on for about a year—has been considered by many economists to be one of the chief obstacles to the completion of the business readjustment.

SPANISH EXCHANGE

MADRID, July 10.—Representatives of Spanish banks meeting at the Bank of Spain to-day decided to ask the Minister of Finance to extend the scope of the banking consortium in order to enable the five great banks to co-operate in the control of dealings in foreign currencies.—*Reuter.*

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

REDUCED TRADING

NEW YORK, July 11.—Movements on the Stock Exchange to-day were largely influenced by the course of commodity markets, fresh outbreaks of weakness in grain and cotton causing a reaction from early firmness. Trading was of a smaller volume than yesterday, with sales returned at 1,522,000 shares.

The opening was firm. Yesterday's rally, which carried the industrial group above the end-June levels, was interpreted in some quarters as the establishment of a sustained upward trend. This was reflected in a larger accumulation of overnight buying orders. The speculative leaders advanced briskly, notably Vanadium Corporation, on reports of pool operations exploiting the possibilities of the company's titanium deposits. Realizing came out afterwards, chiefly affecting industrial and public utility issues, based on the theory that with the short interest substantially reduced there was a fear of a technical reaction. The pressure against these issues forced out a certain amount of liquidation in other directions, but the market showed resistance, the declines encouraging a resumption of quiet investment accumulation.

The tone in the early afternoon was fairly steady, the ready absorption of the earlier offerings temporarily discouraging further "bearish" operations, but support lacked vigour and declines occurred throughout the list later owing to a renewal of professional selling. The close was easy.

EXCHANGE	Method of Quoting	Parity	July 11	July 10
MONTREAL on—			$	$
London, cables ..	£1	4.8623	4.85¼	4.85¼
NEW YORK on—				
London, sight ..	£1	4.8623	4.85 13/32	4.85½
60 days' sight ..	£1	—	4.83 15/16	4.84 1/16
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.86¼	4.86 1/16
Seven days ..	£1	—	4.85 11/16	4.85⅝
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¼	3.93½	3.93½
Rome, cables ..	100l.	5.26	5.23⅞	5.23⅞
Amsterdam, short sight ..	100fl.	40.20	40.16¼	40.16¼
Oslo, cables ..	100kr.	26.80	26.70	26.79
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.88	26.87
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.79	26.79
Prague, cheques ..	100kr.	—	2.96¾	2.96¾
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.86	23.86
Brussels, cables ..	100bel.	13.90	13.97	13.97
Berne, cables ..	100f.	19.30	19.44¼	19.42½
Madrid, cables ..	100ps.	19.30	11.55	11.74
Vienna, cables ..	100sch.	14.07	14.13	14.13
Budapest, cables	100pen.	17.49	17.52	17.52
Belgrade, cables	100din.	1.75	1.77½	1.77½
Athens, cables ..	100dr.	1.30	1.29⅝	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	36.00	36.06
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	10.90	10.95

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices July 11	July 10
Atchison ..	218	220
Atl. Coast ..	149	150
B. & O. ..	105½	105½
Do., Pref.	80¼	80¼
Brooklyn Manhat. Tr.	63	63
Can. Pac. ..	186¾	187½
Cent. N.J.	241	235
Ches. & O.	186½	187
Ch. G. W.	10⅝	10¾
Do., Pref.	36	36½
Ch. N.W.	72½	72⅝
Ch.Milst.P.	15⅜	15¼
Ch.Rock Is.	103½	105
Del.& Hud.	157½	157
Del., Lack.	115½	116
Erie	42¼	42¼
Do.,1stPf.	55	54
G.N., Pref.	78½	78
Ill. Cent. ..	115¼	116¼
Interboro' Rapid Tr	25	25

	Closing Prices July 11	July 10
Int.C.Amer	15⅛	15⅛
Kansas City	58¾	58¾
Louisville	130	135
Minn., S.P.	20¼	20¼
Miss., Pac.	66	64½
Do., Pref.	123½	121½
N.Mex.& Pf.	1	1
Do., 2 Pf.	¼	¼
N.Y. Cent.	161½	161¾
N.H. & H.	226	228
N. Pacific	73½	74½
Pennsylv'a	75¼	75⅛
Reading ..	107	107
S.L. & S.F.	91½	92
S.L. & S.W.	60½	61
S. Pacific	116½	116½
Southern ..	95	94½
Do., Pref.	92½	92½
U. Pacific	216½	218
Do., Pref.	84⅛	84⅜
Wabash ..	55	55
Do., Pf. A	72½	73

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct.	108½	111
AlliedChem	255	258
Am. Can ..	63	63
Ch., Pref.	251½	241½
Am. and F. Pwr. ..	63½	64⅛
Am. Can.	119¼	121¾
Am. Loco.	46	47
Am. Rolling Mills ..	51	51¼
Am. Smelt.	62	62⅝
Am.Sug. R.	50½	52
Am. Tel..	207¾	210
Am. Tob.	230	230
Am. Wool'n	10½	11
Anaconda ..	46⅛	50
Armour D.	79	77¼
As. Dry Gds	35	36½
Atlantic Ref.	35⅜	35⅞
Baldwin ..	23⅜	23⅝
BarnsdallA	22¾	22¾
Beth. Steel	81¼	81¼
C. de Pasco	48½	49¼
Chile Copp.	48	49
Chrysler ..	27⅞	28⅜
Col. Fuel ..	46¼	47¼
Colum. Gas	63¼	63
Col. Graph.	16½	17⅜
Cons. Gas	107⅜	109⅜
Cont. Can	57½	58
Cont. Oil	19¼	20½
Corn Prod.	93	93½
Crucible ..	77¼	77¼
DavisonCh.	26½	26½
Dome. Inc.	72	72½
Du Pont ..	101⅝	102⅛
Eastman K.	199	203
Elec.P.& L.	67⅝	68½
Electric Storage	64⅛	65
Fox Film ..	40⅝	40⅞
Gen. Elect.	67⅜	67⅝
Gen. Foods	55⅜	54⅞
Gen.Motors	41½	42⅛
Gillette ..	67¼	67
Goodrich ..	24⅞	25½
Goodyear ..	55⅜	56
Hou.OilTx.	76	77½
Hud. Mtrs.	31½	32⅜
Ind. Rayon	88½	91
Int. Harv'r	80¼	82½
Int. Match	74	72
Int. Nickel	24½	24⅝

Int. Paper	21	21½
Int. Tel..	43¾	44⅛
Kennecott	38⅛	38½
Kresge S.S.	27¾	27½
K'per. Sm.	28½	28⅜
Liggett&M.	91	91
Loose Wile	61¼	62
Mack Treks	54	54
Montg'y W.	34	35
Nash Mtrs.	34½	35
Nat. Biscu.	84½	84¼
Nat.Cash R.	44	44½
Nat. Dairy	50¼	50¼
N. Amer.	92½	94¼
Packard ..	13¼	13⅜
Pan.A.Pet.	58	58
Penn. Ser.		
N.J. ..	94½	96½
Pullman ..	65⅜	65⅝
RadioCorp.	36¾	37⅜
R'tn'g'n Rd	25⅝	26
Ryl. Dutch	54	54½
Sears R'b'k	65⅝	66½
Shell Trans	45½	45⅞
Shell Un.	19	19⅜
Simms M.Bd.	25	28
Std. Brands	19	18¾
Std. Gas ..	90¼	91½
Std. Oil of Cal. ..	61	61
Do., N.J.	68⅝	70
Do., N.Y.	32	32⅛
Studebaker	51⅛	51½
TexasCorp.	51⅝	51⅞
Tex. G. Sul.	53½	54⅜
Tidewater	14	14⅛
Tri-ContCp	12	12¼
Un.Carbide	68½	68¾
United Corp.	32	32⅛
Un. Fruit	92½	92½
Un. Gas Imp.	35⅞	36⅜
U.S. Ltber	9¼	9¼
U.S. Rbr.	21½	22¼
U.S. Steel	157⅝	159⅞
Do., Pref.	145⅝	145⅞
W.Un. Tel.	162¼	163¼
Westgh.Air	135⅜	138
Woolworth	56	57
Worth'n Pump	127	128½
Youngst'n Sheet	112	112

CURB EXCHANGE

Am.-Am.Oil	—	—
Assoc. Gas	3⅝	3¾
Brit. Amer. Tobacco	25⅝	26
Cehanese ..	17⅞	18
Elec. Bond	79⅝	79⅝
Gulf Oil ..	123½	125
HydroElec.	38	38¼
Int. Pet....	18½	19

Mid. West Utilities	27¼	27⅞
Pennroad ..	11⅞	11⅞
Silica Gel.	15	15
Stand. Oil of Indiana	50	50
Swift Int.	32¼	33½
VacuumOil	86⅞	87

BONDS

Libty. Ln., 3½% ..	101 32	101	Flat., 6% 1945 ..	92½	92½
Do.,4½% (4th).	102 32	102 32	Fren.,7½% 1941 ..	123½	123
Do.,4¼%	102 31 32	103	Do.,7.'49	118¼	118
U.K.,5% 1937 ..	104¼	104¾	Ger.7% 49	106¼	106
Do., 4% 1960-90	87¼	87¼	Greek,7% 1964 ..	100½	100½
Arg.,6% 1959 ..	99¼	99	Hamb'g,6% 1946	97¼	97¼
Aust.,5% 1957 ..	88⅜	88¾	Hungary, 7½%,'44	100½	100
Aust.,7% 1943 ..	103⅛	103⅛	Ital.,7% 1951 ..	98¾	98¼
Belg.,6% 1955 ..	104	104	Jap.,6½% 1954	104¼	104⅝
Do.,7% 1955 ..	113¼	113	Nord Rly. 6½%,'50	106¼	105½
Bordeaux, 6%,'34	105⅛	105⅛	Norway6% 1952	103	103
Brazil,7½% 1952	100½	100⅛	P.L.M.,6% 1958	104¼	104¼
Bulg.,7.'67	80	80	Do., 7% 1958	106	105¼
Canada5% 1931	101	101⅛	Poland,7% 1947 ..	84½	84⅛
Chile,7.'42	102	101⅞	Do., 8% 1950 ..	94¼	94¾
Do.,6.'60	90	89½	Rio do Sul, 8%,'46	98½	98½
Denm'k6% 1942	106½	105¾	San F.,8% 1950 ..	94½	94
Dutch E.I. 6%,'52	102¼	102½	Seine, 7% Swed.5½%	108	108
Do.,5½% 1953 ..	101⅛	101⅝	1942 ..	105¼	105¾
Est Rly. 7%,'54	105¾	105¼	1954 .. Tokyo City, 5½%,'61	91¼	91⅝

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter:—

—	July 11	July 10
Atchison, Pref.	105¼	105¼
Lehigh Valley	61½	64½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas ..	38⅝	38⅛
New York, Ontario and Western ..	10	10⅞
Reading, 1st Prefd. ..	48	48
Texas and Pacific	112	112
National Lead	129	135

* Ex dividend. ‡ Ex rights. † Ex stock dividend. § Asked.

Call money was in small demand, and the rate for call loans after ruling at 2½ per cent. declined to 2 per cent. Time money was quoted 2½ to 3½ per cent., according to maturity. Commercial paper ranged from 3 to 3½ per cent. for prime names.

Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2 per cent. to 1½ per cent. for 90 day bank bills, and 2½ to 2¾ per cent. for six months bills.

Sterling Exchange receded to 4.86 13-32 for cable transfers.

Silver advanced ¼c. to 34½c. for foreign bullion.

BONDS were quieter but generally steady. Sales reached $9,986,000.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call Money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2 11/32-2⅝	1½-2
New York	2½	2-1 16	2
Paris	2½	2⅛	2¼
Berlin	4	3½	3-3
Swiss Bank rates	2½	2	—
Milan	5½	5½	—
Amsterdam	3	1 15/16	2¼
Brussels	3	2 1/32	1½

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKETS

NEW YORK, July 11.—WHEAT.—The cash market closed easy and ½c. to 2½c. lower. No. 2 red winter, 98½c.; No. 2 amber durum, unquoted. No. 2 hard winter, 92½c.; No. 2 Manitoba, 102½c. MAIZE steady and ½c. dearer. No. 2 mixed, 90½c., f.o.b. New York. OATS firm at 1½c. advance. White clipped, 44½c., No. 2 Western, 35c., f.o.b. New York. RYE easy and 1½c. down. BARLEY nominal. No. 2 malting, unquoted.

FLOUR was irregular. Springs clears 35c. higher at $5.15; Kansas straights 10c. lower at $4.75; Minneapolis patents and bakers' clears unaltered at $5.30 and $4.70 respectively. Rye flour quoted $4.10 to $4.45.

LARD was steady and unaltered. Prime Western steam, $10.00; Middle West, spot, $9.85 per 100lb.

COFFEE.—Rio futures opened steady at 3 points advance to 6 points decline, and generally receded afterwards on selling by local interests, the close being barely steady at declines ranging from 10 to 16 points. Sales were estimated at 17,000 bags. Closing prices:—July, 6.47; Sept., 6.42; Dec., 6.15; Jan., 6.10; March, 6.00. SANTOS.—No. 4 futures closed barely steady at 14 to 21 points loss. Sales, 32,000 bags. Closing prices:—July, 12.46; Sept., 11.00; Dec., 9.98; Jan., 9.88; March, 9.62; May, 9.45. CASH COFFEE steady. Rio No. 7, 7½c. to 7¾c.; Santos No. 4, 12½c. to 13c.

COCOA futures closed steady and 2 points to 1 point lower. Sales, 31,000 bags. Closing prices:—July, 8.20; Sept., 8.33; Dec., 8.30; Jan., 8.37; March, 8.55; May, 8.71.

SUGAR.—Raw futures closed barely steady at 4 to 3 points decline. Sales, 18,000 bags. July, 1.16; Sept., 1.28; Dec., 1.37; Jan., 1.38; March, 1.46; May, 1.53. No. 2 Contract, duty free:—July, 3.14; Sept., 3.19; Dec., 3.29. Cuban centrifugals, 96 degrees, spot, quoted 3.33c. per lb. Sales comprise 8,000 bags Cuba, July shipment, at 3.33c. per lb.; and 8,000 bags Porto Rico, prompt shipment, at 3.30c. per lb., c.i.f.

COTTON on the spot closed 20 points lower at 13.10c. The futures market opened irregular with quotations 3 points higher to 2 points lower. Declines occurred owing to poor textile advices and forecasts of "bearish" consumption figures, but selling was restrained by continued hot and dry weather. Later, however, the weakness of wheat and reports of rains caused liquidation, closing values registering net losses ranging from 36 to 23 points with the final tone steady. New Orleans spot middling declined 5 points to 12.60c., and the futures market closed 30 to 38 points below previous final values.

NEW YORK Futures	Closing Range To-day	Prev. day
July .. ..

COMPANY MEETINGS

THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION

A DIFFICULT YEAR

SATISFACTORY RESULTS

LORD INCHCAPE ON EASTERN TRADE

The TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited, was held yesterday at 122, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.

The RIGHT HON. the EARL of INCHCAPE, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., K.C.I.E. (the chairman), who presided, said:—Gentlemen,—The result of the year's trading has left us with a profit of £107,345 4s. 4d., which is slightly in excess of that shown in the previous year.

There has been some variation in our balance-sheet figures which I will proceed to explain. Last year there was a decrease in our loans, and you will observe that this year the figure has been restored to the normal amount to which we have been accustomed.

The special causes which last year induced us to lighten our holdings in bills and investments having disappeared, we have increased our loans against such investments.

There is also, as you will see, a gratifying increase in our current, deposit, and other accounts, which have risen from £7,250,000 to over £8,000,000; against these liabilities we are holding a larger amount of cash in hand, and with an increase in the item of bullion in hand the figure of our resources available to meet our liabilities on current account stands at £1,532,000. Our advances to customers continue on much the same level as in the previous year, and I am glad to say that they are all in a good and healthy condition.

Bills receivable are considerably up on last year; they are nearly £6,000,000 as against just over £3,000,000 in the previous year. Our investments have increased by £970,000.

OVER-PRODUCTION OF COMMODITIES AND DECLINE IN PRICES

Instability in all markets and throughout the world has been the keynote of the past year. Bank rate, which at March 31, 1929, was 5½ per cent., at the close of our year had been reduced to 4 per cent. after undergoing six changes. International money conditions have been affected by these fluctuations to an unusual extent. Commodity prices have suffered a severe and continuous decline, which is estimated in respect of those commodities which form the subject of Index Numbers at not less than 12 per cent.

Throughout the world there has been over-production, more particularly in raw and primary materials for industrial productions. I may instance in illustration the large supplies of wheat and cotton, the first of which is estimated to amount to 1,500,000,000 bushels, as against 1,455,000,000 bushels a year ago; while the world's visible supply of cotton is estimated at 1,200,000 bales higher than a year ago. Until this surplus of supplies over demand is overtaken by the consumptive capacity of the world we cannot expect to see a stabilization of prices sufficient to restore the confidence which has been disturbed by the severe depreciation to which I have referred.

DIFFICULTIES IN INDIA AND CHINA

In India and the Far East two additional causes have affected the volume of trade and aggravated the difficulties of the economic conditions to which the whole world has been subject. In India an acute hostility to established authority and a boycott of British goods have rendered business very difficult and in many cases impossible, while in China the almost daily continuance of the fall in price of silver has dislocated both the import and export trades and has reacted on the stability of existing trading firms.

In conditions such as I have sketched above trading has been unusually difficult, and we are greatly indebted to the management at home and abroad for the results achieved, and I feel sure you will wish to tender our cordial thanks to all our staff at home and abroad for their care and efforts on our behalf.

PROGRESS OF THE ALLAHABAD BANK

Our affiliated bank, the Allahabad Bank, has again, I am glad to say, made good progress. Like all other Indian banks, which must necessarily hold a large amount of Indian Government securities, they have not escaped the effect of the sharp fall in the prices of these investments. A very considerable proportion of this fall will be recovered when these securities mature, and by the greater proportion of the Allahabad Bank investments is in Government bonds maturing within the next four years.

The Chairman concluded by moving the adoption of the report and accounts.

The RIGHT HON. the EARL of SELBORNE, K.G., G.C.M.G., seconded the resolution, and it was carried unanimously.

On the motion of the CHAIRMAN, seconded by Mr. W. E. PRESTON (deputy-chairman), a dividend of 5 per cent., less income-tax, was approved, payable on July 18.

THE DIRECTORATE

The retiring directors, Mr. W. E. Preston, Mr. Colin F. Campbell, Mr. E. F. Mackay, and Mr. A. D'A. Willis, were re-elected, and Messrs. Peat, Marwick, Mitchell, and Co. were reappointed auditors.

The CHAIRMAN proposed a resolution increasing the remuneration of the directors. He said that he made that proposal without hesitation, as he himself drew no fees as a director of the company.

The resolution was seconded by Mr. E. T. HARGRAVES and carried unanimously.

Mr. HARGRAVES proposed a vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, management, and staff, remarking that shareholders might rest perfectly satisfied so long as their interests were in the hands of Lord Inchcape and his colleagues. (Hear, hear.) They had achieved wonderful results in a difficult year, and he thought it would be the wish of the shareholders to thank the board and management for the admirable way in which they had carried out their duties. (Cheers.)

The vote was seconded by Mr. PITT and unanimously accorded, a brief acknowledgment by the CHAIRMAN concluding the proceedings.

LLOYDS BANK BALANCE-SHEET

The balance-sheet of Lloyd's Bank as at June 30 was issued yesterday, and in the following table the items are compared with those of a year ago:—

	June 30, 1930		June 30, 1929	
	£		£	
LIABILITIES—				
Capital paid up	15,810,252		15,810,252	
Reserve Fund	10,000,000		10,000,000	
Current deposits and other accounts	352,970,281		351,274,541	
Acceptances	8,287,433		9,750,204	
Endorsements, guarantees, &c.	32,298,320		43,738,691	
ASSETS—	£	% *	£	% *
Cash in hand and at Bank of England	39,753,755	11·3	36,593,548	10·4
Balance with, and cheques in course of collection on other British banks	12,548,580	3·6	12,890,194	3·7
Money at call and short notice	26,907,294	8·6	28,718,715	8·2
Treasury Bills	33,535,000	9·5	30,750,000	8·7
British Bills of exchange	6,707,380	1·9	8,938,083	2·5
Colonial and Foreign Bills	4,553,502	1·3	3,975,022	1·1
Investments†	40,725,190	11·5	37,709,983	10·7
Loans and advances	185,875,811	52·7	194,193,731	55·3
Balances with banks abroad	1,213,225	0·3	1,896,845	0·5
Items in transit	3,632,600	1·0	4,309,436	1·2
Other accounts	5,144,424	1·5	3,467,799	1·0
Bank premises	7,256,575	2·1	7,600,284	2·9
Balance-sheet total	419,371,586	—	430,878,172	—

† Excluding those in affiliated banks. * Ratio to deposits.

Deposits are slightly higher. The liquid position has been more than maintained, but declines are shown in British bills of exchange and in loans and advances, the ratio of the latter item to deposits showing a fall on the year from 55.3 per cent. to 52.7 per cent.

LOVELL AND CHRISTMAS

UNFAVOURABLE BUSINESS CONDITIONS

THE FALL IN COMMODITY PRICES

The THIRTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of Lovell and Christmas, Limited, was held yesterday at Cannon Street Hotel, London, E.C.

Mr. W. G. LOVELL, C.B.E. (chairman of the company), presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. John R. B. Young) having read the notice convening the meeting,

The CHAIRMAN, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—In presenting the report of our thirty-fifth year of trading we greatly regret that we have been obliged to recommend that no dividend be paid on the Ordinary shares for the final half-year. The result of the year's trading has been very unsatisfactory, the only consolation being that we are not in the dark as to the causes which have brought it about, and this should enable us to put ourselves in a position to cope with similar circumstances in the future. The main cause of the decrease in earnings is the fall in the selling price of commodities. Our business being almost entirely run on commission lines, a fall of one-third in the price of butter (such as actually occurred when prices fell from 184s. to 126s. per cwt.) means a loss of one-third of our commission. Then again, you will realize that it is impossible to carry on a business of this magnitude without certain stocks being carried, especially by our subsidiary companies. These stocks, although small individually, amount in the aggregate to a considerable sum. On fluctuating markets we generally come out all square at the end of the year, but on this occasion we have had falling markets for practically nine months. Needless to say, this has necessitated the periodical writing-off of adverse balances.

REDUCTION OF WORKING EXPENSES

As we are of opinion that prices in the future are likely to continue to rule on a lower basis than we have been accustomed to since the War, although perhaps not quite so low as they are at present, we must face this position, and we realize that the only effective means by which we can re-establish our earning power are the handling of still larger supplies and more economical working. I am glad to say that we have already taken steps which should ensure the former, and that we can see our way to considerably reduce our working expenses, including distribution and transport, without in any way impairing the efficiency of our service.

You will see from the report that a sum of £133,452 11s. has been withdrawn from the reserves, and the way in which it has been appropriated is set forth quite clearly. I might mention that the amount of £8,550 18s. 6d. has been deducted as a reserve from sundry debtors and trade loans as an ordinary precautionary measure, and not because we are anticipating abnormal bad debts.

With regard to the main amount of the appropriation—£110,496 11s. 3d. "to meet losses realized on loans and investments consequent upon the liquidation of subsidiary companies"—the explanation is as follows:—We owned two companies which for several years have shown unsatisfactory results, and we have been waiting for an opportunity of disposing of our holdings in them on the best terms possible. During the last season the fall in the price of commodities, which caused the reduction in our own profits, caused them to make heavy losses and rendered any satisfactory disposal impossible; so we made up our minds to swallow the bitter pill, and to close them down, writing the amount of the loss off our reserve for specific purposes.

POSITION OF THE SUBSIDIARIES

With regard to the other items in the accounts, your directors and auditors are satisfied that they are on sound lines. The total appearing in the balance-sheet representing shares in, and loans to, subsidiary companies may appear large, but I should like to explain that these interests are directly connected with your company, either as suppliers of goods or as outlets for the goods we handle. To a considerable extent they are in reality branches, but we have found it good policy to give them the form of companies, with the managers constituting local boards, each having a share or profit interest in the results of the respective companies which they manage. I must refrain, in the interests of the company, from giving particulars of these subsidiary companies. The amount could very well be apportioned to the other headings in the balance-sheet—such as freehold and leasehold premises and plant, stocks and book debts—and in this form, of course, the total would not attract the attention which it does in its present form.

The transfer of £94,535 6s. 3d. from the general reserve to the specific reserve is dictated by prudence and caution and not by the necessity of providing for any impending losses on loans and investments. It will be seen that the general reserve now stands at £100,000 and the specific reserve at £151,663 6s. 1d., a total of more than a quarter of a million sterling.

PROSPECTS OF BETTER RESULTS

Dealing with the future, I can only say that it appears improbable that prices can fall under the present level, as they have been below the cost of production for some months and any improvement would be to our advantage. We do feel assured that the very complete schemes of reorganization to which I have already alluded must give satisfactory and better results as their development continues.

I want to thank one and all of my fellow-directors for their cooperation and hard work during this difficult and exacting year. When times are bad anxiety doubles their load, and I can assure you that this year has been a record one in this respect for us all.

I want also to specially thank our managers and staff for the extra efforts they have made to meet the troubles with which we have been afflicted. Unfortunately, like the directors, they suffer directly in their remuneration by the absence of the bonus, but they have realized the position and accepted the inevitable in a good spirit. They are fully determined to prevent a repetition of the results which necessitate this absence, if efforts on their part can bring it about.

Mr. EDWARD D. LOVELL seconded the resolution, which, after the CHAIRMAN had replied to a number of questions, was carried with two dissentients.

GROCERY MERGER

NEW COMPANY REGISTERED

The name of the new company formed as a result of the big grocery merger announced in a previous issue is Allied Stores, Limited. This company was registered yesterday with a nominal capital of £100, in 25 "A" Preference, 25 "B" Preference, and 25 Preferred shares of £1 each, and 100 Ordinary shares of 5s. each. It is to take over the businesses of the Home and Colonial Stores, the Meadow Dairy Company, the Maypole Dairy Company, Pearks Dairies, and the International Tea Company's Stores and also shares of Lipton Limited.

The directors are Sir James Martin (chairman), and Messrs. William May, William Thomas Bradbury, Guy Collier, Colin Cooper, F. Drowley, A. Greig, D. Hardwick, A. Hoskins, C. F. L. Hunt, F. G. Pearce, A. Purves, and J. B. Wakefield. The remuneration of the directors (except directors receiving remuneration under service agreements) is not to exceed £15,000 a year, with any further sums which may be voted by the company.

PROGRESS OF CANADIAN CROPS

A cablegram reporting on the condition of the Canadian crops, received from the head office of the Bank of Montreal, states that as regards the Prairie Provinces crop conditions in Saskatchewan and Manitoba are generally satisfactory, but more rain is needed in Southern Saskatchewan and practically the whole of Alberta, except the Peace River district. Wheat is heading out in many districts. There has been some damage by hail in all three Provinces, but the extent of the losses has not yet been determined.

In Quebec crops in general are in a satisfactory condition, except on low-lying lands.

Prospects of a good average crop are reported from all sections of Ontario.

Recent rains have improved conditions in many sections of the Maritime Provinces, and crop growth is satisfactory.

In British Columbia warm weather now prevails, and all crops are stated to be making satisfactory progress.

A booklet entitled "Investors' Tables," showing yields on stocks at quotations ranging from 30 to 500, and shares at prices from 10s. to £10, at 62 different rates of interest, &c., has been published by Edwards and Smith (London), Limited, price 2s. 6d. net.

FOREIGN TRADE IN JUNE

FURTHER CONTRACTION IN VALUES

DECLINE IN MANUFACTURED EXPORTS

The trade returns for the past month, compared with the figures for June, 1929, show a decline in both imports and exports. It should be remembered that there was one working day fewer in the month just passed than in June, 1929, and that lower prices account for a considerable part of the decrease. Imports declined by £8,056,000, or 8.8 per cent.; British exports by £7,048,000, or 14.1 per cent., and re-exports by £1,737,000, or 18.0 per cent.

The apparent adverse balance of trade, excluding the movements of bullion and coin, was for the month £32,717,000, against £31,988,000 in June 1929 and £30,950,000 in May last. For the first six months of 1930 the apparent adverse balance was £187,618,000 as compared with £185,423,000 in 1929 and £182,592,000 in 1928.

Comparisons are made in the following tables:—

JUNE, 1930, COMPARED WITH JUNE, 1929.
(One working day more in June, 1929)

Imports	£83,441,738	— £8,055,905	— 8·8%
Exports	£42,945,302	— £7,048,042	— 14·1%
Re-exports	£7,879,013	— £1,737,020	— 18·0%

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE, 1930, COMPARED WITH SAME PERIOD OF 1929

Imports	£541,749,032	— £62,978,363	— 10·4%
Exports	£304,851,252	— £53,891,054	— 15·0%
Re-exports	£49,279,550	— £11,282,282	— 18·6%
Total exports	£354,130,802	— £65,173,316	— 15·5%

I.—IMPORTS OF FOREIGN AND COLONIAL MERCHANDISE

Principal Articles	—	Quantities June, 1929	Quantities June, 1930
Animals—Cattle for food	No.	44,771	45,652
„ Sheep and lambs for food	„	95,691	86,582
Bacon	cwt.	641,909	743,543
Beef	„	1,057,402	1,105,972
Butter	„	610,528	682,965
Margarine	„	73,659	73,494
Cheese	„	218,749	206,635
Coffee	„	22,505	25,844
Copper, ore and regulus	tons	1,817	4,753
Corn—Wheat	cwt.	7,678,858	7,183,466
„ Wheat flour	„	688,156	818,449
„ Barley	„	409,188	829,678
„ Oats	„	547,269	1,092,304
„ Maize	„	2,639,381	2,505,951
Cotton, raw (except Linters	cwts.	758,707	626,357
Eggs, in shell	gt. hunds.	1,775,540	2,274,978
Flax	tons	3,608	3,179
Hemp	„	7,649	5,804
Hides, dry and wet	cwt.	77,447	99,483
Iron and steel	tons	234,208	214,504
Jute	„	5,213	3,734
Lard	„	9,151	9,410
Leather	cwt.	69,041	71,435
Mutton and lamb	„	462,106	597,624
Nitrate of soda	„	99,342	18,531
Oil, petroleum, refined	gallons	126,364,213	177,928,858
Rice	cwt.	246,306	270,298
Rubber, crude	centals	201,227	292,968
Seeds—Flax or linseed	tons	22,845	16,912
Sugar, refined	cwt.	105,228	151,830
„ raw	„	2,880,743	3,549,365
Tallow, unrefined	tons	3,196	4,412
Tea	lb.	33,074,824	30,170,789
Tin	tons	1,443	850
Tobacco, unmanufactured	lb.	7,819,306	5,743,696
Wine	gallons	1,107,504	876,954
Wool, sheep or lambs'	centals	702,963	711,351

Principal Articles	Value June, 1929	Value June, 1930	Inc. or Dec. per cent., compared with June, 1929
Animals—Cattle, for food	£ 680,553	£ 604,816	+ 1·9
Sheep and lambs for food	232,538	204,588	— 9·5
Bacon	3,370,293	3,592,597	+ 15·8
Beef	3,184,492	2,929,183	+ 4·5
Butter	4,951,788	4,360,333	+ 11·8
Margarine	1,212,200	1,067,603	+ 9·2
Cheese	1,014,007	864,196	+ 5·5
Coffee	148,819	146,359	+ 14·8
Copper, ore and regulus	72,295	224,295	+ 161·5
Corn—Wheat	3,714,747	3,106,290	+ 6·4
„ Wheat flour	438,310	519,902	+ 33·4
„ Barley	198,206	283,741	+ 102·7
„ Oats	220,733	297,148	+ 99·5
„ Maize	1,138,641	738,093	+ 5·0
Cotton raw (except Linters)	3,928,848	2,511,410	+ 17·4
„ manufactures	690,021	625,167	—
Eggs, in shell	964,973	1,160,549	+ 23·1
Flax	300,310	227,171	+ 11·8
Hemp	283,688	182,554	+ 24·1
Hides—dry and wet	333,501	336,250	+ 28·4
Iron and steel	2,083,522	1,783,837	+ 6·4
Jute	170,061	139,416	+ 10·0
Lard	551,289	511,529	+ 2·8
Leather	1,147,700	1,017,677	+ 3·4
Mutton and lamb	1,812,793	1,836,421	+ 29·3
Nitrate of Soda	50,470	8,934	+ 81·3
Oil, petroleum, refined	2,786,565	3,993,632	+ 40·8
Rice	154,070	173,097	+ 9·7
Rubber, crude	900,764	852,401	+ 45·5
Seeds—Flax or linseed	372,807	299,457	+ 25·9
Silk manufactures	960,809	746,831	—
Sugar, refined	68,185	81,278	+ 44·2
„ raw	1,474,894	1,429,668	+ 23·2
Tallow, unrefined	123,785	162,773	+ 44·3
Tea	2,383,341	1,972,065	+ 8·7
Tin	301,098	116,899	+ 41·0
Tobacco, unmanufactured	513,755	363,918	+ 26·5
Wine	488,455	348,278	+ 20·8
Wood and timber	3,646,790	4,412,890	—
Wool, sheep or lambs'	5,171,693	3,621,500	+ 1·1
Woollen and worsted manufactures	711,678	752,217	—
All other articles	39,729,284	35,665,045	—
Total	91,497,643	83,441,738	—

Principal Articles	Value 1929	Value 1930	Quantity	Value
	£	£		
Apparel	1,438,191	1,158,087	—	— 19·4
Beer and ale	105,626	139,107	+ 38·7	+ 31·6
Cement	186,106	207,834	+ 10·5	+ 11·6
Chinaware and earthenware	483,410	368,855	—	— 23·6
Coal	3,884,352	3,335,653	— 16·9	— 14·1
Copper	170,575	167,863	+ 22·5	— 1·5
Cotton yarn and twist	1,562,274	1,124,631	— 13·2	— 28·0
„ piece goods	6,232,422	4,175,858	— 29·1	— 32·9
„ other manufactures	982,543	886,080	—	— 9·7
Flax and hemp yarns	87,427	68,744	— 9·3	— 21·3
Hardware other than hollow-ware and cutlery	192,832	154,925	—	— 4·8
Iron and steel	4,784,542	4,108,189	— 18·2	— 14·2
Jute yarn	109,418	61,999	— 36·3	— 43·3
„ piece goods	187,421	148,512	— 4·0	— 20·7
Linen piece goods	346,704	293,621	— 4·8	— 15·3
Machinery and millwork	3,794,200	3,652,447	—	— 3·7
Manures, ammonium sulphate	398,798	391,627	— 9·7	— 26·8
Oils, fats and greases	339,763	188,711	— 45·5	— 44·4
Salt (except table salt)	72,220	74,914	— 2·4	+ 3·7
Silk manufactures	136,502	85,869	—	— 37·0
Sodium compounds	268,389	216,320	— 25·0	— 19·4
Spirits	682,268	493,062	— 25·8	— 27·7
Sugar, refined	117,302	151,534	+ 114·3	+ 29·1
Wool, sheep or lambs'	318,112	148,390	— 35·3	— 53·3
Woollen and worsted yarn	606,713	361,462	— 27·0	— 40·4
„ tissues, heavy and light, narrow and broad	1,469,169	897,504	— 32·9	— 38·9
Worsted	588,491	330,018	— 39·7	— 43·9
Woollen carpets	155,808	126,919	— 19·5	— 18·5
All other articles	20,281,760	19,432,672	—	— 4·1
Total	49,993,544	42,845,302	—	— 14·1

Compared with the figures for June, 1929, imports of food, drink and tobacco fell by £1,976,000, raw materials by £4,070,000, and manufactured articles by £1,954,000. Grain and flour fell by £897,000, wheat declined in quantity by 595,000cwt., and in value by £607,000, flour rose by 230,000cwt. and £82,000; barley was higher in quantity by 400,000cwt. and in value by £86,000; and oats by 545,000cwt. and £76,000; maize fell by 133,000cwt. and £401,000. Meat advanced by £138,000; bacon rose by 102,000cwt. and £222,000; beef was greater in quantity by 49,000cwt., but less in value by £255,000, and mutton rose by 136,000cwt. and £214,000. Other food and drink, non dutiable, declined by £595,000 and dutiable food and drink by £149,000. Eggs advanced in quantity and value, but tea fell by 2,904,000lb. and £411,000. Refined sugar rose by 47,000cwt. and £13,000; unrefined sugar was higher by 769,000cwt. but lower in value by £45,000. Tobacco fell by £146,000 with a decrease of 1,076,000lb. of unmanufactured tobacco. Raw cotton fell in quantity by 132,000 centals and in value by £1,417,000, sheep's wool rose by 8,000 centals, but fell in value by £1,550,000; flax and hemp were each lower in quantity and value and jute increased in quantity by 500 tons, but declined in value by £31,000. Crude rubber rose in quantity by 92,000 centals, equal to 45·3 per cent., but fell in value by £48,000, equal to 5·3 per cent. Iron and steel fell by £300,000, non-ferrous metals by £449,000, and machinery by £219,000; cottons fell by £115,000, woollens and worsteds by £97,000, silks by £176,000, and other textiles by £203,000. Petroleum advanced in quantity by 51,565,000 gallons and in value by £1,207,000.

With regard to British exports, food, drink and tobacco fell by £738,000, raw materials by £1,420,000 and manufactured articles by £4,605,000. Coal fell in quantity by 826,000 tons, or 16·9 per cent. and in value by £551,000, or 14·1 per cent. Iron and steel declined by £681,000, non-ferrous metals by £308,000 and machinery by £142,000. Cottons fell by £2,590,000 with a reduction of 1,630,000lb. of yarn and 65,180,000 sq. yards of piece goods; woollens and worsteds declined by £1,231,000, silks by £52,000, and other textiles by £468,000. New ships increased in value by £2,207,000.

CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, July 11.—The following are closing quotations on the Bourse:—

3% Perpetual Rentes, 87.20 (previous closing, 87.10); 5% Rentes, 1915-16, 102 (102); 4% 1917, 101.75 (101.70); 4% 1918, 100.80 (100.80); 5% 1920, 133.27 (133.25); 6% 1920, 102.02 (102); 6% 1927, 105.80 (105.80); 5% Credit National, 1919, 610 (605); 5% 1920, 540 (540); 6% 1921, 543 (540); 6% 1922 (1st), 535 (532.50); 6% 1923 (1st), 555 (554); 6% 1924, 555 (550); 4% Egyptian Unified, 378.10 (374.60); 3½% Italian Rentes, 88.60 (88); 5% Brazilian, 1914, 360 (360); 5% Russian, 1909, 7.30 (7.10); 4½% Russian, 1906, 3.70 (4); 4% Turkish Unified, 53.40 (53.20); Banque de France, 22,525 (22,650); Banque de Paris, 2,010 (2,820); Banque Parisienne, 1,855 (1,880); Comptoir National d'Escompte, 1,927 (1,927); Credit Foncier Egyptien, 3,525 (3,515); Credit Lyonnais, 2,105 (2,125); Banque d'Orient, 531 (532); Banque Ottomane, 1,018 (1,018); Suez Canal Shares, 17,765 (17,875); Chargeurs Reunis, 667 (665); Messageries Maritimes, 220 (222); Transatlantique, 775 (784); Raffinerie Say, 1,874 (1,870); Sucreries d'Egypte, 732 (730); Wagons-Lits, 514 (523); Thomson-Houston, 868 (882); Lautaro Nitrate, 393 (399); Ford of France, 294 (300); Rio Tinto, 4,320 (4,330); Tharsis, 492 (495); De Beers, 873 (892); De Beers Preferred, 1,360 (1,403); Jagersfontein Estate, 185 (193); Central Mining, 2,030 (2,025); Chartered, 206 (206); Brakpan, 364 (349); Crown Mines, 443 (442); East Rand, 60 (60); Geduld, 459 (457); General Mining, 87 (88); Consolidated Goldfields, 205 (203); Johannesburg Consolidated, 237 (238); Randfontein Estate, 50 (50); Rand Mines, 377 (377); Tanganyika, 267 (265); Transvaal Consolidated, 161 (158); Union Corporation, 386 (392); Mozambique, 59 (61); West Rand Mines Consolidated, 39 (39); Caoutchoucs, 152 (152); Eastern International, 106 (107); Gula Sabon, 1,150 (1,150); Kuala Lumpur, 177 (177); Malacca, 172 (171); Mexican Eagle, 157 (156); Royal Dutch, 40.750 (40.400); Shell Transport, 588 (581); Platine, 2,370 (2,390); Oceana Consolidated, 12.50 (12.50). Exchange on New York, 25.42 (25.413½); exchange on London, official average, 123.66 (123.65); cheques, closing market rate, 123.65 (123.65½). Private discount rate, 2⅛% (2⅛%); short money, 2¼% (2⅛%). The Bourse will remain closed until Tuesday.—*Reuter.*

AMSTERDAM, July 11.—Closing quotations:—6% Dutch, 1922, 105¹¹/₁₆ (previous, 105¹¹/₁₆); 5% Dutch, 1925, 91 (102⅝); 3% Dutch, 79 (79); Peruvian 7s (7⅛); Peruvian 4% Cum. Pref., 43¼ (42⅞); Erie 44 (43⅝); New York Ontario, 12 (11⅜); United States Steel, 159¾ (156¾); Union Pacific, 220 (213); Royal Dutch Petroleum, 395½ (394½); Anaconda, 102½ (101½); Dell Batavia Rubber, 85⅞ (82); Deli Mij, 333 (—); Senembah Mij, 349¼ (—); Amsterdam Rubber, 126½ (125½); Margarine Unie, 284¼ (280); Philips Lamps, 358 (358); Exchange on Berlin, 59.55½ (59.32½); London, 12.09⅛ (12.09¹¹/₁₆); New York, 2.48⅝ (2.48¹¹/₁₆); Paris, 9.78¼ (9.78¼).

BERLIN, July 11.—Closing quotations:—Deutsche Erdoel, 85.25 (previous 85.50); Dynamit Nobel, 75.25 (unquoted); Kali Industrie Kasel, 172.75 (174); Salzdetfurth, 360.25 (362.50); Rheinbraunkohlen, 220.50 (221.75); Rhein. Westfael. Elekt, 170.60 (171).

Reuter's quotations:—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 8.87 (previous 8.90); Mexican Consols, 17.75 (17.25); Reichsbank, 256 (257); Berliner Handels Gesellschaft, 157.25 (156.50); Commerz and Privat Bank, 138 (139.75); Darmstadter and National Bank, 200 (202.25); Deutsche Bank and Disconto, 131 (131.50); Dresdner Bank, 131.50 (131.50); Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 125 (125.50); Harpener, 119 (119.50); Allgemeine Elekt, 150.75 (151.50); Farbenindustrie, 159.50 (160.25); Farbenindustrie 6% Debs., 102 (102.75); Hamburg Amerika, 97.25 (98.75); Norddeutsche Lloyd, 97.80 (98.75); A.K.U., 104.10 (99.50); Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 85.50 (86.25); Siemens Tandticks, 310.50 (308); Polyphon, 224 (224.37); Siemens and Halske, 215.30 (214.50); Schuckert, 170.50 (172). Exchange on London, 20.38½ (20.39); Paris, 16.48 (16.48½); Amsterdam, 168.54 (168.54); New York, 4.19 (4.19¼). Short term (30-55 days), 5¾% (4¾%); Long term (55-90 days), 5¾% (5¾%). Call Money, 3%-5% (3%-5%).

VIENNA, July 11.—Closing quotations.—Gar. Oest. Voelkerbundanl (Austrian Issue), 107.70 (previous, 107.75); Donau-Save-Adria-Bahn, 12.55 (unquoted); Oest. National Bank, 313.50 (313); Wiener Bankverein, 18 (18); Oest. Credit Anstalt, 47.55 (47.55); Niederoest. Eskompte, 159 (159); Donau-Dampfschiffahrts, 22 (22); Oest. Brown-Boveri, 167.25 (unquoted); Oest. Siemens Schuckert, 188.75 (186.60); Oest. Saigo Tarjaner Steinkohlen, 48.50 (48.45); Oest. Alpine-Montan, 23.70 (23.45); Berg and Huetten-werk, 67.25 (669.50); Felten and Guilleaume, 57.50 (57.20); Bernderfer Metallwarenfabrik, Arthur Krupp, 5.75 (unquoted); Galiz Karpathen Petroleum, 3.01 (5). Exchange on Amsterdam, 284.82 (284.75); London, 34.44 (34.43½); New York, 680 (680); Paris, 27.86½ (27.84½).—*Reuter.*

THE COAL STRIKE IN AUSTRALIA

COSTS OF THE STOPPAGE

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

Figures indicative of the disastrous results of the recent strike of coal miners in Australia are now available. The strike lasted 15 months, involving about 11,000 men who, it will be recalled, opposed a reduction of wages by means of which the owners sought to bring the price of coal from the uneconomic level to which it had risen.

The mines were reopened at the beginning of June, when the miners accepted terms of settlement which they had twice previously rejected. In the interval the wages lost by the stoppage amounted to nearly £3,000,000, and sustenance money by means of doles from the Government and the Miners' Federation totalled £1,385,000, to which must be added a considerable sum lost to the owners in overhead charges. The settlement has brought down the price of inter-State coal by 3s. 3d. per ton, but coal for shipment overseas is expected to show a greater reduction.

EXPLOSION RISKS IN PRIVATE HOUSES

In connexion with the comments which appeared in these columns on Wednesday respecting the recent disaster by explosion at Castleford, Yorkshire, it is pointed out that private dwellings are among the classes of property on which fire insurance companies accept the risk of explosion, including damage by concussion as well as by fire, without extra charge. The modern and special form of fire policy issued to cover private dwelling houses includes this risk.

U.S. FEDERAL RESERVE STATEMENT

The following are the principal items of the weekly statement issued by the United States Federal Reserve Board, with increases or decreases compared with the previous week (in thousands of dollars):—

RESOURCES	July 9	Inc. or Dec.
Total gold reserves	3,018,130	+ 24,720
Reserves other than gold	159,840	+ 1,800
Total bills discounted	236,320	— 24,080
Bills bought in open market	148,950	— 8,540
Total bills on hand	385,260	— 32,640
Total U.S. Govt. securities	590,580	— 5,370
Total bills and securities	983,140	— 38,010
Total resources	4,917,940	— 65,330
LIABILITIES		
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	1,466,600	— 25,650
Member bank deposits, reserve account	2,417,310	+ 10,920
Government deposits	30,110	+ 5,310
Total deposits	2,481,110	+ 7,300
Total liabilities	4,917,940	— 65,330
Ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal note liabilities combined	81·7	+ 1·0%

MONEY MARKET

FUNDS PLENTIFUL

SOVEREIGNS RELEASED

At the opening of business in Lombard-street yesterday there was an inclination to allow discount rates to weaken, purchases of three months' fine bank bills being reported at 2 5-16 per cent. Later, however, the tone hardened, and the result of the Treasury Bill allotment—the average was £2 7s. 0.75d. per cent.—served to confirm the harder tendency. At the close market rates showed little change from Thursday, brokers usually quoting 2⅜ per cent. for three months bank bills but occasionally working 1-32 under that rate in competition. Payments for new Treasury Bills being £7,000,000 in excess of the maturing bills next week it seems probable that in spite of the comparatively high figure of the Bankers' Deposits in the latest Bank Return money may be in fair demand, and this, coupled with the prospects of a continuance of the French gold drain, provides sufficient reason for maintaining discount rates in the face of the usual end-week ease in money. Discount brokers' sales were usually confined to July, August, and September bills, some of the clearing banks being buyers of such maturities at 2½ per cent. Money was very abundant, supplies being apparently increased by the lending of some of the application money for the new London Electric Railway issue. Soon after the start the rate for fresh accommodation for the night declined to 1½ per cent., and in the afternoon fell to 1¼ per cent. Old loans carried at variable rates were frequently renewed at 1½ per cent. Leading foreign exchanges were inclined to move against sterling but the Bank gained gold on balance owing to the release (presumably on Argentine account) of £600,000 in sovereigns.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Rates (per Cent.). Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).

Day to day periods.	60 days	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1¼–2	2⅝–2½	2⅝–2½	2⅝–2½	2⅝–2½

Discount (Treasury Bills) (Fine Trade) Bills.

2 Mths.	3 Mths.	4 months.	6 months.
2⅝–2½	2⅝–2⅝	2⅝–2⅝	2⅝–2⅝

BANK OF SPAIN

	July 5	Inc. or Dec.
	Pesetas	Pesetas
Gold in hand	2,471,458,496	+ 225,446
Silver in hand	719,424,018	+ 4,142,442
Foreign bills	34,083,663	— 868,413
Discounts, &c.	2,055,155,227	+ 224,961,499
Treasury Accounts, &c.	680,349,252	— 8,857,070
Notes in circulation	4,455,895,775	+ 122,815,675
Current accounts, &c.	815,507,855	+ 1,459,632
Dividends, &c.	135,977,060	+ 98,705,851
Govt. securities	290,530,446	+ 12,580,944
		—*Reuter.*

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Considerable activity was reported in the New York exchange in the afternoon, sterling being rather on offer, and after having been $4.86

OFFICIAL RECORD OF DEALINGS

In the following statement are shown the prices at which business in officially quoted stocks was transacted yesterday as shown in the list issued by the Stock Exchange. Appended to each section will be found prices at which business was done in securities which, under the order of the Stock Exchange Committee, are included in the Supplementary List of unquoted securities. The sequence of marking is not necessarily that in which the bargains were done.

The meaning of the signs used is as follows :— ‡. Exceptional bargains, including those done free of stamp duty ; Δ. bargains done with or between non-members ; ††, bargains done during unofficial hours or on the previous day ; A, the purchaser pays the accrued interest in addition to the price ; ‡‡¹, income-tax free up to 6s. in the pound ; ‡‡², income-tax free up to 5s. 2d. in the pound ; ‡‡³, income-tax free up to 5s. in the pound.

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Cons. 3½% 33¾ ¾ 13/16 13/16 13/16 ⅞ ¾ 6 5 15/16 13/16 13/16 6 6 3/4 6¾ 5 29/32 ⅞ 6¾
4% Do. 88½ ½ ⅝ ¼ ⅝ ⅜ ⅜ ⅜

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

RECOVERY IN TIN

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), July 11.—WHEAT.—The cargo market opened with an irregular tone and lack of buying interest pending information as to American views of the Bureau report, which here was considered rather bearish. White Pacific, June-July, 34s. 6d. per qr.; Aug., 34s. 3d., sellers; Rosafe, afloat, about steady at 34s. for afloat; No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), July-Aug., 34s., sellers; choice white Karachi, July and Aug., 34s., sellers; a 5,000 ton cargo of North Russian (on sample), shipping/shipped, offered at 34s. 3d. Parcels were easier for North Americans and Australian. No. 1 Northern Manitobe, July, 37s., sellers; No. 3 (Can.), on passage, 35s. 10½d. paid; and for early Aug., 34s. paid; No. 3 (Atlantic), 35s. 6d. wanted; and for No. 4 (Atlantic), 34s. 7½d. quoted; No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), July-half Aug., 35s. 7½d. paid; Rosafe, 625lb., July, 34s. wanted; Australian, on passage, offered at 38s.; choice white Karachi, on passage, 34s. paid, and sellers of July-Aug. at the same figure.

The wheat futures market closed 2½d. to 4d. down on the day for Manitoba grade, and 4d. to 5d. down for London grade.

Manitoba Grade	Per 480lb.	Open'g values	1.15 raines	3.15 Call	Closing values	Prev. closing values
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	.. 32 10	32 9	32 9	32 10	33 2	
Aug. ..	.. 34 4	34 4	34 4	34 5	34 8	
Sept. ..	.. 34 5	34 4	34 4	34 5	34 9	
Oct. ..	.. 35 3	35 3	35 3	35 4	35 6½	
	LONDON GRADE					
July ..	.. 32 10	32 9	32 9	32 10	33 2	
Sept. ..	.. 33 2	33 0	33 0	33 1	33 6	

MAIZE.—Cargoes of La Plata were firmly held on reports of dryness in Rumania and rain in Argentina. Sellers ask 24s. 10½d. for July 25 shipment, and Aug.-Sept., 24s. 6d. For a part cargo of 5,500 tons, Jan./Gal./Fox, mid-July loading, 24s. 3d. was paid. Parcels of La Plata were held for higher prices with near-by supplies at a premium. Afloat 25s. per quarter; May-June, up to date, 24s. paid; June-July, 23s. 3d. to 23s. 6d. paid; July-Aug., 23s.; Danubian quoted at 24s. 6d.

BARLEY in little demand. Malting unchanged, but feed about 3d. lower, and 15s. taken for Sept. Russian.

OATS quiet. La Plata at 11s. 9d. is above buyers' views. Russian offered at 11s. per 320lb.

At MARK LANE there was only a moderate attendance and business was slow. Wheats were all easier to buy except the best grade Manitobas, and these were no more than steady. No. 1 Northern Manitoba, ex ship, quoted 30s. 9d. c.i.f.; No. 2, 30s. 6d.; No. 3, 37s. 6d.; and No. 5, 34s. 3d. Offers: No. 1 hard winter, ex ship, 36s. 6d.; No. 2 (Atlantic), 35s. 3d.; Rosafe, 62½lb., 35s. 9d.; Australian, 38s.; and choice white Karachi, 35s. 6d., ex ship. English, 6d. down at 34s. 6d. to 37s. 6d. per 481b. Flour unchanged for London sirsight-ran at 33s. 6d., delivered to buyers. Imported no more than steady. Maize, La Plata, 3d. to 1d. per quarter up. Landed, 30s. 9d.; ex ship, 27s. 6d.; June-July, ex ship, 24s. 6d., sellers; Rosarabian, ex ship, to arrive, 26s. Yellow Maize mostly ex mill, 57 15s. per ton. English barley nominally unchanged at 25s. 6d. to 28s. per 448lb., on rail, with little to test values. Imported malting inactive. Feed sorts lower at 16s. per quarter for Persian, Russian or Danubian, ex quay. English oats firmer, on small offerings, at 17s. to 20s. per 3 cwt. on rail; La Plata steady at 12s. per quarter, ex store, and 12s. 6d. ex ship. Chilean tawny, ex quay, 13s. 6d. per 320lb. Wheatfeed difficult to move. London middlings quoted at 4s. 6d. to 4s. 9d. per cwt., sellers. Ordinary bran, 3s. 6d. to 3s. 9d.; broad bran, 4s. to 4s. 3d. per cwt. Oatmeal quiet, unchanged. Scotch, 12s. 9d. per cwt. Oatmeal peas neglected at recent rates.

LIVERPOOL, July 11.—WHEAT.—Shipment parcels were in slow demand at 1d. to 6d. per qr. decline. The only sale reported was No. 2 Northern Manitoba, arriving, at 32s. 4½d. Sellers of No. 1 Northern Manitoba, July, 32s. 6d.; No. 3, 35s.; No. 4 Manitoba, July, 34s. 6d.; No. 5, 31s. 6d.; No. 2, 26s. 9d.; No. 2 mixed durum, July, 30s. 6d.; No. 1 hard winter, Gulf, July, 33s. 10½d.; No. 2, 33s. 6d.; Atlantic, 23s.; Rosafe, (62½lb.), afloat, 32s. 3d.; Baril (62½lb.), afloat, 22s. 9d.; choice white Karachi, Aug., 33s. 10½d.; Sept., 34s. 1½d.; white Western Pacific, July-Aug., 34s. 3d.; and Australian, afloat, 37s. Spot prices were quiet at firm prices. Graded wheat futures opened 1½d. to 2d. lower, following easy closing American markets, and further receipts, owing to cheaper c.i.f. offers, and a slow parcel demand, but the market was not pressed for sale. In the late afternoon the market rallied on the better Chicago and Winnipeg advices and closed irregular, 1d. higher to ½d. lower, soon the market rallied on the better Chicago and Winnipeg sellers were 150 loads. Tenders against current month, 3 loads, making a total of 297,800 original centals since the beginning of the month; reported during the same period, 4,800 centals.

GRADED WHEAT FUTURES

Per 480lb.	Open'g values	Business done		Official settlement prices	Closing values	Prev. closing values
		Highest	Lowest			
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	—	6 11½	6 10½	6 11	6 11½	6 9½
Oct. ..	7 2¼	7 2½	7 1¼	7 2	7 2	6 11½
Dec. ..	7 1¾	7 4¼	7 3½	7 4	7 4¼	7 2
MAIZE.—Shipment parcels were quiet but steady. Sellers of River Plate, loading 24s. 3d., June-July, 23s. 9d.; June-July-Sept., 23s. 3d.; Sept.-Oct., 22s. 9d.; Dec.-Jan./Feb., 22s. 6d.; Jan.-Gal./Fox, shipping-shipped, 24s. 6d.; July-Aug. and Aug.-Sept., 24s.; 2 white-fat African, July-Aug., 23s. 6d.; 1 flat yellow African, July-Aug., 23s.; and No. 6 round yellow African, July-Aug., 23s. 6d. Maize on the spot moved off slowly at fully recent rates.						
BARLEY was quiet and unchanged.						
OATS were slow. Shipment parcels were neglected and nominal.						
FLOUR had a fair inquiry at around recent figures. Beans were quiet and easier. Peas dull. Oatmeal attracted little attention. Wheatfeed.—The large supplies available met a draggist trade at late rates.						
CHELMSFORD, July 11.—There were no supplies. Nominal value of wheat, 28s. into mill; barley, 22s. 2d.						
DERBY, July 11.—Trade on the Corn Exchange was very quiet. Wheat, 5s. 6d. to 8s. 9d.; oats, 6s. to 6s. 6d.; barley, 6s. 3d. to 7s. 3d.; beans, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 10d.; all per cwt., free on rails.						

COTTON

LIVERPOOL, July 11.—Business in spot cotton to-day was mainly in outside growths, there being very little demand for American in the absence of any material improvement in the Manchester trade situation. Quotations were generally higher. American advancing 13 points; Middling, 7.73d. Brazilian and Peruvian were also 13 points higher; Pernam fair, 7.03d.; f.g.f., smooth, 9.09d.; g.f. Tanguis, 8.28d. Egyptian were 8 to 15 points dearer; f.g.f. Sakellaridis, 12.45d.; f.g.f. Upper, 9.73d. African advanced 13 points; middling West, 7.63d.; g.f., East, 8.38d. East Indian rose 10 points; fine M.G., Broach, 5.45d.; fine No. 1 Oomra, 4.65d.

American futures responded to firmer overnight cables with a rise of 4 to 6 points, and further improved on Continental buying, influenced by the continuance of high temperatures and insufficient moisture in the central parts of the cotton belt. Slight recessions occurred later on realising orders, but the market at midday was steady at a rise of 4 to 7 points. Realising was influenced in the afternoon by the New York Cotton Exchange Service estimating June consumption in the U.S. at only 410,000 bales, against 570,000 bales in the same month last year, but the market was supported by trade calling and straddle buying on American account. The close was quietly steady at a net advance of 5 to 7 points. New York, 2.30 p.m. Oct., 7.01; Jan., 7.06; March, 7.09. New York, 11 a.m. prices:—July, 13.17; Oct., 12.99; Jan., 13.19; March, 13.23 (new crop).

Egyptian futures, Sakellaridis contracts, opened 1 point higher, and after moderate fluctuations closed quiet but steady, unchanged to 1 point up. July, 11.38; Aug., views, 11.38); Aug. and Sept., 11.14; Oct., 11.33; Nov., 11.49; Dec., 11.61; Jan., 11.53; Feb., 11.66; March, 11.66; April, 11.73; May, 11.75; June and July, 11.84. Upper contracts closed quietly steady at a general advance of 2 points. July, 9.10; Aug., 8.97; Sept., 8.92; Oct., 8.53; Nov., 8.50; Dec., 8.53; Jan., 8.60; Feb., 8.65; March, 8.71; April, 8.80; May, 8.84; June, 8.88; July, 8.90.

Empire futures finished steady at a rise of 8 to 10 points. July, 7.15; Aug., 7.01; Sept., 7.00; Oct., 6.90; Nov. and Dec., 6.88; Jan., 6.90; Feb., 6.92; March and April, 6.98; May, 7.04; June, 7.00; July, 7.01.

	Sales		Export		Imports	
Description	To-day	So far this week	To-day	So far this week	To-day	So far this week
American	300	6,610	100	600	15	4,552
Brazilian, &c.	500	1,900	—	—	76	1,577
Peruvian, &c.	1,000	2,500	—	—	—	9,398
Egyptian, &c.	650	2,900	100	100	3,142	5,484
E. Indian, &c.	180	1,070	—	—	2,469	2,970
Total—						
This week	3,600	16,600	200	700	5,700	26,120
Last week	4,000	19,000	200	700	2,842	16,984
Amer. Futures	To-day			Previous day		

Delivery	Highst	L'west	Closing	Highst	L'west	Closing
July ..	7.31	7.26	7.30	7.22	7.14	7.23
August ..	7.16	7.13	7.16	7.04	7.04	7.09
September ..	7.06	7.03	7.07	—	—	7.02
October ..	7.04	6.98	7.01	6.96	6.87	6.96
November ..	—	—	—	—	—	6.90
December ..	7.01	6.99	7.00	6.94	6.88	6.92
January ..	7.05	7.00	7.02	6.98	6.89	6.97
February ..	—	—	—	7.04	6.96	6.99
March ..	7.12	7.07	7.09	7.03	6.97	7.04
April ..	—	—	—	7.11	—	7.06
May ..	7.18	7.14	7.15	7.10	7.03	7.10
June ..	—	—	—	7.71	—	7.12
July ..	—	—	—	7.19	7.09	7.16

The Alexandria General Produce Association quote fully good fair futures (in 100ths of a dollar per cantar of 99·05lb.) as follows:—

	To-day		Previous close
	1st report	Close	
Ashmouni, Aug. ..	—	16.18	16.19
" Oct. ..	15.73	15.64	15.65
Sakellaridis, July ..	28.00	28.00	28.00
" Nov. ..	23.22	23.13	23.06
" Jan. ..	—	23.13	23.06

Receipts to-day, 49 bales.

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COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE

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White sugar futures were quiet. Calls:—

Month	10.30 a.m.		3.15 p.m.		4.15 p.m.	
	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	8 6	8 5½	8 4½	8 4	8 4½	8 4
Aug. ..	8 6½	8 6	8 5	8 4½	8 4½	8 4
Oct. ..	8 9¼	8 7½	8 6½	8 6	8 6½	8 6

Raw sugar futures opened steady but closed with a quieter tone. Day delivery sold from 5s. 4½d. to 5s. 3d.; Dec. from 5s. 9½d. to 5s. 9d.; March from 7s. to 6s. 11½d.; May at 7s. 3d. to 7s. 3½d. to 7s. 3d. Calls (88 per cent. beet):—

Month	10.30 a.m.		3.15 p.m.		4.15 p.m.	
	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	5 5¼	5 4½	5 4½	5 4½	5 3½	5 3
Sept. ..	5 6	5 5¼	5 5¼	5 5	5 4	5 3
Oct. ..	5 8¼	5 7½	5 7½	5 6¾	5 7½	5 6
Dec. ..	5 10½	5 9¼	5 9	5 8½	5 9	5 8¼

'New Contract, Basis 96 per Cent., C.I.F.						
Month	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Jan. ..	6 8¼	6 6	6 7½	6 4½	6 6¾	6 4½
March ..	7 0¼	7 0	7 0	6 11¼	6 11¼	6 10½
May ..	7 3¾	7 2	7 2	7 1	7 1	6 11¾
Aug. ..	7 8¼	7 6¾	7 6¾	7 5¼	7 5¼	7 3¾

SYRUP.—Lyle's half-puncheons quoted 23s. 6d.; 28lb. tins, 35s.; Tate's cwt. drums, 24s. 6d.; 56lb. tins, 21s. 6d.; 5cwt. to 6cwt. casks, 19s. 6d.

GLUCOSE.—Guaranteed waterwhite, June-Aug. delivery, quoted 20s. per cwt., duty paid, landed terms.

COFFEE.—The spot market ruled quietly steady. Futures nominal.

COCOA.—Accra firm. Fair fermented, mid-crop, June-July, quoted 31s. per cwt., value; Oct.-Dec., new crop, 28s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f. Futures were firm but quiet; Sept. sold at 38s. 6d. Sales, 20 tons. Calls (Accra cocoa):—

Month	11 a.m.		4 p.m.		4.50 p.m.	
	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	37 0	37 0	37 9	37 3	38 0	37 3
Aug. ..	37 6	37 0	37 9	37 6	38 0	37 6
Sept. ..	37 0	35 0	35 0	37 6	38 0	36 0
Dec. ..	37 0	35 0	36 9	36 3	37 0	36 6
Jan. ..	37 4½	36 0	37 3	36 3	37 6	36 6
March ..	37 6	36 0	37 6	36 4½	37 6	36 4½

TEA.—Next week's offerings will comprise 48,881 packages of Indian, 21,276 packages of Ceylon, and 11,755 packages of Java and Formosa teas.

RICE steady. Burma No. 2, cleaned, on the spot, quoted 12s. 9d. per cwt.; July-Aug., in singles, to Continent and U.K., 11s. 9d.; No. 3, doubles, to Levant, 11s. 9d.; July-Oct., doubles, 11s. 9d., sellers, c.i.f. Brokens, Burma No. 1a, July-Aug., quoted 11s. 3d.; Nov.-Dec., 8s. 3d., f.o.b., Hamburg; Dutch granulated, prompt, quoted 8s. 4½d., f.o.b., Rotterdam; Polish crystals, prompt, 7s. 6d., f.o.b., Danzig. Raw sugar was easier; Preferential, 96°, July-Aug., quoted 10s. 9d. value; San Domingo and/or Cuban, 6s. 4½d., sellers, c.i.f.

White sugar futures were quiet. Calls:—

Month	10.30 a.m.		3.15 p.m.		4.15 p.m.	
	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	8 6	8 5	8 4½	8 4½	8 4½	8 4½
Aug. ..	8 6½	8 6	8 5	8 4½	8 4½	8 4½
Oct. ..	8 9¼	8 7½	8 6½	8 6	8 6½	8 6

Raw sugar futures opened steady but closed with a quieter tone. Day delivery sold from 5s. 4½d. to 5s. 3d.; Dec. from 5s. 9½d. to 5s. 9d.; March from 7s. to 6s. 11½d.; May at 7s. 3d. to 7s. 3½d. to 7s. 3d. Calls (88 per cent. beet):—

'New Contract, Basis 96 per Cent., C.I.F.						
Month	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Jan. ..	6 8¼	6 6	6 7½	6 4½	6 6¾	6 4½
March ..	7 0¼	7 0	7 0	6 11¼	6 11¼	6 10½
May ..	7 3¾	7 2	7 2	7 1	7 1	6 11¾
Aug. ..	7 8¼	7 6¾	7 6¾	7 5¼	7 5¼	7 3¾

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Month	11 a.m.		4 p.m.		4.50 p.m.	
	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	37 0	37 0	37 9	37 3	38 0	37 3
Aug. ..	37 6	37 0	37 9	37 6	38 0	37 6
Sept. ..	37 0	35 0	35 0	37 6	38 0	36 0
Dec. ..	37 0	35 0	36 9	36 3	37 0	36 6
Jan. ..	37 4½	36 0	37 3	36 3	37 6	36 6
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White sugar futures were quiet. Calls:—

Month	10.30 a.m.		3.15 p.m.		4.15 p.m.	
	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	8 6	8 5	8 4½	8 4½	8 4½	8 4½
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*Paid.

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July ..	7.31	7.26	7.30	7.22	7.14	7.23
August ..	7.16	7.13	7.16	7.04	7.04	7.09
September ..	7.06	7.03	7.07	—	—	7.02
October ..	7.04	6.98	7.01	6.96	6.87	6.96
November ..	—	—	—	—	—	6.90
December ..	7.01	6.99	7.00	6.94	6.88	6.92
January ..	7.05	7.00	7.02	6.98	6.89	6.97
February ..	—	—	—	7.04	6.96	6.99
March ..	7.12	7.07	7.09	7.03	6.97	7.04
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Jan. ..	6 8¼	6 6	6 7½	6 4½	6 6¾	6 4½
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May ..	7 3¾	7 2	7 2	7 1	7 1	6 11¾
Aug. ..	7 8¼	7 6¾	7 6¾	7 5¼	7 5¼	7 3¾

*Paid.

SEEDS AND OILS

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), July 11.—LINSEED was dull and a further 2s. 6d. per ton lower. Calcutta, July-Aug. and Aug.-Sept. to London, £16; bold Bombay similar positions, £16 17s. 6d. sellers; La Plata, afloat and July-Aug., £14 12s. 6d.; Aug.-Sept., £14 15s. 6d.; Sept.-Oct., £14 15s.; Dec.-Jan., new, £13 13s. 9d.; Jan.-Feb., £13 13s. 3d. sellers. RAPESEED was quiet. Toria, July-Aug. and Aug.-Sept., £13 17s. 6d. sellers. Hull-Coast. COTTONSEED was quiet. Egyptian black, July-Aug. to Jan., new, £7 3s. 9d. sellers; Sakellaridis, July and Aug., £6 6s. 3d.; Nov.-Jan., £6 12s. 9d. sellers; Bombay, July-Oct., £14 15s.; Dec.-Jan., new, £13 13s. 9d.; Sept.-Oct., £13 13s. 3d. sellers. Hull. PALM KERNELS were firm. To Liverpool-Hamburg, July-Aug., £12 5s.; Aug.-Sept., £12 15s.; Sept.-Oct., £13; Oct.-Nov., £13 5s. sellers. LINSEED OIL closed steadier at 20s. to 7s. 6d. per ton decline. Spot, ex mill, £37; July, £32; Aug., £31 17s. 6d.; Sept.-Dec., £30 17s. 6d.; Jan.-April, £29 17s. 6d., naked. RAPE OIL was inactive. Crude extracted, £34; technical refined, £35 10s. naked, ex wharf. COTTON OIL was firm. Egyptian crude, £27; refined, common edible, £32; deodorized, £34 naked, ex mill. TURPENTINE was dull and 6d. per cwt. lower. American, spot, 30s. 9d.; July-Aug., 30s. 6d.; Sept.-Dec., 31s.; Russian, spot, 34s. 9d.

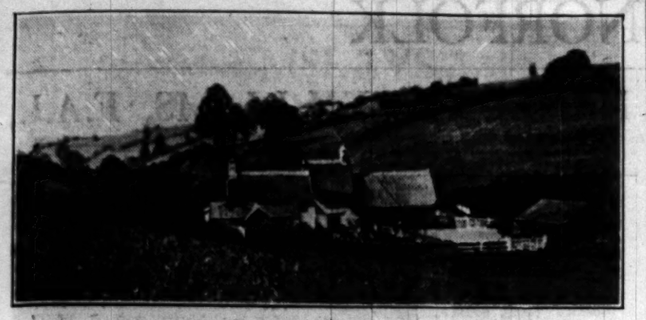
HULL, July 11.—OILS.—LINSEED OIL, naked, closing prices:—Spot, £34 10s.; July-Aug., £33 10s.; Sept.-Dec., £31 15s. COTTON OIL.—Egyptian crude, spot, £28 5s.; edible refined, spot, £30 10s.; technical, spot, £30 5s.; deodorized, spot, £32 10s. PALM KERNEL OIL.—Crude, naked, 5½ per cent., spot, £28. GROUNDNUT OIL.—Crushed/extracted, spot, £31; deodorized, spot, £35. SOYA OIL.—Extracted and crushed, spot, £28; deodorized, spot, £31 10s. RAPE OIL.—Crushed/extracted, spot, £32 10s.; deodorized, spot, £34 10s. per ton. TURPENTINE, CASTOR and COD unchanged.

METALS AND MINERALS

LONDON, July 11.—COPPER.—Dull conditions prevailed on the standard market and after a small business at the opening trading was at a standstill. First business in three months was at £47. Values quickly improved, but on balance cash was 3s. 9d. and three months 2s. 6d. lower. Sales, 300 tons; cash at £47 10s.; July, £47 7s. 6d.; Sept., £47 7s. 6d.; three months, £47 to £47 7s. 6d. Settlement price, £47 10s. The afternoon market was idle. Refined sorts were cheaper with the exception of strong sheets, which remained at £53. Electrolytic declined 20s. to £52 10s. to £54 10s.; wire bars 20s. to £54 10s; and best selected, 35s. to £52 10

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE IN DEVON.

NEAR AXMINSTER, NINE MILES FROM SEATON AND LYME REGIS.



DELIGHTFUL OLD-WORLD COTTAGE.

Three bed rooms (two fitted lavatory basins), bath room, hall, oak-panelled dining room, good lounge, and usual offices. Electric light (own plant). Good water. Telephone.
All in first-rate order. Garage and other outbuildings, including stables. Lovely garden, courtyard, orchard. ABOUT 1¼ ACRE. EXTRA MEADOWLAND CAN BE ACQUIRED. Low outgoings.

PRICE, FREEHOLD, £1,850, INCLUDING FIXTURES.

SOLE AGENTS, DAVID J. CHATTELL & SONS,
10, LINCOLN'S INN-FIELDS, W.C.2.

THE OLD VICARAGE, FAIRLIGHT.

In the Sunniest part of Sussex. Three miles from Hastings.

TO SELL, OR MIGHT LET.

This attractive and commodious Stone-built RESIDENCE, commanding sea and extensive delightful land views.
Sea-bathed, facing South, and sheltered, though STANDING 400 FEET ABOVE SEA LEVEL.
The house is in perfect decorative condition, and contains four reception rooms, nine principal bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, also five excellent servants' bed rooms, most ample and conveniently arranged domestic offices.
Centrally heated. Perfect drainage. Electric light. Main water.
Tennis lawn, walled kitchen garden, with glass houses. Cottage, stabling for four horses; garage for three cars.

TELEPHONE. GRAVITATIONAL SUPPLY OF EXCELLENT WATER.

TEN OR TWENTY ACRES OF LAND AVAILABLE.

For further particulars and permission to view apply to THORPE, MEADOWS and PEARSON, Solicitors, Hastings.

TRANSFER BOOKS

HELLENIC and GENERAL TRUST, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Preference Stock of this Company will be CLOSED from the 25th to the 31st July, both dates inclusive, in order to prepare for the paying of dividend.
By Order of the Board,
T. S. D'A. HANKEY, Secretary.
43, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, July 10th, 1930.

PROVINCIAL BANK of IRELAND Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are CLOSED from the 9th to 22nd instant, both days included. Proprietors whose names were on the register at the close of business on the 8th instant receive the Dividend for the half-year to 30th ultimo.
The Annual General Meeting will be held in Dublin on the 23rd instant.
By Order,
HUME ROBERTSON, Secretary.
8, Throgmorton-avenue, London, E.C., 11th July, 1930.

S. FROST and COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the REGISTER of MEMBERS and TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 15th to 28th July, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board.
T. M. SCOTT, Secretary.
Subscribe House, Larkhall-lane, S.W.4.

THE NINETEEN TWENTY-EIGHT INVESTMENT TRUST, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER REGISTERS relating to the Five per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock will be CLOSED from Wednesday the 23rd July to Thursday the 31st July, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board.
M. SAMUEL and Co., Limited, Secretaries.
Shell House, 55, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, 10th July, 1930.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

THE P. & O. BANKING CORPORATION, Limited.
The Directors of the above Corporation having declared a Dividend payable on the 15th July, 1930, at the rate of 4s. 2·71d. tax, for the 12 months ended 31st March, 1930, Notice is hereby given to Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer that COUPON No. 10 should forthwith be PRESENTED for PAYMENT through the Holders' Bankers.
By Order of the Board,
C. SELBIE, Secretary.
122, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, 12th July, 1930.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE

A LUXURIOUS FREE FREEHOLD FULLY LICENSED ROADSIDE HOTEL, 31 miles London main motor road, to be sold by Auction by Peter Gordon and Co. on Thursday, July 17th, at 12 noon.—See "Sales by Auction," page 27.

BUNGALOW TEA HOUSE. Upper Thames beauty spot; enormous summer business; no opposition; 200ft. river frontage; landing stage; tennis courts; 30-ft. motor launch; furnished and equipped (grand piano). Bargain. Freehold £3,000. No agents.—Write Box K.150, The Times, E.C.4.

CIDER-MAKING.—Small old-established factory, South Coast, suitable for working proprietor, brewery, or wine merchants.—Write Box K.1805, The Times, E.C.4.

CHARMING RESIDENTIAL HOTEL for SALE in MIDLANDS; furniture at valuation; audited balance-sheets; very profitable concern; principals only.—SPARROW, RAWLINGS, and KELLEY, Accountants, Corridor Chambers, Leicester.

MARLBRO' CAFE, HARROGATE, for SALE, high-class centre, best shopping district. Lease running out; to be renewed. Genuine opportunity. Good business connection. Fine opportunity energetic person. Accommodation 250.—Dawson, Proprietor.

PRIVATE HOTEL.—Well-known beautifully Furnished old-established First-class Hotel, West End; all modern improvements; accountant's figures; rare opportunity for linking with country; owner retiring.—Principals or solicitors only invited state thought J. H. Gray's Inn-square, W.C.1.

WIRELESS and ELECTRICAL, NEW MALDEN; established; best position busy main road; large turnover, rapidly increasing; show rooms, offices, buildings, workshops; owner retiring; £1,750.—Write S. L., 74, Berrylands, Surbiton.

WANTED

WANTED to PURCHASE MODERN LAUNDRY BUSINESS; going concern.—Write particulars to Box R.88, The Times, E.C.4.

THE "BUSINESS OFFERS" Column will be found on the Front Page.

TOWN HOUSES

HOLLAND PARK.

A Choice little FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, with garage; all modern improvements; no basement. Sole Agents, GADEN and STUART, 44, Royal-crescent, Holland Park-avenue, W.11. Park 7311.

ON THE PORTMAN ESTATE.

A Very charming RESIDENCE, overlooking Gardens and access thereto. Ten bed rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, commissariat and service lifts; garage and chauffeur's rooms. Direct lease at a moderate ground rent. Sole Agents, PAY and TAYLOR, 3, Mount-street, W.1. Grosvenor 1052.

CAMPDEN HILL.—A very attractive little HOUSE, 5 beds, five baths, two reception rooms. Price £2,500 for Long Lease.—Apply FRANK SWAIN, 170, Notting Hill-gate, W.11.

A HOUSE OF CHARACTER. BATSWATER.
CHARMING semi-detached NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE overlooking parkilke gardens; six bed, two reception, kitchen, bath and usual offices; £2,750.—Further particulars write Box J.611, The Times, E.C.4.

CHELSEA (few minutes Sloane-square).—Recently modernised NON-BASEMENT COTTAGE, containing great double living room, two bed rooms, bath, &c. FREEHOLD £1,850.—Owner's Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

HAMPSTEAD.

"ROYSTON," 56, ETON-AVENUE.
DETACHED WELL-BUILT RESIDENCE of attractive elevation; nine bed and dressing rooms, three reception rooms, lounge hall, and billiard room, bath room, and usual domestic offices.
Held for 7 years at moderate ground-rent.
To be SOLD by AUCTION on 23rd July (unless previously disposed of).
Particulars of Messrs. ERNEST OWERS, Ltd., Estate Agents, 230, Finchley-road, N.W., or of Messrs. GEO. TROLLOPE and SONS, Estate Agents, Surveyors, and Auctioneers, 45, Parliament-street, S.W.1.

HAMPSTEAD HEATH.

FREEHOLD CORNER HOUSE, 250 yards of Heath; large garden and garage; eight bed, two bath rooms, three reception, &c.—POTTERS, Heath-street, Hampstead. Tele. 2841.

HIGHGATE, very close HAMPSTEAD HEATH and KENWOOD, in choicest position in Bishop's Lodge Estate, adjoining private park, magnificent views over London, perfect quiet.—Modern, labour-saving HOUSE on two floors with extra large garage; two living rooms, four very good bed rooms, splendid day nursery with South balcony, cloak room, box terrace with lovely view, good domestic offices; constant hot water (coke fire); electric light, gas, power and main services; parquet floors in all rooms, fitted basins, many excellent cupboards and bookshelves; charming well-stocked little garden back and front; Stairs and fitted line and carpets included. To be LET, £3,500. No premium.—Tenancy Manfield-view 7309.

REGENT'S PARK (close to).—Charmingly FURNISHED Detached RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, offices; large garden and TENNIS COURT; GARAGE. Rent only 7 guns. per week.—Apply RAYNOR, DALE and Co., 2, Wellington-road, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

NON-BASEMENT.

Cottage Type Residence with Garage.
TO BE LET WITHOUT PREMIUM.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Owners wish to SECURE attractive SLOANE RESIDENCE. Three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, small garden. WILLIAM WEST, 97, Sloane-street, S.W.1. Sloane 0022.

SOUTH KENSINGTON, in the best position.—Excellent HOUSE, in perfect repair; 10 bed rooms, bath room, four reception rooms; large garden.—Apply to Agents, CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 2, Mount-street, W.1. (Grosvenor 1397.)

TOWN HOUSES (continued)

GEO. TROLLOPE & SONS

(Established 1778).
Estate Agents, Surveyors, and Valuers.
13, HOBART-PLACE, EATON-SQUARE, S.W.1.
5, West Halkin-street, 25, Mount-street, and 45, Parliament-street.
Telephone: Sloane 6251-2-3.

RENT £430 PER ANNUM.

CLOSE KNIGHTSBRIDGE and PARK.
ARTISTIC and UP-TO-DATE RESIDENCE in first-class Square, facing and having access to the gardens; 10 bed, four bath, and five reception rooms, excellent offices. Moderate premium required for substantial Lease.

EATON-SQUARE.

FACING SOUTH OVER GARDENS.
£7,000 Will be accepted for one of these much-sought-after HOUSES at best end of the Square; of moderate size and easily worked with small staff; accommodation: eight bed, three bath, and four reception rooms, good offices, and garage with four rooms and bath. Long Lease at £120 per annum ground-rent.

UNIQUE COTTAGE

WITH GARAGE
IN fashionable WEST END STREET: four bed, bath, and two sitting rooms, kitchen; large garage, &c. Lease 24 years. Ground-rent £100. PRICE £2,500.

FURNISHED TOWN HOUSES.

An excellent selection TO BE LET FOR ALL PERIODS in the best West End positions.

For full particulars of and orders to view above or specially selected lists, apply
GEO. TROLLOPE & SONS,
13, HOBART-PLACE, S.W.1.
Telephone: Sloane 6251-2-3.

OVERLOOKING HYDE PARK, ON NORTH SIDE.

THE LONG LEASE of a most ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE to be SOLD, containing four well-proportioned reception rooms, tastefully decorated, 11 bed rooms, four bath rooms, good offices; passenger lift and large garage with rooms over.—For further particulars apply to Messrs. SOTTS and WARNER, 130, Mount-street, Berkeley-square, W.1.

UNIQUE TUDOR COTTAGE, off Grosvenor-square, in private courtyard, to be LET with garage; newly decorated; beautiful sitting room, dining hall, three bed rooms; all conveniences; 12 guineas.—Write "Lady X," Sharp's Library, Berkeley-square, W.1.

NOW NEARING COMPLETION.
WESTMINSTER, close to Houses of Parliament.—A very attractive TOWN RESIDENCE, containing eight bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms, and good domestic offices; central heating. Application to Messrs. GEO. TROLLOPE and SONS, 45, Parliament-street S.W.1.

GARAGES

GARAGE (near Portland-place) to be LET; standing for one or two cars; three rooms, kitchen, and bath room and basin; light.—Apply to Messrs. SOTTS and WARNER, 130, Mount-street, Berkeley-square, W.1.

NO. 5, QUEEN'S GATE-TERRACE-MEWS, S.W.7.—To be LET, TWO LARGE LOCK-UP GARAGES with FLAT over; three good rooms and bath room. Rent £185.—Apply 19, Queen's Gate-terrace, S.W.7. (Kensington 1073.)

FLATS AND CHAMBERS

3 lines 8s. 9d. (minimum)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

MAIDA VALE and ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—For particulars of FURNISHED and UNFURNISHED MAISONNETTES and FLATS apply SNELL and Co., 47, Maida-vale, W.9. Padd. 7320 (four lines).

FURNISHED FLATS at UNFURNISHED RENTS.
ST. JOHN'S WOOD (close to Lord's).—Several newly converted SELF-CONTAINED FLATS now available for selected tenants; electric throughout; cosy stoves; all modern conveniences. Inclusive rents from £125, including excellent new furniture. View at any time, including week-ends, by appointment.—SNELL and Co., as above.

HYDE PARK-TERRACE, W.

(Three minutes from Park-lane.)
MAGNIFICENT VIEWS OVER HYDE PARK.
HANDSOME CORNER BUILDING of the most up-to-date FLATS in the West End, comprising:—Four to seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, two to three reception rooms, entrance hall, fine lounge hall, model offices.
Constant hot water, central heating, passenger lift, lavatory basins, oak floors, marble bath rooms, tiled offices.
RENTS FROM £550 PER ANNUM.
Reasonable premiums for advantageous leases.
Surveyors and Sole Agents,
MASON and MASON,
2a, Kensington High-street, W.8.

Big old-fashioned GARDEN.—SELF-CONTAINED BACHELOR FLAT of four good rooms; very quiet suburb; £150 inclusive.—Bryden, 3, Clement's Inn, W.C.2. Holborn 4660.

A DELPHI.—FACING the RIVER.—FLAT to be LET, £225 per annum, inclusive.—BOREHAM and Co., 10, John-street, Adelphi, W.C.2.

ATTRACTIVE SERVICE FLAT; reception, two bed rooms, bath room; constant hot water, telephone; 3gns.—50, Hogarth-road, Kensington. Frobisher 2142.

AT SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Attractive modern FURNISHED FLAT for two; any length lease. Rent 4½gns., with linen and plate.—Phone Grov. 1970.

BAKER-STREET.

ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOM for lady or gentleman. Entirely modern convertible furniture, giving appearance of sitting room. Hot and cold; electric gas; phone, bath. Meals if required; 25s. week, including efficient service.—Apply Housekeeper, 37, York-street, W.1.

CHELSEA.—very attractive TOP-FLOOR SELF-CONTAINED FLAT to be LET, consisting of entrance hall, five good rooms, kitchen, and bath room; will be redecorated to tenant's choice; three or five years' agreement. Inclusive rent £145 5s. per annum. Apply M.L.D. Co., Ltd., 58, Broadway-court, Westminster, S.W., or Office, Elm Park-mansions, Park-walk, Chelsea.

CHELSEA and CADOGAN ESTATE.—Attractive UNFURNISHED GROUND FLOOR MAISONNETTE in quiet position, close to Sloane-square; comprising one sitting room, two bed rooms, kitchen, and bath room; now being decorated. Rent £120 per annum. No premium. Owner's Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

HAMPSTEAD.

CLOSE to SWISS COTTAGE.—Well FURNISHED clean TOP-FLOOR MAISONNETTE to be LET; two bed rooms, bath room, one reception room; for five months at 5 guineas per week. Also Entrance Floor Maisonnette, four rooms and offices, 4 guineas for long term.—MARCH and Co., Ltd., 14-15, College-crescent, Swiss Cottage. N.W.3.

ONLY £250 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE. NO PREMIUM.
KENSINGTON, in a good position close to station and Kensington Gardens, overlooking gardens.—Delightful newly decorated MANSION FLAT in favourite building, comprising three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, and usual domestic offices; modern conveniences, no basement. Sole Agents, Messrs. Parker and Sons, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—MANSION FLAT, first floor; passenger lift; four bed, bath, two reception, kitchen, &c.; decorated to tenant's taste; 4 years' lease.—PALSER and SON, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

LOVELY MANSION FLAT; five rooms and bath room, constant hot water; beautiful gardens; tennis; garage; restaurant (optional), service if required. Quiet rooms; quiet; five minutes station, 18 minutes Waterloo.—Apply SURBITON COURT, 81, Andrew's-square, Surbiton. (Kingston 2580.)

OVERLOOKING HYDE PARK.

Charming South Aspect. SUN all day.
LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED MANSION FLAT at 13, HYDE PARK-PLACE, in choice building with lifts, imposing entrance, &c., constant hot water, Long lease. Lounge hall, large dining and double drawing, seven bed, one dressing, two bath, also servants' bath.
Garage (two cars) can be included. Rent 20 guineas per week exclusive plate and linen for periods of not more than three months.—Write Box J.465, The Times, E.C.4.

A DELPHI.—FACING the RIVER.—FLAT to be LET, £225 per annum, inclusive.—BOREHAM and Co., 10, John-street, Adelphi, W.C.2.

ATTRACTIVE SERVICE FLAT; reception, two bed rooms, bath room; constant hot water, telephone; 3gns.—50, Hogarth-road, Kensington. Frobisher 2142.

AT SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Attractive modern FURNISHED FLAT for two; any length lease. Rent 4½gns., with linen and plate.—Phone Grov. 1970.

BAKER-STREET.

ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOM for lady or gentleman. Entirely modern convertible furniture, giving appearance of sitting room. Hot and cold; electric gas; phone, bath. Meals if required; 25s. week, including efficient service.—Apply Housekeeper, 37, York-street, W.1.

CHELSEA.—very attractive TOP-FLOOR SELF-CONTAINED FLAT to be LET, consisting of entrance hall, five good rooms, kitchen, and bath room; will be redecorated to tenant's choice; three or five years' agreement. Inclusive rent £145 5s. per annum. Apply M.L.D. Co., Ltd., 58, Broadway-court, Westminster, S.W., or Office, Elm Park-mansions, Park-walk, Chelsea.

CHELSEA and CADOGAN ESTATE.—Attractive UNFURNISHED GROUND FLOOR MAISONNETTE in quiet position, close to Sloane-square; comprising one sitting room, two bed rooms, kitchen, and bath room; now being decorated. Rent £120 per annum. No premium. Owner's Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hans-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

HAMPSTEAD.

CLOSE to SWISS COTTAGE.—Well FURNISHED clean TOP-FLOOR MAISONNETTE to be LET; two bed rooms, bath room, one reception room; for five months at 5 guineas per week. Also Entrance Floor Maisonnette, four rooms and offices, 4 guineas for long term.—MARCH and Co., Ltd., 14-15, College-crescent, Swiss Cottage, N.W.3.

ONLY £250 PER ANNUM INCLUSIVE. NO PREMIUM.
KENSINGTON, in a good position close to station and Kensington Gardens, overlooking gardens.—Delightful newly decorated MANSION FLAT in favourite building, comprising three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, and usual domestic offices; modern conveniences, no basement. Sole Agents, Messrs. Parker and Sons, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—MANSION FLAT, first floor; passenger lift; four bed, bath, two reception, kitchen, &c.; decorated to tenant's taste; 4 years' lease.—PALSER and SON, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

LOVELY MANSION FLAT; five rooms and bath room, constant hot water; beautiful gardens; tennis; garage; restaurant (optional), service if required. Quiet rooms; quiet; five minutes station, 18 minutes Waterloo.—Apply SURBITON COURT, 81, Andrew's-square, Surbiton. (Kingston 2580.)

OVERLOOKING HYDE PARK.

Charming South Aspect. SUN all day.
LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED MANSION FLAT at 13, HYDE PARK-PLACE, in choice building with lifts, imposing entrance, &c., constant hot water. Long lease. Lounge hall, large dining and double drawing, seven bed, one dressing, two bath, also servants' bath.
Garage (two cars) can be included. Rent 20 guineas per week exclusive plate and linen for periods of not more than three months.—Write Box J.465, The Times, E.C.4.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS (continued)

REGENT'S PARK.—Attractively FURNISHED and nicely redecorated MANSION FLAT with passenger lift; three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, kitchen; CONSTANT HOT WATER; thoroughly recommended.—Apply BRITTON, POOLE and Co., 2, Wellington-road, St. John's Wood, N.W.8.

MAYFAIR.

SERVICE SUITES; large rooms in charming house near Piccadilly; all modern conveniences; greatly reduced terms three or six months' agreement.—Apply the Butler, 41, Hertford-street, Mayfair, W.1.

SERVICE FLATS.

Newly opened last month.
1, CHESTERFIELD-GARDENS, CURZON-STREET, W.1.
LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED AND DECORATED.
Rates, including service and light, single, £3 3s.; double, from £10 10s. weekly. Excellent à la carte catering. Books illustrated by Harold Fletcher sent free.
Telephone: Mayfair 3717 (three lines).

SMALL SERVICE FLATS

in 20, PRINCE OF WALES-TERRACE, KENSINGTON, LONDON, W.8.
These Flats have recently been completed and are ready for letting.
Under the direction of
KENSINGTON PALACE MANSIONS, Ltd.,
Kensington, London, W.8,
from whom all particulars can be obtained.
Telephone, Kensington 5675 (10 lines).

LARKHALL ESTATE, CLAPHAM. New FLATS. THE LAST THREE BLOCKS are now AVAILABLE for LETTING; three-floor rooms; constant hot water; Frigidaire fitments; lock-up garages; large, well-planned rooms; pleasant garden surroundings. Rents, including rates, from £2 2s. to £2 15s. per week.—Apply for illustrated Booklet to Secretary, Larkhall Estate, Ltd., Dept. D/T., 101, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S.W.1. Telephone, Franklin 6272.

UNFURNISHED UPPER MAISONNETTE; four bed, two reception; exceptionally fine rooms and situation; modern equipment; £228 inclusive.—34, Companygardens, Hampstead.

WELBECK-STREET, W.1.

EXCEPTIONAL MANSION FLAT.
WELBECK HOUSE.—Large lounge hall, two reception, four bed rooms, bath room, three w.c.'s, excellent domestic offices; constant hot water; electric fires; central heating.
£650 P.A. SECOND FLOOR.
DAY AND NIGHT PORTERS.
Apply Owners, LAW LAND Co., Ltd., Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C.2. Telephone, Temple Bar 8835.

WHITEHALL COURT.
BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.
One sitting room, two bed rooms, and bath room now available.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Telephone, Victoria 3160.

82, GREENCROFT-GARDENS, HAMPSTEAD.—Attractive SELF-CONTAINED TOP FLAT; large rooms, decorated to taste; gas, electric light each room.

£150 PER ANNUM.—MAYFAIR, best part. Charming BACHELOR FLAT in Tudor style; lounge, bed room, and bath room; every convenience; service if required.—PALSER and SON, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

£140.—FLAT; two reception, four bed rooms, kitchen, bath.—11a, Hyde Park-mansions, N.W.1. View 11-1, or 'phone Pad. 9894. Fittings £30.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

SOUTHSEA.—Beautifully FURNISHED self-contained Third Floor FLAT, finest position on front; four bed, two reception, bath (hot and cold); passenger lift; electric light; 5gns. per week August; offers long let.—Recommended by CARTER and LANCASTER, Auctioneers, Southsea.

SOUTHPORT, LANCS. Promenade.—Self-contained private FLAT; modern conveniences; electric light, &c.; long term.—THOS. PHILLIPS, Estate Agent, Southport.

CONSULTING ROOMS

CONSULTING ROOMS to be LET, Harley-street and district; whole and part time. Lists sent on application.—ELGOOD and Co., 10, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square, W.1. Langham 2601.

MEDICAL MEN ONLY.—FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED SUITE of ROOMS or upper part of house adjoining Harley-street; use consulting room if required.—Write Box 6197, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

SUBURBAN HOUSES

DIXON & CO.,

Railway Approach, SUTTON, Surrey.
Tel., Sutton 3097 (three lines).

The following FREEHOLD PROPERTIES will be submitted by AUCTION at Messrs. DIXON and Co.'s Estate Offices, Railway Approach, Sutton, on Thursday next, 17th July, at 6.30 o'clock p.m.:—

"DESIDE," BURDON-ROAD, CHEAM; five bed rooms, two reception rooms; garage; tennis court.

"THE CROFT," LANGLEY PARK-ROAD, SUTTON. Upset price £1,925. Nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, billiard room, three reception rooms.

"DRUMMOND LODGE," ALBION-ROAD, SUTTON; six bed rooms, three reception rooms.

"JESMOND LODGE," MALDON-ROAD, WALLINGTON; six bed rooms, two reception rooms, maids' sitting room; garage.

"HIGH VIEW," UPLAND-ROAD, SUTTON; four bed rooms, two reception rooms; garage.

"ROSALEA," SOUTH DRIVE, CHEAM; four bed rooms, two reception rooms; garage.

"BRADA," ROSEHILL PARK WEST, SUTTON. Upset price £800. Three bed rooms, two reception rooms.

Full particulars of these properties will be forwarded upon application to DIXON and Co., as above.

CHANCELLORS, RICHMOND DISTRICT AGENTS.

RICHMOND.—In one of the best residential positions, commanding open view. Gentleman's Detached RESIDENCE, with eight bed rooms (two fitted lavatorial rooms 22ft.), bath room, hall 20ft., panelled dining room, drawing room, morning room, and offices; old-world garden of about half an acre; garage. PRICE £3,250.

RICHMOND PARK.—At a specially reduced figure to effect immediate SALE.—Erected about six years ago for owner's occupation, a really choice Detached VILLA RESIDENCE, in quiet road leading from the Park; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, and garage; every labour-saving device; pretty garden. PRICE £2,200.
CHANCELLORS (adjoining Richmond Station).

ACTON.—Attractive, well-built HOUSE, FREEHOLD £1,100. Three bed rooms, two reception, bath room; good garden.—Write Box N.1538, The Times, E.C.4.

SURREY HILLS.

Magnificent secluded position. Enjoying wonderful views. 600ft. up on a Southern slope. 1¼ mile Merstham Station.
DELIGHTFUL COMPLETE well-maintained BUNGALOW PROPERTY, standing in beautifully timbered pleasure gardens and grounds of about FIVE ACRES; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, two spacious reception rooms, large sun room, complete domestic offices; CENTRAL HEATING; electric light; modern sanitation; DETACHED GARAGE for three cars; GARDENER'S COTTAGE; tennis court, flower and kitchen gardens, woodland walks, paddock. RENT £200 PER ANNUM on full repairing lease.—DIXON and Co., Railway Approach, Sutton, Surrey. Tele., Sutton 3097 (three lines).

NORTHWOOD, PINNER, WATFORD, BUSHEY ST. ALBANS.—Estate Agents, STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE. Offices at all centres.

SUTTON (near).—Bargain; overlooking beautiful pine woods and open country; delightful MODERN detached RESIDENCE with half Acre garden; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception, large billiards or dance room with block floor; central heating; garage. £1,850 FREEHOLD. £50 secures.—LONGLEY and BROADHEAD, Estate Agents, 72, High-street, Sutton. 'Phone 305.

20mins. by bus City or West End.
TWO ACRES beautifully laid-out grounds bordering river with lake beyond.—Well-planned detached RESIDENCE containing four reception rooms, 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms, convenient domestic offices; in excellent repair, expensively appointed, modern conveniences; garage; five-roomed gardener's cottage; owner having to sell sacrifice at £2,750 to sell immediately.—ROBSON and PERRIN, 5, Station-road, Finsbury Park, N.4.

FURNISHED SUBURBAN HOUSES

BEAUTIFULLY Furnished commodious RESIDENCE to be LET, long or short period; two minutes to golf club and sports ground.—Write Box A.1589, The Times, E.C.4.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

SCRAG OAK, WADHURST.—A genuine old SUSSEX FARMHOUSE; three reception rooms, five bed rooms, dressing room, bath room. The oak floors, panelling and oak beams are a feature. 2¼ miles from Wadhurst Station and near bus service. Garage and store room with workshops over. Total extent about 1¼ ACRE. To be SOLD by AUCTION on July 25th, 1930, unless previously sold by private treaty.—Details from the Auctioneers; CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, 7, London-road, Tunbridge Wells.

A Delightful COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—Three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, dressing room, main water, telephone; electric light; high position; beautiful views; secluded grounds; lawn, kitchen garden.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—A perfectly appointed RESIDENCE, comprising three reception rooms, housekeeper's room, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; South aspect; high position; a rare chance.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

SEVENOAKS, few minutes' walk of station, 32 minutes Cannon-street, good residential district.—Detached HOUSE; large garden; lounge hall, two reception, five bed rooms, bath room; garage. PRICE £2,650, open to offer.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS (two miles).—To be SOLD, A genuine old RESIDENCE, containing three reception rooms, boudoir, seven bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, &c.; garage; old-world gardens.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS, near station: three reception, gentlemen's lavatory and cloak room, kitchens and offices all on one level, six bed rooms, two bath rooms; lawn and garden with site for garage.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

EIGHT MILES FROM TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—A charming OLD SUSSEX FARMHOUSE, altered and fashioned into a gentleman's residence, facing South, and enjoying wide panoramic views; three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, two dressing rooms, bath room; company's water, central heating; stabling, garage, modern buildings, four cottages; delightful old-world gardens, tennis and ornamental lawns; about 50 Acres of woodland and an area of rich pasture, in all about 181 ACRES. Or would be divided and sold with less land.—CARTER, BANKS and BENNETT, Estate Agents, Tunbridge Wells.

EAST KENT.

CANTERBURY DISTRICT, in a pretty village.—Attractive old-fashioned 18th CENTURY RECTORY, with hall, three reception, eight bed rooms, bath room, day nursery, &c.; charming old walled-in garden 1¼ ACRE; garage and outbuildings; electric light, radiators, main gas and water; good repair. PRICE £2,500.

CANTERBURY and MARGATE (between).—Convenient small RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY, containing hall, two sitting rooms, four bed rooms (all with hand basins, hot and cold), bath room, &c.; outbuildings; garden and orchard 1¼ ACRE; main water. PRICE £1,950.

Full particulars of the above from AMOS and DAWTON, F.S.I., Estate Agents, Canterbury.

FOR SALE, with POSSESSION, in the quiet old-world village of Steyning, Sussex, Gentleman's RESIDENCE, containing three reception rooms, four bed rooms, two bath rooms, &c.; large garden; garage, stables; all main services. PRICE FREEHOLD, £3,000.—Apply HARRY JAS. BURT and SON, Steyning.

HORLEY (SURREY).—For SALE, with POSSESSION, a very Attractive RESIDENTIAL ESTATE, comprising Residence containing three reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, &c.; stables for five hunters, stalls for 20 cows, double garage; 20 ACRES of park pasture, gardens, and tennis court. PRICE FREEHOLD, £8,000, or would be Let at £300 per annum.—Apply as above.

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE: TO SCOTSMEN.
A MINIATURE CASTLE, a perfect specimen of Scottish baronial architecture, of historic interest, beautifully situated in perfect order, with park-like grounds, and shooting if necessary, at the price of a suburban villa.—Write Box K.1482, The Times, E.C.4.

A New stone-built TUDOR COTTAGE; stone-tile roof, mullion windows, metal casements, galleried hall with fireplace, oak beams, stairs, doors; two reception, four bed (with basins, hot and cold), bath room, two indoor lavatories, Cookanheat range; outhouses, loggia, garage; walled garden; electricity. £1,500.—Elliott, Whitchurch, Herefordshire.

A Delightful detached COUNTRY HOUSE, KENT, 13 miles of City; about ¼ acre of beautiful old-world garden; garage; six bed rooms, bath room, three sitting rooms, conservatory. Rent £150 per annum.—NOYS and HOWES, 4, Sydenham-road, S.E.26.

"BARRACANE," WELLINGTON COLLEGE, BERKS.—For SALE, the comfortable FAMILY RESIDENCE, amidst pines and near golf, together with about four acres of gardens and woodlands. Accommodation: Hall, three reception rooms, nine bed rooms (all on one floor); gardener's cottage, two garages.—Particulars with photo of Messrs. NICHOLAS, Auctioneers, 1, Station-road, Reading.

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BASINGSTOKE. MAIN WATER. DRAINAGE. GAS. SEVEN ACRES.
HANTS.—A delightfully placed FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, with charming outlook; two reception, three-four bed, bath room (hot and cold); useful range of outbuildings; pleasure and kitchen gardens and two useful paddocks. £1,950. POSSESSION. GRIBBLE, BOOTH and SHEPHERD, Basingstoke and Yeovil.

BERKSHIRE £850. OLD INTERESTING HOUSE.
DOWNS (adjoining).—High ground. Very old interesting HOUSE, in thorough order; two reception, (each with oak parquet floor), four bed large oak-beamed kitchen, offices; garage; pretty garden; electric light shortly available. Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

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HOUSE AGENTS, STEVENS and SONS, F.A.I.
BOURNEMOUTH HOUSE AGENTS.
REBBECK BROS., THE SQUARE.

BISLEY.—Picturesque Brick RESIDENCE; six rooms, bath; dairy, usual offices, hut and garage; standing in an attractive poultry farm. Acre excellent land, well established retail connection. Purchaser desiring more land considered.—Dolling, near Ranges, Bisley.

LOWEST-RATED TOWN IN ENGLAND.
BOURNEMOUTH.—A new illustrated property Register to "Houses in Bournemouth and the Southern Counties," with views of about 100 available properties and particulars of many others, and including map of Bournemouth showing public parks and open spaces, sent Post free on application to FOX and SONS, Estate Agents and Auctioneers, Bournemouth.

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CHARMING TUDOR HOUSE in heart of country 25 miles from London; six bed rooms, two reception rooms; garden, tennis court, &c.—For particulars write Box K.1513, The Times, E.C.4.

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DORSET.
On Borders of Wilts and Somerset, four miles from two Railway Stations.
CHARMING COUNTRY HOUSE containing three reception rooms, four bed rooms, bath room and domestic offices, all in excellent order; garage, stables and other outbuildings, garden, orchard and cottage. Total area about two acres. Vacant possession. Hunting with three packs. FREEHOLD PRICE £3,500, or near offer.—Apply Messrs. RAWLENCE and SQUARRY, Salisbury.

CORNISH RIVIERA, Cadgwith.—Beautiful HOUSE. To vacant until August 31st and after September. Eight rooms, two baths, electric light, acre garden, tennis court, garage; two minutes Beach. Coast and Gardener-Chauffeur left.—CRIDDLE and SMITH, Ltd., Estate Agents, Truro.

COUNTY OF ROSS.
FOR SALE.
CRAIG LODGE, NIGG.—A very attractive RESIDENCE, with about TWO ACRES of ground in rough grass on North side of Cromarty Firth; three public rooms, four bed rooms, dressing room, servants' room, kitchen, pantry, &c., bath room (hot and cold); garage; separate cottage, four rooms; right on edge of capital 18-hole golf course; station, Nigg six miles, Cromarty 10 minutes by motor boat; sea fishing, bathing, trout fishing on loch available. For early sale. Entry Whit Sunday, 1931.—Apply LINDSAY, HOWE and Co., W.S., 32, Charlotte-square, Edinburgh.

DELIGHTFUL OLD OXFORDSHIRE HOUSE for SALE; two reception, study, four bed, bath room; conservatory; garage. £800.—Agents, Messrs. DIXON, Oxford.

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CHARTERED SURVEYORS AND AUCTIONEERS,
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THE NEW PORTION OF THE ESTATE AT POINT CLEAR, ST. OSYTH,
ESPECIALLY APPEALS TO YACHTSMEN.

THE COLNE AND EAST MERSEA FROM POINT CLEAR.

It stands high on the top of the cliffs with a fine view of the open sea to the East with the Mouth of the Crouch to the South, the Blackwater to the West, and the Colne and Brightlingsea to the North. Right at the foot of the cliffs is a navigable creek into safe anchorage protected from the open sea by a shingle beach, and a private jetty is now being constructed for the use of residents of the estate. Fine freehold building sites are available subject to reasonable restrictions to prevent the estate being spoiled at prices from £75 to £100 a plot.—Apply for particulars to the Estate Office, Point Clear, St. Osyth, near Clacton-on-Sea.

RESIDENTIAL WOODED ESTATE OF 32 ACRES,

with a
MOST PLEASING HOUSE,
built 30 years ago
in the 17th Century manner, contains four reception rooms, nine principal and six secondary bed rooms, three bath rooms, good offices, capital servants' hall; electric light, central heating, parquet flooring; garage (four cars), stabling for four and two; chauffeur's cottage, very attractive lodge cottage; delightful pleasure garden with two tennis courts; 2½ miles from Chelmsford Station. Hunting with three packs. Price £8,000.—Apply for particulars to
BALCH and BALCH,
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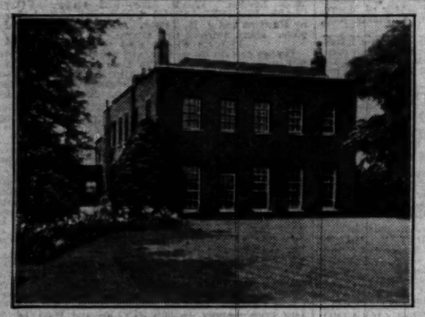
This attractive HOUSE has an established garden.

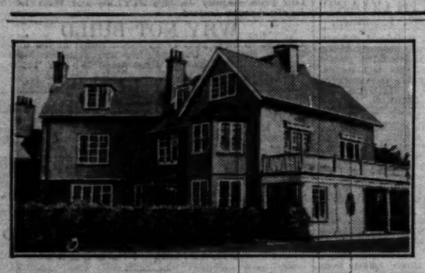
It was built about 25 years ago, occupies a quiet residential position on old Chipping Hill, near church and station, and contains three sitting rooms, four principal and two secondary bed rooms, bath room, &c.; all main services, electric light and telephone; good outbuildings.
FREEHOLD, WITH POSSESSION. PRICE £2,000.—Further particulars from BALCH and BALCH, the Witham Office.



GEORGIAN VICARAGE

in rural surroundings on the outskirts of SMALL MARKET TOWN and within an hour of Liverpool Street Station.

Four reception rooms, six principal and three secondary bed rooms, bath room and usual offices; main services connected; garage, stabling and a fine garden of two acres with extensive lawns, also two good timbered paddocks, about 9 acres in all. FREEHOLD with VACANT POSSESSION. PRICE £2,750.—Further particulars from BALCH and BALCH, the Witham Office.



Charming position practically overlooking the golf course at
SHERINGHAM.
FOR SALE FREEHOLD.
Attractive modern RESIDENCE,
in well laid out grounds of about 1½ Acres.
Lounge hall, three reception, 11 bed and dressing, two bath rooms, maids' sitting room, &c.
Company's water, gas and electric light.
Garage and stabling. Tennis lawn, flower and kitchen gardens, small orchard, &c.
HAMPTON and SONS,
20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.
(E.228.)

NORFOLK.—Well-built PRE-WAR HOUSE to be SOLD, in perfect repair: 12 bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception, good kitchens; central heating; beautiful garden of 2½ ACRES, excellent tennis lawn; within easy reach of two golf links, pine woods, and sea; near station, church, and post. £3,000. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.—Owner, "The Acacias," Holt, Norfolk.

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RESIDENCE (secluded) and 30 ACRES .. £3,750
RESIDENCE (secluded) and 12 Acres .. £3,500
RESIDENCE, near Ipswich, and three Acres £3,000
COUNTRY TOWN HOUSE .. £1,000
COUNTRY COTTAGE RESIDENCE .. £350
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DAGENHAM.—Close to the station on the L.M.S.R., which is now being electrified.—Frontage to the newly developed Counties Estate for SALE in large or small blocks.

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BARKING, close to the Park.—PRE-WAR double-fronted HOUSE; three reception rooms, four bed rooms, complete offices; garage and extra land. PRICE £1,450 FREEHOLD.

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CHEQUERS CORNER, NEW-ROAD, DAGENHAM.
Tele.: Grangewood 0518 and Rainham 97.

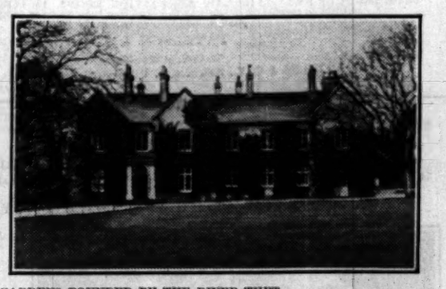
HORNCHURCH, ESSEX.—A delightfully situated, pre-War, Detached HOUSE, close to buses and about 15 minutes two stations; the house has five good bed rooms, large drawing and dining rooms, lounge hall, extra large kitchen, bath room, and two w.c.'s; garden, 75ft. by 273ft., with full-size tennis lawn, kitchen garden, 25 fruit trees; electric light and gas throughout. £2,000 (offers).—JOHN READ, F.S.I., Hornchurch, Tele. 16.

J. CARTER JONAS & SONS,

8, SUFFOLK-STREET, PALL MALL EAST, LONDON, S.W.1,
AND 27, MARKET-HILL, CAMBRIDGE.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.
IN THE CENTRE OF THE SPORTING COUNTY OF NORFOLK. 18 MILES NEWMARKET. 28 MILES NORWICH.
ATTRACTIVE MEDIUM-SIZED RESIDENCE known as

THE ABBEY HOUSE, THETFORD.



SITUATE IN SMALL TIMBERED PARK. EXTENSIVE GARDENS BOUNDED BY THE RIVER THET.
The HOUSE contains three reception rooms, gun room, two bath rooms, 11 bed rooms, dressing room and complete domestic offices and outbuildings.
IN ALL ABOUT 18 ACRES.
Electric Light. Good Drainage. Excellent Golf and Shooting in vicinity.
LOW PRICE £2,750. FREEHOLD.
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Equi-distant Gt. Yarmouth and Lowestoft.
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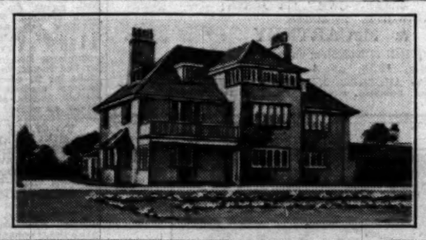
An exceptionally well built MARINE RESIDENCE. Eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception, balcony, verandah; chauffeur's cottage, double garage, children's bungalow.
Gardens and Grounds.
Electric light. Company's water. Central heating.
PRICE £5,000 with THREE ACRES, or £9,000 with 53 ACRES. (Offers.)



UNIQUE.
RIVERSIDE RESIDENCE.
SMALL MARKET TOWN, SUFFOLK.
A most convenient Old-World Modernized HOUSE; four-five reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms; terraced garden to river; tennis lawn; small orchard.
All in excellent condition.
Golf links 10 minutes; three others within one hour.
PRICE £2,200.

MARINE PARADE, GT. YARMOUTH.—An exceptionally well built and appointed semi-detached RESIDENCE; four reception, nine bed rooms, bath room, billiard room, &c.; garage; magnificent sea views; unrivalled position.
PRICE £3,000.

GREAT YARMOUTH.

Adjacent sea front. Overlooking two recreation grounds. RESIDENCE,
well built, conveniently planned; South aspect; three sitting rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, housemaid's pantry; good offices; auxiliary heating.
Small garden. Good garage.
Residential district. Close waterways and gardens. Sea views.
PRICE £2,100.

NORFOLK BROADS.—An ideal week-end COTTAGE; garage; garden, bowls lawn, fishing and boating on large Broad, boats; furniture. All as, ready immediate occupation, £600. Sale only because of death.
An exceptional opportunity.
OTHER HOUSES and BUNGALOWS on RIVERS and BROADS.

GORLESTON-ON-SEA.

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5 MINUTES CLIFFS, 10 MINUTES GOLF LINKS. RESIDENCE; two reception, five bed, bath room; garden; also extension garden half-acre, well planted; tennis lawn; garage. PRICE £1,200. BARGAIN.

For particulars of above properties apply Agents, as above.

HORNCHURCH, ESSEX.

Near L.M.S. station; frequent City service; situated on an unspoilt RESIDENTIAL ESTATE; a charming, well-planned property, containing four well-lighted bed rooms, large bath room (hot and cold), two w.c.'s, large dining and drawing rooms, well-equipped kitchen, &c.; metal casements are fitted throughout. The grounds, comprising about ¾-ACRE, contain a full-sized hard tennis court, summer-house, and some fine ornamental shrubs, &c. There is a brick and tile garage.
FREEHOLD £1,700 (offers).
JOHN READ, F.S.I., HORNCHURCH. Tel. 16.

ESSEX.

20 MILES LONDON.
Main road, ¼ mile market town and station.
Delightful Residence.
Three reception rooms, billiard room, eight bed rooms, bath (hot and cold), attics, cellarage and store rooms. Gas, water, gas, 'phone. Also electricity available. Gravel soil.
Charming garden, tennis court, orchard, in all about TWO ACRES. Golf one mile. Famous hunting country.
£2,500 FREEHOLD.
Extra land if required.
Full particulars, plans and photos, D. H. COX & COLE, 8, Hedden-st., Regent-st., W.1.

ESSEX, HERTS BORDER.—TYE GREEN HOUSE, ELSENHAM.—This DELIGHTFUL OLD TUDOR FARMHOUSE full of old oak and beautifully restored throughout. High up and in secluded position, and commanding extensive views. Three living rooms, five bed, bath; central heating; garage, stabling; orchard, in all three acres. Can be viewed any time. For SALE, FREEHOLD, 2,000gns.—Full particulars from Owner's Agents, J. EWART GILKES and PARTNERS, 2, Hanover-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6148-9.

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SHENFIELD.—To be LET on Lease at Moderate RENTAL, JACOBEAN RESIDENCE known as "SHENFIELD PLACE." Accommodation:—Outer hall, lounge hall (36 by 14), large dining and drawing rooms, five bed rooms, bath rooms, commodious domestic quarters and maids' rooms; central heating, electric light, main drainage; two brick-built garages and useful outbuildings. Area about ONE ACRE. Property well screened from main road and near Station.—Full particulars apply BAYMAN, Joinant House, Eastern-avenue, ILFORD.

NORFOLK, SHERINGHAM.—Gentleman's RESIDENCE, situate on edge of golf links, close to sea, south aspect; three reception, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms (hot and cold), good domestic offices; central heating, independent hot water system, electric light, main drainage; tennis lawn and garden; motor garage; vacant possession.—PRICE FREEHOLD £2,500.

NORFOLK, SHERINGHAM.—For SALE Modern FREEHOLD RESIDENCE close to sea and golf links, ideal for Guest or Boarding House; dining room (45ft. by 20ft.), two reception, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms (hot and cold), central heating, electric light; furniture can be purchased if desired; immediate possession. Apply:—BARRETTS, House and Estate Agents, Sheringham.

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FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.
COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.
COMPACT SMALL FREEHOLD ESTATE, COMPRISING
CHARMING XIV. CENTURY TUDOR MANOR HOUSE,
WITH USEFUL MIXED FARM.
IN ALL ABOUT 356 ACRES
EASY WORKING LAND.
Good shooting. Hunting. Racing. Golf.
Now let to Substantial Tenant at £350 a year.
PRICE:
12½ YEARS' PURCHASE ON GROSS RENT.
For further particulars apply to
Messrs. J. CARTER JONAS and SONS,
Land Agents and Surveyors,
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BY AUCTION, AUGUST 9th.
COLCHESTER DISTRICT.
Easy motoring distance East Coast, Cambridge and Newmarket.
TWO SMALL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES, each containing hall, three reception rooms, five-eight bed and dressing rooms, bath room, and usual offices. ATTRACTIVE GROUNDS and PADDOCK, in all about THREE ACRES.
Illustrated particulars may be obtained from the Auctioneers:
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EXECUTORS' SALE.
"DURDANS," STOWMARKET.
CONVENIENT FOR IPSWICH, BURY ST. EDMUNDS,
AND CLOSE TO THE COAST. GOLF COURSE TWO MILES.
ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; three reception, five bed rooms, dressing rooms, usual offices. Excellent repair and decorations. Garage, &c. Charming old-world Garden. Bargain price.
£1,200 (Offers).
Full particulars from
R. C. KNIGHT and SONS,
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ESSEX.

In an elevated position on the outskirts of a popular little village, close to and with glorious views over the Blackwater Estuary, renowned for its Yachting, Fishing, and Wild Fowling; seven miles from Colchester.
A DELIGHTFUL AND GENUINE HALF-TIMBERED OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE,
with entrance hall, cloak room, two reception rooms, smoking room, five bed rooms, bath room, w.c., kitchen, pantries, &c.; useful outbuildings.
ABOUT 1¼ ACRE
of pleasure and kitchen gardens with matured fruit trees.
FREEHOLD £1,800.
SEEN ANY TIME. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Details from CLAUDE C. COWELL,
Auctioneer and Surveyor, Maldon. Tele. 88.

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In a favourite Coastal resort, on high ground, only five minutes from Golf.
ATTRACTIVE DETACHED RESIDENCE with eight bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms; electric light, co.'s gas, water, and modern sanitation. THE HILL GARDEN IS A SPECIAL FEATURE, with tennis lawn, in all nearly ONE ACRE. GARAGE.
FREEHOLD £2,950, OPEN TO OFFER.
The excellent furniture can be taken over if desired.
Illustrated particulars upon application.—Inspected and strongly recommended by Estate Dept.,
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105, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

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HANBURY WILLIAMS, F.A.I.,

HAS ONE OF THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE PROPERTY REGISTERS IN NORWICH AND NORFOLK.

NORFOLK.
NEAR BROADS, SEA, and NORWICH, with beautiful views.
Attractive Freehold RESIDENCE,
in excellent order. With parklike grounds. Easy of maintenance. Hall, three reception, five bed rooms, bath room, w.c., maids' rooms, excellent offices; hot water installation; garden, garage, &c., orchard and meadow, 2½ ACRES.
£1,500.
HANBURY WILLIAMS,
3, Upper King-street, Norwich.

FOR SALE
(CHEAP)
TWO FINE FLIGHTS OF STAIRS
(*William and Mary period*),
also
OAK PANELLING
(*Elizabethan period*).
Excellent condition. Genuine. Photograph and particulars of
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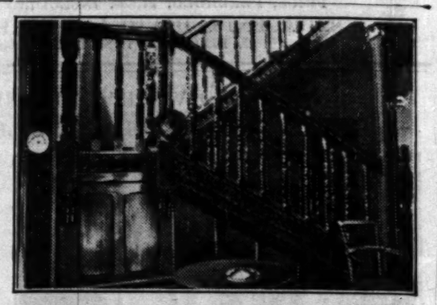

CHARMING NORFOLK RESIDENCE
Five miles from Norwich. 12 miles from the Norfolk Broads. Hunting, golf, shooting and fishing available.
Lounge, three reception and nine bed rooms, two bath rooms; domestic offices.
Electric lighting; constant hot water service; central heating; excellent water supply; modern drainage; garage for two cars; cottage and timbered grounds; outbuildings; matured gardens and grounds, woodland walks and waterfall.
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CROMER—NORFOLK.

AT LOW PRICE AS OWNER LEAVING NORFOLK.
OVERLOOKING SEA AND WITH LAND VIEWS.
SECLUDED AND HEALTH-GIVING SURROUNDINGS.
CLOSE BEACH, TOWN GOLF, TENNIS.,
READY FOR OCCUPATION FOR THIS SUMMER.

Detached MODERN RESIDENCE standing in small woodland garden with option of purchasing the adjoining plot of land which has motor entrance gates and ample room for garage.
ACCOMMODATION:—Entrance porch, lounge reception room, dining room (both with doors to verandah facing sea), kitchen and offices, four bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold) with lavatory basin (hot and cold), separate w.c. Electric light, Co.'s water, main drainage. Tool shed. VACANT POSSESSION. FREEHOLD.

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A CHARMING QUEEN-ANNE HOUSE.

Beautiful part of Suffolk, convenient for Ipswich, Colchester, &c.

On a quiet by-road in perfectly rural country. Fine old oak panelling and other features. Lounge hall, billiards room, three reception, 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms; electric light, telephone, &c.; stabling for five, garage. Lovely old-world gardens with small ornamental lake, forming an outstanding feature. Four Acres.

FREEHOLD FOR SALE AT A TEMPTING PRICE.
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On high ground, South aspect, lovely views. About 10 miles from Colchester.
FOR SALE FREEHOLD, a choice residential Property, comprising charming old-fashioned RESIDENCE and beautifully timbered parklands of about
59 ACRES.
Approached by a drive. Lodges for gardener and chauffeur. Three other cottages, stabling, garage, useful outbuildings, small farmery.
Accommodation: Hall, three reception, billiard room, 13 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices.
Electric light. Central heating.
Company's water. Modern drainage.
Beautifully matured pleasure grounds, two tennis lawns, productive kitchen garden (walled).
A few minutes from station, village, church, &c.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.
(M.40280.)

£1,750. INGATESTONE (Near).

Lovely views, 300ft. up, absolute seclusion. South aspect.
FREEHOLD MODERN RESIDENCE, in Cumberland Farmhouse style, pleasantly situate, away from all traffic, 1¼ miles from Station and close to Village; nearest house about 300 yards away.
Three reception, three-four bed rooms, bath room.
Co.'s water. Telephone. Modern drainage.
GARAGE, STABLING, &c.
Attractive Garden, with lawn, fruit trees, bush fruit, paddock of nearly Two Acres, the whole extending to
ABOUT 2¼ ACRES.
Inspected and recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

MODERN HOUSE; all conveniences; five bed, three sitting rooms; outskirts seaside resort, Suffolk, facing sea but sheltered, N.E. For SALE, or Let, Furnished winter months.—Particulars Messrs. HARRODS, 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

(Continued from Page 21)

TO be LET, Aug. and Sept., FURNISHED RECTORY; three reception, five bed; N.E. Essex; sea four miles; large, shady garden; garage; no tennis; £6 6s. per week.—Rector, Alresford, Colchester.

TO be LET, Furnished or Unfurnished, for such period as may be agreed upon, in EAST LOTHIAN, SCOTLAND:—
A HOUSE which is situated 21 miles from Edinburgh and five miles from the celebrated North Berwick, Muirfield, and Gullane Golf Courses.
The accommodation is:—Lounge hall, dining room and drawing room (suitable for ball room, banquet floor), library, boudoir, business, billiard and gun and dark rooms.
Twenty-six bed rooms (many communicating), in-cluding servants' accommodation.
Three bath rooms, eight w.c.'s.
Good kitchen premises, housekeeper's premises, strong room; cellars, stores, &c.; laundries.
Main electric light, central heating, main water supply.
Ample stabling and garage accommodation, chauffeur's quarters.
Beautiful gardens, lake, terraces, lawns.
Tennis lawns, croquet, &c.
Golf can be arranged, the occupier is responsible for the upkeep of the garden, &c.
Full particulars from J. W. Williamson, Solicitor, Haddington (Scotland.)

TO be LET, FURNISHED, old-world COTTAGE, 18 miles London, all modern conveniences; four bed, two reception, kitchen and bath room; all garden produce; garage; tennis, croquet; moderate rent till October or April.—'Phone, Mayfair 1258.

TO be LET from about 6th August, or earlier, for four or six weeks, FURNISHED HOUSE, 20 miles from London, one mile from station, two from river, near several golf courses; four sitting, 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms, shady garden and wood, fives court, hard tennis court; garage.—Write Mrs. Charles Coode, Monks Grove, Chertsey, Surrey.

HEREFORDSHIRE.
TO be LET, CLATER PARK, a comfortable, well FURNISHED HOUSE, amidst very beautiful surroundings, with distant view of Malvern Hills, Bromyard two miles, Worcester 12 miles; for summer months or longer, with or without shooting over 800 acres; four reception rooms, eight principal bed rooms, good servants' quarters; electric light, all modern conveniences; tennis, golf, hunting, fishing.—Apply W. T. BARNEBY, Saltmarshe Castle, Bromyard, Hereford.

VACANT AUGUST.—RELFORD, CORNWALL.—THATCHED COTTAGE; detached; fully furnished for five or six; 3 acres; £5 5s. per week. Sept. £4 4s.—Hewett, Rodeo, Yelverton.

WALMER.—To be LET, Aug. and Sept., HOUSE, two minutes from sea, easy reach of golf links; three sitting, five bed rooms (two double), bath room; modern appliances; garage; garden. Tele., Deal 323.—Address "B," Glen Hill Cottage, Walmer.

WESTGATE-ON-SEA: HOUSE, seven bed rooms, two baths; facing sea, to be LET, FURNISHED.—Apply terms Mrs. Watts, Marlow, Bucks.

WINTER QUARTERS, mixed rough shooting.—Comfortable tenant BUNGALOW; central heating; garage; sea, golf (close); 25s. weekly, Rev. H. Buckle, Harlech.

PROPERTY INVESTMENTS

3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

FOR SALE, 70 GROUND-RENTS, 97 years at £7 10s. for 14 years' purchase; also 11 Freehold Ground-rents at 19 for 17 years' purchase; secured on new houses, all occupied, North-East and East London district. No commission will be paid by Advertisers.

£8,500 MORTGAGE REQUIRED at 6 per cent.; on first-class Garage and Petrol Station and Warehouses above; let on long lease to undoubted tenants; producing over £1,200 per annum net; or would sell the unexpired 93 years L.C.C. Lease £65 ground-rent for £14,000; situated East London.—Write Box N.1514, The Times, E.C.4.

BUSINESS PREMISES

3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

A SECOND-FLOOR SELF-CONTAINED SUITE of very choice showrooms or offices, suitable for any business of a high-class nature where an attractive and dignified setting is required.
Three Showrooms. Three smaller rooms (or offices). Cloak room, lavatories (adaptable), constant hot water.
Rent £350 per annum inclusive. Premium for long lease and expensive fittings, &c., £1,000, open to arrangement.—For full particulars write Box N.1556, The Times, E.C.4.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.
PARLIAMENT-STREET, NOTTINGHAM.
A HIGHLY IMPORTANT BLOCK of
BUSINESS PREMISES,
occupying a commanding position with a frontage to Parliament-street extending to 82ft., in addition to two other frontages, the whole containing a site area of about
1,360 SQUARE YARDS.
The Property comprises on the Parliament-street frontage a SUBSTANTIALLY ERECTED BUILDING in three floors, consisting of show rooms, private and general offices, store rooms, lavatories, &c., together with extensive basements and two electric lifts and an EXTENSIVE GARAGE and repair shops at rear.
The position is very central and rapidly improving in value owing to the proximity to the new markets and important developments now being carried out by the Corporation, industrial concerns and property speculators, in the immediate locality. The property is admirably suited for conversion either as a large store, furniture emporium, cinema, hotel, &c.
Further particulars on application to Messrs. TURNER, FLETCHER and ESSEX, Estate Agents, &c., Pelham-street, Nottingham. Tele., 43273.

CITY OF LIMERICK.

LIMERICK DISTILLERY.
FOR SALE, EXTENSIVE PREMISES, formerly used as a distillery, suitable for factory, storage, or building purposes. AREA FIVE ACRES. FRONTAGE to ROAD 1,100 FEET, also water frontage. Dwelling houses on site.
Apply to
J. B. BARRINGTON and Co., Barrington-street, Limerick.

OXFORD-STREET.—FINE SHOP and BASEMENT, with two entrances to two streets, to be LET.—PILDITCH'S, Architects, 8, Old Bond-street, W.1.

SHOOTING AND FISHING

3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

THE HIMLEY PARK SHOOTING is to be LET as a whole, or in three parts, as follows:—

(1) BLACKHILLS	276 acres	Woods	
	1,524 "	Land	
	1,800		Rent £300.
(2) ASHWOOD ..	165 "	Woods	
	1,538 "	Land	
	1,703		Rent £250.
(3) BAGGERIDGE	435 "	Woods	
	984 "	Land	
	523 "	Park	
	1,942		Rent £250.

Apply the Agent, the EARL of DUDLEY'S ESTATE OFFICE, Dudley, Worcs.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED

3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

HAVING recently sold large HOUSE in West Country advertiser is anxious to BUY another much smaller and closer to London; a neighbourhood with good society and golf links within easy reach. Prefer Southern Counties, within 1½ hour rail of London. Nice country residence, about six bed rooms and about nine bed rooms (including maids' rooms). Have lost interest in farming and only require 10-20 acres. Rates must be reasonable and price between £6,000 and £7,000. Properties in higher figure need not be submitted.—Write, with particulars, to R. C. Akroyd, Esq., The Hydro, Torquay.

URGENTLY REQUIRED, a good COUNTRY HOUSE; must be quiet situation, within 25 miles London (preferably Holborn Viaduct Station); six-eight bed, two baths, three reception; good gardens, paddock, say, from four acres later figure need not be submitted. Please send photo if possible with particulars.—Write Box B.71, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED to RENT FURNISHED for Summer, 1931, a COUNTRY RESIDENCE in WILTSHIRE or adjoining counties; 15-20 bed rooms, four bath rooms. Preference given where plate, linen, and servants will be left. Up to 50 guineas per week would be paid for a really nice place.—Apply in first instance to Mr. ROBERT THAKE, Chartered Surveyor, Salisbury.

WANTED by careful tenants, for six months or longer from end August, FURNISHED HOUSE or FLAT in KNIGHTSBRIDGE, Chelsea or Hyde Park district, with four or five bed rooms, two bath rooms if possible, usual living rooms.—No agents.—Reply Mrs. Taylor, 2, Mansfield-street, W.1.

WANTED to RENT, Unfurnished detached HOUSE near country, not more than 20 miles Charing Cross. Must have three reception, five bed rooms, garage.—Write Box 199, Samson Clark and Co., Ltd., 57, Mortimer-street, W.1.

WANTED, FREEHOLD DETACHED HOUSE, two floors only; about six bed rooms; with several acres of land; must be in rural surroundings with long views and within 15 miles N. or N.W. of London.—Write Box N.1359, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED to RENT from 1st Sept., detached COTTAGE RESIDENCE, unfurnished; four bed, three reception; 2 acres; within 25 miles of London; near train or bus; gas, electricity, and water; £80 to £100 inclusive.—Write Box N.1577, The Times, E.C.4.

BUILDING LAND AND SITES

3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

FOR SALE, 58 ACRES of CLOVER LAND at £15 per acre; also 37 acres at £10 per acre, between Salisbury and Andover.—Thompson, Bemerton Garage, Salisbury.

PENTON HOOK, STAINES.—TWO valuable RIVERSIDE BUILDING PLOTS for SALE; frontages 58ft. and 125ft.—Particulars of PROTHEROE and MORRIS, 67, Cheapside, E.C.2.

WANTED

BRIERLEY HILL.—WANTED, BUILDING SITE in central position; area 670 square yards approximately, with frontage 120 feet approximately; cleared site preferred, but demolition would be considered.—Apply Estate Surveyor, H.M. Office of Works, 42, Paradise-street, Birmingham.

WANTED to PURCHASE in SHEPHERD'S BUSH, centrally situated SITE (corner preferred) of 2,000 sq. yards, with a frontage of 120 feet, or premises with similar area, vacant possession.—Write, stating price and full particulars, to "J. R.," care of Charles Barker and Sons, Ltd., 31, Budge-row, E.C.4.

FARMS AND NURSERIES

3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

EXCEPTIONALLY attractive FRUIT and PIG FARM.—Gentleman's residence; three reception, five bed rooms, bath, usual offices; telephone; tennis lawn and good garden, four acres orchard, four acres woodland and pasture; Reading three, London 33; close to golf, river, and village; extra land and cottage available; £3,100 or near offer.—Full particulars write A. L., care of Vickers, 24, Austin Friars, E.C.2.

GRASS FARM 150 ACRES to be LET; good condition; excellent buildings; healthy district; good residence could be included.—Particulars of H. K. FOSTER and GRACE, 26, Broad-street, Hereford.

FACTORIES

3 *lines* 6s. 9d. (*minimum*)

FREEHOLD FACTORY for SALE with POSSESSION. Close to a main-line station on the L. and N.E. Railway, within a little over an hour of London. Well lighted, floor space about 49,000 sq. ft. Would consider dividing. Suitable for pianoforte, clothing, furniture, hardware, waterproof goods, glove making or other trades.—For plans, particulars and price write "Bargain." Box F.990, Willings, 86, Strand, W.C.2.

SALES BY AUCTION

4 *lines* 9s. (*minimum*)

By Order of the Executor.
BEXHILL-ON-SEA. (In the best residential district, within a few minutes of the sea front).—A well-built detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, No. 18, SUTHERLAND-AVENUE; three reception, seven bed rooms, bath, lounge, kitchen and offices, and all modern appliances; lavatory basins in principal bed rooms; garage, &c.; electric light, gas, and water, main drainage; pretty garden with rose trees, &c., and kitchen garden. Will be SOLD by AUCTION by
MESSRS. STAINES & Co.
on Tuesday, July 22nd, 1930 (unless previously disposed of). Solicitors: Messrs. Vandercom, Stanton and Co., 35, Spring-gardens, Trafalgar-square, S.W.1. Auctioneers: Messrs. Staines and Co., 28, Devonshire-road, Bexhill-on-Sea, from whom particulars and conditions of sale can be obtained.

SECURE INVESTMENT.

No. 11, GORDON-PLACE, CAMPDEN HILL, W.8.—LEASEHOLD RESIDENCE let on repairing lease at £150 per annum. Held for a term of 26 years at £11 per annum ground-rent. The above to be SOLD by AUCTION by Messrs.
MARSH & PARSONS,
at the London Auction Mart, on the 24th July, 1930.
Particulars and conditions of sale can be obtained from the Solicitors, Messrs. C. S. M. Harding, 99, Gresham-street, E.C.2, or from the Auctioneers' Offices, 40 and 42, Church-street, Kensington, W.8, and 156, Kensington High-street, W.8.
Telephones, Western 1202, 1203, 4864, and 4865.

THURSDAY NEXT.
ANLEY & Co.
Will SELL by AUCTION at Fulham Town Hall, Thursday, 17th July, 1930, at 7.30 p.m.
For Investment or Occupation. Attractive Leasehold Properties,
FULHAM,
74, LANGTHORNE-STREET,
14, 16, and 20, RANELAGH-AVENUE,
21, EDENHURST-AVENUE,
32, HESTERCOMBE-AVENUE,
And with Vacant Possession,
52, HESTERCOMBE-AVENUE.
Full particulars will be sent on application. Auctioneers' Offices, 853, Fulham-road, S.W.6.

SALES BY AUCTION (continued)

By Direction of the Hon. Mrs. Silvester Horne.
THE WHITE HOUSE,
CHURCH STRETTON,
SHROPSHIRE.
Nearly 800ft. above sea level; wonderful views.
A modern RESIDENCE, possessing every labour-saving comfort and convenience, and designed by a well-known architect; nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, and three or four reception rooms; delightful grounds with tennis court; in all nearly
3 ACRES.
The above will be offered for SALE by Public AUCTION, on Thursday, July 17th, 1930 (unless previously sold privately). Vendor's Solicitors, Messrs. Waterhouse and Co., 3, New Court, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2, and 10-12, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2. Agent, Mr. John T. Wood, Church Stretton. Auctioneers, Messrs.
WINKWORTH & CO.,
48, Curzon-street, Mayfair, London, W.1.

To Brewers, Hotel Proprietors and Others.
HERTFORDSHIRE.
The Exceptionally Valuable FREE FULLY LICENSED FREEHOLD PROPERTY known as
THE COCK HOTEL, HITCHIN,
occupying the finest central position in this important Market Town, and containing 12 bed rooms, bath room, handsome dining room, spacious tea lounge, two bars, commercial room, smoking room, two sitting rooms, usual offices, ample cellarage, extensive garages and stabling, covered-in carriage drive, shop, let at £78 per annum. Possession of Hotel premises on Completion. To be offered for SALE by AUCTION by Messrs.
GEORGE JACKSON & SON,
at the Hotel, on Wednesday, July 23rd, 1930, at 4 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).—Particulars from the Auctioneers, 90, Bancroft, Hitchin. (Phone, 18.)

RUSHWORTH & BROWN,
Auctioneers, Chartered Surveyors, and Valuers,
22, Savile-row, Regent-street, W.1.
SALE by AUCTION, at Winchester House, E.C.2, on Wednesday, 23rd July, 1930,
at 2.30 precisely, in two lots.
HAMPSTEAD, overlooking Parliament Hill.—With Immediate Possession.—A Detached RESIDENCE, No. 57, NASSINGTON-ROAD, containing six bed rooms, fitted bath room, two drawing rooms, dining room, and offices; held for 47 years at £10 per annum.—Solicitors, Messrs. Murray Hutchins and Co., 11, Birchin-lane, E.C.3.
On Behalf of the Crown.
KENTISH TOWN.—No. 3, BURGHLEY-ROAD; held for 32½ years at £8 8s.; let to weekly tenants, with the exception of two rooms, of which immediate possession will be given.—Solicitor, the Treasury Solicitor, Storeys-gate, S.W

PROPERTIES IN ESSEX, SUFFOLK, AND NORFOLK

KEMSLEYS,

CHARTERED SURVEYORS & LAND AGENTS,
164, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.2,
and at ROMFORD, ESSEX.

SOME ESSEX COUNTRY HOUSES
OFFERED FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY BY KEMSLEYS,
WHO SPECIALIZE IN THE SALE OF ESSEX PROPERTIES.

SAINT LEONARDS, FRYERNING
IN LOVELY COUNTRY

Two miles Ingatestone (Main Line) Station and ideal for a City man fond of hunting and polo and of the beauty of glorious grounds.

Four reception rooms, cloak and gun rooms, 14 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, &c. Central heating and own electric light.

Excellent hunter stables and garages. Lodge and cottage. Fine old walled kitchen gardens and well-timbered

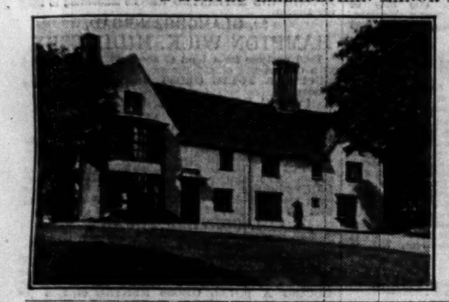
PARKLANDS

sloping from the pleasure garden to a large Ornamental Lake with thatched boathouse.

34 ACRES
or more if desired.

KEMSLEYS, 164, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, and at Romford, Essex.

PORTERS HALL, STEBBING.
A MOATED ELIZABETHAN MANOR HOUSE,



IN THE LOVELY DUNMOW COUNTRY.

39 miles from London.

Three reception rooms, downstairs cloak room, and adequate offices with servants' sitting room; nine bed and dressing rooms, bath room; electric light from own plant; garage and stabling.

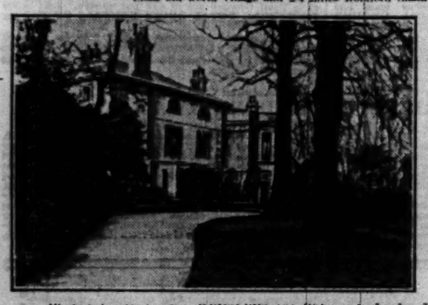
MOATED GROUNDS

of great charm and farms extra if desired.

The property, which is replete with features characteristic of its period, carries with it the Lordship of the Manor.

KEMSLEYS,
164, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, and at Romford, Essex.

HAVERING GRANGE, HAVERING-ATTE-BOWER.
In rural Essex, 250 feet up and commanding wide views.
Close old-world village and 2¼ miles Romford (main line) Station.



OLD-FASHIONED HOUSE,

modernly equipped and containing lounge hall, three reception rooms, eight principal bed rooms, three maids' rooms, three bath rooms. Central heating and electric light.

Stabling for five. Garages four cars.

Two cottages. Delightful gardens and two paddocks,

in all about
13 ACRES.
5,000 GUINEAS.
FREEHOLD.

Illustrated particulars from KEMSLEYS, 164, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, and at Romford, Essex.

FOR SALE AT THE EXTRAORDINARILY LOW PRICE OF £8,000.

BEECH HILL PARK, HIGH BEECH,
THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE A. J. EDWARDS, ESQ., D.L., J.P.
Comprising
THE MEDIUM-SIZED MANSION IN EXCELLENT ORDER, WITH GARDENS, WOODLANDS AND PARKLANDS,
EXTENDING TO 127 ACRES,
and INCLUDING GARAGES, STABLING, FARMERY, AND 5 COTTAGES.

MORE ADJACENT LAND can be had, and the area and price could be reduced as required.
Illustrated particulars from KEMSLEYS, 164, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, and at Romford, Essex.

By Order of the Warden and Fellows of New College, Oxford.

HORNCHURCH, ESSEX.
Occupying a prominent position, midway the village, close to the station, and with omnibus services available.

THE VALUABLE FREEHOLD BUILDING ESTATE
known as
HORNCHURCH HALL,
comprising
THE FINE OLD RESIDENCE, BUILDINGS, AND ABOUT 33½ ACRES of RIPE BUILDING LAND,
possessing frontages to Church-road, and to Wingletye-lane, and with entrances from North-street and Church-street.
Also TWO BLOCKS OF BUILDING LAND, with frontages to Church-street and Wingletye-lane, and FIVE COTTAGES and gardens.

KEMSLEYS,
are instructed to SELL the above by AUCTION at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Tuesday, 29th July, at 2.30 p.m.
Solicitors:—Messrs. ELLIS and ELLIS, 2 and 3, The Sanctuary, Westminster, S.W.1.
Auctioneers:—KEMSLEYS, 164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, and at Romford, Essex.

By order of Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, Bart.

UPSHIRE, WALTHAM ABBEY.
Occupying an excellent position equidistant from Epping and Waltham Cross.

THE VALUABLE FREEHOLD DAIRY FARM
known as
WARLIES HOME FARM,
comprising an excellent RESIDENCE, up-to-date buildings including cowhouses for 31 cows.
Two Cottages,
and about 290 ACRES,
with long frontages to parish roads and providing many charming sites for good class houses, also 11 cottages and lodges in Upshire Village, Long-street, and Honey-lane.

KEMSLEYS
are instructed to SELL the above by AUCTION in September in a number of lots.

LAND AGENTS:—Messrs. STRUTT and PARKER, 49, Russell-square, W.C.1.
SOLICITORS:—Messrs. SNELL and Co., Tunbridge Wells.
AUCTIONEERS:—KEMSLEYS, 164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, and at Romford, Essex.

WOODFORD GREEN.
THE FINELY-PLACED FREEHOLD PROPERTY KNOWN AS
KNIGHTON,
WAS RECENTLY PURCHASED BY THE SOUTHEND-ON-SEA ESTATES CO., LTD., AND WILL BE LAID OUT AS
A BUILDING ESTATE
IN THE COURSE OF THE NEXT FEW MONTHS.

Particularly attractive Building Frontages will be available, and a large number of the sites will adjoin the well-known Knighton Woods (which have been acquired by the City Corporation as an extension of Epping Forest), or the beautiful grounds of the Woodford Wells Cricket and Lawn Tennis Club.

Excellent travelling facilities to the City, to North London, and to East London. Secondary schools of high repute within 10 minutes' walk. All public services available.

Particulars and development plans can be obtained from the Sole Agents:—
KEMSLEYS,
164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, and at Romford, Essex.

FRANCIS HORNOR & SON,

QUEEN-STREET, NORWICH.

EAST NORFOLK.
SHOOTING. FISHING. BOATING. GOLF.

BURGH HOUSE ESTATE.

Modernised Residence.
Four reception rooms, 20 bed and dressing rooms, bath rooms, electric light; good water; modern sanitation.
Charming grounds.
The Estate extends to
1,117 ACRES
and includes
Seven Farms, Small Holdings and parts of
TWO BROADS,
RENT ROLL, £1,985
PER ANNUM
(excluding lands in hand and residence).
For Sale, by Private Treaty.
Further particulars of

FRANCIS HORNOR & SON, Old Bank of England Court, Queen-st., NORWICH.

EAST NORFOLK.
FOR OCCUPATION or INVESTMENT.—Close to Railway Station in a growing Country Seaside Resort.—SUBSTANTIAL RESIDENCE, containing hall, three reception, kitchen and offices, six bed, bath rooms. Commodious premises, garage. Modern sanitation, electric light, water. The attractive gardens contain two vineries, peach house, &c., with valuable young orchard. The land adjoining, extending to 40 acres, is at present occupied as a Fruit and Poultry Farm and may be continued as such, or is ripe for development.—Full particulars of the SOLE AGENTS, as above.

EAST NORFOLK.
CONVENIENT to STATION, GOLF LINKS, and BROADS.

AN ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY SEASIDE RESIDENCE, substantially built, containing hall, two reception rooms, eleven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, usual domestic offices, with charming old-fashioned gardens and paddock, standing 5½ ACRES.

PRICE £2,000.

Full particulars of the SOLE AGENTS, as above.

SUFFOLK (BETWEEN IPSWICH AND COLCHESTER).

This delightful old COUNTRY RESIDENCE, occupying a quiet and enviable situation amidst beautiful rural surroundings; right away from all traffic, yet within easy reach of main line station. Excellent hunting and shooting in immediate district. Several golf courses within easy motor ride. Gravel soil. Hall and three sitting rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room; central heating; lighting by acetylene gas; telephone. Two good garages and first-rate stabling. Cottage. Really fine old garden, with running stream, and containing shady trees, Tennis lawn. Orchard. Woodland and Meadowland of about 13 ACRES.

FREEHOLD £3,700, OR CLOSE OFFER.

INSPECTED AND THOROUGHLY RECOMMENDED BY
JAMES STYLES AND WHITLOCK.
44, St. James's-place, S.W.1. (L.R. 9980.)

14, HAY-HILL, BERKELEY-SQUARE, W.1. Telephone: MAYFAIR 0063.

NORFOLK & PRIOR.

THE FOLLOWING HAVE BEEN PERSONALLY INSPECTED AND ARE STRONGLY RECOMMENDED BY THE SOLE AGENTS.

ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SPORTING ESTATES IN
WEST NORFOLK.
INCLUDING A PRIVATE BROAD
FAMED FOR ITS WILD FOWLING AND FISHING,
TOGETHER WITH SHOOTING OVER 2,000 ACRES.

THE DELIGHTFUL QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE,
thoroughly modernized and in perfect order, contains two halls, four reception rooms, billiard room, 12 bed rooms, two dressing rooms, three bath rooms.
Central heating, electric light, independent hot water. Modern drainage.

STABLING, GARAGES, COTTAGES, A FARM.
Old world gardens, well placed woodlands, arable and excellent sporting grounds, in all about
1,100 ACRES.
FOR SALE AT A VERY MODERATE PRICE.
NORFOLK and PRIOR, 14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1.

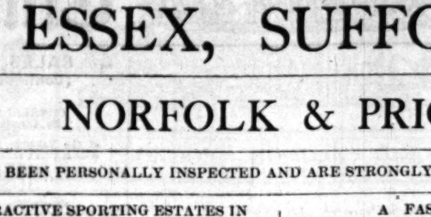
A FASCINATING COUNTRY HOUSE
ON THE
CLIFFS NEAR CROMER
Immediately adjoining and overlooking
THE WELL-KNOWN GOLF LINKS.

In perfect order, sumptuously fitted and appointed and replete with every modern convenience. It contains a magnificent galleried lounge hall, three reception rooms, 10 bed rooms and two dressing rooms (fitted basins), servants' hall, &c.
Central heating, electric light, independent hot water supply, company's gas, water and drainage. Garage for two cars and chauffeur's rooms over. An excellent Bungalow of four bed rooms, bath room, and two sitting rooms.
The Gardens and Grounds form an ideal setting for this unique house. They are quite inexpensive to maintain, and include tennis and other lawns, herbaceous borders, sunk rose garden, kitchen garden and orchard, in all about
FIVE ACRES.
FOR SALE AT A MODERATE PRICE.
NORFOLK and PRIOR, 14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1.

WOODCOCK & SON,

16, ARCADE-STREET, IPSWICH. (Phone 2801.)

UNDER ONE HOUR LONDON.
In delightful unspoilt part of
ESSEX.
This charming GEORGIAN RESIDENCE and small ESTATE WITH GOOD SPORTING.
Three handsome reception rooms, 10 bed rooms, bath (hot and cold); delightfully timbered grounds; excellent dairy and stock farm with house, buildings, and cottages let till Michaelmas, 1931.
Early possession of residence. Low price FREEHOLD, or AUCTION July 23.
WOODCOCK and SON, Ipswich.



WALCOTTS HALL, GREAT TEY.

AN IDEAL HOME FOR A SPORTSMAN.
CHARMING UNSPOILT SUFFOLK (easy drive Coast). — Unique Residential and Sporting PROPERTY and PLEASURE FARM; 111 Acres (74 pasture, 14 wood); charming XVIth Century Residence; four reception, five bed rooms, bath (hot and cold), electric light; beautiful old exposed oak; lovely views. Excellent shooting on the property; fine hunting and good society. FREEHOLD £2,750. No valuation.

SHORT DRIVE OF ALDEBURGH GOLF LINKS AND COAST.
THE choice RESIDENTIAL, AGRICULTURAL and SPORTING ESTATE, known as "DARSHAM HALL," with delightfully placed, medium-sized Gentleman's Residence, with modern conveniences and well-equipped farm, with house, buildings and cottages. Suitable for occupation or letting. Excellent shooting. 343 ACRES in all. Freehold, great tithe free. SACRIFICIAL PRICE or by AUCTION July 29th.—Illustrated particulars on request.

FAVOURITE SOUTHWOLD 10 MILES.
DELIGHTFUL TUDOR RESIDENCE and PLEASURE FARM; three beautiful, large reception rooms, servants' hall, six bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), fine old oak beams and studs and open fireplaces, wired for electricity; excellent sporting; 84 ACRES, mostly pasture, buildings, and cottages. ENORMOUS SACRIFICE at £2,500 FREEHOLD.

EAST SUFFOLK.—RESIDENTIAL PLEASURE FARM, 40 ACRES.—Charming Old Residence, with beautiful old exposed oak; beautiful lounge, dining and billiard rooms; seven bed rooms, bath room; hot water, electric light; pretty gardens; ample buildings; good sport; GREAT SACRIFICE at £2,000.

Close to Dedham (Essex), with Boating River.
GEORGIAN STYLE RESIDENCE and PLEASURE and PROFIT FARM; three reception, six bed, bath (hot and cold), modern sanitation, telephone; secluded gardens; buildings with cowhouse for 11; and 66 ACRES, nearly all pasture, with undulating streams. FREEHOLD £2,500. Vendor would hire land if desired.—Photos. &c.

FAVOURITE CONSTABLE'S COUNTRY.
SOUTH SUFFOLK (outskirts of large residential Village).—Gentleman's XVIth CENTURY OAK-BEAMED COTTAGE; small lounge hall, two reception (one large), four bed, bath (hot and cold); pretty pasture, orchard and excellent paddock; four acres; ideal poultry, dog breeding, &c. FREEHOLD £1,050.

EASY RUN WOODBRIDGE AND ALDEBURGH.
EAST SUFFOLK.—Artist's XVIth CENTURY RESIDENCE in large village; heavy oak-beamed dining room (30ft. by 17ft.), two other reception, studio, four-five bed, bath room (hot and cold); 1½ ACRE garden and orchard, bounded stream. FREEHOLD £1,100.

GENUINE TUDOR GEM.
Quiet sunny spot on outskirts of large village in good sporting district.
SUFFOLK.—Charming small XVIth CENTURY COUNTRY RESIDENCE, with great wealth oak beams, doors, panelling, and open fireplaces; two lovely reception, model kitchen, four-six bed, bath room (hot and cold); electric light, radiators; delightful ¾-acre garden; double garage; very exceptional condition. FREEHOLD £2,100.

WITH PRIVATE BROAD.
NORFOLK BROADS.—Delightful replica of QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE in lovely grounds of EIGHT ACRES, with Broad of 1½ acre opening into River Bure; galleried lounge hall, panelled drawing and dining rooms, loggia, study, billiard room, 11 bed rooms, two dressing, three bath rooms; electric light, central heating; excellent outbuildings, two modern cottages and picturesque residential cottage.—Price and full details on request.

NORFOLK COAST (near).—Gentleman's old-fashioned RESIDENCE; oak-beamed lounge, two reception, five bed, two dressing, bath room (hot and cold); lighting, 'phone, garage, greenhouse; old-world garden. FREEHOLD £1,175.

NEAR SEA AND BROADS.
EAST NORFOLK.—Beautifully appointed and well-planned GEORGIAN RESIDENCE in favourite district; spacious lounge, four reception, charming saloon or library (31ft. by 20ft.), compact domestic offices, eight or more bed rooms, two bath rooms; central heating, co.'s water and electric light; first-class decorative order; good outbuildings; delightful well-timbered grounds of FIVE ACRES; three cottages. FREEHOLD £4,500 or owner would consider letting.

YACHTSMAN'S PARADISE
Adjoining tidal river, with yacht anchorage opposite house. Quick run London.
ESSEX.—Charming PERIOD RESIDENCE in delightful garden; three reception, five-seven bed, bath (hot and cold); co.'s water, main drainage; wild-fowling, fishing, bathing. FREEHOLD £1,850.

UNSPOILT SURROUNDINGS. QUICK RUN LONDON.
COLCHESTER (near).—COUNTRY HOUSE in six acres; three reception, five bed, bath (hot and cold); modern drainage, telephone; lovely pleasure grounds, valuable orchard and paddocks. FREEHOLD £1,650.

ESSEX (Coggeshall, near).—COUNTRY RECTORY in four acres matured grounds; three reception, four bed; inside sanitation. FREEHOLD £1,100.

Details of the above of WOODCOCK and SON, Auctioneers, Ipswich.

Telephone Nos.: Regent 4304 and 4305. Telegraphic Address "Overbid-Piccy, London."

OSBORN & MERCER,

"ALBEMARLE HOUSE," 28B, ALBEMARLE-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

THIS BEAUTIFUL XVI. CENTURY HOUSE
SITUATE IN ESSEX, ON THE BORDERS OF HERTS, 30 MILES FROM LONDON.

Standing over
300 FEET ABOVE SEA
it contains large hall, three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, bath room, and several attics. Fine old staircase.
Central heating. Telephone. Electric light.

600 ACRES
of land, in a high state of cultivation, which would readily let if desired.
Capital farmhouse, extensive buildings, seven cottages.

£12,000.

Full particulars of Messrs. OSBORN and MERCER, 28B, Albemarle-street, W.1.

NORFOLK.
In a district renowned for its invigorating and health-giving climate, near the Coast.
VERY PLEASING RESIDENCE
and compact little Estate comprising pasture, heath, and picturesque woodland of
90 ACRES.
The house contains four sitting rooms, 10 bed rooms, bath room, &c.; co.'s water and gas; telephone; well-timbered grounds, two tennis courts, walled kitchen garden, &c.
Garage. Stabling. Two good Cottages.
Useful rough shooting on the property which is for sale under special circumstances at the low figure of
£3,500.
Sole Agents: Messrs. OSBORN and MERCER, 28B, Albemarle-street, W.1.

COBBE & WINCER

IPSWICH and CHELMSFORD.

ON BANKS OF RIVER WAVENEY.
SUFFOLK-NORFOLK BORDERS,
ONE MILE STATION.
GEORGIAN COUNTRY RESIDENCE; hall, three reception, six bed, bath (hot and cold), attic; electric light; central heating; two garages; stabling; bungalow; charming old-world grounds, orchard, meadow NINE ACRES. Low price for quick sale. Inspected and recommended.—COBBE and WINCER, Ipswich.

FAVOURITE CONSTABLE'S COUNTRY.
ESSEX-SUFFOLK BORDERS, 2½ miles main line.—Picturesque XVIth-century oak-beamed COTTAGE RESIDENCE; two reception, four bed, bath, attic, flower and kitchen garden, farmery, orchard, 15 ACRES. £1,500 FREEHOLD. Hunting, fishing, golf.—COBBE and WINCER, Ipswich.

XVIITH-CENTURY HOUSE,
IN old Suffolk Village, close station and bus; three reception (one 30ft. by 18ft.); beamed ceilings, open fires; five bed, bath (hot and cold), kitchen, &c., independent hot water supply; 1½ ACRE garden, orchard, and stream; golf and shooting in the neighbourhood. For SALE FREEHOLD. PRICE £1,100.—COBBE and WINCER, Ipswich.

ONLY £650 FREEHOLD.
SUFFOLK, between BURY ST. EDMUNDS and STOWMARKET, 2½ miles main line.—Attractive, old-fashioned oak-beamed COUNTRY HOUSE; hall, two reception, four bed; garage, buildings; pretty garden, rose pergola, lawn, orchard, paddock. TWO ACRES. POSSESSION. BARGAIN.—COBBE & WINCER, Ipswich.

IN HEART OF UNSPOILT COUNTRY.
SUFFOLK.
IN lovely village, 1½ mile station, 7 miles Newmarket, close golf links
MODERN WELL-BUILT LABOUR-SAVING HOUSE, facing South, overlooking Heath and Pinewoods; hall, cloak room (hot and cold), three reception, five bed, bath (hot and cold), usual offices, garage with room over; one acre; gravel soil. FREEHOLD £1,800 or would be let on long lease.—COBBE and WINCER, Ipswich.

XVITH CENTURY COUNTRY RESIDENCE.
SUFFOLK.
PRETTY village, three miles Framlingham.—Interesting PERIOD HOUSE (dated 1509), full splendid old oak beams, studs, open fireplaces, &c; three reception, bath (hot and cold), four bed, attics, indoor sanitation; garage; outbuildings, garden, rich pasture, &c.; 11 ACRES. FREEHOLD £1,250. Possession.—Inspection and recommended, COBBE and WINCER, Ipswich.

BARGAIN AT £1,200 FREEHOLD.
SUFFOLK-ESSEX BORDERS, favourite CONSTABLE COUNTRY, close R.C. and C. of E. Churches, Post Office, doctor, &c.; 5½ miles Colchester.—Well-built, detached, brick-tiled RESIDENCE, three reception, six bed, bath (hot and cold), indoor sanitation, electric light; garage, stable, walled gardens, barn, 2½ acre; good order; possession.—COBBE and WINCER, Ipswich.

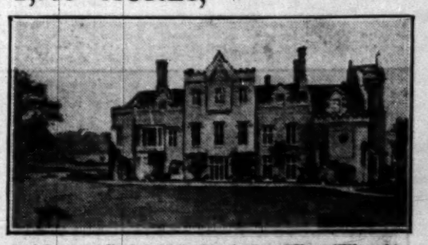
ESSEX.
200ft. up. Near main line; close Golf Course, and six miles open sea.
MODERN COUNTRY HOUSE
in Historic village.
Three reception, nine bed rooms, bath room, offices.
Modern drainage; all Company's supplies. Garage for two cars. Orchard and flower garden, commanding delightful views.
FREEHOLD PRICE
£3,500.

Details of Messrs. KINGSTONS, RAYLEIGH, ESSEX. Phone 172.

WINKWORTH & CO.,

LAND AGENTS AND AUCTIONEERS (TELEPHONES: GROSVENOR 2020-2),
48, CURZON-STREET, MAYFAIR, LONDON, W.1.

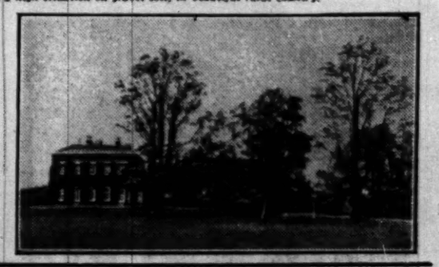
NORFOLK.
Two miles from a railway station, three from a small town, near a village, 18 miles from Norwich, and 22 from Lynn.
A SPORTING AND RESIDENTIAL ESTATE OF
2,755 ACRES,
including 190 acres of woods.
FOR SALE.



The MANSION is of moderate size, of attractive character, is seated in fine old grounds, and a handsomely timbered park, and has all the appurtenances of a country place of distinction, including a good Home Farm, which for many years has been the home of a pedigree herd of cattle.
Eleven other farms, numerous cottages, and village property.
FIRST-CLASS SHOOTING.
HUNTING.
SUBSTANTIAL INCOME.

The Estate has been in the hands of the present Vendor's family since the time of Henry VIII., and is now offered for Sale for the first time.
Particulars (including game bags) and orders to view may be obtained of the Sole Agents, Messrs. WINKWORTH and Co., 48, Curzon-street, Mayfair, London, W.1.

NEAR CHELMSFORD.
Occupying a high situation on gravel soil, in beautiful rural country.



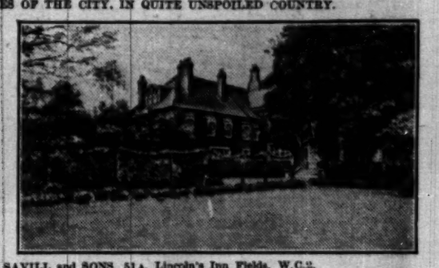
TO BE LET
ON LEASE
OR SOLD.
A GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, containing 12 to 15 bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms; electric light; central heating.
Stabling; garage; two cottages; chauffeur's house; farm.
Lovely old-world grounds and exceptionally delightful park of nearly
100 ACRES.
Strongly recommended after inspection by the Sole Agents, Messrs. WINKWORTH and Co., 48, Curzon-street, Mayfair, W.1.

ALFRED SAVILL & SONS,

51A, LINCOLN'S INN-FIELDS, W.C.2.
HOLBORN 8741.

TO BE LET. RENT £240.
ESSEX.
WITHIN 10 MILES OF THE CITY. IN QUITE UNSPOILED COUNTRY.

A FAMILY RESIDENCE
of
DIGNIFIED CHARACTER
overlooking open country.



Lounge hall, billiard room, three other reception rooms, 12 bed rooms, two bath rooms. Stabling, garage, lodge and outbuildings.
CHARMING GARDENS.
Tennis and Croquet Lawns.
14 ACRES,
including
a 10-acre Paddock.

Apply ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, 51A, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.2.

NEAR CHELMSFORD, ESSEX.
TWO MILES FROM TOWN AND STATION.
LONDON ONE HOUR BY TRAIN.
In perfect decorative condition, and could be entered without expenditure.
THE FREEHOLD COUNTRY RESIDENCE,
"BRANWOODS,"
GREAT BADDOW.
Lounge hall, two reception rooms, music or billiard room, six principal bed and dressing rooms, and four maids' rooms; bath room, garage, stabling, glasshouses, &c.
MAIN WATER, SEWER, ELECTRIC LIGHT and GAS.
GARDENS AND GROUNDS
OF DISTINCTIVE AND UNUSUAL CHARM,
including two double tennis courts, well-stocked kitchen and fruit gardens, and
LARGE PADDOCK, IN ALL
ABOUT FOUR ACRES.
ALSO
A BUNGALOW RESIDENCE IN CHELMERTON-AVENUE,
With possession at Michaelmas, which will be offered for SALE by AUCTION in Lots (or privately), by
ALFRED SAVILL & SONS,
at The London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Thursday, July 31st, 1930, at 2.30 p.m.
Solicitors:—Messrs. F. H. Bright and Sons, Witham and Maldon, Essex. Auctioneers:—Head Office, 51A, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD, £7,000.
ESSEX, BRENTWOOD.
TWO MINUTES FROM STATION.
AN ATTRACTIVE MODERN RESIDENCE,
Recently redecorated throughout.
Containing:—Three reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms.
Central heating, lavatory basins in bed rooms.
Company's Water and Electric Light.
GARAGE and COTTAGE.
BEAUTIFUL GARDEN WITH BOATING LAKE and WATERFALL.
Two tennis courts, woodlands, &c., in all 6½ acres.
SOLE AGENTS,
ALFRED SAVILL & SONS,
51A, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2.

NORFOLK.
To be LET, well-known SHOOT about 2,000 ACRES, 12 miles from NORWICH. Mansion could be rented furnished if desired.
Apply ALFRED SAVILL and SONS.
51A, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2.

GARROD, TURNER & SON,

LAND AGENTS and AUCTIONEERS, 1, OLD BUTTER MARKET, IPSWICH.

SUFFOLK.
Between Ipswich and Colchester.
An attractive OLD FASHIONED RESIDENCE, modernly equipped and fitted; three reception, nine bed rooms, electric light, good outbuildings, delightful well-kept grounds of 2¾ ACRES.

PRICE £2,800.

BORDERS
ESSEX AND SUFFOLK.
IN CONSTABLE'S COUNTRY.
on high ground with wide views over the Stour Valley.
A RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY,
comprising a Georgian Residence having four reception and 14 bed rooms; gas lighting, Artesian Well, central heating, four cottages, good outbuildings, gardens, and
PARKLAND OF 80 ACRES.
extending to the River Stour.
PRICE £6,000.

FOUR MILES FROM
IPSWICH.
An artistically designed and well planned MODERN RESIDENCE.
Three reception, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric light, central heating; garage with chauffeur's rooms, matured grounds of TWO ACRES.
PRICE £3,500.

SUFFOLK COAST.
RESIDENCES TO BE LET OR SOLD
in the
ALDEBURGH, FELIXSTOWE AND OTHER COASTAL DISTRICTS

FULL PARTICULARS FROM THE AGENTS AS ABOVE. PHONE 3377 IPSWICH.

ARTHUR RUTTER, SONS & CO.,

BURY ST. EDMUNDS AND CAMBRIDGE.

TO BE LET, UNFURNISHED.

NORFOLK.
Close to rail, between
THETFORD and NORWICH
This Charming
JACOBEAN HOUSE,
in excellent order, delightfully placed in surroundings of exceptional attractiveness.
Three reception and billiard room, 12 bed rooms, two men's rooms, two bath rooms; lighting and heating.
AMPLE OUTBUILDINGS.
INEXPENSIVE GROUNDS.
LODGE.

RENT £150 ON LEASE.
8 ACRES Parkland if required.
Agents, ARTHUR RUTTER, SONS, and Co., BURY ST. EDMUNDS. Tele. 83; and at Cambridge.

ESSEX.—Easy run of Marks Tey, one hour London. Old-fashioned well-built HOUSE, 240 feet up, containing three reception, five bed, two box, &c. Stabling and outhouses, 1¾ acre of garden. Freehold, £1,250; 8½ acres meadow adjoining can be purchased.—ARTHUR RUTTER, SONS and Co., Bury St. Edmunds.

SUFFOLK.—In the Bury residential district and handy for the open heaths and Government new forests. Comfortable house, well-planned throughout. Accommodation: Entrance hall, three reception, seven bed, bath (hot and cold), good outbuildings, standing in well-timbered grounds. SEVEN ACRES. FREEHOLD, £1,500.—ARTHUR RUTTER, SONS, and Co., Bury St. Edmunds.

C. M. STANFORD & SON,

AUCTIONEERS, ESTATE AGENTS, SURVEYORS AND VALUERS,
23, HIGH-STREET, COLCHESTER, ESSEX.
SPECIALISE IN THE SALE OF FARMS, TOWN AND COUNTRY HOUSES AND ESTATES IN
ESSEX & SUFFOLK.

IN THE EAST ESSEX HUNT.
Amidst delightful country scenery, 10 minutes from station and 10 miles from Colchester.
WELL SITUATED RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY
comprising
CONVENIENT, MODERNIZED RESIDENCE facing south, and approached by long drive. Seven principal bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, complete domestic quarters. Electric light. Central heating. Main water and modern drainage. Lodge. Chauffeur's new bungalow. Three other cottages (let off). Garage for three. Stabling. Small farmery and 59 ACRES of parklike meadows and timbered grounds. The whole property is in excellent order throughout. The meadowland and three cottages are let off at nearly £100 per year.

FRINTON-ON-SEA, ESSEX.
Conveniently placed for station, beach and tennis and golf clubs.
CONVENIENT DETACHED RESIDENCE.—Hall, two reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room, modern conveniences. Garage. Pretty garden. The whole property in excellent condition. Price £2,350. FREEHOLD.
ON THE SEA FRONT.—Delightfully placed modern RESIDENCE in perfect condition throughout. Lounge hall, two reception, eight bed rooms and dressing room, bath room. Modern conveniences. Tennis lawn, putting green, &c. Price £4,000 FREEHOLD.

FULL PARTICULARS OF THE ABOVE AND A LONG LIST OF OTHER AVAILABLE PROPERTIES, ON APPLICATION TO
C. M. STANFORD & SON (AS ABOVE)

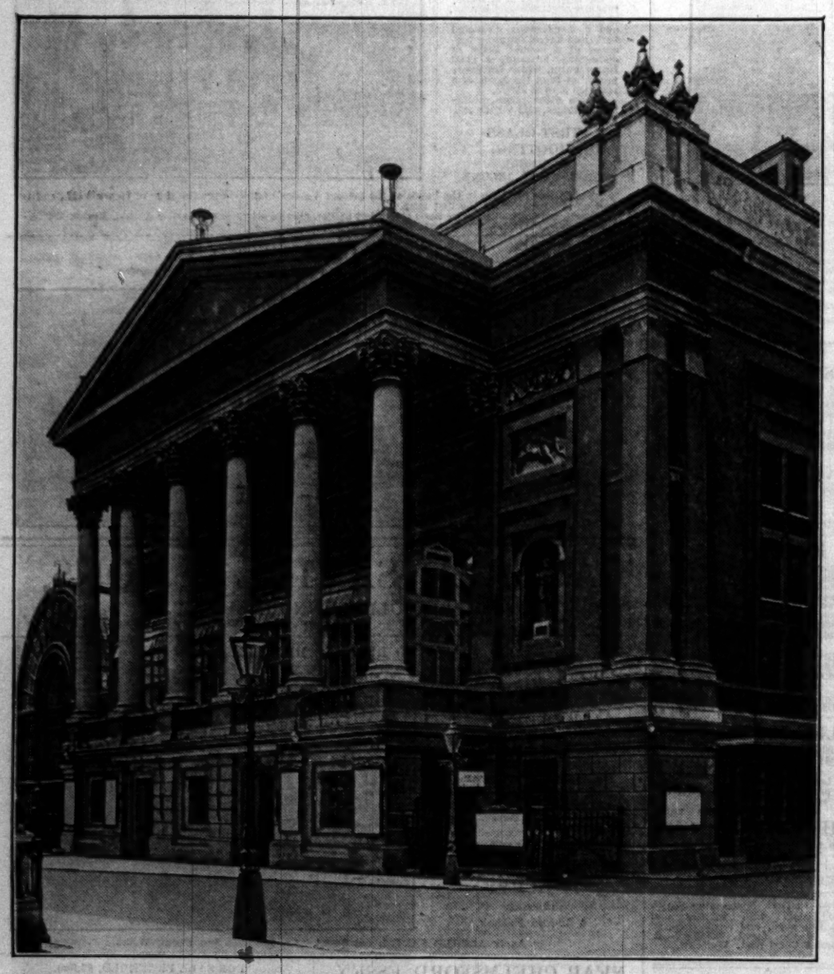
By Direction of Covent Garden Properties Co., Ltd.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE TREATY,

OR ALTERNATIVELY TO BE LET ON LEASE.

THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE,

COVENT GARDEN.



THIS FAMOUS AND HISTORIC BUILDING, THE HOME OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA, OCCUPIES A COMMANDING AND IMPORTANT SITE, THE POSITION OF WHICH IS WORLD KNOWN.

ITS AUDITORIUM COMPRISES THE STALLS, TWO CIRCLES, AND A GALLERY, HAVING A TOTAL SEATING CAPACITY OF ABOUT 2,000 PERSONS.

ITS STAGE AND PROSCENIUM ARE EXTENSIVE AND LOFTY, AFFORDING AMPLE SCOPE FOR THE LARGEST PRODUCTIONS.

ITS ACOUSTIC PROPERTIES ARE SECOND TO NONE.

THE DRESSING ROOMS, CLOAKROOMS, BARS, LAVATORIES, AND OTHER ANCILLARY ACCOMMODATION ARE UNUSUALLY ABUNDANT.

THE PROPERTY STANDS ON A SITE HAVING A FRONTAGE OF ABOUT 125 FEET TO BOW-STREET, A RETURN FRONTAGE OF ABOUT 223 FEET TO FLORAL-STREET, AND AN AREA OF SOME

29,000 FEET SUPER.

THE BUILDING IS OF SUBSTANTIAL CONSTRUCTION WITH STONE ELEVATIONS, THE CARRIAGE SWEEP BENEATH AN IMPOSING PORTICO BEING A PLEASING AND UNIQUE FEATURE.

IT SHOULD BE POSSIBLE TO BRING THE THEATRE INTO LINE WITH UP-TO-DATE REQUIREMENTS IN ALL RESPECTS AT COMPARATIVELY SMALL COST, INCREASING THE SEATING CAPACITY, SUCH IMPROVEMENTS BEING CONFINED TO THE INTERIOR ARRANGEMENT.

THIS RENOWNED PROPERTY WOULD THUS BE CONVERTED INTO A PERFECTLY APPOINTED

MODERN THEATRE

SUITABLE FOR DRAMA, OPERA, MUSICAL COMEDY, CINEMA PRODUCTIONS, OR TALKING PICTURES.

THE OUTLAY INVOLVED IN PURCHASE AND CONVERSION WOULD BE INFINITELY LESS THAN THE NORMAL COST OF ACQUIRING A FREEHOLD SITE AND BUILDING A NEW THEATRE OF SIMILAR CAPACITY.

THIS VALUABLE AND HIGHLY INTERESTING

FREEHOLD

IS TO BE SOLD WITH VACANT POSSESSION IN FEBRUARY 1933, OR A LETTING ON LEASE WOULD BE CONSIDERED.

FURTHER PARTICULARS AND PLANS WILL BE GIVEN TO PRINCIPALS OR THEIR AUTHORISED AND ACCREDITED REPRESENTATIVES BY THE

Sole Agents,

GODDARD & SMITH,

22, KING STREET, ST. JAMES'S, S.W.1.

LANE, SAVILLE & CO.

10, CARLOS PLACE, GROSVENOR SQUARE, W.1.

MAYFAIR 7061—4 lines.

TOWN HOUSES FOR SALE.

BERKELEY-SQUARE

(ADJOINING).

TOWN RESIDENCES OF CHARACTER AND DISTINCTION OF EARLY GEORGIAN PERIOD.

Very fine reception rooms suitable for entertaining on moderate scale.

12 BED ROOMS. FOUR BATH ROOMS.
CENTRAL HEATING INSTALLATION.
PASSENGER LIFT.
GARAGES FOR FIVE CARS AND ROOMS OVER.

Lease of nearly 60 years at low ground rental.

Agents:—LANE, SAVILLE and Co., 10, Carlos-place, W.1.

48, PARK-STREET,

GROSVENOR-SQUARE, W.1.

An Imposing TOWN RESIDENCE fronted in Grey Portland Stone. Many thousands of pounds have been lavished on decorations. The residence is exceptionally light and is of particular charm, well planned, and ready for possession.

Eleven bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, four reception rooms, model white tiled domestic offices; passenger lift; central heating.

Direct lease of about 80 years.

To be SOLD by AUCTION (unless previously sold privately), on Wednesday, 16th July, at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, at 2.30 p.m.

Sole Agents, LANE, SAVILLE and Co., 10, Carlos-place, Grosvenor-square, W.1.

NOTICES OF TOWN SALES.

SOLD.

34, BELGRAVE-SQUARE, S.W.

DIRECT WESTMINSTER LEASE OF 54 YEARS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. ALFRED BRIGHT and SONS, 15, George-street, Mansion House, E.C.

SOLD.

34, QUEEN ANNE'S-GATE, S.W.

FREEHOLD.

CHARMING GEORGIAN HOUSE.

Solicitors:—Messrs. HASTIE, 65, Lincoln's Inn-fields, E.C.1.

SOLD.

71, PORTLAND-PLACE, W.1.

SUPERB CORNER HOUSE.

LEASE ABOUT 900 YEARS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. ADLER and PEROWNE, 46, London Wall, E.C.2.

RESOLD.

In conjunction with Messrs. SAMUEL B. CLARK and Co.

SOLD.

45, UPPER GROSVENOR-STREET, W.1

DIRECT WESTMINSTER LEASE OF 55 YEARS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. BISCHOFF, COXE and Co., 4, Great Winchester-street, E.C.2.

SOLD.

47, MOUNT-ROW, GROSVENOR-SQUARE, W.1.

TWO-STORIED NON-BASEMENT HOUSE.

LEASE ABOUT 60 YEARS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. RANGER, BURTON and FROST, 179, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4.

SOLD.

9, CONNAUGHT-PLACE, W.

DIRECT LEASE OF 58 YEARS.

In conjunction with Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY.

Solicitors:—Messrs. WOODCOCK, RYLAND, and PARKER, 15, Bloomsbury-square, W.C.

SOLD

47, CHARLES-STREET, BERKELEY-SQUARE, W.1.

DIRECT LEASE OF ABOUT 50 YEARS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. WITHERS and Co., 4, Arundel-street, Strand, W.C.2.

SOLD

9, LITTLE STANHOPE-STREET, MAYFAIR, W.

ATTRACTIVE SMALL RESIDENCE. LEASE 28 YEARS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. SIMMONS and SIMMONS, 1, Threadneedle-street, E.C.2.

SOLD

COOMBE WOODHOUSE, KINGSTON HILL, S.W.

Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY ACTED FOR THE PURCHASER.

UNRESTRICTED FREEHOLD—A MINIATURE ESTATE OF 5 ACRES.

SOLD FOR PRIVATE RESIDENCE.

Solicitors:—Messrs. LEWIS and LEWIS, 10, Ely-place, Holborn, E.C.

SOLD

19A, NEW CAVENDISH-STREET, PORTLAND-PLACE, W.

DIRECT HOWARD DE WALDEN LEASE OF 70 YEARS.

Solicitors:—Messrs. LINKLATERS and PAINES, 2, Bond-court, Walbrook, E.C.

SOLD

9, CARLOS-PLACE, GROSVENOR-SQUARE, W.

MODERN RESIDENCE, ABOUT 18 YEARS' LEASE.

Solicitors:—Messrs. BLOUNT, LYNCH and PETRE, 8, Carlos-place, W.

SOLD.

11, KENSINGTON-SQUARE, W.8.

CHARMING BIJOU RESIDENCE.

FREEHOLD.

Solicitors:—Messrs. REYNOLDS, SONS and GORST, 7, Arundel-street, Strand, W.C.

SOLD.

12, WELLINGTON-ROAD, ST. JOHN'S WOOD, N.W.

In conjunction with Messrs. ANSCOMBE and RINGLAND.

Sole Hons:—Messrs. SIMMONS and SIMMONS, 1, Threadneedle-street, E.C.

HIGH ON THE NEW FOREST BORDERS.

Nine miles from Bournemouth. Beautifully appointed and planned for the minimum of domestic labour.

Lounge hall, three reception, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, &c. Electric light, central heating, petrol gas cooking. Excellent water and drainage.

Bungalow with central heating and lavatory basins. Garages. Seven ACRES picturesque inexpensive grounds. Freehold, £7,000.

HANKINSON & SON, BOURNEMOUTH.

LEOPOLD FARMER & SONS,

FACTORY SPECIALISTS, AUCTIONEERS, SURVEYORS AND VALUERS OF PLANT, MACHINERY, MANUFACTORIES, &c.

46, GRESHAM ST., BANK, E.C.2, and 61, HIGH RD., KILBURN, N.W.6.

CHISWICK, W.4.

HEATHFIELD-TERRACE AND DUKES-AVENUE,

IMPORTANT AND EXTENSIVE FREEHOLD MANUFACTURING PREMISES

containing a FLOOR AREA of 35,000 SQUARE FEET.

Electric Lifts, Weighbridges, Generating Plant, Boilers, &c.

Also

The REMAINING STRUCTURE of portions of the PREMISES damaged by FIRE, of which part of the GROUND FLOOR and BASEMENT, containing a

FLOOR SPACE OF 48,000 SQUARE FEET,

TOGETHER WITH CERTAIN FOUNDATIONS AND MAIN WALLS, ARE INTACT.

In addition,

SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT FOUR-STOREY MODERN BUILDING. FLOOR SPACE of 15,500 SQUARE FEET.

LEOPOLD FARMER & SONS

will SELL the above IMPORTANT FREEHOLD PROPERTY, in one or more lots, WITH VACANT POSSESSION, at THE LONDON AUCTION MART, 155, QUEEN VICTORIA-STREET, E.C.4, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 16th JULY, 1930.

Particulars of Sale of Messrs. Johnson, Jecks and Colclough, Solicitors, 24, Austin Friars, E.C.2, and the Auctioneers, as above.

By Order of the Mortgagee.

BOW BRIDGE WORKS,

HUNT'S LANE, STRATFORD, E.

EXTENSIVE WATERSIDE PROPERTY,

together with the

PLANT AND MACHINERY

LEOPOLD FARMER & SONS,

in conjunction with

DUNCAN B. GRAY and PARTNERS, Ltd., will OFFER the above for SALE by AUCTION at THE LONDON AUCTION MART, 155, QUEEN VICTORIA STREET, E.C.4, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 16th JULY, 1930.

Particulars of Messrs. Ellison and Co., Solicitors, 5, Petty Cury, Cambridge; Duncan B. Gray and Partners, Ltd.; Estate Agents, 129, Mount-street, W.1; and the Auctioneers, 46, Gresham-street, E.C.2, and Kilburn, N.W.6.

By Order of the Receiver for the Debenture Holder.

ATTWOOD'S SPRAYING EQUIPMENTS LD.

76, 78, and 80, KENSAL-ROAD, WESTBOURNE PARK, W.

PLANT, MACHINERY & STOCK

LATHES, DRILLING, MILLING, GRINDING and SHAPING MACHINES, PRESSES, ELECTRIC MOTORS, and CONVERTER SETS; AIR COMPRESSORS, PAINT-SPRAYING GUNS, LIME WASHERS, PORTABLE ELECTRIC SETS, AIR RECEIVERS, &c.

LEOPOLD FARMER & SONS

will SELL the above by AUCTION, on the Premises, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd JULY, 1930, at 11 o'clock.

Catalogues of W. Kingsbury, Esq., F.A.A., Receiver, 4, Walbrook, E.C.; and the Auctioneers, 46, Gresham-street, E.C.2.

By Order of the Liquidator. F. C. Goodman, Esq., F.C.A.

J. A. EWART, LTD.,

55, HORSEFERRY-ROAD, WESTMINSTER.

PLANT, MACHINERY AND STOCK

PUBLIC WORKS CONTRACTOR,

Including FOREMAN'S HUTS, HAND TRUCKS, BARROWS, SLUDGE PUMPS, PICKS, PUNNERS, MANILA ROPE, TIMBER.

ATLAS-DIESEL PORTABLE COMPRESSOR PLANT with PNEUMATIC HAMMERS, VULCAN LORRY and TRAILER, TWO SENTINEL STEAM WAGGONS, TRAILER CARAVAN, GRANITE CURBING, WIRE CUT and SOUTHWATER BRICKS, AND MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

LEOPOLD FARMER & SONS

will SELL the above by AUCTION on the premises on TUESDAY, 29th JULY, 1930, at 11 o'clock.

Catalogues of F. C. Goodman, Esq., F.C.A., Broad-street House, Old Broad-street, E.C.2, and the Auctioneers, 46, Gresham-street, E.C.2, and Kilburn, N.W.6.

HARRIE STACEY & SON

(Phone: REDHILL 631.)

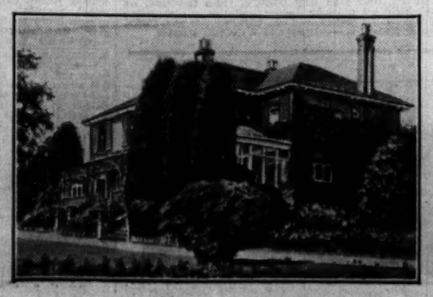
GRESHAM BUILDINGS, REDHILL, SURREY

AND AT REIGATE AND TADWORTH STATION, WALTON-ON-THE-HILL

CHARLWOOD, SURREY.

Near to this old-world Village, 400 feet up. Glorious views. South aspect, away from motor nuisances. Station (Horley) with fast service to Town and South Coast.

THIS DELIGHTFUL FREEHOLD SMALL COUNTRY ESTATE OF 50 ACRES.



Lounge, three reception, fine verandah, nine bed, two bath; electric light, gas, company's water; delightful inexpensive grounds of three acres with walled garden; model farmery, cottage and rich well-timbered meadowland.

PRICE £6,000 or £4,750 WITHOUT THE FARM.

Apply: HARRIE STACEY and SON, as above.

SALES BY AUCTION

(Continued from Page 22)

CUMBERLAND, near CARLISLE.

By Direction of Col. T. S. Irwin.

NOTICE OF SALE

of the Valuable FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL, AGRICULTURAL, and SPORTING ESTATE known as

"JUSTICETOWN,"

situate 6½ miles North of Carlisle.

This charming, well planned and appointed Residence commands lovely and extensive views of the Scotch and Cumberland Hills and surrounding country, and stands in beautiful timbered grounds through which it is approached by a delightful carriage drive with entrance lodges, East and West.

Acetylene gas, telephone, central heating, luggage lift, water supply by gravitation, modern drainage; stabling, garages, and other buildings; splendid gardens and grounds, tennis lawns (hard and grass), shrubberies, orchards, &c.

Also three good, well built and watered dairy and feeding farms described as

LYNEHOW HOME FARM, LYNEFOOT FARM, MOOR HOUSES FARM;

Several small holdings and cottages; over 100 Acres of well-placed game coverts, woods, and plantations. The River Lyne intersects the property (and affords good fishing), on the banks of which the feeding pastures are of the best. The whole extending to about 769 ACRES (in a ring fence).

For SALE by Public AUCTION (unless previously disposed of privately) as a Whole or in Lots by

MESSRS.

HARRISON & HETHERINGTON'S AUCTION MARTS, LTD.,

at the Crown and Mitre Hotel, Carlisle, on Saturday, 2nd August, 1930, at 2.15 p.m. punctually.

Particulars, Plans, and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from:—

Messrs. Jos. M. Richardson and Son, Land Agents, Carlisle.

Messrs. Mounsey, Bowman and Morton, Solicitors, Carlisle, or the Auctioneers, Botchergate, Carlisle.

To whom applications are to be made for orders to view.

THE ELMDON ESTATE,

NEAR BIRMINGHAM.

SALE of the remaining portion of THE ELMDON ESTATE, about two miles from the City boundary on the main Coventry Road, 2½ miles from Solihull Town, and 3½ miles from Hampton-in-Arden, in the following Lots:—

Lot		Area. a.	r.	p.
1.	The noble Georgian Mansion known as ELMDON HALL, with richly timbered Park, Garden, and Pleasure Grounds, Ornamental Lake, Farm Buildings, small Homestead, Village School and Six Cottages	114	1	17
2.	THE VILLAGE FARM and Four excellent Cottages and valuable road frontages of about 1,466 yards	80	3	4
3.	Part of Elmdon Park, with extensive frontage to the Coventry Road	64	3	17
4.	An Enclosure of Freehold Arable Land on the main Coventry Road	9	1	6
5.	Two Freehold Fields on the Coventry Road, adjoining Lot 4	16	0	12
6.	An interesting small Freehold Property, comprising the KEEPER'S HOUSE AND PHEASANTRY, with Old Turf Land	22	7	1
7.	The important Freehold Agricultural and Sporting Estate known as Whar Hall Farm, together with the well-known Sporting Woodlands, Hampton Coppice and Elmdon Coppice, and Three Cottages	338	1	16
8.	Three Cottages and Gardens near Elmdon Hall		2	23
	Total Area	647	0	16

REMARKS.—This Estate being situated so close to Birmingham, and having so many attractive features, is well worth the attention of investors and speculators. The Hall is suitable either for occupation or for a Country Club with Golf Course. Several of the remaining Lots have very long frontages to excellent main roads, and have an immediate prospective value for Building Development which is taking place on three sides of the Estate.

MESSRS.

LUDLOW, BRISCOE & HUGHES

will SELL the above by AUCTION, at the Grand Hotel, Birmingham, on Wednesday, July 23rd, 1930, at 3 p.m.

Illustrated particulars of Sale and Plans, together with order to view, can be obtained at the offices of the Auctioneers, 10, Temple-street, Birmingham. Telephone, Midland 5537.

Land Agent: F. L. Lambert, Esq., Howell, near Redditch.

Vendors' Solicitors: Messrs. Raymond Barker, Nix and Co., 9, New-square, Lincoln's Inn, London, W.C.2.

HAMPSTEAD and PALMERS-GREEN.

By order of the trustee. Miss M. L. Willing ded.

No. 60, UPPER PARK-ROAD, HAVERSTOCK-HILL, near Belsize Tube Station. The well-built and convenient RESIDENCE, containing seven bed, three reception rooms, and offices, large garage and stabling, with separate entrance and gardens. In excellent condition. VACANT POSSESSION. Lease about 20 years at nominal ground-rent.

THE EIGHT FREEHOLD GROUND-RENTS of £6 10s. each, totalling £52 per annum, secured on Nos. 30, 32, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, and 47, RIVER-AVENUE, PALMERS GREEN, close to tram and bus routes. Separate leases for 99 years from 1906. IN EIGHT LOTS. Vendors' Solicitors, Messrs. Taylor, Rowley and Co., 9, King-street, Guildhall, E.C.

By order of the mortgagee. Overlooking Hampstead Heath. THREE excellent FREEHOLD INVESTMENTS, being

No. 16, WILLOW-ROAD. A well-built TERRACE HOUSE of 12 rooms, and

Nos. 40 and 42, DENNING-ROAD, of 12 rooms each.

The whole let and producing about £563 per annum. Landlord paying rates. Vendor's Solicitors, Messrs. Wm. Addiscott and Co., 5, Gray's Inn-square, W.C.1.

IN THREE LOTS.

Which Messrs.

DOWSETT, KNIGHT & CO.

will offer for SALE by AUCTION at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, E.C., on Thursday, July 31st, 1930, at 2.30 p.m.

Particulars and conditions of sale of the Auctioneers, 3 and 4, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2, and of the respective Solicitors.

At Very Low Reserve.

KENSINGTON,

Messrs. F. W. GAPP & Co., Ltd.,

Auctioneers and Estate Agents, 54, LOWER SLOANE-STREET, S.W.1.

have been favoured with instructions to SELL by Public AUCTION, at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Tuesday, July 15th, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. precisely.

LONG-LEASEHOLD BIJOU PRIVATE RESIDENCE (with Vacant Possession), known as

No. 6, KENSINGTON COURT-PLACE, W.8, within four minutes Kensington High-street Station and Kensington Gardens.

Lease 43 years. Ground-rent £50 per annum.

Accommodation:—Four bed rooms, two large reception rooms, &c.

Solicitors, Messrs. Edward and Childs, Fenton House, 17, Billiter-street, E.C.3.

FOR OCCUPATION OR INVESTMENT.

Long Leasehold, unique RESIDENCE, with Vacant Possession known as

No. 14, WELLINGTON-SQUARE, CHELSEA, S.W.3, within three minutes of Sloane-square Station. Ground-rent £40. Lease 72½ years.

With garage premises at rear.

Accommodation:—Four bed, three reception, roof garden, &c.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Evan Barraclough and Co., 2, Gray's Inn-square, W.C.1.

Auctioneers:—Messrs. F. W. GAPP and Co., Ltd., 54, Lower Sloane-street, S.W.1. (Phone: Sloane 9245, three lines).

SALE by Order of Messrs. E. K. and H. Fordham, Ltd., Brewers, Ashwell, Hertfordshire, who are disposing of two of their outlying properties.

FREE OFF-LICENCES, NORTH LONDON.

MR. SIDNEY H. MOTION

is instructed to submit for SALE by AUCTION at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Thursday, the 24th of July, 1930, at One o'clock precisely (unless disposed of by Private Treaty in the interim), the two following FREE FULL OFF-LICENSED PROPERTIES.

76, AUBERT-PARK, HIGHBURY, N.

Situate in a large residential district, from which a very considerable trade should always be derived. The premises are held on lease, having about 46 years unexpired, at 8 guineas per annum ground-rent, and underlet on a tied quarterly tenancy at £40 per annum rental.

561, SEVEN SISTERS-ROAD, N.

Situate on this well-known main North London thoroughfare, and surrounded by a very large working class residential district. The property is of freehold tenure, and is underlet on a tied quarterly tenancy of £20 per annum rental.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained of the Solicitors, Messrs. Balderston, Warren and Co., 32, Bedford-row, W.C.1, and together with orders to view of the Auctioneer, Mr. Sidney H. Motion, 23, Hart-street, Bloomsbury, W.C.1, and Messrs. Sidney H. Motion and Roper, 8, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury, W.C.1.

NEW FOREST BORDERS,

THE COMMON, WOODGREEN.

One mile Breamore Station, three from Fordingbridge, and nine from Salisbury.

NEWBERY, MYDDELTON & MAJOR, F.A.I.,

will offer for SALE by public AUCTION, on July 23, at 12 noon on the premises (if not previously disposed of by private treaty),

AN ARTIST'S ATTRACTIVE COTTAGE RESIDENCE, known as

CHERRY TREE COTTAGE, WOODGREEN, WILTS,

occupying a beautiful and high position, quietly situated, yet not isolated, facing the Common, with uninterrupted views over the Avon Valley. Dining room, drawing room (20ft. by 16ft. 6in.), three bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c., well-lit studio on the first floor measuring 33ft. by 20ft.

Excellent well water. Electric light from private plant.

In the grounds is a picturesque old-fashioned Thatched Cottage of four rooms with oak beams and open fireplaces, also lit by electric light; outhouse, garage; matured and shady garden of about three-quarters of an acre, bordered on two sides by the New Forest.

VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION.

The two cottages will only be sold as a single property.

Solicitors: Messrs. Dee-Smith, Hulbert and Kildahl, Rolleston-street, Salisbury.

Auctioneers: Messrs. NEWBERY, MYDDELTON and MAJOR, 25, High-street, Salisbury.

By Order of the War Department.

G.R.

H.M. FACTORY, BIRTLEY,

CO. DURHAM.

Near NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

LAND AREA 54 ACRES. FLOOR SPACE 500,000 sq. ft. (approx.).

RAILWAY SIDINGS. ALL PUBLIC SERVICES.

MESSRS.

THOS. B. SANDERSON, SON & TOWNEND

will offer the above for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, at

THE PROPERTY MART, No. 12, ELDON-SQUARE, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE,

on

THURSDAY, 17th JULY, 1930, at 3 p.m.

VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION (except for minor tenancies).

Particulars and Conditions of Sale and Plans may be obtained from the Chief Land Agent and Valuer, Directorate of Lands, Caxton House West, Tothill-street, Westminster, S.W.1, or from the Auctioneers, 3 and 5, Mosley-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. Tels., Central 2222 and 2223.

1930 SEASON.

FINEST SELECTION OF VILLAS

available at

LE TOUQUET

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET.

Personal attention of

RESIDENT ENGLISH AGENT.

HARRODS, Ltd.,

ESTATE OFFICES,

62-64, BROMPTON-ROAD, S.W.1.

KNIGHT, FRANK & RUTLEY

AUCTION ANNOUNCEMENTS will appear on the Back Page of

"THE TIMES" NEXT THURSDAY.

SALES held in the ESTATE ROOM at HANOVER-SQUARE or in the Country of

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES.
FARMS and SMALL HOLDINGS.
TOWN PROPERTIES and INVESTMENTS.
CONTENTS of TOWN and COUNTRY MANSIONS.
SALES of ANTIQUE and MODERN FURNITURE.

Old China, Pictures, and other Works of Art, Jewellery, Antique Silver, Books, &c.

AUCTION GALLERIES and ESTATE SALE ROOMS, 20, HANOVER-SQUARE, W.1.

Offices: 20, Hanover-square, London, W.1; 90, Princes-street, Edinburgh; 41, Bank-street, Ashford, Kent; and Bridge-road, Welwyn Garden City. Also represented in New York and in the Colonies.

Facing the Station.

KNIGHT & CO.

Telephone: Western 3424 (three lines).

14, CROMWELL-PLACE, SOUTH KENSINGTON, S.W.7.

By order of Executors.

13, ONSLOW-GARDENS, S.W.7.

MESSRS. KNIGHT & CO. announce that they have now SOLD this residence, and consequently the property will not be offered by Auction as previously advertised.

JULY 15th, 1930.

At the LONDON AUCTION MART, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, at 2.30 p.m. precisely unless previously sold privately.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

The valuable Leasehold GROUND-RENTS secured on Nos. 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21, REDCLIFFE-GARDENS, and 45, CATHCART-ROAD, SOUTH KENSINGTON, held for terms having about 32 years unexpired at Ground Rents amounting to £6 per annum, and underlease for terms having about 18 years unexpired at Ground Rents amounting to £74 10s. per annum, thus giving a reversion of 14 years to the rack rents estimated at £900 per annum. Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the Vendors' Solicitors, Messrs. Wedlake, Letts and Birds, 11, Serjeant's-inn, Temple, E.C.4, and from the Auctioneers at their offices.

HURLINGHAM.

About three minutes' walk from Putney Bridge Station on District Railway, about 15 minutes from the West End, 20 minutes from the City and on numerous 'bus routes.

The Attractive Detached RESIDENCE, MULGRAVE COTTAGE, 59, NAPIER-AVENUE, S.W.6, comprising seven bed rooms, bath room (possible facilities for second bath room), three reception rooms; compact domestic offices; Gas and Electric Light and Power. Pleasure Garden, delightfully secluded, easily maintained, and with the advantage of sufficient room for the erection of a Garage, subject to licence being obtained, and for which plans have been prepared. Lease about 77½ years unexpired. Ground Rent 11 guineas per annum. VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION. Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the Solicitor, W. E. Bonwick, Esq., 10, Great Marlborough-street, W.1, or from the Auctioneers' offices.

EARL'S COURT.

About five minutes from the Station and a few minutes from 'bus routes Nos. 30, 31 and 74.

Medium-sized, well-built RESIDENCE, No. 6, REDCLIFFE-STREET, S.W.10, containing six bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, good domestic offices. Electric light: gas points; small gardens back and front. Underlease about 23 years unexpired. GROUND RENT 10 guineas per annum. VACANT POSSESSION ON COMPLETION. Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the Solicitors, Messrs. T. Priestman, Sons, and Slack, Ruskin Chambers, Scale-lane, Hull, or from the Auctioneers' offices.

JULY 22ND, 1930.

At the LONDON AUCTION MART, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, at 2.30 p.m. precisely (unless previously sold privately).

TO INVESTORS.

THE FOLLOWING ATTRACTIVE INVESTMENTS WILL BE OFFERED IN SEVEN LOTS:—

145, MAIDA-VALE & 32, CANTERBURY-TERRACE, W.9.

Held on lease for a term of about 25 years unexpired at a total Ground-rent of £115 per annum. LET AND PRODUCING GROSS RENTALS of £891 per annum.

37, CRANLEY-GARDENS, SOUTH KENSINGTON.

Held on lease for a term of about 38 years unexpired at a Ground-rent of £50 per annum; PRODUCING ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED RENTALS amounting to £850 per annum.

20, GLAMORGAN-ROAD, HAMPTON WICK, MIDDLESEX.

Held on lease for a term of about 56 years unexpired at a Ground-rent of £15 per annum. LET AND PRODUCING A TOTAL GROSS RENTAL of £221 per annum.

CROSS DEEP HALL, CROSS DEEP, TWICKENHAM, MIDDLESEX.

IMPORTANT FREEHOLD PROPERTY, having valuable main road frontage of about 110 feet, and immediately overlooking the River Thames. LET AND PRODUCING A TOTAL GROSS RENTAL of £570 per annum. The valuable plot of FREEHOLD BUILDING LAND adjoining, having frontage of about 60 feet to the main road and depth of about 160 feet will be offered with the above property.

1, COLVILLE-SQUARE, BAYSWATER, W.11.

IMPORTANT CORNER LEASEHOLD PROPERTY held on lease for a term of about 85 years unexpired at a GROUND-RENT of £18 per annum. LET AND PRODUCING A TOTAL GROSS RENTAL of £719 per annum.

37 & 39, COLVILLE-GARDENS, BAYSWATER, W.11.

Held on lease for a term of about 56 years unexpired at a Total Ground-rent of £76 per annum. LET AND PRODUCING TOTAL GROSS RENTALS OF £545 per annum.

Particulars and conditions of Sale may be obtained from the Vendor's Solicitors, Messrs. INGLEDEW, SONS and BROWN, 30, Great St. Helens, E.C.2, or from the Auctioneers' Offices.

By Order of the Receiver for the Debenture Holders of Messrs. Autons Trust, Ltd.

10, HARRINGTON-GARDENS, S.W.7.

Two minutes' walk from Gloucester-road Station and on bus route 49.

KNIGHT and CO. will SELL by AUCTION, on the premises, on Tuesday and Wednesday, July 22nd and 23rd, 1930, at 1 p.m. promptly, the Furniture and Effects, comprising walnut and mahogany sideboards, dinner wagons, mahogany dining chairs, a set of inlaid mahogany ditto, easy chairs, settees, dining tables. A 4ft. Antique Mahogany and inlaid Bureau Bookcase, Mahogany and oak writing tables, Convex and other mirrors, Indian, Turkey and Sarouk pile carpets, rugs, fenders, Mahogany and walnut bed-room suites, Chests of drawers, gentlemen's wardrobe, brass and mahogany bedsteads and bedding. A quantity of Chinese and Japanese ornaments, Oil paintings and engravings, Decorative china, Household china and glass, Plate, linen, curtains and miscellaneous effects. To be immediately preceded by the Sale (unless previously sold privately) of the Leasehold Property divided into five suites of two rooms each in addition to eight bed-sitting-rooms, four bath rooms, adequate domestic offices. Running hot and cold water in seven bed rooms. Gas points. Electricity. Access to charming gardens. Lease about 35 years unexpired. Ground-rent £24 per annum, with Vacant Possession. Catalogues, particulars, and conditions of sale from the Solicitors, Messrs. J. H. Hortin and Nash, 101, Edgware-road, W.2, or from the Auctioneers' Offices.

ESTABLISHED 1807.

FULLER, HORSEY, SONS & CASSELL

11, BILLITER-SQUARE, FENCHURCH-STREET, LONDON, E.C.3.

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS and SURVEYORS of

FACTORIES, WHARVES AND WAREHOUSES

(as distinct from Residential Properties and Landed Estates), and

PLANT AND MACHINERY.

HACKNEY-ROAD.—To be sold with Possession, a FREEHOLD COMMERCIAL PROPERTY hitherto occupied as a Brewery, but available for Manufacturing or Warehouse purposes.—Messrs.

FULLER, HORSEY, SONS & CASSELL

will offer for SALE by AUCTION, on the PREMISES, on TUESDAY, JULY 22nd, 1930, at Eleven o'clock precisely, the above-mentioned

FREEHOLD FACTORY PREMISES,

which have a frontage to the Hackney-road of 26ft. 9in., a return frontage to Boston-street of 130ft., roadway approaches from Goldsmith's-row and Maidstone-street, the whole containing a GROUND AREA of about 2,300 SQ. YDS., with Buildings thereon having a total cubical capacity of 367,000ft.

Immediately after the Sale of the above will be offered the undermentioned

FREEHOLD INVESTMENTS.

Lot Two.—A FREEHOLD CORNER SHOP, No. 319, Hackney-road, and FOUR FREEHOLD SHOPS, Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 7, Goldsmith's-row, let at rentals amounting to £220 4s. per annum. Tenants paying Rates and Taxes.

Lot Three.—TWO FREEHOLD SHOPS, Nos. 9 and 11, Goldsmith's-row, let at rentals amounting to £86 16s. per annum. Tenants paying Rates and Taxes.

Lot Four.—THREE FREEHOLD SHOPS, Nos. 13, 15, and 17, Goldsmith's-row, let at rentals amounting to £156 16s. per annum. Tenants paying Rates and Taxes.

Lot Five.—A Block of SIX FREEHOLD RESIDENCES, Nos. 21 to 31, Goldsmith's-row, let at gross rentals amounting to £416 4s. 4d. per annum.

Lot Six.—FOUR FREEHOLD RESIDENCES, Nos. 33 to 39, Goldsmith's-row, let at rentals amounting to £223 7s. per annum. Tenants paying Rates and Taxes.

Lot Seven.—A FREEHOLD FACTORY, at the corner of Boston-street and Essex-place, let at a rental of £44 4s. per annum. Inclusive.

Lot Eight.—A Block of NINE FREEHOLD COTTAGES, Nos. 2 to 18, Boston-street, let at gross rentals amounting to £300 6s. per annum.

Lot Nine.—A FREEHOLD BRICK-BUILT RESIDENCE, No. 428, Hackney-road, containing ten rooms. To be sold with Vacant Possession.

Lot Ten.—A FREEHOLD BOTTLING STORES in Temple-street, Hackney road, having a frontage thereto of 176ft., a return frontage to Claremont-street of 74ft., and an area of 1,320 sq. yds., with Garage and other Buildings thereon, to be sold with possession.

The Properties may be viewed by permission of the Tenants on orders to be obtained of the Auctioneers and Particulars with Plans and Conditions of Sale may be had of

Messrs. NICHOLSON, GRAHAM and JONES, Solicitors, 19-21, Moorgate, E.C.2; or of Messrs. FULLER, HORSEY, SONS and CASSELL, Auctioneers and Factory Agents, 11, Billiter-square, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.

Clearance Sale of Brewing and Bottling Plant at West's Brewery, Hackney-road, N. By Order of the Directors of HOARE and Co., LIMITED, who are concentrating production at their other Breweries.

Messrs.

FULLER, HORSEY, SONS & CASSELL

will SELL by AUCTION in Lots, on the Premises, on TUESDAY, JULY 22nd, 1930, at Eleven o'clock precisely,

MODERN BREWING PLANT,

including:—Two 80-barrel Brewing Coppers; Two Mash Tuns with metal false-bottom Plates; Two Mashing Machines; Two copper Wort Receivers; Two copper Sugar Dissolving Vessels; Eight copper-lined Fermenting Vessels; Two aluminium Yeast Receivers; Johnson Filter Press; Ten Tanks; Six Pumps; Boby Malt Mill; Two Grist Cases; Cask Washer; Two Lancashire Boilers; Vertical Boiler; Twenty A.C. and D.C. Motors up to 40 h.p.

BOTTLE FILLING AND WASHING PLANT,

including:—Two Linde CO_2 Refrigerating Sets; Three Beer Filters; Four Filling and Corking Machines; Labelling and Soaking Machines; Bottle and Box Conveyors; Office Furniture; 10 Safes and other effects.

May be viewed on production of Catalogue, to be had, when ready, as in preceding advertisement.

TO CHOCOLATE AND COCOA MANUFACTURERS.

IMPORTANT CLEARANCE SALE OF PLANT AND MACHINERY AT THE CHOCOLATE FACTORY, 130, Pentonville-road, on account of the Goodwill of the Business having been sold.—Messrs.

FULLER, HORSEY, SONS & CASSELL

will SELL by AUCTION in Lots, on the Premises, on THURSDAY, JULY 24th, 1930, at Eleven o'clock precisely,

CHOCOLATE AND COCOA MAKING PLANT,

including nearly new Mogul Cream Centre Filling and Brushing Machine; "Emsbolda" Covering Machine by